

S-82K5B Series

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BATTERY MONITORING IC FOR 3-SERIAL TO 5-SERIAL CELL PACK (SECONDARY PROTECTION)

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Rev.1.1 00

This IC is used for secondary protection of lithium-ion rechargeable batteries, incorporating high-accuracy voltage detection circuits and delay circuits in a small 8-pin package.

Short-circuiting between cells makes it possible for serial connection of 3-cell to 5-cell.

By cascade connection of these ICs, it is possible to protect 6-serial or more cells lithium-ion rechargeable battery packs.

Features

- High-accuracy voltage detection circuit for each cell Overcharge detection voltage n 3.500 V to 4.700 V (5 mV steps) Accuracy ±20 mV (Ta = +25°C) Accuracy ±25 mV (Ta = -10°C to ±60°C)
 - Overcharge release voltage n*1 3.100 V to 4.700 V
- Accuracy ±25 mV (Ta = –10°C to +60°C) Accuracy ±50 mV
- Delay times for overcharge detection are generated only by an internal circuit (external capacitors are unnecessary)
 Overcharge detection delay time: 0.5 s, 1 s, 2 s, 4 s, 6 s, 8 s
- CO pin output voltage is limited to 7.5 V max.
- Overcharge timer reset function: Available, unavailable
- High withstand voltage: Absolute maximum rating 28 V
- Wide operating voltage range: 3.6 V to 24 V
- Wide operating temperature range: Ta = -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C
- Low current consumption
 During operation (3.4 V for each cell): 5.0 μA max.
- Lead-free (Sn 100%), halogen-free
- *1. Overcharge release voltage = Overcharge detection voltage Overcharge hysteresis voltage (Overcharge hysteresis voltage can be selected from a range of 0 mV to 400 mV in 50 mV step.)

Remark n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

Applications

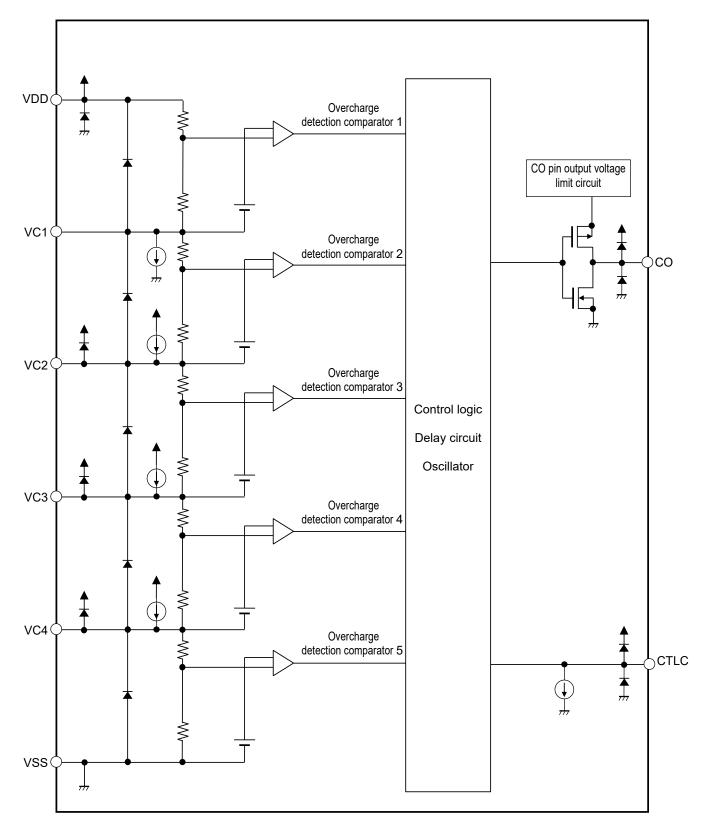
• Lithium-ion rechargeable battery pack

Packages

- TMSOP-8
- SNT-8A

BATTERY MONITORING IC FOR 3-SERIAL TO 5-SERIAL CELL PACK (SECONDARY PROTECTION) S-82K5B Series Rev.1.1_00

Block Diagram



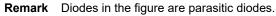
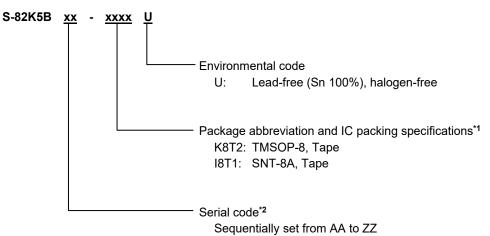


Figure 1

Product Name Structure

1. Product name



- *1. Refer to the tape drawing.
- *2. Refer to "3. Product name list".

2. Packages

 Table 1 Package Drawing Codes

Package Name	Dimension	Таре	Reel	Land
TMSOP-8	FM008-A-P-SD	FM008-A-C-SD	FM008-A-R-SD	-
SNT-8A	PH008-A-P-SD	PH008-A-C-SD	PH008-A-R-SD	PH008-A-L-SD

3. Product name list

3.1 TMSOP-8

Table 2

Product Name	Overcharge Detection Voltage [Vcu]	Overcharge Release Voltage [V _{CL}]	Overcharge Detection Delay Time ^{*1} [t _{cu}]	Overcharge Timer Reset function ^{*2}
S-82K5BAA-K8T2U	4.275 V	4.225 V	2.0 s	Available

*1. Overcharge detection delay time:*2. Overcharge timer reset function:

0.5 s, 1 s, 2 s, 4 s, 6 s, 8 s Available, unavailable

Remark Please contact our sales representatives for products other than the above.

3.2 SNT-8A

Product Name	Overcharge Detection Voltage [Vcu]	Overcharge Release Voltage [VcL]	Overcharge Detection Delay Time*1 [t _{cu}]	Overcharge Timer Reset function ^{*2}
S-82K5BAA-I8T1U	4.275 V	4.225 V	2.0 s	Available

Table 3

*1. Overcharge detection delay time:*2. Overcharge timer reset function:

0.5 s, 1 s, 2 s, 4 s, 6 s, 8 s Available, unavailable

Remark Please contact our sales representatives for products other than the above.

BATTERY MONITORING IC FOR 3-SERIAL TO 5-SERIAL CELL PACK (SECONDARY PROTECTION) S-82K5B Series Rev.1.1_00

Pin Configuration

1. TMSOP-8

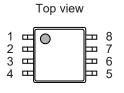


Figure 2

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	VDD	Positive power supply input pin, Positive voltage connection pin of battery 1
2	VC1	Negative voltage connection pin of battery 1, Positive voltage connection pin of battery 2
3	VC2	Negative voltage connection pin of battery 2, Positive voltage connection pin of battery 3
4	VC3	Negative voltage connection pin of battery 3, Positive voltage connection pin of battery 4
5	VC4	Negative voltage connection pin of battery 4, Positive voltage connection pin of battery 5
6	VSS	Negative power supply input pin, Negative voltage connection pin of battery 5
7	CTLC	CO control pin
8	СО	Overcharge detection output pin

Table 4

2. SNT-8A



Figure 3

Table 5	
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Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	VDD	Positive power supply input pin, Positive voltage connection pin of battery 1
2	VC1	Negative voltage connection pin of battery 1, Positive voltage connection pin of battery 2
3	VC2	Negative voltage connection pin of battery 2, Positive voltage connection pin of battery 3
4	VC3	Negative voltage connection pin of battery 3, Positive voltage connection pin of battery 4
5	VC4	Negative voltage connection pin of battery 4, Positive voltage connection pin of battery 5
6	VSS	Negative power supply input pin, Negative voltage connection pin of battery 5
7	CTLC	CO control pin
8	CO	Overcharge detection output pin

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 6

			(Ta = +25°C unless otherwise	specified)
Item	Symbol	Applied Pin	Absolute Maximum Rating	Unit
Input voltage between VDD pin and VSS pin	V _{DS}	VDD	$V_{\rm SS}-0.3$ to $V_{\rm SS}+28$	V
	Vin1	VC1	$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{split} V_{DD} &- 6.0 \text{ to } V_{DD} + 0.3, \\ V_{IN2} &- 0.3 \text{ to } V_{IN2} + 6.0 \end{split}$	V
	Vin2	VC2	$V_{IN3} - 0.3$ to $V_{IN3} + 6.0$, $V_{IN3} - 0.3$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
Input pin voltage	Vin3	VC3	$\label{eq:VIN4} \begin{split} V_{IN4} &- 0.3 \text{ to } V_{IN4} + 6.0, \\ V_{IN4} &- 0.3 \text{ to } V_{DD} + 0.3 \end{split}$	V
	VIN4	VC4	$V_{SS} - 0.3$ to $V_{SS} + 6.0$, $V_{SS} - 0.3$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
	VIN5	CTLC	$V_{\text{SS}} - 0.3$ to $V_{\text{SS}} + 28$	V
Output pin voltage	Vout	со	$V_{SS} - 0.3$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
Operation ambient temperature	T _{opr}	_	-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	_	-40 to +125	°C

Caution The absolute maximum ratings are rated values exceeding which the product could suffer physical damage. These values must therefore not be exceeded under any conditions.

Thermal Resistance

Table 7

Items	Symbol	Conditio	n	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
			Board A	_	160	_	°C/W
			Board B	_	133	_	°C/W
		TMSOP-8	Board C	_	_	_	°C/W
		Board D	-	-	-	°C/W	
Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance*1	θյΑ		Board E	-		-	°C/W
Junction-to-ambient therman resistance	UJA		Board A		_	°C/W	
			Board B	_	173	_	°C/W
		SNT-8A	Board C – –	_	_	°C/W	
			Board D	_	_	_	°C/W
			Board E	_	_	_	°C/W

*1. Test environment: compliance with JEDEC STANDARD JESD51-2A

Remark Refer to "**■ Power Dissipation**" and "Test Board" for details.

BATTERY MONITORING IC FOR 3-SERIAL TO 5-SERIAL CELL PACK (SECONDARY PROTECTION) S-82K5B Series Rev.1.1_00

Electrical Characteristics

Table 8

			(Ta = +	25°C unle	ess other	wise spe	ecified)
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Detection Voltage							
Overcharge detection voltage n		V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = V5 = V _{CU} - 0.1 V	V _{CU} – 0.020	Vcu	V _{CU} + 0.020	V	1
(n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5)	VcUn	Ta = -10°C to +60°C ^{*1} , V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = V5 = V _{CU} - 0.1 V	V _{CU} – 0.025	Vcu	V _{CU} + 0.025	V	1
Overcharge release voltage n (n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5)	VcLn	_	V _{CL} – 0.050	VcL	V _{CL} + 0.050	V	2
Input voltage							
Operation voltage between VDD pin and VSS pin	Vdsop	_	3.6	-	24	V	-
Output Voltage							
CO pin voltage "H"	Vсон	_	5.0	6.0	7.5	V	2
Input Current							
Current consumption during operation	IOPE	V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = V5 = 3.4 V, SW1 ON, SW2 OFF, SW3 OFF, SW4 OFF, SW5 OFF	_	2.0	5.0	μA	2
VCn pin current (n = 1, 2, 3, 4)	Ivcn	V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = V5 = 3.4 V, SW1 ON, SW2 OFF, SW3 OFF, SW4 OFF, SW5 OFF	-1.0	0	1.0	μA	2
Output current							
CO pin sink current	Icol	_	20	-	-	μA	2
CO pin source current	Ісон	_	_	-	-20	μA	2
Delay Time							
Overcharge detection delay time	tcu	_	t _{cu ×} 0.7	tcu	t _{c∪} × 1.3	Ι	2
Overcharge timer reset delay time	t _{TR}	_	6	12	20	ms	2
Control Pin							
CTLC pin reverse voltage	V _{CTLC}		0.2	0.7	2.0	V	2
CTLC pin reverse voltage during communication	Vctlc_c	5.1 $M\Omega$ resistor connected to the CTLC pin	V _{DS} + 0.2	V _{DS} + 1.2	V _{DS} + 2.5	V	2
CTLC pin curent "H"	Істісн	_	_	0.1	0.3	μA	2
CTLC pin curent "L"	ICTLCL	_	-0.1	0.0	0.1	μA	2

*1. Since products are not screened at high and low temperature, the specification for this temperature range is guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Test Circuits

In the initial status of the test circuit, SW2, SW3, SW4, and SW5 should be OFF.

1. Overcharge detection voltage n (V_{CUn}) (Test circuit 1)

After setting V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = V5 = V_{CU} - 0.1 V, V1 is gradually increased. When the CO pin output inverts, the voltage V1 is defined as the overcharge detection voltage 1 (V_{CU1}). Other overcharge detection voltage n (V_{CUn}) can be determined in the same way as when n = 1.

2. Overcharge release voltage n (V_{CLn}) (Test circuit 2)

Set SW1 to ON, V1 = V_{CU} + 0.1 V, and V2 = V3 = V4 = V5 = V_{CL} - 0.1 V to invert the CO pin output. After that, V1 is gradually decreased. When the CO pin output inverts again, the voltage V1 is defined as the overcharge release voltage (V_{CL1}). Other overcharge release voltage n (V_{CLn}) can be determined in the same way as when n = 1.

Remark n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

3. CO pin output voltage "H" (V_{COH}) (Test circuit 2)

The CO pin output voltage "H" (V_{COH}) is the voltage between the CO pin and the VSS pin when setting SW1 to ON, V1 = 4.8 V, V2 = V3 = V4 = V5 = 3.05 V, I1 = 0.1μ A, and SW5 to ON.

4. CO pin source current (Iсон), CO pin sink current (IсоL) (Test circuit 2)

Set SW4 to ON after setting SW1 to ON, V1 = 4.8 V, V2 = V3 = V4 = V5 = 3.05 V, and V7 = V_{COH} - 0.5 V. The CO pin current is the CO pin source current (I_{COH}) at that time.

Set SW4 to ON after setting SW1 to ON, V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = V5 = 3.4 V, and V7 = 0.5 V. The CO pin current is the CO pin sink current (I_{COL}) at that time.

5. Overcharge detection delay time (tcu) (Test circuit 2)

After setting SW1 to ON, V5 = V_{CU} – 0.2 V, and V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.4 V, V5 is increased to V_{CU} + 0.2 V. The overcharge detection delay time (t_{CU}) is the time period until the CO pin output inverts.

6. CTLC pin reverse voltage (V_{CTLC}) (Test circuit 2)

Set SW2 to ON after setting SW1 to OFF, V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = V5 = 3.4 V, and V6 = 17 V. When the voltage V6 is gradually decreased and the CO pin output inverts, V6 is defined as the CTLC pin reverse voltage (V_{CTLC}).

7. CTLC pin reverse voltage during communication (V_{CTLC_C}) (Test circuit 2)

Set SW3 to ON after setting SW1 to OFF, V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = V5 = 3.4 V, and V6 = 17 V. When the voltage V6 is gradually increased and the CO pin output inverts, V6 is defined as the CTLC pin reverse voltage during communication (V_{CTLC_C}).

8. Current consumption during operation (I_{OPE}) (Test circuit 2)

Set SW1 to ON and V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = V5 = 3.4 V. The current consumption during operation (I_{OPE}) is I_{VDD} at that time.

9. Overcharge timer reset delay time (t_{TR}) (Test circuit 2)

Increase V1 up to 5.0 V (first rise) after setting SW1 to ON and V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = V5 = 3.4 V, and decrease V1 down to 3.4 V within t_{CU} . After that, increase V1 up to 5.0 V again (second rise), and detect the time period till the CO pin output changes.

When the period from when V1 has fallen to the second rise is short, CO pin output changes after t_{CU} has elapsed since the first rise. If the period is gradually made longer, CO pin output changes after t_{CU} has elapsed since the second rise. The overcharge timer reset delay time (t_{TR}) is the period from V1 fall till the second rise at that time.

10. CTLC pin current "H" (ICTLCH), CTLC pin current "L" (ICTLCL) (Test circuit 2)

Set SW1 to OFF, SW2 to ON, V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = V5 = 3.4 V, and V6 = 17 V. The CTCL pin current is the CTLC pin current "H" (ICTLCH) at that time.

Set SW1 to OFF, SW2 to ON, V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = V5 = 3.4 V, and V6 = 0 V. The CTLC pin current is the CTLC pin current "L" (I_{CTLCL}) at that time.

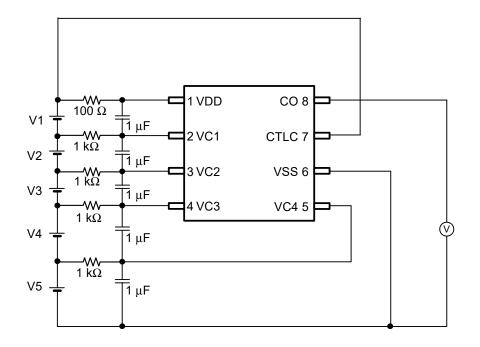


Figure 4 Test Circuit 1

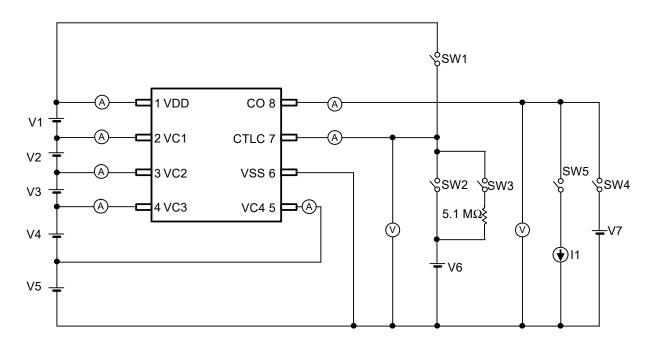


Figure 5 Test Circuit 2

Operation

1. Normal status

When the voltage of all batteries is less than or equal to the overcharge detection voltage n (V_{CUn}), the CO pin outputs "L". This status is called the normal status.

2. Overcharge status

When the voltage of any of the batteries exceeds the overcharge detection voltage n (V_{CUn}) during charging and this condition continues for the overcharge detection delay time (t_{CU}) or longer, the CO pin output inverts. This status is called the overcharge status.

When the voltage of all batteries falls below the overcharge release voltage n (V_{CLn}), the overcharge status is released, and this IC returns to its normal status.

3. Overcharge timer reset function

During t_{CU} , which is from when the voltage of any of the batteries being charged exceeds V_{CUn} until charging stops, this IC has the following operations.

Even if an overcharge release noise, which temporarily forces the battery voltage below V_{CUn} , is input, t_{CU} is continuously counted as long as the overcharge release noise time is shorter than the overcharge timer reset delay time (t_{TR}). Under the same conditions, if the overcharge release noise time is t_{TR} or longer, counting of t_{CU} is reset once. After that, when V_{CUn} has been exceeded, counting of t_{CU} resumes.

Remark n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

4. CTLC pin

The CTLC pin controls the CO pin. These controls precede the battery protection circuit.

CTLC Pin	CO pin				
Vss level ≤ CTLC pin voltage < V _{CTLC}	"H"				
V _{CTLC} ≤ CTLC pin voltage < V _{DD} level	"L"				
V _{DD} level ≤ CTLC pin voltage < V _{CTLC_C}	"L"				
V _{CTLC_C} ≤ CTLC pin voltage	"H"				

Table 9 Status Set by CTLC Pin

Remark The CTLC pin is at the V_{DD} level or higher in cascade connection. Connect a resistor of 5.1 M Ω to the CTLC pin in this case.

VCTLC: CTLC pin reverse voltage

V_{CTLC_C}: CTLC pin reverse voltage during communication

5. VCn pin

The VCn pin is connected to a constant current circuit. When the connection between the battery and the IC is disconnected, pulling up/down the VCn pin using this constant current circuit enables disconnection detection.

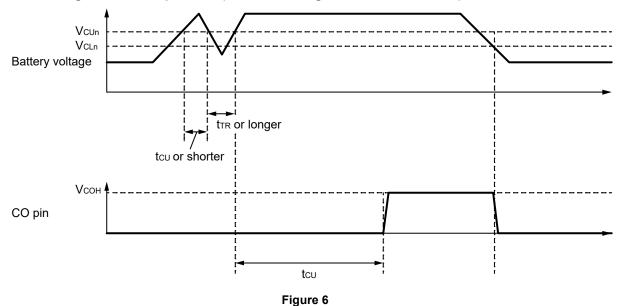
However, this disconnection detection may not work properly due to other external components.

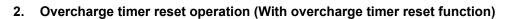
If detection operation is required, please conduct thorough evaluations with the actual applications. If this constant current circuit is not required, select the S-82K5A Series.

Remark n = 1, 2, 3, 4

Timing Charts

1. Overcharge detection operation (With overcharge timer reset function)





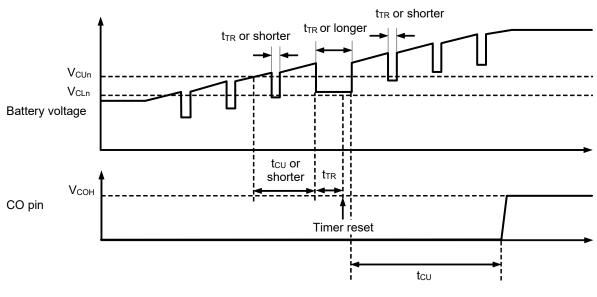
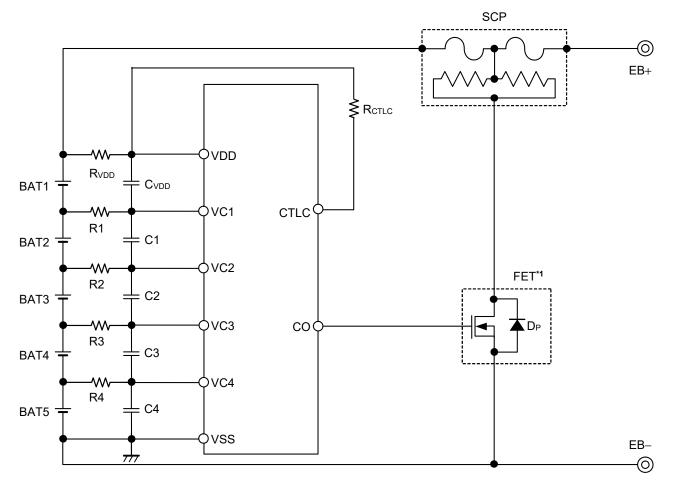


Figure 7

Remark n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

■ Connection Examples of Battery Monitoring IC

1. 5-serial cell



*1. This IC limits its CO pin output voltage to 7.5 V max., so a FET with the gate withstand voltage of 8 V can be used.

Figure 8

No.	Part	Тур.	Unit
1	R1 to R4	1	kΩ
2	C1 to C4, CVDD	1	μF
3	Rvdd	100	Ω
4	Rctlc	1	kΩ

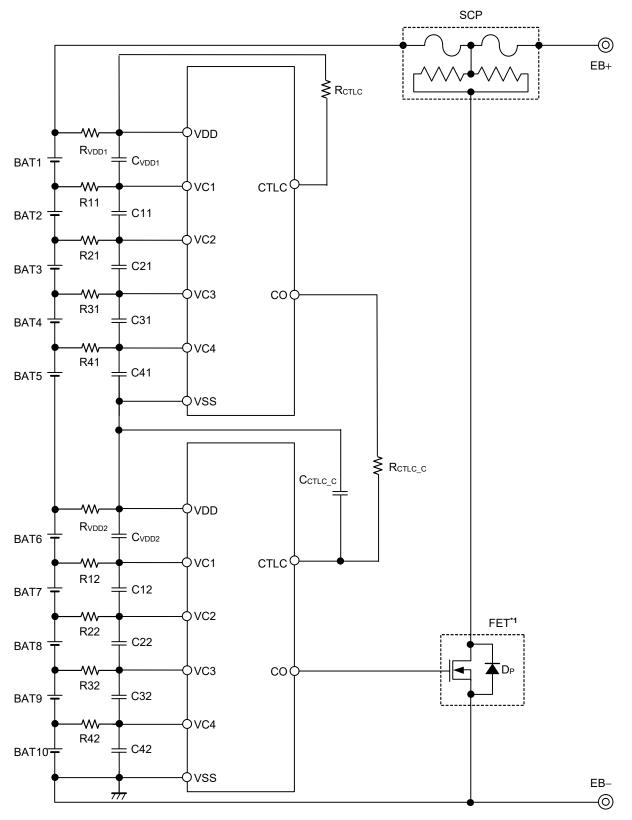
Table 10 Constants for External Components

Caution 1. The constants may be changed without notice.

- 2. It has not been confirmed whether the operation is normal or not in circuits other than the connection example. In addition, the connection example and the constants do not guarantee proper operation. Perform thorough evaluation using an actual application to set the constants.
- 3. Since the CO pin may become the detection status transiently when the battery is being connected, connect the positive terminal of BAT1 last in order to prevent the protection fuse from cutoff.

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2. 10-serial cell



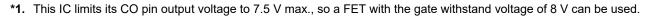
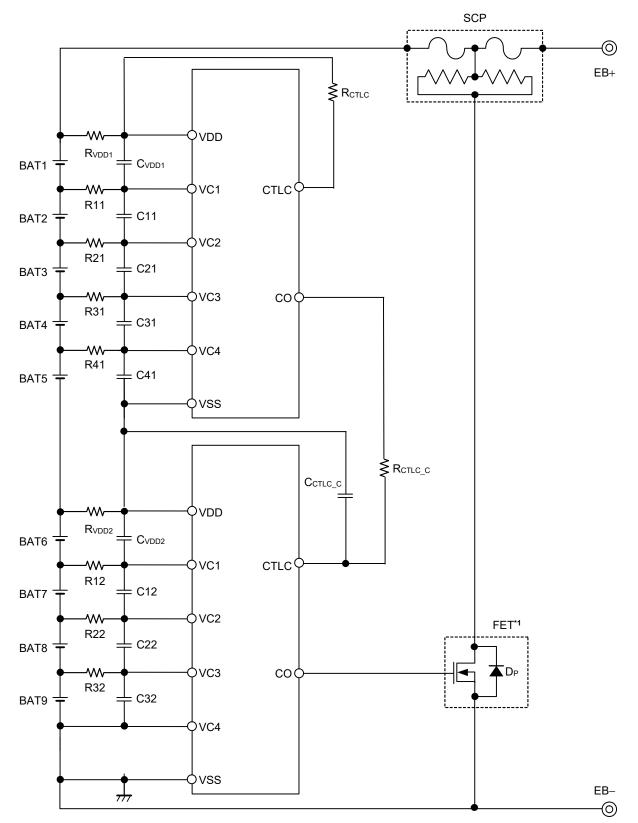


Figure 9

Remark Regarding the recommended values for external components, refer to "Table 11 Constants for External Components".

BATTERY MONITORING IC FOR 3-SERIAL TO 5-SERIAL CELL PACK (SECONDARY PROTECTION) S-82K5B Series Rev.1.1_00

3. 9-serial cell



*1. This IC limits its CO pin output voltage to 7.5 V max., so a FET with the gate withstand voltage of 8 V can be used.

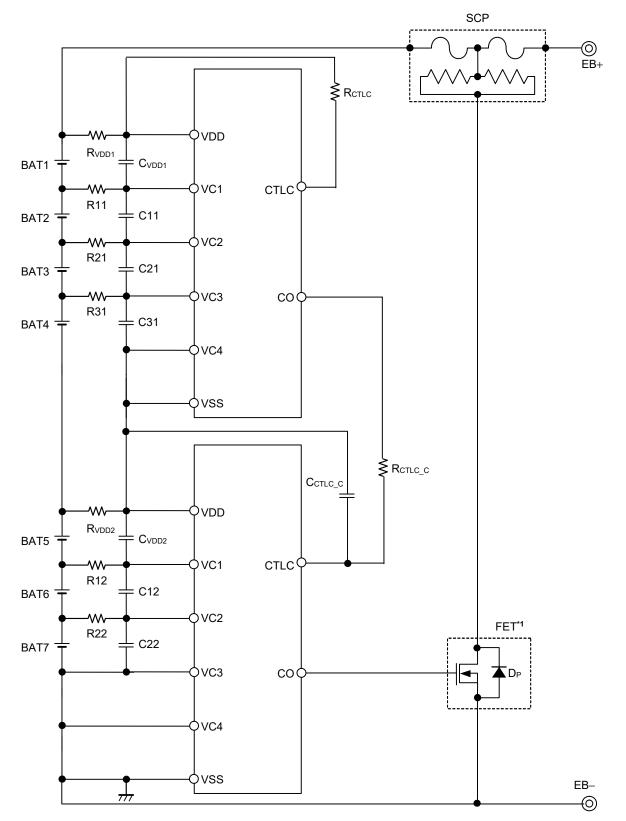
Figure 10

Remark Regarding the recommended values for external components, refer to "Table 11 Constants for External Components".

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4. 7-serial cell



*1. This IC limits its CO pin output voltage to 7.5 V max., so a FET with the gate withstand voltage of 8 V can be used. Figure 11.

Remark Regarding the recommended values for external components, refer to "Table 11 Constants for External Components".

No.	Part	Тур.	Unit
1	R11 to R41, R12 to R42	1	kΩ
2	C11 to C41, C12 to C42, CVDD1, CVDD2	1	μF
3	RVDD1, RVDD2	100	Ω
4	RCTLC	1	kΩ
5	Rctlc_c	5.1	MΩ
6	Cctlc_c	0.01	μF

Table 11 Constants for External Components

Caution 1. The constants may be changed without notice.

- 2. It has not been confirmed whether the operation is normal or not in circuits other than the connection example. In addition, the connection example and the constants do not guarantee proper operation. Perform thorough evaluation using an actual application to set the constants.
- 3. Since the CO pin may become the detection status transiently when the battery is being connected, connect the positive terminal of BAT1 last in order to prevent the protection fuse from cutoff.

[For SCP, contact]

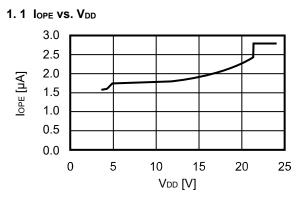
Dexerials Corporation Tokyo Office Address: Mitsui Sumitomo Kaijo Tepco Building 9F, 1-6-1 Kyobashi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0031, Japan Tel: +81-3-3538-1230 (main) https://www.dexerials.jp/en/

Precautions

- Do not connect batteries charged with V_{CL} or higher.
- If the connected batteries include a battery charged with V_{CL} or higher, this IC may become the overcharge status after all pins are connected.
- In some application circuits, even if an overcharged battery is not included, the order of connecting batteries may be restricted to prevent transient output of the CO pin detection pulses when the batteries are connected. Perform thorough evaluation with the actual application circuit.
- The application conditions for the input voltage, the output voltage, and the load current should not exceed the power dissipation.
- Do not apply an electrostatic discharge to this IC that exceeds the performance ratings of the built-in electrostatic protection circuit.
- ABLIC Inc. claims no responsibility for any disputes arising out of or in connection with any infringement by products including this IC of patents owned by a third party.

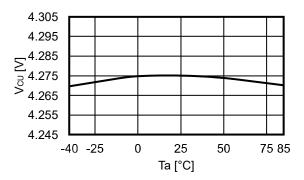
Characteristics (Typical Data)

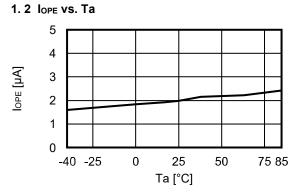
1. Current consumption



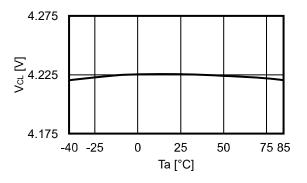
2. Detection voltage, release voltage

2.1 Vcu vs. Ta

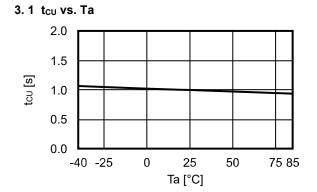




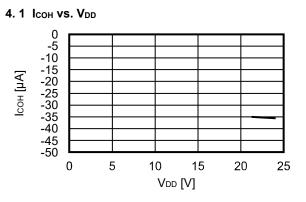


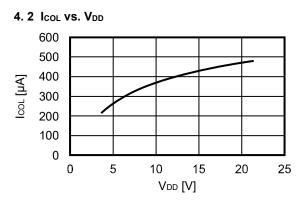


3. Delay time

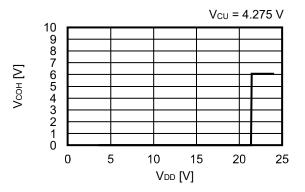


4. Output pin



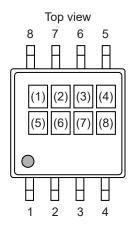


4.3 VCOH VS. VDD



Marking Specifications

1. TMSOP-8

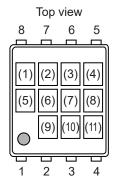


(1): (2) to (4): (5): (6) to (8): Blank Product code (refer to **Product name vs. Product code**) Blank Lot number

Product name vs. Product code

Product Name	Product Code		
Product Name	(2)	(3)	(4)
S-82K5BAA-K8T2U	b	F	А

2. SNT-8A



(1): (2) to (4): (5), (6): (7) to (11): Blank Product code (refer to **Product name vs. Product code**) Blank Lot number

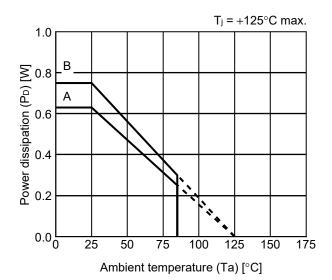
Product name vs. Product code

Draduat Nama	Product Code			
Product Name	(2)	(3)	(4)	
S-82K5BAA-I8T1U	b	F	А	

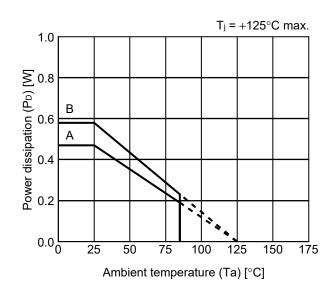
Power Dissipation

TMSOP-8

SNT-8A



Board	Power Dissipation (PD)
Α	0.63 W
В	0.75 W
С	_
D	_
E	_

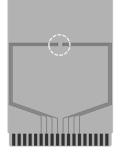


Board	Power Dissipation (PD)
А	0.47 W
В	0.58 W
С	_
D	_
E	_

TMSOP-8 Test Board

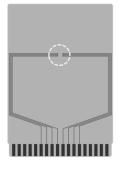
(1) Board A

🔘 IC Mount Area



Item		Specification	
Size [mm]		114.3 x 76.2 x t1.6	
Material		FR-4	
Number of copper foil layer		2	
Copper foil layer [mm]	1	Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070	
	2	-	
	3	-	
	4	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.070	
Thermal via		-	

(2) Board B



Item		Specification	
Size [mm]		114.3 x 76.2 x t1.6	
Material		FR-4	
Number of copper foil layer		4	
Copper foil layer [mm]	1	Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070	
	2	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.035	
	3	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.035	
	4	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.070	
Thermal via		-	

No. TMSOP8-A-Board-SD-1.0

SNT-8A Test Board

(1) Board A

O IC Mount Area



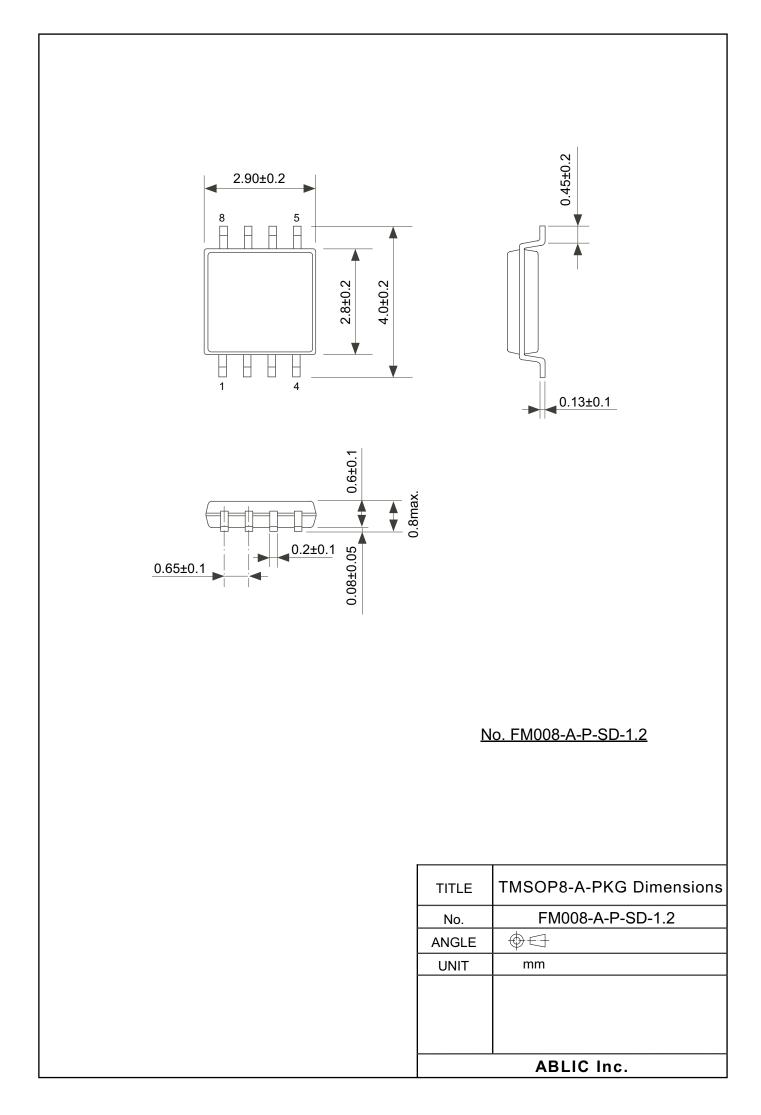
Item Specification		Specification	
Size [mm]		114.3 x 76.2 x t1.6	
Material		FR-4	
Number of copper foil layer		2	
Copper foil layer [mm]	1	Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070	
	2	-	
	3	-	
	4	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.070	
Thermal via		-	

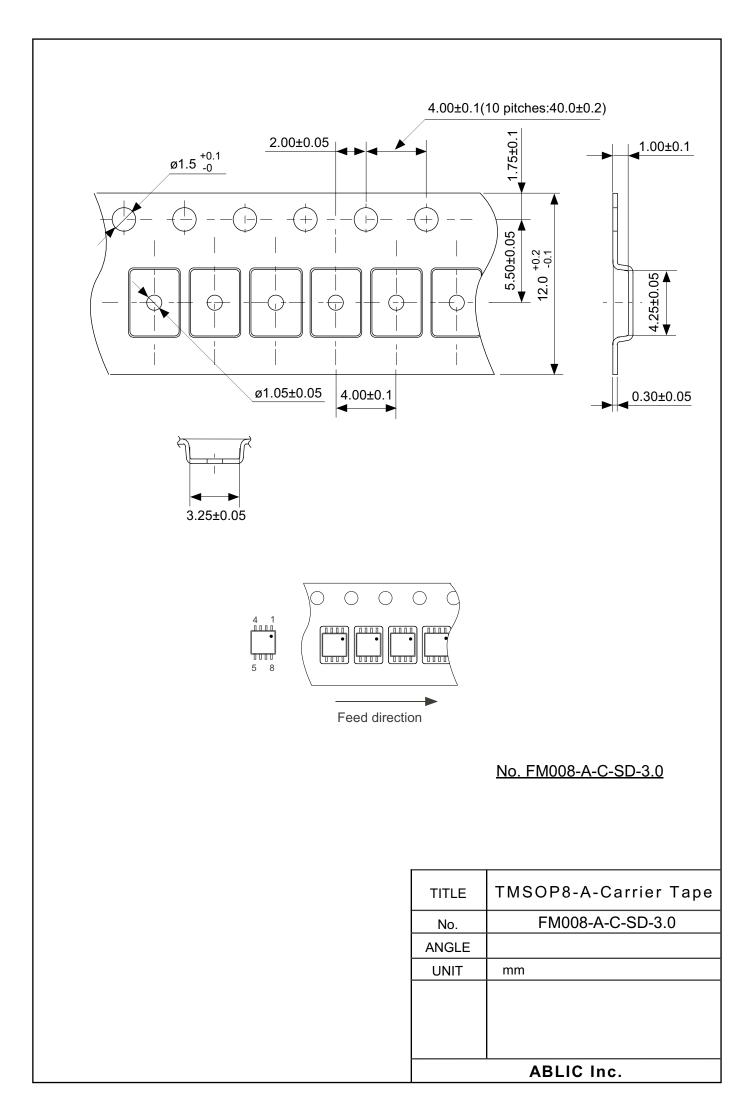
(2) Board B

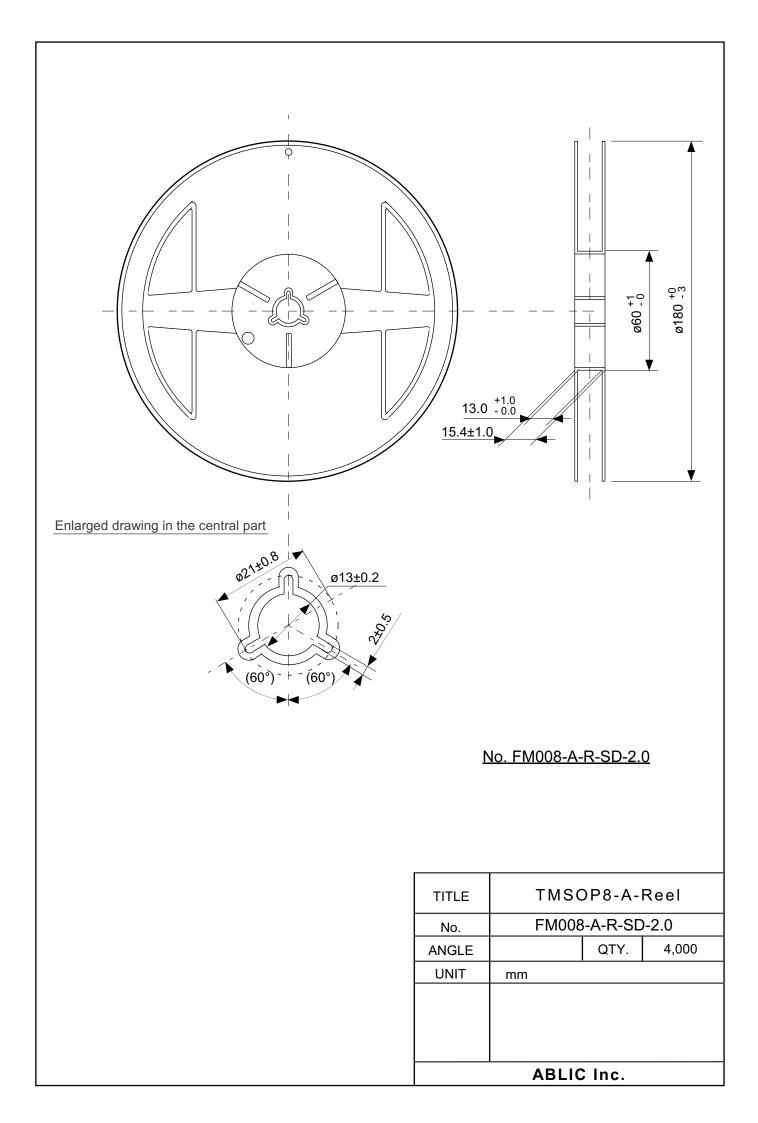


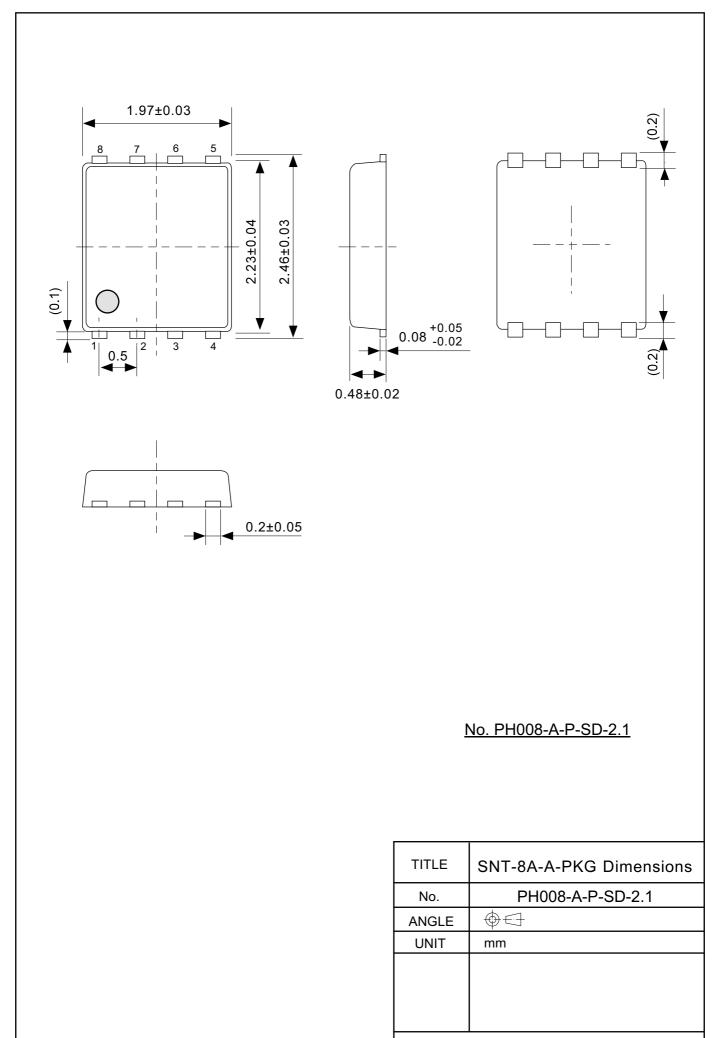
Item		Specification	
Size [mm]		114.3 x 76.2 x t1.6	
Material		FR-4	
Number of copper foil layer		4	
Copper foil layer [mm]	1	Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070	
	2	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.035	
	3	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.035	
	4	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.070	
Thermal via		-	

No. SNT8A-A-Board-SD-1.0

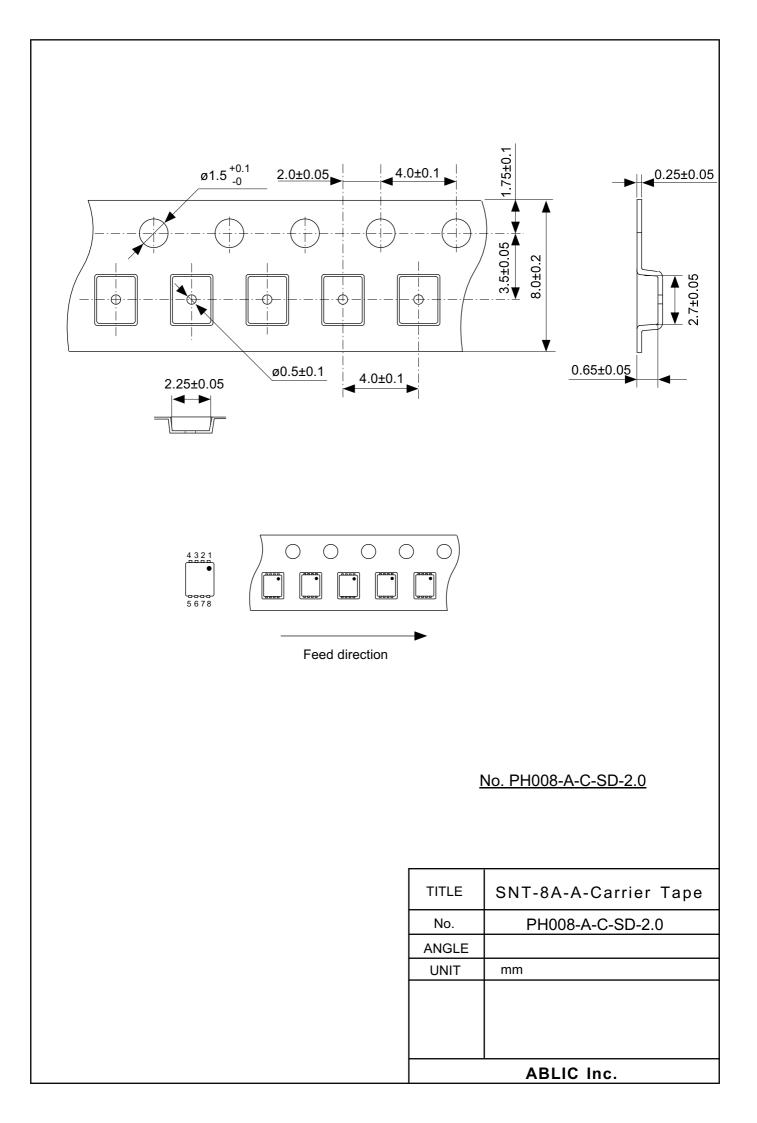


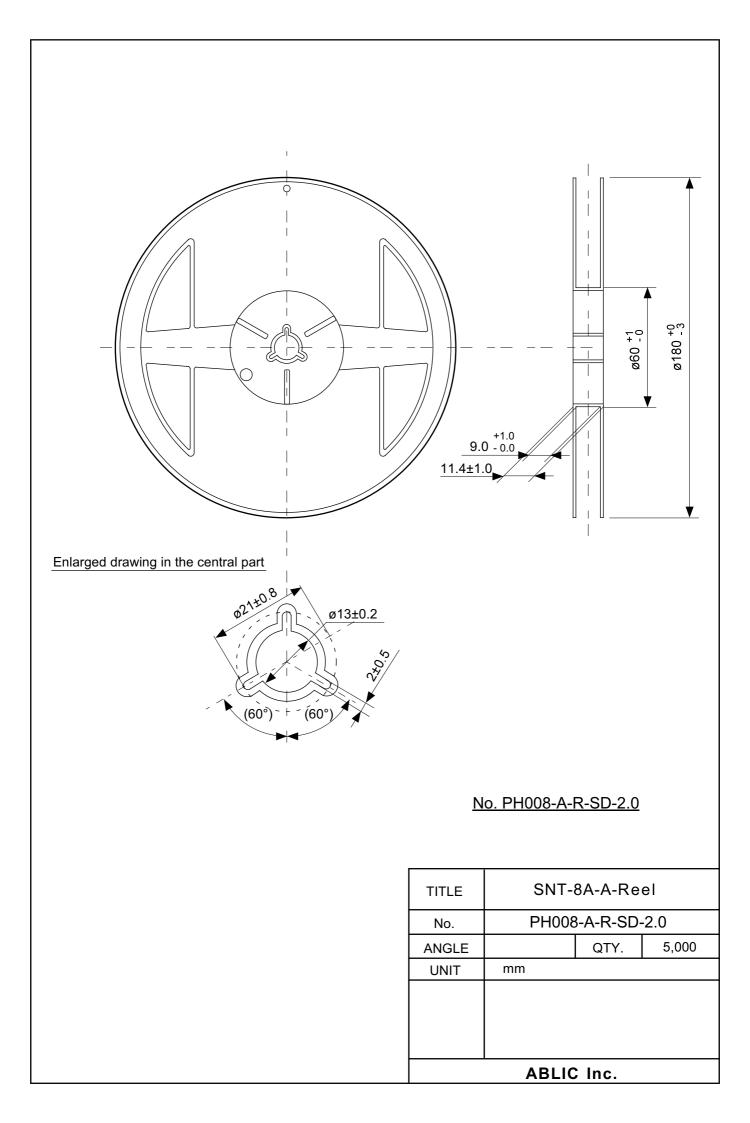


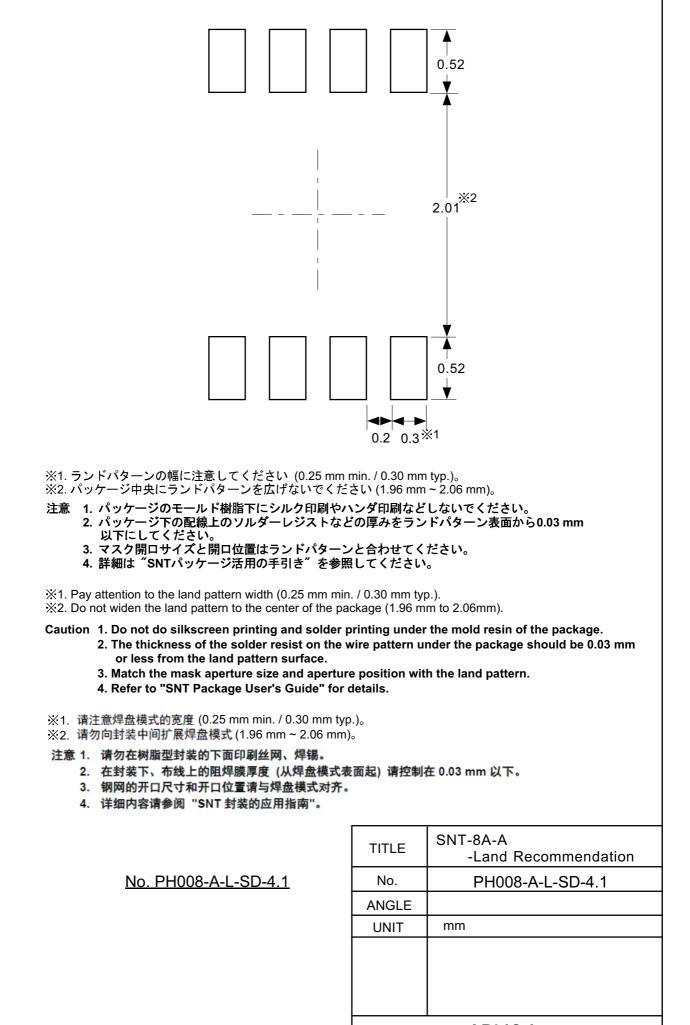




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