

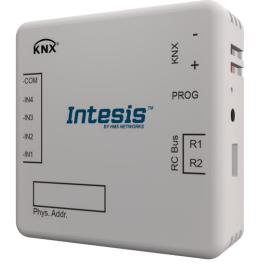
# Gateway for integration of Panasonic/ Sanyo air conditioners into KNX TP-1 (EIB) control systems

Compatible with ECOi, PACi and ECOg Series air conditioners commercialized by Panasonic and Sanyo

Application's Program Version: 1.3

## **USER MANUAL**

Issue date: 08/2023 v2.5 ENGLISH





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# Gateway for integration of **Panasonic /Sanyo** air conditioners into KNX TP-1 (EIB) control systems. Compatible with ECOi, PACi and ECOg Series air conditioners commercialized by **Panasonic** and **Sanyo**.

Application's Program Version: 1.3

ORDER CODELEGACY ORDER CODEINKNXPAN001R000PA-RC2-KNX-1i



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## 1. Presentation



INKNXPAN001R000 allows a complete and natural integration of **Panasonic** and **Sanyo** air conditioners with KNX control systems.

Compatible with ECOi, PACi and ECOg Series air conditioners commercialized by **Panasonic** and **Sanyo**.

Main features:

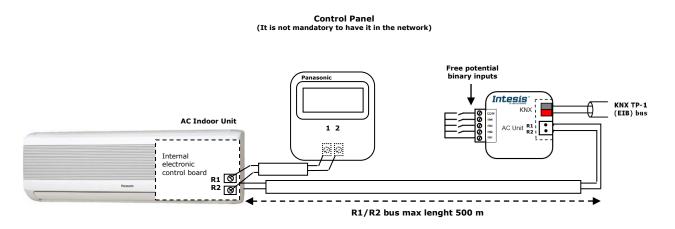
- Reduced dimensions, quick installation.
- Multiple objects for control and status (bit, byte, characters...) with KNX standard datapoint types.
- Status objects for every control available.
- Timeout for Open Window and Occupancy. Sleep function also available.
- Control of the AC unit based in the ambient temperature read by the own AC unit, or in the ambient temperature read by any KNX thermostat.
- AC unit can be controlled simultaneously by the wired remote control of the AC unit and by KNX.
- Total Control and Monitoring of the AC unit from KNX, including monitoring of AC unit's state of internal variables, running hours counter (for filter maintenance control), and error indication and error code.
- Up to 5 scenes can be saved and executed from KNX, fixing the desired combination of Operation Mode, Set Temperature, Fan Speed, Vane Position and Remote Controller Lock in any moment by using a simple switching.
- Four binary inputs for potential-free contacts provide the possibility to integrate many types of external devices. Also configurable from ETS, they can be used for switching, dimming, shutter/blind control, and more



## 2. Connection

#### Connection of the INKNXPAN001R000 to the AC indoor unit

The INKNXPAN001R000 can be connected directly to the R1R2 bus of the indoor unit (no Panasonic remote controller -RC from now on- connected in the R1R2 bus) or with the Panasonic RC. See connection diagram below.





## 2.1 INKNXPAN001R000 with Remote Controller

Connection of the INKNXPAN001R000 to the KNX bus:

Disconnect power of the KNX bus. Connect the INKNXPAN001R000 to the KNX TP-1 (EIB) bus using the KNX standard connector (red/grey) of the INKNXPAN001R000, respect polarity.

Reconnect power of the KNX bus, and mains power of the AC unit.

NOTE: In some indoor unit models the R1/R2 is not available. In its place there is a pair of cables to connect the Remote Controller. Use these cables to connect the R1/R2 bus. Check your indoor unit user or service manual for more information.

## 3. Configuration and setup

This is a fully compatible KNX device which must be configured and setup using standard KNX tool ETS.

ETS database for this device can be downloaded from:

https://intesis.com/products/ac-interfaces/panasonic-gateways/panasonic-knx-inputs-vrf-pa-rc2-knx-1i Please consult the README.txt file, located inside the downloaded zip file, to find instructions on how to install the database.

▲ **Important**: Do not forget to select the correct settings of AC indoor unit being connected to the INKNXPAN001R000. This is in "Parameters" of the device in ETS.



## 4. ETS Parameters

When imported to the ETS software for the first time, the gateway shows the following default parameter configuration:

Device: 1.1.1 PA RC Interface		
General	Developed latest database entry for this	http://www.interio.com
Mode Configuration	Download latest database entry for this product and its User Manual from:	http://www.intesis.com
Special Modes Configuration		
Fan Speed Configuration	Send READs for Control_ objects on bus	Yes 🔹
Vanes Up-Down Configuration	recovery (T & U flags must be active)	
Temperature Configuration	> Delay before sending READs (sec)	10
Scene Configuration		
Switch-Off Timeouts Configuratior	Scene to load on bus recovery / startup	(none) 👻
Binary Input 1 Configuration	(needs to define vals for that scene)	
Binary Input 2 Configuration	Disallow control from remote controller	No
Binary Input 3 Configuration		
Binary Input 4 Configuration	> Enable comm obj "Ctrl_ Remote Lock"	No
	Enable func "Control_ Lock Control Obj"	No
	Enable func Control_Lock Control Obj	NO
	Enable func "Operating Hours Counter"	No
	Enable use of objects for Filter	No
	(for Control and Status)	
	Enable object "Error Code [2byte]"	No
	Enable object "Error Text Code [14byte]" (3 ASCII-char Error Code)	No

Figure 4.1 Default parameter configuration

With this configuration it's possible to send On/Off (*Control\_ On/Off*), change the AC Mode (*Control\_ Mode*), the Fan Speed (*Control\_ Fan Speed*) and also the Setpoint Temperature (*Control\_ Setpoint Temperature*). The Status\_ objects, for the mentioned Control\_ objects, are also available to use if needed. Also objects *Status\_ AC Return Temp* and *Status\_ Error/Alarm* are shown.

1.1.1 PA RC2 interface, 4 binary inputs
■↓0: Control_On/Off [DPT_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On
■↓ 1: Control_ Mode [DPT_20.105 - 1byte] - 0-Aut;1-Hea;3-Coo;9-Fan;14-Dry
■2 11: Control_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds [DPT_5.001 - 1byte] - Thresholds: 50% and 83%
■2 17: Control_ Vanes U-D / 5 Pos [DPT_5.001 - 1byte] - Thresholds:30%,50%,70% and 90%
■\$26: Control_ Setpoint Temp [DPT_9.001 - 2byte] - °C
■↓54: Status_ On/Off [DPT_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On
■\$ 55: Status_ Mode [DPT_20.105 - 1byte] - 0-Aut;1-Hea;3-Coo;9-Fan;14-Dry
■ズ 63: Status_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds [DPT_5.001 - 1byte] - 33%, 67% and 100%
■↓69: Status_ Vanes U-D / 5 Pos [DPT_5.001 - 1byte] - 20%, 40%, 60%, 80% and 100%
■之78: Status_ AC Setpoint Temp [DPT_9.001 - 2byte] - °C
■\$ 79: Status_ AC Return Temp [DPT_9.001 - 2byte] - °C
■2 81: Status_ Error/Alarm [DPT_1.005 - 1bit] - 0-No alarm;1-Alarm
■2 83: Status_ Error Text Code [DPT_16.001 - 14byte] - 3-char PA Error; Empty-None

Figure 4.2 Default communication objects



## 4.1 General dialog

Inside this parameter's dialog it is possible to activate or change the parameters shown in the **Figure 4.1**.

The first field shows the URL where to download the database and the user manual for the product.

4.1.1 Send READs for Control\_ objects on bus recovery

When this parameter is enabled, INKNXPAN001R000 will send READ telegrams for the group addresses associated on its *Control\_* objects on bus recovery or application reset/start-up.

- If set to **"no"** the gateway will not perform any action.
- If set to **"yes"** all *Control\_* objects with both Transmit **(T)** and Update **(U)** flags enabled will send READs and their values will be updated with the response when received.

Send READs for Control_ objects on bus recovery (T and U flags must be active)	yes 🔹
> Delay before sending READs (sec)	30

#### Figure 4.3 Parameter detail

Delay before sending READs (sec):

With this parameter, a delay can be configured between 0 and 30 seconds for the READs sent by the *Control\_* objects. This is to give time enough to other KNX devices on the bus to start-up before sending the READs.

## 4.1.2 Scene to load on bus recovery / startup

This parameter executes a selected scene on bus recovery or startup, only if the selected scene has an enabled preset or values previously saved from KNX bus (see Scene Configuration dialog).

If the gateway is disconnected from the indoor unit the scene will not be applied, even when connecting to the indoor unit again.

seene to load on bos recovery , startop	scene 2	,
(needs to define vals for that scene)		

Figure 4.4 Parameter detail

## 4.1.3 Disallow control from remote controller

This parameter allows:

- 1- Having the remote controller always locked, or
- 2- Decide through a new communication object if the RC is locked or not.
- If set to "yes" all the actions performed through the remote controller will be disabled.



• If set to **"no"** the remote controller will work as usually. It also appears a new parameter and the communication object *Control\_ Lock Remote Control*.

■↓ 33 Control\_Lock Remote Control [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Unlocked;1-Locked

Disallow control from remote controller	no
> Enable comm obj "Ctrl_ Remote Lock"	yes 🔻

Figure 4.5 Communication object and parameter detail

#### Enable comm obj "Ctrl Remote Lock":

If set to "**no**" the object will not be shown.

If set to "yes" the Control\_ Lock Remote Control object will appear.

- When a "1" value is sent to this communication object, the remote controller is locked. To be unlocked a "0" value must be sent. The gateway remembers the last value received even if a KNX bus reset/failure happens.
- ▲ **Important:** If an initial scene is enabled and it has as Value for Remote Lock (unchanged) or unlocked, this would unlock the remote controller because the initial scene has priority over the Control\_ Lock Remote Control communication object.

## 4.1.4 Enable func "Control\_ Lock Control Obj"

This parameter shows/hide the *Control\_ Lock Control Obj* communication object which, depending on the sent value, locks or unlocks ALL the *Control\_* communication objects except itself.

■ 34 Control\_ Lock Control Objects [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Unlocked;1-Locked

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "**yes**" the *Control\_ Lock Control Objects* object will appear.
  - When a "1" value is sent to this communication object, all the *Control*\_objects will be locked. To unlock a "0" value must be sent, as the gateway remembers the last value received even if a KNX bus reset/failure happens.

#### 4.1.5 Enable func "Operating Hours Counter"

This parameter shows/hides the *Status\_ Operation Hour Counter* communication object which counts the number of operating hours for the INKNXPAN001R000.

■2 88 Status\_ Operation Hour Counter [DPT\_7.001 - 2byte] - Number of operating hours

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** the *Status\_ Operation Hour Counter* object will appear.

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URL https://www.intesis.com

- This object can be read and sends its status every time an hour is counted. The gateway keeps that count in memory and the status is sent also after a KNX bus reset/failure. Although this object is marked as a *Status\_* object it also can be written to update the counter when needed. To reset the counter should be written a "**0**" value.
- ▲ **Important:** This object comes by default without the write **(W)** flag activated. If is necessary to write on it, this flag must be activated.
- ▲ **Important:** This object will also return its status, every time a value is written, only if it's different from the existing one.
- ▲ **Important:** If the stored value is 0 hours, the gateway will not send the status to KNX.

## 4.1.6 Enable use of objects for Filter

This parameter shows/hides *Control\_ Reset Filter* and *Status\_ Filter Status* that lets reset the filter status and also monitor if there is a filter alarm.

29 Control\_Reset Filter [DPT\_1.015 - 1bit] - 1-Reset filter

- ■之 80 Status\_ Filter Status [DPT\_1.005 1bit] 0-No alarm;1-Alarm
- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** the *Control\_ Reset Filter y Status\_ Filter Status objects will appear*.
  - The *Status* object will show a "O" value when there's no filter alarm, and a "1" value when the filter is full. Once the filter is cleaned, the alarm can be reset by sending a "1" value to the *Control\_ Reset Filter* object.

## 4.1.7 Enable object "Error Code [2byte]"

This parameter shows/hides the *Status\_ Error Code* communication object which shows the indoor unit errors, if occurred, in numeric format.

■↓ 82 Status\_ Error Code [2byte] - 0-No error /Any other see man.

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** the *Status\_ Error Code [2byte]* object will appear.
  - This object can be read and also sends the indoor unit error, if occurred, in numeric format. If a **"O**" value is shown that means no error.

## 4.1.8 Enable object "Error Text Code [14byte]"

This parameter shows/hides the *Status\_ Error Text Code* communication object which shows the indoor unit errors, if occurred, in text format.

■2 83 Status\_ Error Text Code [DPT\_16.001 - 14byte] - 3-char PA Error; Empty-None



- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** the *Status\_ Error Text Code* object will appear.
  - This object can be read and also sends the indoor unit error, if occurred, in text format. The errors shown have the same format as at the remote controller and at the error list from the indoor unit manufacturer. If the object's value is empty that means no error.

## 4.2 Mode Configuration dialog

Device: 1.1.1 PA RC2 interface, 4 binary inputs					
General	Indoor unit has HEAT mode	Yes			
Mode Configuration	(see docum, for your indoor unit)	103			
Special Modes Configuration		[··			
Fan Speed Configuration	Indoor unit has AUTO mode	Yes 🔹			
Vanes Up-Down Configuration	(see docum. for your indoor unit)				
Temperature Configuration	When mode is AUTO Status_ objs report	No			
Scene Configuration	actual operating status (HEAT/COOL/)				
Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration	Enable "Mode Cool/Heat" objects	No			
Binary Input 1 Configuration	(for Control and Status)				
Binary Input 2 Configuration	Enable PID-Compat. Scaling Mode objects	No			
Binary Input 3 Configuration	(for Control)				
Binary Input 4 Configuration		NI-			
	Enable use of +/- object for Mode	No			
	Enable use of bit-type Mode objects	No			
	(for Control)				
	Enable use of bit-type Mode objects	No			
	(for Status)				
	Fachle use of Toot shinet for Made	No			
	Enable use of Text object for Mode				

Figure 4.6 Default Mode Configuration dialog

All the parameters in this section are related with the different mode properties and communication objects.

#### ■2 1 Control\_ Mode [DPT\_20.105 - 1byte] - 0-Aut;1-Hea;3-Coo;9-Fan;14-Dry

The byte-type communication object for Mode works with the DTP\_20.105. Auto mode will be enabled with a "**0**" value, Heat mode with a "**1**" value, Cool mode with a "**3**" value, Fan mode with a "**9**" value and Dry mode with a "**14**" value.

## 4.2.1 Indoor unit has HEAT mode

This parameter has to be used to indicate if the indoor unit has the *heat mode* available.

- If set to **"no"**, the indoor unit doesn't have the *heat mode* available.
- If set to "**yes**", the infoor unit has the *heat mode* available.
- ▲ **Important:** Read the documentation of your indoor unit to check if it has HEAT mode available.

## 4.2.2 Indoor unit has AUTO mode



This parameter has to be used to indicate if the indoor unit has the *auto mode* available.

- If set to **"no"**, the indoor unit doesn't have the *auto mode* available.
- If set to "yes", the infoor unit has the *auto mode* available.

**Important:** Read the documentation of your indoor unit to check if it has AUTO mode available.

#### 4.2.3 When mode is AUTO Status\_ objs report actual operating status

This parameter shows the real status of the indoor unit when Auto mode is enabled.

- If set to **"no"**, when the indoor unit is set to Auto mode, all the *Status*\_ objects concerning mode will only show Auto enabled.
- If set to "yes", when the indoor unit is set to Auto mode, all the *Status* objects concerning mode will show the real mode which the machine is working (Cool, Heat, Dry, Fan). In case of the bitfield objects, also the *Status Mode Auto* will be shown enabled with a "1" value.

## 4.2.4 Enable "Mode Cool/Heat" objects

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_* and *Status\_ Mode Cool/Heat* communication objects.

Image: Provide Cool/Heat [DPT\_1.100 - 1bit] - 0-Cool;1-Heat
 Image: S6 Status\_ Mode Cool/Heat [DPT\_1.100 - 1bit] - 0-Cool;1-Heat

- If set to **"no"** the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "**yes**" the *Control\_* and *Status\_ Mode Cool/Heat* objects will appear.
  - When a "1" value is sent to the *Control\_* communication object, **Heat mode** will be enabled in the indoor unit, and the *Status\_* object will return this value.
  - When a "0" value is sent to the *Control* communication object, Cool mode will be enabled in the indoor unit, and the *Status* object will return this value.

## 4.2.5 Enable PID-Compat. Scaling Mode Objects (for Control)

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_ Mode Cool & On* and *Control\_ Mode Heat & On* communication objects.

■2 3 Control\_ Mode Cool & On [DPT\_5.001 - 1byte] - 0%-Off;0.1%-100%-On+Cool

- ■之 4 Control\_ Mode Heat & On [DPT\_5.001 1byte] 0%-Off;0.1%-100%-On+Heat
- If set to **"no"** the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Mode Cool & On and Control\_ Mode Heat & On objects will appear.



- These objects provide compatibility with those KNX thermostats that control the demand of heating or cooling by using scaling (percentage) objects. In these thermostats, the percentage demand is meant to be applied on a fluid valve of the heating / cooling system.
- INKNXPAN001R000 device does not provide individual control on the internal parts of the indoor unit (as can be its compressor, refrigerant valves, etc.). Rather, it provides the same level of control as a (user) remote controller.
- Objects "Control\_ Mode Cool & On" and "Control\_ Mode Heat & On" intend to bring compatibility between thermostats oriented to the control of custom heating / cooling systems and ready-made AC indoor units, by applying the following logic:
  - Whenever a non-zero value (>0%) is received at "Control\_ Mode Cool & On", indoor unit will switch On in COOL mode.
  - Whenever a non-zero value (>0%) is received at "Control\_ Mode Heat & On", indoor unit will switch On in HEAT mode.
    - Latest updated object will define the operating mode
  - Indoor unit will switch off only when both objects become zero (0%) or when an OFF is requested at object "0. On/Off [DPT\_1.001 - 1bit]"
- \* **Important:** These objects function is only to send On/Off and Cool/Heat to the indoor unit. The PID (Inverter system) is calculated by the indoor unit itself. Please consider introducing an appropriate PID configuration to the external KNX thermostat to not interfere the indoor unit PID.

## 4.2.6 Enable use of + / - object for Mode

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_ Mode* +/- communication object which lets change the indoor unit mode by using two different datapoint types.

■ 10 Control\_ Mode -/+ [DPT\_1.007 - 1bit] - 0-Decrease;1-Increase

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "**yes**" the *Control\_ Mode* +/- object and a new parameter will appear.

Enable use of +/- object for Mode	yes 🔹
> DPT type for +/- Mode Object	0-Up / 1-Down [DPT_1.008]

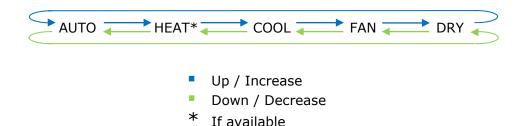
Figure 4.7 Parameter detail

DPT type for +/- Mode Object

This parameter lets choose between the datapoints **0-Up / 1-Down [DPT\_1.008]** and **0-Decrease / 1-Increase [DPT\_1.007]** for the *Control\_ Mode* +/- object.



The sequence followed when using this object is shown below:



▲ **Important:** Read the documentation of your indoor unit to check if it has HEAT mode available.

## 4.2.7 Enable use of bit-type Mode objects (for control)

This parameter shows/hides the bit-type *Control\_ Mode* objects.

- ■之 5 Control\_ Mode Auto [DPT\_1.002 1bit] 1-Set AUTO mode
- ■之 6 Control\_ Mode Heat [DPT\_1.002 1bit] 1-Set HEAT mode
- ■之 7 Control\_ Mode Cool [DPT\_1.002 1bit] 1-Set COOL mode
- ■之 8 Control\_ Mode Fan [DPT\_1.002 1bit] 1-Set FAN mode
- ■ズ 9 Control\_ Mode Dry [DPT\_1.002 1bit] 1-Set DRY mode
- If set to **"no"** the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Mode objects for Auto, Heat, Cool, Fan and Dry will appear. To activate a mode by using these objects a "1" value has to be sent.

## 4.2.8 Enable use of bit-type Mode objects (for status)

This parameter shows/hides the bit-type *Status\_ Mode* objects.

I 57 Status\_ Mode Auto [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-AUTO mode is active
 S8 Status\_ Mode Heat [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-HEAT mode is active
 S9 Status\_ Mode Cool [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-COOL mode is active
 60 Status\_ Mode Fan [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-FAN mode is active
 61 Status\_ Mode Dry [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-DRY mode is active

- If set to **"no"** the objects will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** the *Status\_ Mode* objects for Auto, Heat, Cool, Fan and Dry will appear. When enabled, a mode will return a **"1"** through its bit-type object.

## 4.2.9 Enable use of Text object for Mode

This parameter shows/hides the *Status\_ Mode Text* communication object.

■2 62 Status\_ Mode Text [DPT\_16.001 - 14byte] - ASCII String



- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Status\_ Mode Text object will appear. Also, in the parameters, will be shown five text fields, one for each mode, that will let modify the text string displayed by the Status\_ Mode Text when changing mode.

> String when mode is AUTO	AUTO
> String when mode is HEAT (if available)	HEAT
> String when mode is COOL	COOL
> String when mode is FAN	FAN
> String when mode is DRY	DRY

Figure 4.8 Parameter detail

## 4.3 Special Modes Configuration dialog

De	vice: 1.1.1 PA RC Interface		
	General Mode Configuration	Enable use of POWER mode	No
	Special Modes Configuration	Enable use of ECONOMY mode	No
	Fan Speed Configuration		
	Vanes Up-Down Configuration	Enable use of ADDITIONAL HEATING mode	No
	Temperature Configuration		
	Scene Configuration	Enable use of ADDITIONAL COOLING mode	No
	Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration		
	Binary Input 1 Configuration		
	Binary Input 2 Configuration		
	Binary Input 3 Configuration		
	Binary Input 4 Configuration		

Figure 4.9 Default Special Modes Configuration dialog

The Special Modes can be parameterized through the ETS parameters dialog, and they can be used to give extra functionality.

- ▲ **Important:** When executing any of the Special Modes the real state of the indoor unit will NOT be shown in KNX.
- ▲ **Important:** When the predefined time for the Special Mode is finished or a "**0**" value is sent to stop it; the previous state will be recovered.
- ▲ **Important:** If a value concerning On/Off, Mode, Fan Speed or Setpoint Temperature is received from KNX while any Special Mode is running ("1"), the Special Mode will stop and the previous state will be recovered. The value received will be also applied then.
- ▲ **Important:** If a value concerning On/Off, Mode, Fan Speed or Setpoint Temperature is modified through the remote controller, the Special Mode will stop WITHOUT recovering the previous state. Then the real indoor unit state will be shown in KNX including the new value received through the remote controller.

## 4.3.1 Enable use of POWER mode



## Intesis<sup>™</sup> INKNXPAN001R000

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_ Power Mode* and *Status\_ Power Mode* communication objects. The Power Mode lets change the Setpoint Temperature and the Fan Speed within a given period of time.

35 Control\_ Power Mode [DPT\_1.010 - 1bit] - 0-Stop;1-Start
 ■
 84 Status\_ Power Mode [DPT\_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On

- If set to **"no"** the objects will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** the *Control\_ Power Mode* and *Status\_ Power Mode* objects and new parameters will appear.

Enable use of POWER mode	yes 🔹
<ul> <li>Action time for this mode (minutes)</li> <li>(0 = permanent / unlimited)</li> </ul>	2
<ul> <li>Setpoint delta increase (HEAT) or decrease (COOL) - in Celsius</li> </ul>	2.0°C •
> Fanspeed for this mode	SPEED 3 (if avail.)

Figure 4.10 Parameter detail

- When a **"1**" value is sent to the *Control*\_ communication object Power Mode will be enabled, and the *Status*\_ object will return this value.
- When a **"0**" value is sent to the *Control*\_ communication object, Power Mode will be disabled, and the *Status*\_ object will return this value.
- ▲ **Important:** This mode will ONLY work if the indoor unit is both turned on and in a Heat, Cool, Auto-Heat or Auto-Cool Mode.
- Action time for this mode (minutes):

Duration of Power Mode, in minutes, once started.

> <u>Setpoint delta increase (HEAT) or decrease (COOL) – in Celsius:</u>

Number of degrees Celsius that will increase in Heat Mode, or decrease in Cool Mode, while in Power Mode.

Fan Speed for this mode:

Fan Speed that will be set in the unit while in Power Mode.

## 4.3.2 Enable use of ECONOMY mode

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_ Econo Mode* and *Status\_ Econo Mode* communication objects. The Econo Mode lets change the Setpoint Temperature and the Fan Speed within a given period of time.



■之 36 Control\_ Econo Mode [DPT\_1.010 - 1bit] - 0-Stop;1-Start ■之 85 Status\_ Econo Mode [DPT\_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On

- If set to **"no"** the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "**yes**" the *Control\_ Econo Mode* and *Status\_ Econo Mode* objects and new parameters will appear.
  - When a **"1**" value is sent to the *Control*\_ communication object, EconoMode will be enabled, and the *Status*\_ object will return this value.
  - When a "O" value is sent to the *Control\_* communication object, EconoMode will be disabled, and the *Status\_* object will return this value.
  - ▲ **Important:** This mode will ONLY work if the indoor unit is both turned on and in a Heat, Cool, Auto-Heat or Auto-Cool Mode.
  - > Action time for this mode (minutes):

Duration of EconoMode, in minutes, once started.

> <u>Setpoint delta increase (HEAT) or decrease (COOL) – in Celsius:</u>

Number of degrees Celsius that will increase in Heat Mode, or decrease in Cool Mode, while in EconoMode.

Fan Speed for this mode:

Fan Speed that will be set in the unit while in EconoMode.

## 4.3.3 Enable use of ADDITIONAL HEATING mode

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_ Start Additional Heat Mode* and *Status\_ Additional Heat Mode* communication objects. The Additional Heating Mode lets change the Setpoint Temperature and the Fan Speed within a given period of time.

■ 27 Control\_ Additional Heat [DPT\_1.010 - 1bit] - 0-Stop;1-Start
 ■ 286 Status\_ Additional Heat [DPT\_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On

- If set to **"no"** the objects will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** the Control\_ Start Additional Heat Mode and Status\_ Additional Heat Mode objects and new parameters will appear.
  - When a **"1**" value is sent to the *Control*\_ communication object, Additional Heating Mode will be enabled, and the *Status*\_ object will return this value.
  - When a **"0"** value is sent to the *Control* communication object, Additional Heating Mode will be disabled, and the *Status* object will return this value.
  - ▲ **Important:** This mode will ALWAYS turn on the indoor unit in Heat mode.



Action time for this mode (minutes):

Duration of Additional Heating Mode, in minutes, once started.

Setpoint temp for this mode (°C):

Setpoint temperature that will be applied while in Additional Heating Mode.

Fan Speed for this mode:

Fan Speed that will be set in the unit while in Additional Heating Mode.

## 4.3.4 Enable use of ADDITIONAL COOLING mode

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_ Start Additional Cool Mode* and *Status\_ Additional Cool Mode* communication objects. The Additional Heating Mode lets change the Setpoint Temperature and the Fan Speed within a given period of time.

■ 38 Control\_ Additional Cool [DPT\_1.010 - 1bit] - 0-Stop;1-Start
 ■ 37 Status\_ Additional Cool [DPT\_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On

- If set to **"no"** the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Start Additional Cool Mode and Status\_ Additional Cool Mode objects and new parameters will appear.
  - When a **"1**" value is sent to the *Control*\_ communication object, Additional Cooling Mode will be enabled, and the *Status*\_ object will return this value.
  - When a **"O**" value is sent to the *Control*\_ communication object, Additional Cooling Mode will be disabled, and the *Status*\_ object will return this value.
  - ▲ **Important:** This mode will ALWAYS turn on the indoor unit in Cool mode.
  - Action time for this mode (minutes):

Duration of Additional Cooling Mode, in minutes, once started.

Setpoint temp for this mode (°C):

Setpoint temperature that will be applied while in Additional Cooling Mode.

> Fan Speed for this mode:

Fan Speed that will be set in the unit while in Additional Cooling Mode.

## 4.4 Fan Speed Configuration dialog



Dev	/ice: 1.1.1 PA RC2 interface, 4 binary	Inputs	
	General Mode Configuration	DPT object type for fanspeed	Scaling [DPT_5.001]
	Special Modes Configuration	Enable use of +/- object for Fan Speed	No
	Fan Speed Configuration		
	Vanes Up-Down Configuration	Enable "Fan Speed Man/Auto" objects	No
	Temperature Configuration	(for Control and Status)	
	Scene Configuration	Enable use of bit-type Fan Speed objects	No
	Switch-Off Timeouts Configuratior		
	Binary Input 1 Configuration		
	Binary Input 2 Configuration	Enable use of bit-type Fan Speed objects (for Status)	No
	Binary Input 3 Configuration	(IDF Status)	
	Binary Input 4 Configuration	Enable use of Text object for Fan Speed	No

Figure 4.11 Default Fan Speed Configuration dialog

All the parameters in this section are related with the Fan Speed properties and communication objects.

## 4.4.1 DPT object type for fanspeed

With this parameter is possible to change de DPT for the *Control\_ Fan Speed* and *Status\_ Fan Speed* byte-type communication objects. Datapoints Scaling (DPT\_5.001) and Enumerated (DPT\_5.010) can be selected.

- ▲ **Important:** The communication objects shown in this section may be different depending on the number of fan speeds available, although they all share the same communication object number.
- When **"Enumerated [DPT 5.010]"** is selected, *Control\_ Fan Speed* and *Status\_ Fan Speed* communication objects for this DPT will appear.

I1 Control\_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds [DPT\_5.010 - 1byte] - Speed values: 1,2,3
 I G3 Status\_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds [DPT\_5.010 - 1byte] - Speed Values: 1,2,3

The first fan speed will be selected if a "1" is sent to the *Control*\_ object. The second one will be selected sending a "2"; the third one will be selected sending a "3".

The *Status*\_ object will always return the value for the fan speed selected.

- ▲ **Important:** If a "**0**" value is sent to the Control\_ object, the minimum fan speed will be selected. If a value bigger than "**3**" is sent to the Control\_ object, then the maximum fan speed will be selected.
- When **"Scaling [DPT 5.001]"** is selected, *Control\_ Fan Speed* and *Status\_ Fan Speed* communication objects for this DPT will appear.

 ■↓
 11 Control\_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds [DPT\_5.001 - 1byte] - Thresholds: 50% and 83%

 ■↓
 63 Status\_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds [DPT\_5.001 - 1byte] - 33%, 67% and 100%

The next table shows the range of values that can be sent through the *Control\_* object and the value returned by the *Status\_* object.



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	Fan Speed 1	Fan Speed 2	Fan Speed 3
Control_	0% - 49%	50% - 82%	83% - 100%
Status_	33%	67%	100%

- ▲ **Important:** Read the documentation of your indoor unit to check how many fan speeds are available.
- 4.4.2 Enable use of +/- object for Fan Speed

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_ Fan Speed* +/- communication object which lets increase/decrease the indoor unit fan speed by using two different datapoint types.

■之 16 Control\_ Fan Speed -/+ [DPT\_1.007 - 1bit] - 0-Decrease;1-Increase

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "**yes**" the *Control\_ Fan Speed* +/- object and a new parameter will appear.

Enable use of +/- object for Fan Speed	Yes 🔹
> DPT type for +/- Fan Speed object	0-Decrease / 1-Increase [DPT_1.007]
> Does +/- sequence include fan speed AUTO?	No
<ul> <li>Rollover Speed at upper/lower limit (when controlling with +/- obj)</li> </ul>	Yes 🔹

Figure 4.13 Parameter detail

> DPT type for +/- Fan Speed Object

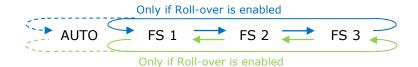
This parameter lets choose between the datapoints **0-Up / 1-Down [DPT\_1.008]** and **0-Decrease / 1-Increase [DPT\_1.007]** for the *Control\_ Fan Speed* +/-object.

Does +/- sequence include fan speed Auto?

This parameter includes or excludes the auto mode for the fan speed in the list of available speeds.

Roll-over Speed at upper/lower limit

This parameter lets choose if roll-over will be enabled (**"yes"**) or disabled (**"no"**) for the *Control\_ Fan Speed* +/- object.





Up / Increase

#### Down / Decrease

## 4.4.3 Enable "Fan Speed Man/Auto" objects (for Control and Status)

This parameter shows/hides the bit-type *Control\_ Fan Speed* Man/Auto and the *Status\_ Fan Speed* Man/Auto objects.

I2 Control\_ Fan Speed Man/Auto [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Manual; 1-Auto
 I4 64 Status\_ Fan Speed Man/Auto [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Manual;1-Auto

## 4.4.4 Enable use of bit-type Fan Speed objects (for Control)

This parameter shows/hides the bit-type *Control\_ Fan Speed* objects.

■2 13 Control\_ Fan Speed 1 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set Fan Speed 1 ■2 14 Control\_ Fan Speed 2 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set Fan Speed 2 ■2 15 Control\_ Fan Speed 3 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set Fan Speed 3

- If set to "**no**" the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Fan Speed objects for Speed 1, Speed 2 and Speed 3 will appear. To activate a Fan Speed by using these objects a "1" value has to be sent.

## 4.4.5 Enable use of bit-type Fan Speed objects (for Status)

This parameter shows/hides the bit-type *Status\_ Fan Speed* objects.

- If set to **"no"** the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Status\_ Fan Speed objects for Speed 1, Speed 2 and Speed 3 will appear. When a Fan Speed is enabled, a "1" value is returned through its bit-type object.

## 4.4.6 Enable use of Text object for Fan Speed

This parameter shows/hides the *Status\_ Fan Speed Text* communication object.

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** the *Status\_ Fan Speed Text* object will appear. Also, in the parameters, will be shown five text fields, one for each Fan Speed, that will let modify the text string displayed by the *Status\_ Fan Speed Text* when changing a fan speed.



> String when fan speed is AUTO	AUTO
> String when fan speed is 1	SPEED 1
> String when fan speed is 2	SPEED 2
> String when fan speed is 3	SPEED 3

Figure 4.14 Parameter detail

## 4.5 Vanes Up-Down Configuration dialog

Device: 1.1.1 PA RC2 interface, 4 binary	inputs	
General Mode Configuration Special Modes Configuration Fan Speed Configuration Vanes Up-Down Configuration	Indoor unit has U-D Vanes (see docum. for your indoor unit) IU has the following U-D Vanes values (see docum. for your indoor unit)	Yes
Temperature Configuration Scene Configuration	DPT object type for Vanes Up-Down	Scaling [DPT_5.001]
Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration	Enable use of +/- object for Vanes U-D	No
Binary Input 1 Configuration Binary Input 2 Configuration Binary Input 3 Configuration	Enable "Vanes U-D Standby" objects (for Control and Status)	No
Binary Input 4 Configuration	Enable use of bit-type Vanes U-D objects (for Control)	No
	Enable use of bit-type Vanes U-D objects (for Status)	No
	Enable "Vanes U-D Swing" objects (for Control and Status)	No
	Enable use of Text object for Vanes U-D	No

Figure 4.15 Vanes Up-Down Configuration dialog

All the parameters in this section are related with the Vanes Up-Down properties and communication objects.

## 4.5.1 Indoor unit has U-D Vanes

This parameter lets choose if the unit has Up-Down Vanes available or not.

Indoor unit has U-D Vanes	Yes 🔹
(see docum. for your indoor unit)	

Figure 4.16 Parameter detail

- If set to **"no"** all the parameters and communication objects for the Up-Down Vanes will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** all the parameters and communication objects (if enabled in the parameters dialog) for the Up-Down Vanes will be shown.
- ▲ **Important:** Read the documentation of your indoor unit to check if Up-Down Vanes are available.



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## 4.5.2 IU has following U-D Vanes values

This parameter lets choose if the unit has any of the two available modes for vanes directions.

IU has the following U-D Vanes values (see docum. for your indoor unit)

Figure 4.16 Parameter detail

- If set to "5 positions, SWING and STANDBY" all the parameters and communication objects for the for the 5 Vanes positions will not be shown and communication objects only for SWING and STANDBY will be shown.
- If set to **"SWING and STANDBY"** all the parameters and communication objects (if enabled in the parameters dialog) for the 5 Vanes positions will be shown.

■ 18 Control\_ Vanes U-D Standby [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-Standby
 ■ 24 Control\_ Vanes U-D Swing [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-Swing

■之 70 Status\_ Vanes U-D Standby [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-Standby
 ■之 76 Status\_ Vanes U-D Swing [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-Swing

**Important:** Read the documentation of your indoor unit to check if Up-Down Vanes positions are available.

#### 4.5.3 DPT object type for Vanes Up-Down

With this parameter is possible to change de DPT for the *Control\_ Vanes U-D* and *Status\_ Vanes U-D* byte-type communication objects. Datapoints Scaling (DPT\_5.001) and Enumerated (DPT\_5.010) can be selected.

- ▲ **Important:** The communication objects shown in this section may be different depending on the number of vanes position available, although they all share the same communication object number.
- When **"Enumerated [DPT 5.010]"** is selected, *Control\_ Vanes U-D* and *Status\_ Vanes U-D* communication objects for this DPT will appear.

■2 17 Control\_ Vanes U-D / 4 Pos [DPT\_5.010 - 1byte] - Position values: 1,2,3,4
 ■2 69 Status\_ Vanes U-D / 4 Pos [DPT\_5.010 - 1byte] - Position values: 1,2,3,4

To choose a vanes position, values from **"1**" to **"4**" can be sent to the *Control*\_ object. Each value will correspond to the position (i.e. Value **"3**" = Position 3).

The *Status*\_ object will always return the value for the vane position selected.

▲ **Important:** If a "**0**" value is sent to the Control\_ object, the Position 1 will be selected. If a value bigger than "**4**" is sent to the Control\_ object, then the higher Position will be selected.



• When **"Scaling [DPT 5.001]"** is selected, *Control\_ Vane Up-Down* and *Status\_ Vane Up-Down* communication objects for this DPT will appear.

I7 Control\_ Vanes U-D / 5 Pos [DPT\_5.001 - 1byte] - Thresholds:30%,50%,70% and 90%
 I 69 Status\_ Vanes U-D / 5 Pos [DPT\_5.001 - 1byte] - 20%, 40%, 60%, 80% and 100%

The next table shows the range of values that can be sent through the *Control\_* object and the value returned by the *Status\_* object.

	Vanes Pos.1	Vanes Pos.2	Vanes Pos.3	Vanes Pos.4	Vanes Pos.4
Control_	0% - 29%	30% - 49%	50% - 69%	70% - 89%	90% - 100%
Status_	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%

## 4.5.4 Enable use of +/- object for Vanes U-D

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_ Vane Up-Down* +/- communication object which lets change the indoor unit vane position by using two different datapoint types.

■2 25 Control\_ Vanes U-D -/+ [DPT\_1.007 - 1bit] - 0-Decrease;1-Increase

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Vanes U-D +/- object and a new parameter will appear.

Enable use of +/- object for Vanes U-D	Yes 🗸
> DPT type for +/- Vanes U-D object	0-Decrease / 1-Increase [DPT_1.007]
> Does +/- sequence include STANDBY vanes Up-Down?	No
> Does +/- sequence include SWING vanes Up-Down?	No
<ul> <li>Rollover Vanes at upper/lower limit (when controlling with +/- obj)</li> </ul>	Yes 🔹

Figure 4.17 Parameter detail

DPT type for +/- Vane Up-Down obj

This parameter lets choose between the datapoints **0-Up / 1-Down [DPT\_1.008]** and **0-Decrease / 1-Increase [DPT\_1.007]** for the *Control\_ Vanes U-D* +/- object.

Does +/- sequence include STANDBY vanes Up-Down?

This parameter lets choose if STANDBY function is included (**"yes"**) or not (**"no"**) in the sequence when using *Control\_ Vanes U-D* +/- object as shown in the discontinuous segment at the picture below.

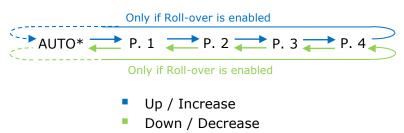


Does +/- sequence include SWING vanes Up-Down?

This parameter lets choose if SWING function is included (**"yes"**) or not (**"no"**) in the sequence when using *Control\_ Vanes U-D* +/- object as shown in the discontinuous segment at the picture below.

#### Roll over Vanes at upper/lower limit

This parameter lets choose if roll-over will be enabled (**"yes"**) or disabled (**"no"**) for the *Control\_ Vanes U-D* +/- object.



\* If Available

## 4.5.5 Enable "Vanes U-D Standby" objects (for control and status)

This parameter will only be present if parameter on 4.5.2 is set to "5 positions, SWING and STANDBY". It will show/hide *Control\_ Vanes U-D Standby* y *Status\_ Vanes U-D Standby* communication objects.

I8 Control\_ Vanes U-D Standby [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-Standby
 70 Status\_ Vanes U-D Standby [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-Standby

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Vanes U-D Standby y Status\_ Vanes Standby objects will appear.
  - When a "1" value is sent to the *Control*\_ communication object, Vanes Up-Down will be in Auto mode and the *Status*\_ object will return this value.
  - When a **"O**" value is sent to the *Control*\_ communication object, Vanes Up-Down will be in Manual mode and the *Status*\_ object will return this value.
  - ▲ **Important:** When activating Auto Mode in the indoor unit, this one will choose the best position available for the Vanes Up-Down. This position will not be shown either in the KNX bus or in the remote controller.
  - ▲ **Important:** Read the documentation of your indoor unit to check how many AUTO modes are available.

## 4.5.6 Enable use of bit-type Vane U-D objects (for Control)

This parameter shows/hides the bit-type *Control\_ Vanes U-D* objects.

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I 9 Control\_ Vanes U-D Pos 1 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set Position 1
 20 Control\_ Vanes U-D Pos 2 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set Position 2
 21 Control\_ Vanes U-D Pos 3 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set Position 3
 22 Control\_ Vanes U-D Pos 4 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set Position 4
 23 Control\_ Vanes U-D Pos 5 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set Position 5

- If set to **"no"** the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Vanes U-D objects for each Position will appear. To activate a Vanes Position by using these objects, a "1" value has to be sent.

4.5.7 Enable use of bit-type Vane U-D objects (for Status)

This parameter shows/hides the bit-type *Status\_ Vanes U-D* objects.

71 Status\_ Vanes U-D Pos 1 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Vanes in Position 1
 72 Status\_ Vanes U-D Pos 2 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Vanes in Position 2
 73 Status\_ Vanes U-D Pos 3 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Vanes in Position 3
 74 Status\_ Vanes U-D Pos 4 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Vanes in Position 4
 75 Status\_ Vanes U-D Pos 5 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Vanes in Position 5

- If set to **"no"** the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Status\_ Vanes U-D objects for each Position will appear. When a Vanes Position is enabled, a "1" value is returned through its bit-type object.

## 4.5.8 Enable "Vanes U-D Standby" objects (for control and status)

This parameter will only be present if parameter on 4.5.2 is set to "5 positions, SWING and STANDBY". It will show/hide *Control\_ Vanes U-D SWING* y *Status\_ Vanes U-D SWING* communication objects.

Z4 Control\_ Vanes U-D Swing [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-Swing
 Z76 Status\_ Vanes U-D Swing [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-Swing

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Vanes U-D Swing y Status\_ Vanes U-D Swing objects will appear.
  - When a "1" value is sent to the *Control*\_ communication object, Vanes Up-Down will be in Auto mode and the *Status*\_ object will return this value.
  - When a "O" value is sent to the *Control*\_ communication object, Vanes Up-Down will be in Manual mode and the *Status*\_ object will return this value.
  - ▲ **Important:** When activating Auto Mode in the indoor unit, this one will choose the best position available for the Vanes Up-Down. This position will not be shown either in the KNX bus or in the remote controller.
  - ▲ **Important:** Read the documentation of your indoor unit to check how many vanes modes are available.



## 4.5.9 Enable use of Text object for Vane U-D

This parameter shows/hides the *Status\_ Vanes U-D Text* communication object.

■2 77 Status\_ Vanes U-D Text [DPT\_16.001 - 14byte] - ASCII String

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Status\_ Vanes U-D Text object will appear. Also, in the parameters will be shown seven text fields, five for the Vane Position and one for the Auto function and another one for the Swing function, that will let modify the text string displayed by the Status\_ Vanes U-D Text when changing a vane position.

> String when vanes U-D in STANDBY	U-D STANDBY
> String when vanes U-D in POS 1 (if available)	U-D POS 1
> String when vanes U-D in POS 2 (if available)	U-D POS 2
> String when vanes U-D in POS 3 (if available)	U-D POS 3
> String when vanes U-D in POS 4 (if available)	U-D POS 4
> String when vanes U-D in POS 5 (if available)	U-D POS 5
> String when vanes U-D in SWING	U-D SWING

Figure 4.19 Parameter detail

## 4.6 Temperature Configuration dialog

Device: 1.1.1 PA RC2 interface, 4 binary inputs				
General	Deviation and "Status AC Sate"	0		
Mode Configuration	Periodic sending of "Status_ AC Setp" (in seconds:0=No periodic sending)	0		
Special Modes Configuration				
Fan Speed Configuration	Transmission of "Status_ AC Return Temp"	Only on change 🔹		
Vanes Up-Down Configuration	Enable use of +/- obj for Setpoint Temp	No		
Temperature Configuration	Enable use of +/- obj for setpoint remp			
Scene Configuration	Enable limits on Control_ Setpoint obj	No		
Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration				
Binary Input 1 Configuration	Ambient temp. ref. is provided from KNX	No		
Binary Input 2 Configuration	(carefully read User Guide if enabled)			
Binary Input 3 Configuration				
Binary Input 4 Configuration				

Figure 4.20 Default Temperature Configuration dialog

All the parameters in this section are related with the Temperature properties and communication objects.

## 4.6.1 Periodic sending of "Status\_ AC Setp"

This parameter lets change the interval of time (in seconds, from 0 to 255) at the end of which the AC setpoint temperature is sent to the KNX bus. For a **"0**" value, the AC setpoint temperature will ONLY be sent on change. The AC setpoint temperature is sent through the communication object *Status\_ AC Setpoint Temp.* 

■Z 78 Status\_ AC Setpoint Temp [DPT\_9.001 - 2byte] - (°C)

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Periodic sending of "Status\_AC Setp" 255

#### Figure 4.21 Parameter detail

▲ **Important:** In case the ambient temperature is provided from KNX, the setpoint temperature returned from this object, will be the one resulting from the formula shown in the section "4.6.4 Ambient temp. ref. is provided from KNX".

## 4.6.2 Transmission of "Status\_ AC Ref Temp"

This parameter lets to you choose if the AC return temperature will be sent **"only cyclically"**, **"only on change"** or **"cyclically and on change"**. The AC return temperature is sent through the communication object *Status\_ AC Return Temp.* 

I 79: Status\_ AC Return Temp [DPT\_9.001 - 2byte] - ℃

Transmission of "Status_ AC Return Temp"	Cyclically and on change	•
> "Status_ AC Return Temp" periodic	180	
sending time (in sec)		

Figure 4.22 Parameter detail

<u>"Status AC SetTemp" periodic sending time (in sec)</u>

This parameter will only be available for the **"only cyclically"** and **"cyclically and on change"** options, and lets you change the interval of time (in seconds, from 1 to 255) at the end of which the AC return temperature is sent to the KNX bus.

## 4.6.3 Enable use of +/- object for Setpoint Temp

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_ Setpoint Temp* +/- communication object which lets change the indoor unit setpoint temperature by using two different datapoint types.

27 Control\_ Setpoint Temp -/+ [DPT\_1.007 - 1bit] - 0-Decrease;1-Increase

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "**yes**" the *Control\_ Setpoint Temp* +/- object and a new parameter will appear.

Enable use of +/- obj for Setp Temp	yes 🔹
> DPT type for +/- Setp Temp object	0-Up / 1-Down [DPT_1.008]

#### Figure 4.22 Parameter detail

DPT type for +/- Setp Temp object

This parameter lets choose between the datapoints **0-Up / 1-Down [DPT\_1.008]** and **0-Decrease / 1-Increase [DPT\_1.007]** for the *Control\_ Setpoint Temp +/-* object.





## 4.6.4 Enable limits on Control\_ Setpoint obj

This parameter enables to define temperature limits for the *Control\_ Setpoint Temperature* object.

Enable limits on Control_ Setpoint obj	Yes 🔹
> Lower limit (°C)	[18.0 °C ▼
> Upper limit (°C)	27.0 °C 🔹

Figure 4.23 Parameter detail

- If set to **"no"** the setpoint temperature limits for the *Control\_ Setpoint Temperature* object will be the default: 16°C for the lower limit and 31°C for the upper limit.
- If set to **"yes"** it is possible to define temperature limits for the *Control\_ Setpoint Temperature* object.
  - Control Set Temp Lower limit (°C)

This parameter lets to define the lower limit for the setpoint temperature.

Control Set Temp Upper limit (°C)

This parameter lets to define the upper limit for the setpoint temperature.

- ▲ **Important:** If a setpoint temperature above the upper defined limit (or below the lower defined limit) is sent through the Control\_ Setpoint Temperature object, it will be ALWAYS applied the limit defined.
- ▲ **Important:** When limits are enabled, any setpoint temperature sent to the AC (even through scenes, special modes, etc.) will be limited.

## 4.6.5 Ambient temp. ref. is provided from KNX

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_ Ambient Temperature* communication object which lets use an ambient temperature reference provided by a KNX device.

■之 28 Control\_ Ambient Temperature [DPT\_9.001 - 2byte] - (°C)

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** the *Control\_ Ambient Temperature* object will appear. Meant to be enabled when you want the temperature provided by a KNX sensor to be the reference



ambient temperature for the air conditioner. Then, the following formula applies for calculation of real *Control\_ Setpoint Temperature* sent to the AC unit:

"AC Setp. Temp" = "AC Ret. Temp" - ("KNX Amb.Temp." -"KNX Setp. Temp")

- AC Setp. Temp.: AC indoor unit setpoint temperature
- AC Ret. Temp.: Ambient temperature provided from KNX
- KNX Amb. Temp.: Ambient temperature provided from KNX
   KNX Setp. Temp.: Setpoint temperature provided from KNX

As an example, consider the following situation:

User wants: **19°C** ("KNX Setp. Temp.") User sensor (a KNX sensor) reads: **21°C** ("KNX Amb Temp.") Ambient temp. read by Panasonic system is: **24°C** ("AC Ret. Temp")

In this example, the final setpoint temperature that INKNXPAN001R000 will send out to the indoor unit (shown in "Setp. Temp.") will become  $24^{\circ}$ C –  $(21^{\circ}$ C -  $19^{\circ}$ C) = **22^{\circ}**C. This is the setpoint that will actually be requested to Panasonic unit. This formula will be applied as soon as the *Control\_ Setpoint Temperature* and *Control\_ Ambient Temperature* objects are written at least once from the KNX installation. After that, they are kept always consistent.

Note that this formula will always drive the AC indoor unit demand in the *right* direction, regardless of the operation mode (Heat, Cool or Auto).

## 4.7 Scene Configuration dialog

De	Device: 1.1.1 PA RC Interface			
	General	Enable use of scenes	Yes	
	Mode Configuration	Enable use of scenes	•	
	Special Modes Configuration	Scenes can be stored from KNX bus	No	
	Fan Speed Configuration			
	Vanes Up-Down Configuration	Enable use of bit objects	No	
	Temperature Configuration	for scene execution		
	Scene Configuration	Scene 1 preset	No	
	Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration			
	Binary Input 1 Configuration	Scene 2 preset	No	
	Binary Input 2 Configuration			
	Binary Input 3 Configuration Binary Input 4 Configuration	Scene 3 preset	No	
			No	
		Scene 4 preset	No	
		Scene 5 preset	No	

Figure 4.24 Parameter detail

All the parameters in this section are related with the Scene properties and communication objects. A scene contains values of: On/Off, Mode, Fan speed, Vane position, Setpoint Temperature and Remote Controller Disablement.

## 4.7.1 Enable use of scenes

This parameter shows/hides the scene configuration parameters and communication objects.

■2 39 Control\_Execute Scene [DPT\_18.001 - 1byte] - 0..4-Execute Scene 1-5

Enable use of scenes

yes



#### Figure 4.25 Parameter detail

- If set to **"no"** the scene parameters and communication objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the scene parameters and communication objects will be shown. To execute a scene through the byte-type object, a value from "O" to "4" has to be sent, correponding each one to a different scene (i.e. "0" = Scene 1;... "4" = Scene 5).

#### 4.7.2 Scenes can be stored from KNX bus

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_ Save/Exec Scene* and all the *Control\_ Store Scene* (if enabled) communication objects.

29 Control\_ Save/Exec Scene [DPT\_18.001 - 1byte] - 0..4-Exec1-5;128..132-Save1-5

- If set to **"no"** the communication objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the communication objects and a new parameter will appear. To store a scene through the byte-type object, a value from "128" to "132" has to be sent to the object, correponding each one to a different scene (i.e. "128" = Scene 1;... "132" = Scene 5).

Scenes can be stored from KNX bus	yes 🔹
<ul> <li>Enable use of bit objects for storing scenes (from bus)</li> </ul>	yes 🔹

Figure 4.26 Parameter detail

> Enable use of bit objects for storing scenes (from bus)

If set to "no" the objects will not be shown.

If set to **"yes"** the *Control\_ Store Scene* objects for storing scenes will appear. To store a scene by using these objects, a **"1"** value has to be sent to the scene's object we want to store (i.e. to store scene 4, a "1" has to be sent to the *Control\_ Store Scene 4* object).

2 40 Control\_ Store Scene 1 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Store Scene 1
2 41 Control\_ Store Scene 2 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Store Scene 2
2 42 Control\_ Store Scene 3 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Store Scene 3
2 43 Control\_ Store Scene 4 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Store Scene 4
2 44 Control\_ Store Scene 5 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Store Scene 5

## 4.7.3 Enable use of bit objects for scene execution

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_ Execute Scene* bit-type communication objects.

Enable use of bit objects yes for scene execution

Figure 4.27 Parameter detail



- If set to **"no"** the communication objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the communication objects will appear. To execute a scene by using these objects, a "1" value has to be sent to the scene's object we want to execute (i.e. to execute scene 4, a "1" has to be sent to the *Control\_ Execute Scene 4* object).

■ 45 Control\_ Execute Scene 1 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Execute Scene 1
■ 46 Control\_ Execute Scene 2 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Execute Scene 2
■ 47 Control\_ Execute Scene 3 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Execute Scene 3
■ 48 Control\_ Execute Scene 4 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Execute Scene 4
■ 49 Control\_ Execute Scene 5 [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Execute Scene 5

## 4.7.4 Scene "x" preset

This parameter lets define a preset for a scene (the following description is valid for all the scenes).

Scene 1 preset	yes (scene will NOT be modifiable from KNX bus)	•	
----------------	---	---	--

Figure 4.28 Parameter detail

- o If set to "**no**" the preset for the scene "x" will be disabled.
- If set to **"yes"** the preset will be enabled. When a scene is executed the values configured in the preset will be aplied.
- ▲ **Important:** If a scene's preset is enabled, will not be possible to modify (store) the scene from the KNX bus.

> Scene 1 / Value for On-Off	ON •
> Scene 1 / Value for Mode	COOL
> Scene 1 / Value for Fan Speed	FAN SPEED AUTO
<ul> <li>Scene 1 / Value for Vanes U-D (if available)</li> </ul>	(unchanged)
> Scene 1 / Value for Setpoint Temp	[18.0 °C ▼
> Scene 1 / Value for Remote Lock	Locked (remote not allowed)

Figure 4.29 Parameter detail

Scene "x" / Value for On-Off

This parameter lets choose the power of the indoor unit when the scene is executed. The following options are available: "ON", "OFF" or "(unchanged)".

Scene "x" / Value for Mode



This parameter lets choose the mode of the indoor unit when the scene is executed. The following options are available: "AUTO(if available)", "HEAT(if available)", "COOL", "FAN", "DRY", or "(unchanged)".

Scene "x" / Value for Fan Speed

This parameter lets choose the fan speed of the indoor unit when the scene is executed. The following options are available: "FAN SPEED AUTO", "FAN SPEED 1", "FAN SPEED 3", or "(unchanged)".

Scene "x" / Value for Vane U-D (if available)

This parameter lets choose the vane position of the indoor unit when the scene is executed. The following options are available: "VANES U-D STANDBY", "VANES U-D POS 1(if available)", "VANES U-D POS 2(if available)", "VANES U-D POS 3(if available)", "VANES U-D POS 4(if available)", "VANES U-D SWING" or "(unchanged)".

Scene "x" / Value for Setpoint Temp (°C)

This parameter lets choose the setpoint temperature of the indoor unit when the scene is executed. The following options are available: from "**18°C**" to "**27°C**" (both included) or "**(unchanged)**".

Scene "x" / Value for Remote Lock

This parameter lets choose the remote controller status of the indoor unit when the scene is executed. The following options are available: "Locked (remote not allowed)", "unlocked (remote allowed)" or "(unchanged)".

- ▲ **Important:** If any preset value is configured as "(unchanged)", the execution of this scene will not change current status of this feature in the AC unit.
- ▲ **Important:** When a scene is executed, Status\_ Current Scene object shows the number of this scene. Any change in previous items does Status\_ Current Scene show "**No Scene**". Only changes on items marked as "(unchanged)" will not disable current scene.

## 4.8 Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration dialog



Je	vice: 1.1.1 PA RC Interface		
	General Mode Configuration Special Modes Configuration	Enable use of Open Window / Switch off timeout function	No
	Fan Speed Configuration	Enable use of Occupancy function	No
	Vanes Up-Down Configuration Temperature Configuration	Enable use of Sleep function	No
	Scene Configuration		
	Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration		
	Binary Input 1 Configuration		
	Binary Input 2 Configuration		
	Binary Input 3 Configuration		
	Binary Input 4 Configuration		

Figure 4.30 Default Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration dialog

All the parameters in this section are related with the timeout properties and communication objects.

## 4.8.1 Enable use of Open Window / Switch off timeout function

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_ Switch Off Timeout* communication object which lets Start/Stop a timeout to switch off the indoor unit.

■2 30 Control\_ Switch Off Timeout [DPT\_1.010 - 1bit] - 0-Stop;1-Start
 ■2 30 Control\_ Window Contact Status [DPT\_1.009 - 1bit] - 0-Open;1-Closed

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Switch Off Timeout object and new parameters will appear.
   If a "1" value is sent to this object, and the indoor unit is already turned on, the switch-off timeout will begin. If a "0" value is sent to this object, the switch-off timeout will stop.

Enable use of Open Window / Switch off timeout function	Yes 🔹
> AC switch-off timeout (min)	10
> DPT for Window / Switch-off timeout	0-Stop / 1-Start Timeout [DPT_1.010]
> Disallow On/Off operation while timeout is elapsed	No
> Reload last On/Off val once timeout is stopped	No

Figure 4.31 Parameter detail

#### AC switch-off timeout (min)

This parameter lets select how much time (in minutes) to wait before switching off the indoor unit.

> DPT for Window / Switch-off timeout

This parameter lets choose between the datapoints **0-Open / 1-Closed Window [DPT\_1.009]** and **0-Stop / 1-Start Timeout [DPT\_1.010]** for the *Control\_ Switch Off Timeout*.



> <u>Disallow On/Off operation while window is Open</u>

If set to **"no"**, On/Off commands while the window is open will be accepted.

- If a "1" value is sent to the *Control\_ Switch Off Timeout* object the switch-off timeout period will begin again.
- If a "**0**" value is sent to the *Control\_ Switch Off Timeout* object, no action will be performed.

If set to **"yes"**, On/Off commands, while the window is open, will be saved (but not applied). These commands will be used in the next parameter if set to **"yes"**.

Reload last On/Off val once window is closed?

If set to "**no**", once the switch-off timeout is stopped, any value will be reloaded.

If set to "yes", once the switch-off timeout is stopped, the last On/Off value sent will be reloaded.

- If a "1" value is sent to the *Control\_ Switch Off Timeout* object after the timeout period, the indoor unit will **turn on**.
- If a "**0**" value is sent to the *Control\_ Switch Off Timeout* after the timeout period, no action will be performed.

#### 4.8.2 Enable use of Occupancy function

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_ Occupancy* communication object which lets apply different parameters to the indoor unit depending on the presence/no presence in the room.

■2 31 Control\_ Occupancy [DPT\_1.018 - 1bit] - 0-Not Occupied;1-Occupied

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Occupancy object and new parameters will appear. If a "1" value is sent to this object (no room occupancy), the timeout will begin. If a "0" value is sent to this object, the timeout will stop.

Enable use of Occupancy function	Yes	•
> Timeout to apply action (minutes)	20	•
> Action after timeout elapsed	Switch-Off AC	•
<ul> <li>&gt; Disallow On/Off operation while not Occupied</li> </ul>	No	•
<ul> <li>Reload last On/Off value when Occupied</li> </ul>	No	•

Figure 4.32 Parameter detail

Timeout to apply action (minutes)

This parameter lets choose how much time to wait (in minutes) before executing the action specified in the next parameter ("Action after timeout elapsed").

Action after timeout elapsed



When **Switch-Off** is selected, once the timeout has elapsed, the indoor unit will be turned off.

When **Apply Preset Delta** is selected, once the timeout has elapsed, a delta temperature will be applied to save energy (decreasing the setpoint when in Heat mode or increasing the setpoint when in Cool mode). Also new parameters will appear.

<ul> <li>Temp delta decrease (HEAT) or increase (COOL) (°C)</li> </ul>	2.0°C •
> Enable secondary timeout	yes 🔹

Figure 4.33 Parameter detail

Temp delta decrease (HEAT) or increase (COOL) (°C)

This parameter lets configure the delta temperature (increase or decrease) that will be applied when the timeout has elapsed.

- ▲ **Important:** When there is occupancy again after the application of a delta, the same delta will be applied inversely. (i.e. In a room with AC in cool mode and 25°C setpoint temperature, a +2°C delta is applied after the occupancy timeout, setting the setpoint at 27°C because there is no occupancy in the room. If the setpoint is raised to 29°C during that period, when the room is occupied again, a -2°C delta will be applied and the final setpoint temperature will then be 27°C).
  - Enable secondary timeout

If set to **"no"** nothing will be applied.

If set to "yes", a new timeout will be enabled, and two new parameters will appear.

2	-
Apply Preset Delta	•
2.0°C	•

Figure 4.34 Parameter detail

Timeout to apply action (minutes)

This parameter lets choose how much time to wait (in minutes) before executing the action specified in the next parameter ("Action after timeout elapsed"). This time is considered as a part of the occupancy.

> Action after timeout elapsed

When **Switch-Off** is selected, once the timeout has elapsed, the indoor unit will turn off.

When **Apply Preset Delta** is selected, once the timeout configured is extinguished, a delta temperature will be applied (decreasing the setpoint when in Heat mode or increasing the setpoint when in Cool mode). Also new parameters will appear.

> <u>Temp delta decrease (HEAT) or increase (COOL) (°C)</u>



This parameter lets configure the delta temperature that will be applied when the timeout is extinguished.

- ▲ **Important:** When there is occupancy again after the application of a delta, the same delta will be applied inversely as explained above.
  - > Disallow On/Off operation while not Occupied

If set to **"no"**, On/Off commands while the window is open will be accepted.

If set to "**yes**", once **Switch-Off** action has been executed, On/Off commands will be saved (but not applied). These commands will be used in the next parameter if set to "**yes**".

> Reload last On/Off value when Occupied	yes 🔹
<ul> <li>Disallow On/Off operation while not Occupied</li> </ul>	yes 🔹

Figure 4.35 Parameter detail

Consider that the countdown time (transitional time between occupancy and nonoccupancy) is considered as a part of the occupancy status as explained before.

Reload last On/Off value when Occupied

If set to "**no**", once the switch-off timeout has elapsed, any value will be reloaded.

If set to "**yes**", once the switch-off timeout has elapsed, the last On/Off value will be reloaded.

- If a "1" value is sent to the *Control\_ Occupancy* object after the timeout period, the indoor unit will **turn on**.
- If a "O" value is sent to the *Control\_ Occupancy* after the timeout period no action will be performed.

#### 4.8.3 Enable use of SLEEP timeout

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_ Sleep Timeout* communication object which lets start a timeout to automatically turn off the indoor unit.

■2 32 Control\_ Sleep Timeout [DPT\_1.010 - 1bit] - 0-Stop;1-Start

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Sleep Timeout object and a new parameter will appear. If a "1" value is sent to this object the switch-off timeout will begin. If a "0" value is sent to this object, the switch-off timeout will stop.

Enable use of SLEEP timeout	yes 🔹
> Sleep function switch-off timeout (minutes)	1

Figure 4.36 Parameter detail



#### Timeout to apply action (minutes)

This parameter lets select how much time (in minutes) to wait before switching off the AC unit.

#### 4.9 Binary Input "x" Configuration dialog

De	vice: 1.1.1 PA RC Interface		
	General	Enable use of Input 1	Yes
	Mode Configuration	chable are of input 1	
	Special Modes Configuration	> Contact type	NO: Normally Open 🔹
	Fan Speed Configuration		
	Vanes Up-Down Configuration	> Debounce time	50 ms 👻
	Temperature Configuration		
	Scene Configuration	> Disabling function	No
	Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration	> Function	Switching
	Binary Input 1 Configuration	> Function	Switching
	Binary Input 2 Configuration	> Send telegram after	No action 🗸
	Binary Input 3 Configuration	bus recovery	
	Binary Input 4 Configuration	h Mahar an aritiga adar	No action
		<ul> <li>Value on raising edge (contact activated)</li> </ul>	No action
		(,	
		> Value on falling edge	No action 🔹
		(contact deactivated)	
		> Cyclical sending	Never 🗸

Figure 4.37 Binary Input Configuration dialog

All the parameters in this section are related with the binary inputs properties and communication objects.

#### 4.9.1 Enable use of Input "x"

This parameter enables the use of the Input "x" and shows/hides the *Status\_ Inx* communication object(s) which will act as configured in the "Function" parameter.

- If set to "**no**" the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Status\_ Inx object(s) and new parameters will appear.

#### 4.9.2 Contact type

This parameter lets choose the behavior that will have the binary input depending on if the contact is normally open or normally closed.

• There are two possible options to configure the contact type: **"NO: Normally Open"** and **"NC: Normally Closed"**.

#### 4.9.3 Debounce time



This parameter lets choose a debounce time (in milliseconds) that will be applied to the contact.

#### 4.9.4 Disabling function

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_ Disable Input* x communication object which will let disable/enable the input x.

- ■↓ 50 Control\_ Disable Input 1 [DPT\_1.003 1bit] 0-Disable;1-Enable;
- ■\$ 50 Control\_ Disable Input 1 [DPT\_1.002 1bit] 0-False;1-True
- If set to **"no"** any object will be shown.
- When **"DPT 1.003: 0-Disable; 1-Enable"** is selected, the input can be disabled using the value **"0"** and enabled using the value **"1"**.
- When **"DPT 1.002: 1-True (Disable); 0-False (Enable)"** is selected, the input can be disabled using the value **"1"** and enabled using the value **"0"**.

#### 4.9.5 Function

This parameter lets choose the function that will have the binary input. There are 7 different functions available: Switching, Dimming, Shutter/Blind, Value, Execute Scene (internal), Occupancy (internal) and Window Contact (internal).

• When **"Switching"** is selected the communication object and new parameters for the Input "x" will appear as shown below.

<b>(</b>		
> Function	Switching	
. Canal tala ana a tan	Neartin	

Send telegram after bus recovery	No action	•
Value on raising edge (contact activated)	Toggle (On/Off)	•
Value on falling edge (contact deactivated)	No action	•
Cyclical sending	Never	•

Figure 4.38 Parameter detail

#### > <u>Send telegram after bus recovery</u>

This parameter lets select if the Binary Input "x'' will send a telegram, or not, after a bus recovery and the type of telegram sent (if enabled).

- When "No action" is selected, no telegram will be sent after a bus recovery.
- When "Current status" is selected, the binary input will send a telegram with its current status after a bus recovery. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).



•

- When "**On**" is selected, the binary input will send a telegram with a "**1**" value after a bus recovery. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).
- When **"Off"** is selected, the binary input will send a telegram with a **"O"** value after a bus recovery. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).

> Sending delay after	10		<ul> <li>T</li> </ul>
bus recovery (seconds)			

Figure 4.39 Parameter detail

Sending delay after a bus recovery (seconds)

This parameter lets configure a delay (in seconds) that will be applied after a bus recovery and, after which, a telegram will be sent.

#### Value on rising edge

This parameter lets select the value that the Binary Input "x'' will send on a rising edge (contact activated).

- When "On" is selected, the binary input will always send telegrams with a "1" value.
- When "Off" is selected, the binary input will always send telegrams with a "O" value.
- When "Toggle (On/Off)" is selected, the binary input will send a "1" value after a "0" value and viceversa.
- When "No action" is selected, the binary input will not perform any action.

#### Value on falling edge

This parameter lets select the value that the Binary Input "x'' will send on a falling edge (contact deactivated).

- When "On" is selected, the binary input will always send telegrams with a "1" value.
- When "Off" is selected, the binary input will always send telegrams with a "O" value.
- When "Toggle (On/Off)" is selected, the binary input will send a "1" value after a "0" value and viceversa.
- When "No action" is selected, the binary input will not perform any action.
- Cyclical sending



This parameter lets enable/disable cyclical sending when a determined condition is met.

- When **"When output value is On"** is selected, everytime a **"1"** value is sent, it will be sent cyclically. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).
- When **"When output value is Off"** is selected, everytime a **"0"** value is sent, it will be sent cyclically. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).
- When "**Always**" is selected, the binary input will send any value cyclically. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).
- When "Never" is selected, cyclical sending will be disabled.
- > Period for cyclical sending (seconds)

This parameter lets configure a time (in seconds) for the cyclical sending.

<ul> <li>Period for cyclical sending (seconds)</li> </ul>	2	•

Figure 4.40 Parameter detail

• When **"Dimming"** is selected the communication objects and new parameters for the Input "x" will appear as shown below.

■2 Status\_In2 - Dimming - On/Off [DPT\_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On
 ■2 Status\_In2 - Dimming - Step(%) [DPT\_3.007 - 4bit] - Dimming step

> Function	Dimming
> Send telegram after bus recovery	No action 🔹
> Mode for short (long) operation	Toggle: On/Off (increase/decrease)
> Increasing step	+ 100 %
> Decreasing step	- 100 %
> Short/long operation limit (x100ms)	10
<ul> <li>Cyclical sending period (x100ms) (0-No cyclical sending)</li> </ul>	0

Figure 4.41 Parameter detail

#### > <u>Send telegram after bus recovery</u>

This parameter lets select if the Binary Input "x'' will send a telegram, or not, after a bus recovery and the type of telegram sent (if enabled).

- When "No action" is selected, no telegram will be sent after a bus recovery.
- When "**On**" is selected, the binary input will send a telegram with a "**1**" value after a bus recovery. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).



• When "Off" is selected, the binary input will send a telegram with a "O" value after a bus recovery. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).

<ul> <li>Sending delay after bus recovery (seconds)</li> </ul>	10	* *		
Figure 4.42 Parameter detail				

Sending delay after a bus recovery (seconds)

This parameter lets configure a delay (in seconds) that will be applied after a bus recovery and, after which, a telegram will be sent.

#### Mode for short (long) operation

This parameter lets select the value that the Binary Input "x'' will send on a rising edge (contact activated), for a short and a long operation.

- When **"On (increase)**" is selected, the binary input will always send telegrams with a **"1**" value for a short operation, and an **"increase step**" for a long operation.
- When "Off (decrease)" is selected, the binary input will always send telegrams with a "O" value for a short operation, and an "decrease step" for a long operation.
- When "Toggle: On/Off (increase/decrease)" is selected:
  - For the short operation the binary input will send a **"1**" value after a **"0**" value and viceversa.
  - For the long operation the binary input will send an **"increase step"** after a **"decrease step"** and viceversa.
- ▲ Important: Note that the first long operation in toggle depends on the last short operation, meaning that after a "1" value will be sent a "decrease step" and after a "0" value will be sent an "increase step".
- ▲ **Important:** The time period between a short and a long operation is defined in the parameter "Short/long operation limit (x100ms)".
- Increasing step

This parameter lets select the increasing step value (in %) that will be sent for a long operation.

Decreasing step

This parameter lets select the decreasing step value (in %) that will be sent for a long operation.



Short/long operation limit (x100ms)

This parameter lets introduce the time period difference for the short and the long operation.

> Cycl. send. period in long oper. (x100ms)

This parameter lets configure a time (in seconds) for the cyclical sending of a long operation.

 When "Shutter/Blind" is selected the communication objects and new parameters for the Input "x" will appear as shown below.

■2 94 Status\_In3 - Shut/Blind - Step [DPT\_1.023 - 1bit] - 0-Step Up;1-Step Down
 ■2 95 Status In3 - Shut/Blind - Move [DPT 1.023 - 1bit] - 0-Move Up;1-Move Down

> Function	Shutter/Blind	•
> Send telegram after bus recovery	No action	•
> Operation	Toggle (Up/Down)	•
> Method	Step-Move-Step	•
> Short/long operation limit (x100ms)	10	<ul> <li>*</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Vanes adjustment time (x100ms)</li> </ul>	10	

Figure 4.43 Parameter detail

> Send telegram after bus recovery

This parameter lets select if the Binary Input "x'' will send a telegram, or not, after a bus recovery and the type of telegram sent (if enabled).

- When "No action" is selected, no telegram will be sent after a bus recovery.
- When "Move Up" is selected, the binary input will send a telegram with a "O" value after a bus recovery. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).
- When "Move Down" is selected, the binary input will send a telegram with a "1" value after a bus recovery. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).

> Sending delay after	10	
bus recovery (seconds)		



Sending delay after a bus recovery (seconds)

This parameter lets configure a delay (in seconds) that will be applied after a bus recovery and, after which, a telegram will be sent.



#### > Operation

This parameter lets select the value that the Binary Input "x'' will send on a rising edge (contact activated).

- When "Up" is selected, the binary input will always send telegrams with a "O".
- When "Down" is selected, the binary input will always send telegrams with a "1" value.
- When **"Toggle (Up/Down)"** is selected the binary input will send a **"0"** value after a **"1"** value and viceversa.

#### Method

This parameter lets select the working method for the shutter/blind.

• When **"Step-Move-Step"** is selected: On a rising edge (contact activated) a step/stop telegram will be sent and will begin a time called **T1**. If a falling edge occurs (contact deactivated) during the **T1**, no action will be performed.

If the rising edge is maintained longer than **T1**, a move telegram will be sent and will start a time called **T2**. If a falling edge occurs during the **T2**, a step/stop telegram will be sent. If a falling edge occurs after **T2** no action will be performed.

- When **"Move-Step"** is selected: On a rising edge a move telegram will be sent and will begin the **T2** time. If a falling edge occurs during the **T2**, a step/stop telegram will be sent. If a falling edge occurs after **T2** no action will be performed.
- ▲ **Important:** The **T1** time have to be defined in the "Short/long operation limit (x100ms)" parameter. Also the **T2** time have to be defined in the "Vanes adjustment time (x100ms)" parameter.
- Short/long operation limit (x100ms)

This parameter lets introduce the time period difference for the short and the long operation (T1 time).

Vanes adjustment time (x100ms)

This parameter lets introduce the time period for the vanes adjustment/blind movement (T2 time).

• When **"Value"** is selected the communication objects and new parameters for the Input "x" will appear as shown below.

■2 97 Status\_ In4 - Value [DPT\_5.010 - 1byte] - 1-byte unsigned value

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> Function	Value
<ul> <li>Send telegram after bus recovery</li> </ul>	Fixed value
<ul> <li>Sending delay after bus recovery (seconds)</li> </ul>	10
> DPT to be sent	DPT 5.010 (1byte) -
<ul> <li>Value on raising edge (when contact activated)</li> </ul>	234

Figure 4.45 Parameter detail

Send telegram after bus recovery

This parameter lets select if the Binary Input "x'' will send a telegram, or not, after a bus recovery and the type of telegram sent (if enabled).

- When "No action" is selected, no telegram will be sent after a bus recovery.
- When "Fixed value" is selected, the binary input will send a telegram with the same value configured in the "Value on rising edge" parameter. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).

> Sending delay after	10	
bus recovery (seconds)		

Figure 4.46 Parameter detail

Sending delay after a bus recovery (seconds)

This parameter lets configure a delay (in seconds) that will be applied after a bus recovery and, after which, a telegram will be sent.

> DPT to be sent

This parameter lets select the DPT type for the value that will be defined in the next parameter. This value will be sent on a rising edge (contact activated).

> DPT to be sent	DPT 12.001 (4byte)

Figure 4.47 Parameter detail

Value on rising edge (when contact activated)

This parameter lets define a value for the DTP type configured in the "DPT to be sent" parameter. This value will be sent on a rising edge (contact activated).

• When **"Execute Scene (internal)"** is selected, the binary input "x" will activate the scene defined in the next parameter, on a rising edge (contact activated).

> Function	Execute Scene (internal)	
<ul> <li>Scene when contact is activated (needs to be defined)</li> </ul>	Scene 1 🔹	



Figure 4.48 Parameter detail

> Scene when contact is activated

This parameter lets choose the scene that will be activated on a rising edge. This scene MUST be defined in the "Scene Configuration" dialog as a preset.

• When **"Occupancy (internal)"** is selected, the binary input "x" will have the same behavior as configured in the parameter "Enable use of Occupancy function" inside the "Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration" dialog.

> Function	Occupancy (internal)

Figure 4.49 Parameter detail

• When **"Window Contact (internal)"** is selected, the binary input "x" will have the same behavior as configured in the parameter "Enable use of Open Window / Switch off timeout function" inside the "Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration" dialog.

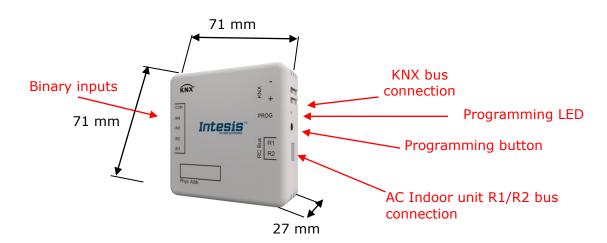
> Function Window Contact (internal)
--------------------------------------

Figure 4.50 Parameter detail



# 5. Specifications

Enclosure	Plastic, type ABS (UL 94 V-0). 2,5 mm thickness			
Dimensions	71 X 71 X 27 mm			
Weight	70g			
Color	White, RAL 9010			
Power supply	29V DC, 7mA			
	Supplied through KNX bus.			
Panasonic R1R2	Voltage: 13-15V			
Bus	Current: 10mA			
LED indicators	1 x KNX programming.			
Push buttons	1 x KNX programming.			
Binary inputs	4 x Potential-free binary inputs. Signal cable length: 5m unshielded, may be extended up to 20m with twisted. Compliant with the following standards: IEC61000-4-2 : level 4 - 15kV (air discharge) - 8kV (contact discharge) MIL STD 883E-Method 3015-7 : class3B			
Configuration	Configuration with ETS.			
Operating Temperature	From -25°C to 60°C			
Storage Temperature	From -40°C to 85°C			
Isolation Voltage	2500V			
RoHS conformity	Compliant with RoHS directive (2002/95/CE).			
Certifications	CE conformity to EMC directive (2004/108/EC) and Low-voltage directive (2006/95/EC) EN 61000-6-1; EN 61000-6-3; EN 60950-1; EN 50491-3; EN 50090-2-2; EN 50428; EN 60669-1; EN 60669-2-1			





### 6. AC Unit Types compatibility

A list of Panasonic and Sanyo indoor unit model references compatible with INKNXPAN001R000 and their available features can be found in:

Panasonic:

https://www.intesis.com/docs/compatibilities/inxxxpan001rx00\_compatibility

Sanyo:

https://www.intesis.com/docs/compatibilities/inxxxpan001rx00\_sanyo\_compatibility



### 7. Error Codes

ErrorCode	Error CodeM	Error in RC	Error Category	Error Description
0	N/A	N/A	INKNXPAN001R000	No active error
01	A01	A01		GHP - Engine oil pressure fault
02	A02	A02		GHP - Engine oil level fault
03	A03	A03		GHP - Engine over speed
04	A04	A04		GHP - Engine under speed
05	A05	A05		GHP - Ignition power supply failure
06	A06	A06		GHP - Engine start up failure
07	A07	A07		GHP - Fuel gas valve failure
08	A08	A08		GHP - Engine stalled
09	A09	A09		GHP - Engine overload
0A	A10	A10	GHP Engine Issues	GHP - High exhaust gas temp
0B	A11	A11		GHP - Engine oil level failure
0C	A12	A12		GHP - Throttle actuator fault
0D	A13	A13		GHP - Fuel gas valve adjustment failure
0E	A14	A14		GHP - Engine oil pressure sensor fault
0F	A15	A15		GHP - Starter power output short circuit
10	A16	A16		GHP - Starter motor locked
11	A17	A17		GHP - Starter current (CT) coil failed
13	A19	A19		GHP - Wax Valve (3 Way) fault
14	A20	A20		GHP - Cooling water temp high
15	A21	A21		GHP - Cooling water level fault
16	A22	A22		GHP - Cooling water pump fault
17	A23	A23	]	GHP - Engine crank angle sensor failure



26C06C062CC12C1230C16C1631C17C1732C18C1833C19C1934C20C20					
1AA26A261BA27A271CA28A281DA29A291EA30A3021C01C0122C02C0223C03C0324C04C0425C05C0526C06C0630C16C1631C17C1732C18C1833C19C1934C20C20	18	A24	A24		GHP - Engine cam angle sensor failure
1BA27A271CA28A281DA29A291EA30A3021C01C0122C02C0223C03C0324C04C0425C05C0526C06C0630C16C1631C17C1732C18C1834C20C2034C20C20	19	A25	A25		GHP - Clutch fault
1CA28A281DA29A291EA30A3021C01C0122C02C0223C03C0324C04C0425C05C0526C06C0627C12C1230C16C1631C17C1732C18C1833C19C1934C20C20	1A	A26	A26		GHP - Misfire
1DA29A291EA30A30GHP - Converter fault21C01C0121C01C0122C02C0223C03C0324C04C0425C05C0526C06C0627C12C1230C16C1631C17C1732C18C1833C19C1934C20C20	1B	A27	A27		GHP - Catalyst temperature fault
1EA30A3021C01C0121C01C0122C02C0223C03C0324C04C0425C05C0526C06C0630C16C1631C17C1732C18C1833C19C1934C20C20	1C	A28	A28		GHP - Generator fault
21C01C0122C02C0223C03C0324C04C0425C05C0526C06C0627C12C1230C16C1631C17C1732C18C1833C19C1934C20C20	1D	A29	A29		GHP - Converter fault
22C02C0223C03C0324C04C0425C05C0526C06C0626C06C0627C12C1230C16C1631C17C1732C18C1833C19C1934C20C20	1E	A30	A30		GHP - Fuel gas pressure low
22C02C0223C03C0324C04C0425C05C0526C06C0626C06C0630C16C1631C17C1732C18C1833C19C1934C20C20	21	C01	C01		Duplicated setting of control address
24C04C0425C05C0526C06C0626C06C0627C12C1230C16C1631C17C1732C18C1833C19C1934C20C20	22	C02	C02		
25C05C0526C06C0626C06C0627C12C1230C16C1631C17C1732C18C1833C19C1934C20C20	23	C03	C03		Incorrect wiring of central control
25C05C0526C06C0626C06C0627C12C1230C16C1631C17C1732C18C1833C19C1934C20C20	24	C04	C04		Incorrect connection of central control
26C06C062CC12C1230C16C1631C17C1732C18C1833C19C1934C20C20	25	C05	C05		transmitting comms signal, i/door or
30C16C1631C17C1732C18C1833C19C1934C20C20	26	C06	C06		System Controller fault, error in receiving comms signal, i/door or o/door unit not working, wiring fault, CN1 not connected correctly
31C17C17Central Controller IssuesReception error to adaptor from unit32C18C18Duplicate central address in adaptor33C19C19Duplicate adaptor address34C20C20Mix of PAC & GHP type units on adaptor	2C	C12	C12		Batch alarm by local controller
31C17C17IssuesReception error to adaptor from unit32C18C18Duplicate central address in adaptor33C19C19Duplicate adaptor address34C20C20Mix of PAC & GHP type units on adaptor	30	C16	C16	Control Controllor	Transmission error from adaptor to unit
33     C19     C19       34     C20     C20   Mix of PAC & GHP type units on adaptor	31	C17	C17		Reception error to adaptor from unit
34     C20     C20   Mix of PAC & GHP type units on adaptor	32	C18	C18		Duplicate central address in adaptor
	33	C19	C19		Duplicate adaptor address
35 C21 C21 Memory fault in adaptor	34	C20	C20		Mix of PAC & GHP type units on adaptor
	35	C21	C21		Memory fault in adaptor
36     C22     C22       Incorrect address setting in adaptor	36	C22	C22		Incorrect address setting in adaptor
37   C23   C23   Host terminal software failure	37	C23	C23		Host terminal software failure
38   C24   C24     Host terminal hardware failure	38	C24	C24		Host terminal hardware failure
39     C25     C25       Host terminal processing failure	39	C25	C25		Host terminal processing failure
3A C26 C26 Host terminal communication failure	3A	C26	C26		Host terminal communication failure

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3C	C28	C28		Reception error of S-DDC from host terminal
3D	C29	C29		Initialization failure of S-DDC
3F	C31	C31		Configuration change detected by adaptor
41	E01	E01		Remote control detecting error from indoor unit, Address not set/Auto address failed. Check interconnecting wiring etc. Re-address system.
42	E02	E02		Remote detecting error from indoor unit,
43	E03	E03		Indoor unit detecting error from remote,
44	E04	E04		Indoor seeing error from outdoor. Qty of i/d units connected are less than qty set. Check; all i/d units are ON, reset turn off all units wait 5min power up
45	E05	E05		Indoor unit detecting error from outdoor unit, Error in sending comms signal
46	E06	E06		Outdoor unit detecting error from indoor unit, Error in receiving comms signal
47	E07	E07	Addressing and Communication Problems	Outdoor unit detecting error from indoor unit, Error in sending comms signal
48	E08	E08		Incorrect setting indoor/controller, Indoor address duplicated
49	E09	E09		Incorrect setting indoor/controller, Remote address duplicated or IR wireless controller not disabled
4A	E10	E10		Indoor unit detecting error from 'option' plug, Error in sending comms signal
4B	E11	E11		Indoor unit detecting error from 'option' plug, Error in receiving comms signal
4C	E12	E12		Auto addressing failed, Auto address connector CN100 shorted during auto addressing
4D	E13	E13		Indoor unit failed to send signal to remote controller
4E	E14	E14		Setting Failure, Duplication of master indoor units
4F	E15	E15		Auto addressing failed, Number of indoor units connected are less than number set
50	E16	E16		Auto addressing failed, Number of indoor units connected are more than number set
51	E17	E17		Group control wiring error, Main indoor unit not sending signal for sub indoor units
52	E18	E18		Group control wiring error, Main indoor unit not receiving signal for sub indoor

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				units
54	E20	E20		Auto addressing failed, No indoor units connected
58	E24	E24		Auto addressing failed, Error on sub outdoor unit
59	E25	E25		Auto addressing failed, Error on outdoor unit address setting
5A	E26	E26		Auto addressing failed, Quantity of main and sub outdoor units do not correspond to the number set on main outdoor unit P.C.B.
5D	E29	E29		Auto addressing failed, Sub outdoor unit not receiving comms for main outdoor unit
5F	E31	E31		Between units, Comms failure with MDC, does E31 remain after power is re- instated? If so replace PCB. & power PCB
61	F01	F01		Indoor Heat Exch inlet temp sensor failure (E1)
62	F02	F02		Indoor Heat Exch freeze temp sensor failure (E2)
63	F03	F03		Indoor Heat Exch outlet temp sensor failure (E3)
64	F04	F04		Outdoor Discharge temp sensor failure (TD) or (DISCH1)
65	F05	F05		Outdoor Discharge temp sensor failure (DISCH2)
66	F06	F06		Outdoor Heat Exch temp sensor failure (C1) or (EXG1)
67	F07	F07	Sensor Faults	Outdoor Heat Exch temp sensor failure (C2) or (EXL1)
68	F08	F08		Outdoor Air temp sensor failure (TO)
6A	F10	F10		Indoor inlet temp sensor failure
6B	F11	F11		Indoor outlet temp sensor failure
6C	F12	F12		Outdoor Intake sensor failure (TS)
6D	F13	F13		GHP - Cooling water temperature sensor failure
70	F16	F16		Outdoor High pressure sensor failure
71	F17	F17		GHP - Cooling water temperature sensor fault
72	F18	F18		GHP - Exhaust gas temperature sensor fault
74	F20	F20		GHP Clutch coil temperature fault

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77	1								
	F23	F23		Outdoor Heat Exch temp sensor failure (EXG2)					
78	F24	F24		Outdoor Heat Exch temp sensor failure (EXL2)					
7D	F29	F29		Indoor EEPROM error					
7E	F30	F30		Clock Function (RTC) fault					
7F	F31	F31		Outdoor EEPROM error					
81	H01	H01		Compressor Fault, Over current (Comp1)					
82	H02	H02		Compressor Fault, Locked rota current detected (Comp1)					
83	H03	H03		Compressor Fault, No current detected (Comp1)					
85	H05	H05		Compressor Fault, Discharge temp not detected (Comp1)					
86	H06	H06		Compressor Fault, Low Pressure trip					
87	H07	H07		Compressor Fault, Low oil level					
88	H08	H08		Compressor Fault, Oil sensor Fault (Comp1)					
8B	H11	H11		Compressor Fault, Over current (Comp2)					
8C	H12	H12		Compressor Fault, Locked rota current detected (Comp2)					
8D	H13	H13	Compressor Issues	Compressor Fault, No current detected (Comp2)					
8F	H15	H15		Compressor Fault, Discharge temp not detected (Comp2)					
95	H21	H21		Compressor Fault, Over current (Comp3)					
96	H22	H22		Compressor Fault, Locked rota current detected (Comp3)					
97	H23	H23		Compressor Fault, No current detected (Comp3)					
99	H25	H25		Compressor Fault, Discharge temp not detected (Comp3)					
9В	H27	H27		Compressor Fault, Oil sensor fault (Comp2)					
9C	H28	H28		Compressor Fault. Oil sensor (connection failure)					
9F	H31	H31		Compressor Fault. IPM trip (IMP current on temperature)					
C1	L01	L01	Incorrect Settings	Setting Error, Indoor unit group setting error					
C2	L02	L02	Theoree Jettings	Setting Error, Indoor/outdoor unit					



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				type/model miss-matched
C3	L03	L03		Duplication of main indoor unit address in group control
C4	L04	L04		Duplication of outdoor unit system address
C5	L05	L05		2 or more controllers have been set as 'priority' in one system - shown on controllers set as 'priority'
C6	L06	L06		2 or more controllers have been set as 'priority' in one system - shown on controllers not set as 'priority'
C7	L07	L07		Group wiring connected on and individual indoor unit
C8	L08	L08		Indoor unit address/group not set
C9	L09	L09		Indoor unit capacity code not set
CA	L10	L10		Outdoor unit capacity code not set
СВ	L11	L11		Group control wiring incorrect
CD	L13	L13		Indoor unit type setting error, capacity
CF	L15	L15		Indoor unit paring fault
D0	L16	L16		Water heat exch unit setting failure
D1	L17	L17		Miss-match of outdoor unit with different refrigerant
D2	L18	L18		4-way valve failure
D3	L19	L19		Water heat exch unit duplicated address
D5	L21	L21		Gas type setup failure
D9	L25	L25		Indoor unit, hydrokit model, Unmatched remote controller
E1	P01	P01		Indoor unit fault, Fan motor thermal overload
E2	P02	P02		Outdoor unit fault, Compressor motor thermal overload, over or under voltage
E3	P03	P03	Indoor Unit Problems	Outdoor unit fault, Compressor discharge temperature too high (Comp1) over 111 °C. Low on ref gas, exp valve, pipework damage.
E4	P04	P04		Outdoor unit fault, High pressure trip
E5	P05	P05		Outdoor unit fault, Open phase on power supply. Check power on each phase, inverter pcb, control pcb



E7	P07	P07	Indoor unit, hydrokit model, Abnormal internal heater overload
E9	P09	P09	Indoor unit fault, air-to-air unit: Ceiling panel incorrectly wired, hydrokit model: Abnormal water flow
EA	P10	P10	Indoor unit fault, Condensate float switch opened
EB	P11	P11	Air-to-water indoor unit low temp (frost protection) fault
EC	P12	P12	Indoor unit fault, air-to-air unit: Fan DC motor fault, hydrokit model: Abnormal water pump speed
EE	P14	P14	Input from leak detector (If fitted)
EF	P15	P15	Refrigerant loss, high discharge temp and EEV wide open and low compressor current draw.
F0	P16	P16	Outdoor unit fault, Open phase on compressor power supply
F1	P17	P17	Outdoor unit fault, Compressor discharge temperature too high (Comp2) over 111 degC. Low on ref gas, exp valve, pipework damage.
F2	P18	P18	Outdoor unit fault, By-pass valve failure
F3	P19	P19	Outdoor unit fault, 4 way valve failure, i/door temp rises in cooling or fills in heating. Check wiring, coil, pcb output, valve operation.
F4	P20	P20	Ref gas, high temp/pressure fault, heat exch temp high C2, 55-60 degC, cooling over-load, sensor fault.
F6	P22	P22	Outdoor unit fan motor fault, fan blade jammed, check connections, does fan turn freely, motor resistance 30-400hm on each pair, no fan fault, yes pcb fault.
F7	P23	P23	Air-to-water interlock warning, within 30 seconds after the water pump start command, the interlock does not turn ON or the interlock turns OFF during water pump operation (interlock signal by flow switch and/or differential pressure switch, depending on the model)
FA	P26	P26	Outdoor unit fault, Compressor overcurrent - check winding resistance, Inverter failure - check internal resistance term HIC + & - to UVW 200- 300Kohm or more
FC	P29	P29	Outdoor unit fault, Inverter circuit fault - Motor-current Detection Circuit (MDC) fault, check comp windings, sensors C1 & TS, if ok possible pcb failure.



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FD	P30	P30		Indoor unit fault, System controller detected fault on sub indoor unit
FF	P31	P31		Simultaneous operation multi control fault, Group controller fault
65535 (-1)	N/A	N/A	INKNXPAN001R000	Error in the communication of INKNXPAN001R000 device with the AC unit

In case you detect an error code not listed, contact your nearest Panasonic or Sanyo technical support service.



### 8. Appendix A – Communication Objects Table

TOPIC	OBJECT	NAME	LENGTH	DATAPOINT TYPE			FL/	٩GS	5	FUNCTION
	NUMBER			DPT_NAME	DPT_ID	R	W	Т	U	
On/Off	0	Control_ On/Off	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001		w	Т		0 - Off; 1-On
	1	Control_ Mode	1 byte	DPT_HVACContrMode	20.105		w	т		0 - Auto; 1 - Heat; 3 - Cool; 9 - Fan; 14 - Dry
	2	Control_ Mode Cool/Heat	1 bit	DPT_Heat/Cool	1.100		w	т		0 - Cool; 1 - Heat;
	3	Control_ Mode Cool & On	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001		w	т		0% - Off; 0.1%-100% - On + Cool
	4	Control_ Mode Heat & On	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001		w	Т		0% - Off; 0.1%-100% - On + Heat
	5	Control_ Mode Auto	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	т		1 - Auto
Mode	6	Control_ Mode Heat	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	Т		1 - Heat
	7	Control_ Mode Cool	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	Т		1 - Cool
	8	Control_ Mode Fan	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	т		1 - Fan
	9	Control_ Mode Dry	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	Т		1 - Dry
	10	Control_ Mode +/-	1 bit	DPT_Step	1.007		w			0 - Decrease; 1 - Increase
	10	Control_ Mode +/-	1 bit	DPT_UpDown	1.008		w			0 - Up; 1 - Down
	11	Control_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001		w	т		0%-49% - Speed 1; 50%-82% - Speed 2; 83%-100% - Speed 3;
Fan Speed		Control_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Enumerated	5.010		w	т		1 - Speed 1; 2 - Speed 2; 3 Speed 3;
	12	Control_ Fan Speed Man/Auto	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	Т		0 – Manual; 1 - Auto
	13	Control_ Fan Speed 1	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	Т		1 – Set Fan Speed 1
	14	Control_ Fan Speed 2	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	Т		1 – Set Fan Speed 2
	15	Control_ Fan Speed 3	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W	Т		1 – Set Fan Speed 3



Fan Speed	16	Control_ Fan Speed +/-	1 bit	DPT_Step	1.007	w		0 - Decrease; 1 - Increase
	16	Control_ Fan Speed +/-	1 bit	DPT_UpDown	1.008	W		0 - Up; 1 - Down
	17	Control_ Vanes U-D / 5 Pos	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001	w	т	0%-29% - Pos1; 30%-49% - Pos2; 50%-69% Pos3; 70%-89% - Pos4; 90%-100% - Pos5
		Control_ Vanes U-D / 5 Pos	1 byte	DPT_Enumerated	5.010	W	т	1 - Pos1; 2 - Pos2; 3 - Pos3; 4 - Pos4; 5 - Pos5
	18	Control_ Vanes U-D Standby	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W	т	0 – Off; 1 - Standby
	19	Control_ Vanes U-D Pos1	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W	т	1 – Set Position 1
	20	Control_ Vanes U-D Pos2	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W	т	1 – Set Position 2
Vanes Up-Down	21	Control_ Vanes U-D Pos3	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W	т	1 – Set Position 3
	22	Control_ Vanes U-D Pos4	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W	т	1 – Set Position 4
	23	Control_ Vanes U-D Pos5	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	w	т	1 – Set Position 5
	24	Control_ Vanes U-D Swing	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W	т	0 - Off; 1 - Swing
	25	Control_ Vanes U-D +/-	1 bit	DPT_Step	1.007	W		0 - Decrease; 1 - Increase
	25	Control_ Vanes U-D +/-	1 bit	DPT_UpDown	1.008	W		0 - Up; 1 - Down
	26	Control_ Setpoint Temperature	2 byte	DPT_Value_Temp	9.001	w	т	(°C)
	27	Control_ Setpoint Temp +/-	1 bit	DPT_Step	1.007	W		0 - Decrease; 1 - Increase
Temperature	27	Control_ Setpoint Temp +/-	1 bit	DPT_UpDown	1.008	W		0 - Up; 1 - Down
	28	Control_ Ambient Temperature	2 byte	DPT_Value_Temp	9.001	W	т	(°C)
Filter	29	Control_ Reset Filter	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.015	W	т	1 – Reset filter
	30	Control_ Window Contact Status	1 bit	DPT_OpenClose	1.009	W	т	0 - Open; 1 - Closed
Timeout	30	Control_ Switch Off Timeout	1 bit	DPT_Start	1.010	W	т	0 - Stop; 1 - Start
	31	Control_ Occupancy	1 bit	DPT_Occupancy	1.018	W	т	0 - Not Occupied; 1 - Occupied



	32	Control_ Sleep Timeout	1 bit	DPT_Start	1.010	1	w	т	0 - Stop; 1 - Start
Locking	33	Control_ Lock Remote Control	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W	1	0 - Unlocked; 1 - Locked
	34	Control_ Lock Control Objects	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W	Т	0 - Unlocked; 1 - Locked
	35	Control_ Power Mode	1 bit	DPT_Start	1.010		W	Т	0 - Stop; 1 - Start
Special Modes	36	Control_ Econo Mode	1 bit	DPT_Start	1.010		w	т	0 - Stop; 1 - Start
Special Flodes	37	Control_ Additional Heat	1 bit	DPT_Start	1.010		W	т	0 - Stop; 1 - Start
	38	Control_ Additional Cool	1 bit	DPT_Start	1.010		W	т	0 - Stop; 1 - Start
	39	Control_ Save/Exec Scene	1 byte	DPT_SceneControl	18.001		w	т	0 to 4 - Exec. Scene 1 to 5; 128 to 132 - Save Scene 1 to 5
	40	Control_ Store Scene1	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w		1 - Store Scene
	41	Control_ Store Scene2	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W		1 - Store Scene
	42	Control_ Store Scene3	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W		1 - Store Scene
	43	Control_ Store Scene4	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W		1 - Store Scene
Scenes	44	Control_ Store Scene5	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W		1 - Store Scene
	45	Control_ Execute Scene1	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W	т	1 - Execute Scene
	46	Control_ Execute Scene2	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W	т	1 - Execute Scene
	47	Control_ Execute Scene3	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W	т	1 - Execute Scene
	48	Control_ Execute Scene4	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W	т	1 - Execute Scene
	49	Control_ Execute Scene5	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W	т	1 - Execute Scene
	50	Control_ Disable Input 1	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W	т	0 - False; 1 - True
Disphing	50	Control_ Disable Input 1	1 bit	DPT_Enable	1.003		W	т	0 - Disable; 1 - Enable
Disabling	- 1	Control_ Disable Input 2	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W	т	0 - False; 1 - True
	51	Control_ Disable Input 2	1 bit	DPT_Enable	1.003		W	т	0 - Disable; 1 - Enable



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	52	Control_ Disable Input 3	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W		0 - False; 1 - True
		Control_ Disable Input 3	1 bit	DPT_Enable	1.003		W	Т	0 - Disable; 1 - Enable
	53	Control_ Disable Input 4	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W	т	0 - False; 1 - True
	55	Control_ Disable Input 4	1 bit	DPT_Enable	1.003		W	т	0 - Disable; 1 - Enable
On/Off	54	Status_ On/Off	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001	R		т	0 - Off; 1-On
	55	Status_ Mode	1 byte	DPT_HVACContrMode	20.105	R		т	0 - Auto; 1 - Heat; 3 - Cool; 9 - Fan; 14 - Dry
	56	Status_ Mode Cool/Heat	1 bit	DPT_Heat/Cool	1.100	R		т	0 - Cool; 1 - Heat
	57	Status_ Mode Auto	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	1 - Auto
Mode	58	Status_ Mode Heat	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	1 - Heat
Mode	59	Status_ Mode Cool	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	1 - Cool
	60	Status_ Mode Fan	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	1 - Fan
	61	Status_ Mode Dry	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	1 - Dry
	62	Status_ Mode Text	14 byte	DPT_String_8859_1	16.001	R		т	ASCII String
		Status_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001		w	т	33% - Speed 1; 67% - Speed 2; 100% - Speed 3;
	63	Status_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Enumerated	5.010		W	т	1 - Speed 1; 2 - Speed 2; 3 Speed 3;
	64	Status_ Fan Speed Manual/Auto	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	0 – Manual; 1 - Auto
Fan Speed	65	Status_ Fan Speed 1	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	1 – Fan is in speed 1
	66	Status_ Fan Speed 2	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	1 – Fan is in speed 2
	67	Status_ Fan Speed 3	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	1 - Fan is in Speed 3
	68	Status_ Fan Speed Text	14 byte	DPT_String_8859_1	16.001	R		т	ASCII String
Vanes	69	Status_ Vanes U-D / 5 Pos	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001	R		т	20% - Pos1; 40% - Pos2; 60% - Pos3; 80% - Pos4; 100% - Pos5
Up-Down		Status_ Vanes U-D / 5 Pos	1 byte	DPT_Enumerated	5.010	R		т	1 - Pos1; 2 - Pos2; 3 - Pos3; 4 - Pos4; 5 - Pos5



	70	Status Vanas II D. Standby	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W	_	0 – Off; 1 - Standby
-	-	Status_ Vanes U-D Standby				_	vv		
-	71	Status_ Vanes U-D Pos1	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		Т	1 - Position 1
	72	Status_ Vanes U-D Pos2	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		Т	1 - Position 2
	73	Status_ Vanes U-D Pos3	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	1 - Position 3
	74	Status_ Vanes U-D Pos4	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	1 - Position 4
	75	Status_ Vanes U-D Pos5	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		Т	1 - Position 5
	76	Status_ Vanes U-D Swing	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	0 - Off; 1 - Swing
	77	Status_ Vanes U-D Text	14 byte	DPT_String_8859_1	16.001	R		т	ASCII String
Temperature	78	Status_ AC Setpoint Temp	2 byte	DPT_Value_Temp	9.001	R		т	(°C)
	79	Staus_ AC Return Temp	2 byte	DPT_Value_Temp	9.001	R		т	(°C)
Filter	80	Status_ Filter Status	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	0 - No Alarm; 1 - Alarm
	81	Status_ Error/Alarm	1 bit	DTP_Alarm	1.005	R		Т	0 - No Alarm; 1 - Alarm
Error	82	Status_ Error Code	2 byte	Enumerated		R		т	0 - No Error; Any other see user's manual
	83	Status_ Error Text code	14 byte	DPT_String_8859_1	16.001	R		т	3 char PA Error; Empty - none
	84	Status_ Power Mode	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001	R		т	0 - Off; 1-On
	85	Status_ Econo Mode	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001	R		т	0 - Off; 1-On
Special Modes	86	Status_ Additional Heat	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001	R		Т	0 - Off; 1-On
	87	Status_ Additional Cool	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001	R		Т	0 - Off; 1-On
Counter	88	Status_ Operation Hour Counter	2 byte	DPT_Value_2_Ucount	7.001	R		т	Number of operating hours
Scene	89	Status_ Current Scene	1 byte	DPT_SceneNumber	17.001	R		т	0 to 4 - Scene 1 to 5; 63 - No Scene
	90	Status_ Inx - Switching	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001	R		т	0 - Off; 1-On
Binary Inputs	92 94	Status_ Inx – Dimming - On/Off	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001	R		т	0 - Off; 1 - On



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96	Status_ Inx - Shut/Blind - Step	1 bit	DPT_ShutterBlinds	1.023	R	T	-	0 – Step Up; 1 – Step Down
	Status_ Inx - Value	1 byte	DPT_Value_1_Ucount	5.010	R	Т	-	1 byte unsigned value
	Status_ Inx - Value	2 byte	DPT_Value_2_Ucount	7.001	R	Г	-	2 byte unsigned value
91	Status_ Inx - Value	2 byte	DPT_Value_2_Count	8.001	R	Г	-	2 byte signed value
93	Status_ Inx - Value	2 byte	DPT_Value_Temp	9.001	R	Г	-	Temperature (°C)
95	Status_ Inx - Value	4 byte	DPT_Value_4_Ucount	12.001	R	Г	-	4 byte unsigned value
97	Status_ Inx – Dimming – Step(%)	1 bit	DPT_Control_Dimm.	3.007	R	Т	-	Dimming step
	Status_ Inx - Shut/Blind -Move	1 bit	DPT_ShutterBlinds	1.023	R	Г	-	0 – Move Up; 1 – Move Down



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