PART OBSOLETE - USE PI3HDX511F



PI3HDMI101

1:1 Active HDMI™ ReDriver™ with Optimized Equalization & I²C Buffer

Features

- Supply voltage, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$
- Support for both DVI and HDMITM signals
- Supports both AC-coupled and DC-coupled inputs
- Supports Deep ColorTM
- High Performance, up to 2.5 Gbps per channel
- 5V Tolerance on I2C path
- Integrated 50-Ohm (±10%) termination resistors at each high speed signal input
- Rx Sense Support, CLK-off channel is switched to 250K-Ohm pull-up vs. 50-Ohm pull-up
- Configurable output swing control (400mV, 500mV, 600mV, 750mV, 1000mV)
- Configurable Pre-Emphasis levels (0dB, 1.5dB, 3.5dB, & 6.0dB, 9.0dB)
- Configurable De-Emphasis (0dB, -3.5dB, -6.0dB, -9.5dB)
- Optimized Equalization
 Single default setting will support all cable lengths
- 8kV Contact ESD protection on all input/output data channels per IEC 61000-4-2
- Hot insertion support on output high speed pins & SCL/SDA pins only
- Propagation delay ≤ 1ns
- · High Impedance Outputs when disabled
- Packaging (Pb-free & Green): 42-contact TQFN (ZH42)

Description

Pericom Semiconductor's PI3HDMI101 1:1 active ReDriver™ circuit is targeted for high-resolution video networks that are based on DVI/HDMI™ standards and TMDS signal processing. The PI3HDMI101 is an active ReDriver with Hi-Z outputs. The device receives differential signals from selected video components and drives the video display unit. This solution also provides a unique advanced pre-emphasis technique to increase rise and fall times which are reduced during transmission across long distances.

Each complete HDMI/DVI channel also has slower speed, side band signals, that are required to be switched. Pericom's solution provides a complete solution by integrating the side band buffer together with the high speed buffer in a single solution. Using Equalization at the input of each of the high speed channels, Pericom can successfully eliminate deterministic jitter caused by long cables from the source to the sink. The elimination of the deterministic jitter allows the user to use much longer cables (up to 25 meters).

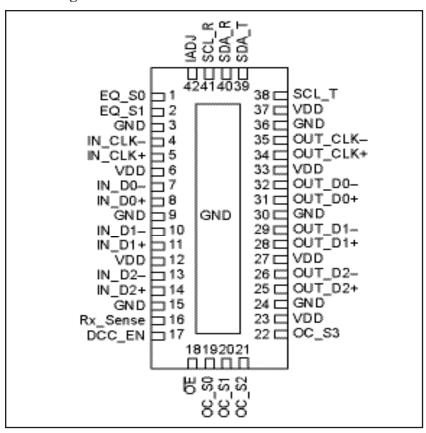
The maximum DVI/HDMI Bandwidth of 2.5 Gbps provides 36-bit Deep Color™ support, which is offered by HDMI revision 1.3. The PI3HDMI101 also provides enhanced robust ESD/EOS protection of 8kV, which is required by many consumer video networks today.

The Optimized Equalization provides the user a single optimal setting that can provide HDMI compliance for all cable lengths: 1meter to 20meters and color depths of 8bit/ch, or 12bit/ch.

Pericom also offers the ability to fine tune the equalization settings in situations where cable length is known. For example, if 25meter cable length is required, Pericom's solution can be adjusted to 16dB EQ to accept 25meter cable length.

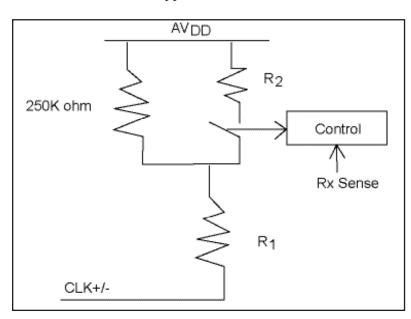


Pin Configuration



TMDS Receiver Block

Each high speed data and clock input has the same integrated equalization that can eliminate deterministic jitter caused by input traces or cables. All activity can be configured using pin strapping. The Rx block is designed to receive all relevant signals directly from the HDMITM connector without any additional circuitry, 3 High speed TMDS data, 1 pixel clock, and DDC signals. Pixel clock channel has following termination scheme for Rx Sense support.

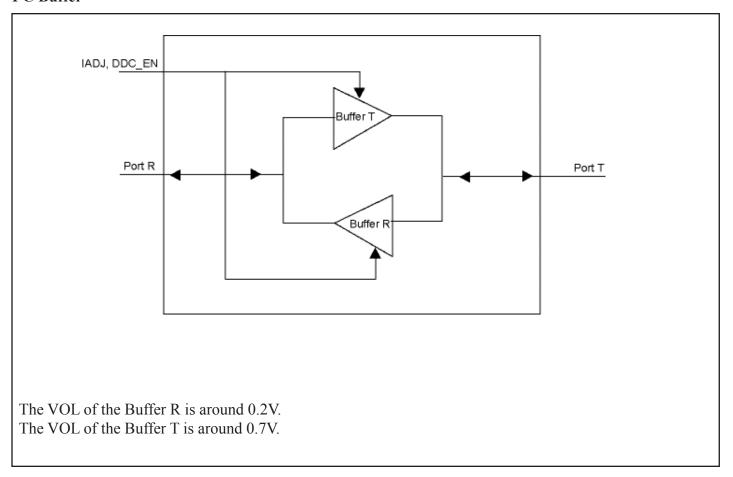


Rx Sense	
L	R ₂ switch is open, CLK+/-
	termination is 250kΩ
Н	R ₂ switch is closed, CLK+/-
	termination is 50Ω

Although the TMDS clock input channel (pin 4 and 5) has different termination scheme when port is off, user can still connect TMDS data channels to these pins for better layout if required. Any of the 4 differential inputs and outputs can have data or clock signals passing through.



I²C Buffer



Functional Truth Tables

IADJ	External Pull-Up Range
Н	1 K Ω to 2 K Ω (HDMI spec)
L	$> 3K\Omega$ (4.7K Ω typically)

DDC_EN	Port T / Port R (if no external pull-up resistor
L	Hi-Z (I ² C buffer disable)
Н	(I ² C buffer enable)

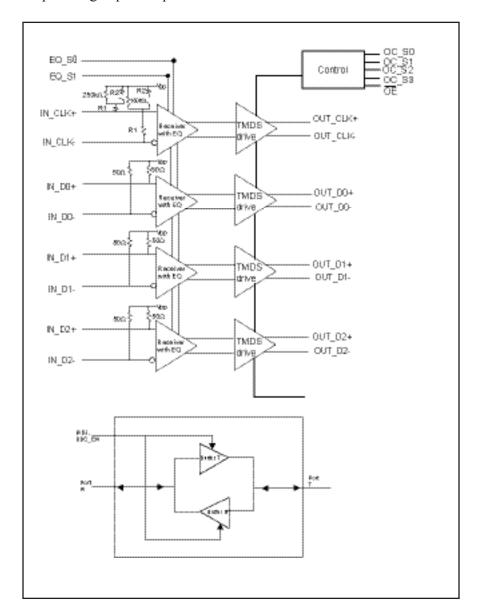


Pin Description

Pin #	Pin Name	I/O	Description
5 8 11 14	IN_CLK+ IN_D0+ IN_D1+ IN_D2+	I	TMDS Positive inputs
4 7 10 13	IN_CLK- IN_D0- IN_D1- IN_D2-	I	TMDS Negative inputs
3, 9, 15, 24, 30, 36	GND	P	Ground
18	ŌE	I	Output Enable, Active LOW
41	SCL_R	I/O	DDC Clock , Source Side
40	SDA_R	I/O	DDC Data, Source Side
6, 12, 23, 27, 33, 37	V_{DD}	P	3.3V Power Supply
34 31 28 25	OUT_CLK+ OUT_D0+ OUT_D1+ OUT_D2+	О	TMDS positive outputs
35 32 29 26	OUT_CLK- OUT_D0- OUT_D1- OUT_D2-	О	TMDS negative outputs
1 2	EQ_S0 EQ_S1	I	Equalizer controls, both pins with internal pull-ups
19 20 21 22	OC_S0 OC_S1 OC_S2 OC_S3	I	Output buffer controls Note: All 4 pins have internal pull-ups
17	DDC_EN	I	I ² C path enable
38	SCL_T	I/O	DDC Clock, Sink side
39	SDA_T	I/O	DDC Data, Sink side
16	Rx_Sense	I	Rx_Sense control
42	IADJ	I	High/Low Voltage Selection, depends on I ² C external pull-up range



Complete high speed input Rx block is as follows:





Truth Table

ŌĒ	Function
0	Active
1	All TMDS outputs are Hi-Z

Truth Table 1

OC_S3 ⁽²⁾	OC_S2 ⁽²⁾	OC_S1 ⁽²⁾	OC_S0 ⁽²⁾	Vswing (mV)	Pre/De-emphasis
0	0	0	0	500	0
0	0	0	1	600	0
0	0	1	0	750	0
0	0	1	1	1000	0
0	1	0	0	500	0
0	1	0	1	500	1.5dB
0	1	1	0	500	3.5dB
0	1	1	1	500	6dB
1	0	0	0	400	0
1	0	0	1	400	3.5dB
1	0	1	0	400	6dB
1	0	1	1	400	9dB
1	1	0	0	1000	0
1	1	0	1	660	-3.5dB
1	1	1	0	500	-6dB
1	1	1	1	330	-9dB

EQ Setting Value Logic Table

EQ_S1 ⁽²⁾	EQ_S0 ⁽²⁾	Setting Value @ 825MHz	
0	0	dB on all high speed inputs	
0	1	dB on all high speed inputs	
1	0	2dB on all high speed inputs	
1	1	16dB on all high speed inputs	
NT - 4			

Notes:

- 1. External pull-ups are required along SCL/SDA path
- 2. Internal 100Kohm pull-ups



Maximum Ratings

(Above which useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

Storage Temperature Supply Voltage to Ground Potential	
DC Input Voltage	0.5V to V _{DD}
DC Output Current	120mA
Power Dissipation	1.0W

Note:

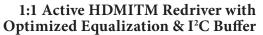
Stresses greater than those listed under MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
V_{DD}	Supply Voltage	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	0		70	°C
TMDS Diffe	erential Pins				
V_{ID}	Receiver peak-to-peak differential input voltage	150		1560	mVp-p
V _{IC}	Input common mode voltage	2		$V_{DD} + 0.01$	V
V_{DD}	TMDS output termination voltage	3.135	3.3	3.465]
R _T	Termination resistance when RxSense pin is HIGH	45	50	55	ohm
TMDS Data Rate	Signaling rate	0.25		2.5	Gbps
Control Pins	S (OC_Sx, EQ_Sx, OE , DDC_EN)			•	•
V _{IH}	LVTTL High-level input voltage	2		$V_{ m DD}$	V
V_{IL}	LVTTL Low-level input voltage	GND		0.8]
DDC Pins (S	SCL_R, SCL_T, SDA_R, SDA_T)			-	
V _{I(DDC)}	Input voltage	GND		5.5	V
I ² C Pins (SC	L_T, SDA_T)				
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	0.7 x V _{DD}		5.5	
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	-0.5		0.3 x V _{DD}	V
$V_{\rm ICL}$	Low-level input voltage contention (1)	-0.5		0.4	
I ² C Pins (SC	L_R, SDA_R)				
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	0.7 x V _{DD}		5.5	V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	-0.5		0.3 x V _{DD}	\ \ \ \

Note:

1. VIL specification is for the first low level seen by the SCL/SDA lines. V_{ICL} is for the second and subsequent low levels seen by the TSCL/TSDA lines.





Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units
I _{DD}	Supply Current	$V_{IH} = V_{DD}, V_{IL} = V_{DD} - 0.4V,$ $R_T = 50 \text{-ohm}, V_{DD} = 3.3V$ Data Inputs = 1.65 Gbps HDMI		120		mA
P_{D}	Power Dissipation	data pattern CLK Inputs = 165 MHz clock OC_Sx = Low, x = 0,1,2,3		400		mW
I_{DDQ}	Standby Current	\overline{OE} = HIGH, VDD = 3.3V, Source = off		2		mA
TMDS Dif	ferential Pins			,		,
V _{OH}	Single-ended high-level output voltage		V _{DD} -		V _{DD} + 10	
V _{OL}	Single-ended low-level output voltage		V _{DD} - 600		V _{DD} - 400	mV
V _{swing}	Single-ended output swing voltage	$V_{DD} = 3.3V$, $R_T = 50$ -ohm	400		600	
V _{OD(O)}	Overshoot of output differential voltage	Pre-emphasis/De-emphasis = 0dB		6%	15%	2x
V _{OD(U)}	Undershoot of output differential voltage	1		12%	25%	V_{swing}
$\Delta V_{OC(SS)}$	Change in steady-state common-mode output voltage between logic states			0.5	5	mV
I _(OS)	Short circuit output current				12	mA
V _{ODE(SS)}	Steady state output differential voltage	$OC_Sx = GND$, Data Inputs = 250	560		840	
V _{ODE(PP)}	Peak-to-peak output differential voltage	Mbps HDMI data pattern, 25 MHz pixel clock, $x = 0,1,2,3$	800		1200	mVp-p
$V_{I(open)} \\$	Single-ended input voltage under high impedance input or open input	$I_I = 10\mu A$	V _{DD} - 10		V _{DD} + 10	mV
R _{INT}	Input termination resistance	$V_{IN} = 2.9V$, RxSense pin = HIGH	45	50	55	ohm
Control Pi	ns (OE, DDC_EN, IADJ)	•		,		,
I _{IH}	High-level digital input current	$V_{IH} = 2V \text{ or } V_{DD}$	-10		10	
I_{IL}	Low-level digital input current	V _I = GND or 0.8 V	-10		10	μΑ
I ² C Pins (S	CL_T, SDA_T) (T Port)	•	•			
		V _I = 5.5 V	-50		50	
I_{ikg}	Input leakage current	$V_{\rm I} = V_{ m DD}$	-20		20	ĺ.,
I _{OH}	High-level output current	$V_{O} = 3.6 \text{ V}$	-10		10	μΑ
$I_{ m IL}$	Low-level input current	V _{IL} = GND	-40		40	[
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	$I_{OL} = 2.5 \text{ mA}$ IADJ = H	0.65		0.9	V
C _{IO} ¹	Input/output capacitance	V _{DD} = 0V or 3.0V, Frequency = 100kHz		4	7	pF
V _{OH(TTL)} ²	TTL High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$	2.4			* 7
V _{OL(TTL)} ²	TTL Low-level output voltage	$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$			0.4	V

Note:

Vbias = 1.65V, Vrms = 0.84V;

Vbias = 2.5V, Vrms = 1.2V.

^{1.} Measured at Vbias = 0V or 5V, Vrms = 0.2V;

^{2.} Voh/Vol of external driver at the R and T ports.



I ² C Pins	² C Pins (SCL_R, SDA_R Port)						
Т.,	Input leakage current	$V_{\rm I} = 5.5 \text{ V}$	-50		50	μΑ	
I _{ikg}		$V_{I} = V_{DD}$	-10		10		
I _{OH}	High-level output current	$V_O = 3.6 \text{ V}$	-10		10		
$I_{ m IL}$	Low-level input current	V _{IL} = GND	-10		10		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}, IADJ = H$			0.2	V	
CI	Tour de constitue de	$V_I = 5.0 \text{ V} \text{ or } 0 \text{ V}, \text{Freq} = 100 \text{kHz}$			25	,E	
	Input capacitance	$V_I = 3.0 \text{ V or } 0 \text{ V, Freq} = 100 \text{kHz}$			10	pF	

Switching Characteristics (over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units
TMDS Di	fferential Pins					-1
tpd	Propagation delay				2000	
t_r	Differential output signal rise time (20% - 80%)		75		240	
t_{f}	Differential output signal fall time (20% - 80%)	$V_{DD} = 3.3V$, $R_T = 50$ -ohm, pre-emphasis/de-emphasis = 0dB	75		240	
t _{sk(p)}	Pulse skew			10	50]
$t_{sk(D)}$	Intra-pair differential skew			23	50	
t _{sk(o)}	Inter-pair differential skew ⁽²⁾	7			100	ps
t _{CLKjit(pp)}	Peak-to-peak output jitter for TMDS clock channel	pre-emphasis/de-emphasis = 0dB, Data Inputs = 1.65 Gbps HDMI data		15	30	
t _{Datajit(pp)}	Peak-to-peak output jitter for TMDS data channels	pattern CLK input = 165 MHz clock		18	50	
$t_{ m DE}$	De-emphasis duration	de-emphasis = -3.5dB, Data Inputs = 250 Mbps HDMI data pattern, CLK output = 25 MHz clock		240		
t_{SX}	Select to switch output				10	
t _{en}	Enable time				200	ns
t_{dis}	Disable time				10	
I ² C PINS	(SCL_R, SDA_R, SCL_T, SDA_T)					
t_{PLH}	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output SCL_T/SDA_T to SCL_R/SDA_R	$IADJ = V_{DD}$			500	
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output SCL_T/SDA_T to SCL_R/SDA_R	$C_{LOAD} = 300 \text{ pF}$ Tbuffer: Rpu = 2K, Vpu = 3.0V			136	
t _{PLH}	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output SCL_T/SDA_T to SCL_R/SDA_R	Rbuffer: Rpu = 1.2K, Vpu = 3.3V or Rpu = 1.8K, Vpu = 5V			450	
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output SCL_T/SDA_T to SCL_R/SDA_R	$IADJ = GND$ $C_{LOAD} = 100 \text{ pF}$			136	ns
t _r	SCL_T/SDA_T Output signal rise time				999	1
t_{f}	SCL_T/SDA_T Output signal fall time	See Fig. A			90	1
t _r	SCL_R/SDA_R Output signal rise time				999]
t_{f}	SCL_R/SDA_R Output signal fall time				90]
t _{set}	Enable to start condition			6	10]
t _{hold}	Enable after stop condition]		6	10	

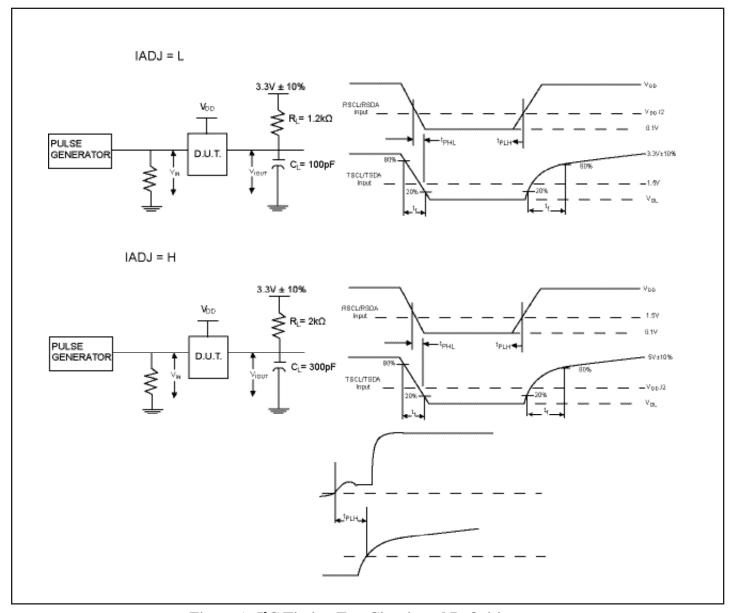
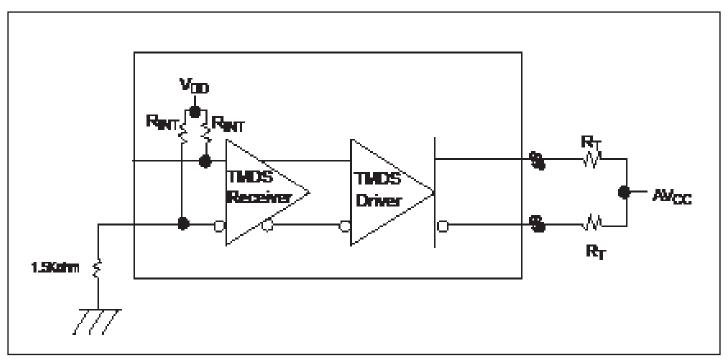


Figure A. I²C Timing Test Circuit and Definition



TMDS output oscillation elimination

The TMDS inputs do not incorporate a squelch circuit. Therefore, we recommend the input to be externally biased to prevent output oscillation. One pin will be pulled high to V_{DD} with the other grounded through a 1.5K-ohm resistor as shown.



TMDS Input Fail-Safe Recommendation



Recommended Power Supply Decoupling Circuit

Figure 1 is the recommended power supply decoupling circuit configuration. It is recommended to put $0.1\mu F$ decoupling capacitors on each V_{DD} pins of our part, there are four $0.1\mu F$ decoupling capacitors are put in Figure 1 with an assumption of only four V_{DD} pins on our part, if there is more or less V_{DD} pins on our Pericom parts, the number of $0.1\mu F$ decoupling capacitors should be adjusted according to the actual number of V_{DD} pins. On top of $0.1\mu F$ decoupling capacitors on each V_{DD} pins, it is recommended to put a $10\mu F$ decoupling capacitor near our part's V_{DD} , it is for stabilizing the power supply for our part. Ferrite bead is also recommended for isolating the power supply for our part and other power supplies in other parts of the circuit. But, it is optional and depends on the power supply conditions of other circuits.

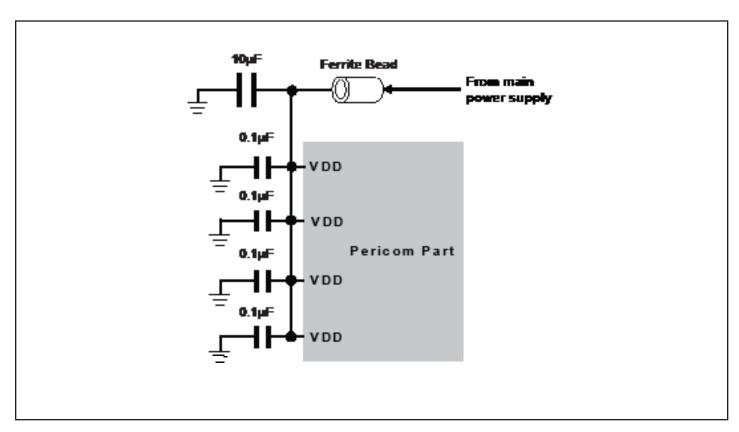


Figure 1 Recommended Power Supply Decoupling Circuit Diagram



Requirements on the Decoupling Capacitors

There is no special requirement on the material of the capacitors. Ceramic capacitors are generally being used with typically materials of X5R or X7R.

Layout and Decoupling Capacitor Placement Consideration

- i. Each 0.1μF decoupling capacitor should be placed as close as possible to each V_{DD} pin.
- V_{DD} and GND planes should be used to provide a low impedance path for power and ground.
- iii. Via holes should be placed to connect to V_{DD} and GND planes directly.
- iv. Trace should be as wide as possible
- v. Trace should be as short as possible.
- vi. The placement of decoupling capacitor and the way of routing trace should consider the power flowing criteria.
- vii. 10μF capacitor should also be placed closed to our part and should be placed in the middle location of 0.1μF capacitors.
- viii. Avoid the large current circuit placed close to our part; especially when it is shared the same V_{DD} and GND planes. Since large current flowing on our V_{DD} or GND planes will generate a potential variation on the V_{DD} or GND of our part.

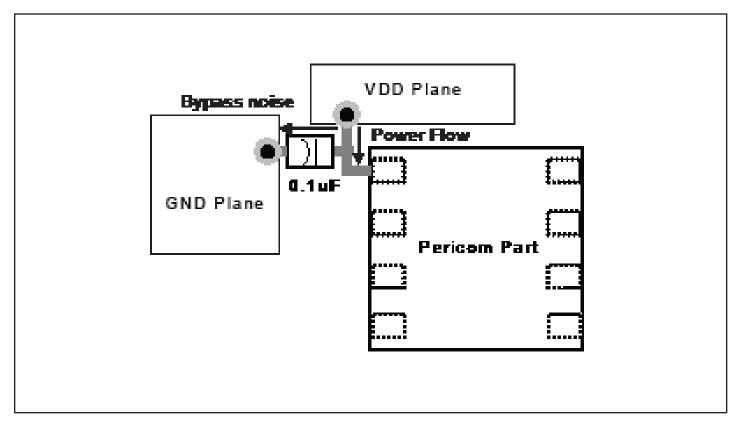


Figure 2 Layout and Decoupling Capacitor Placement Diagram



Application Information

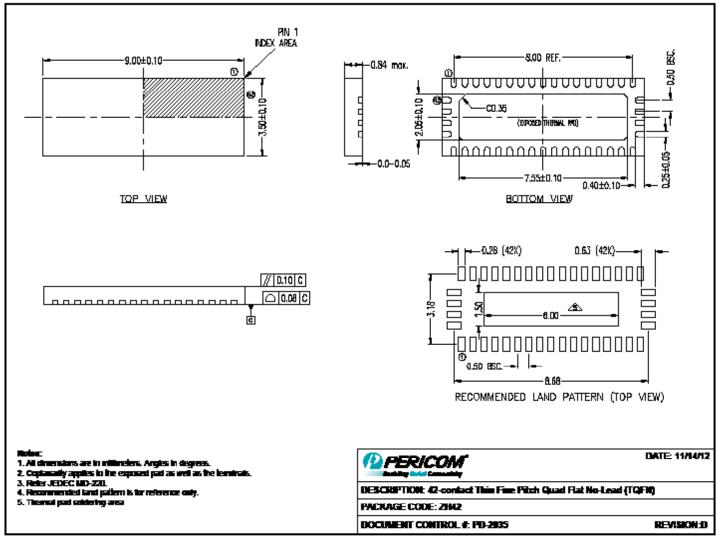
Supply Voltage

All V_{DD} pins are recommended to have a $0.01\mu F$ capacitor tied from V_{DD} to GND to filter supply noise

TMDS inputs

Standard TMDS terminations have already been integrated into Pericom's PI3HDM101 device. Therefore, external terminations are not required. Any unused port must be left floating and not tied to GND.

Package Mechanical: 42-pin, Low Profile Quad Flat Package (ZH42)



Note:

• For latest package info, please check: http://www.pericom.com/products/packaging/mechanicals.php

Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Package Code	Package Description
PI3HDMI101ZHE	ZH	42-pin, Pb-free & Green TQFN

Notes:

- Thermal characteristics can be found on the company web site at www.pericom.com/packaging/
- E = Pb-free and Green
- Adding an X Suffix = Tape/Reel



IMPORTANT NOTICE

- 1. DIODES INCORPORATED (Diodes) AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES MAKE NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH REGARDS TO ANY INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANT-ABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS (AND THEIR EQUIVALENTS UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY JURISDICTION).
- 2. The Information contained herein is for informational purpose only and is provided only to illustrate the operation of Diodes' products described herein and application examples. Diodes does not assume any liability arising out of the application or use of this document or any product described herein. This document is intended for skilled and technically trained engineering customers and users who design with Diodes' products. Diodes' products may be used to facilitate safety-related applications; however, in all instances customers and users are responsible for (a) selecting the appropriate Diodes products for their applications, (b) evaluating the suitability of Diodes' products for their intended applications, (c) ensuring their applications, which incorporate Diodes' products, comply the applicable legal and regulatory requirements as well as safety and functional-safety related standards, and (d) ensuring they design with appropriate safeguards (including testing, validation, quality control techniques, redundancy, malfunction prevention, and appropriate treatment for aging degradation) to minimize the risks associated with their applications.
- 3. Diodes assumes no liability for any application-related information, support, assistance or feedback that may be provided by Diodes from time to time. Any customer or user of this document or products described herein will assume all risks and liabilities associated with such use, and will hold Diodes and all companies whose products are represented herein or on Diodes' websites, harmless against all damages and liabilities.
- 4. Products described herein may be covered by one or more United States, international or foreign patents and pending patent applications. Product names and markings noted herein may also be covered by one or more United States, international or foreign trademarks and trademark applications. Diodes does not convey any license under any of its intellectual property rights or the rights of any third parties (including third parties whose products and services may be described in this document or on Diodes' website) under this document.
- 5. Diodes' products are provided subject to Diodes' Standard Terms and Conditions of Sale (https://www.diodes.com/about/company/terms-and-conditions/terms-and-conditions-of-sales/) or other applicable terms. This document does not alter or expand the applicable warranties provided by Diodes. Diodes does not warrant or accept any liability whatsoever in respect of any products purchased through unauthorized sales channel.
- 6. Diodes' products and technology may not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use or sale is prohibited under any applicable laws and regulations. Should customers or users use Diodes' products in contravention of any applicable laws or regulations, or for any unintended or unauthorized application, customers and users will (a) be solely responsible for any damages, losses or penalties arising in connection therewith or as a result thereof, and (b) indemnify and hold Diodes and its representatives and agents harmless against any and all claims, damages, expenses, and attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim relating to any noncompliance with the applicable laws and regulations, as well as any unintended or unauthorized application.
- 7. While efforts have been made to ensure the information contained in this document is accurate, complete and current, it may contain technical inaccuracies, omissions and typographical errors. Diodes does not warrant that information contained in this document is error-free and Diodes is under no obligation to update or otherwise correct this information. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Diodes reserves the right to make modifications, enhancements, improvements, corrections or other changes without further notice to this document and any product described herein. This document is written in English but may be translated into multiple languages for reference. Only the English version of this document is the final and determinative format released by Diodes.
- 8. Any unauthorized copying, modification, distribution, transmission, display or other use of this document (or any portion hereof) is prohibited. Diodes assumes no responsibility for any losses incurred by the customers or users or any third parties arising from any such unauthorized use.
- 9. This Notice may be periodically updated with the most recent version available at https://www.diodes.com/about/company/terms-and-conditions/important-notice

The Diodes logo is a registered trademark of Diodes Incorporated in the United States and other countries. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

© 2023 Diodes Incorporated. All Rights Reserved.

www.diodes.com

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Diodes Incorporated:

PI3HDMI101ZHEX PI3HDMI101ZHE PI3HDMI101ZHE-2017 PI3HDMI101ZHEX-2017