





### AL5892

### Description

The AL5892 is an offline TRIAC dimmable linear LED driver with high integration of constant current control and smart bleeder operation. With the built-in 350V main power MOSFET and 500V bleeder MOSFET, the AL5892 offers users to design a TRIAC dimmable LED driver with extremely few external components and minimized system BOM cost. Because of the linear operation of the IC, the AL5892 LED driver is compliant with EMI standards without adding any EMI components. The AL5892 is optimized to work at 120VAC input mains voltage.

With an innovative efficiency compensation method, the AL5892 operates up to 85% efficiency with driving a single high-voltage LED chain.

The AL5892 detects TRIAC dimmer and controls the smart bleeder to turn on and off, thus it offers the LED driver good dimmer compatibility with both leading edge and trailing edge dimmers. The AL5892 also converts the dimmer signal to optimize the dimming curve to be compliant with NEMA SSL7.

The AL5892 has abundant of protection features, such as LED short protection (OSP), thermal foldback protection (TFP) and over temperature shutdown protection (OTP).

The AL5892 is available in SO-8EP (Type TH) package to enhance the thermal reliability of the LED driver.

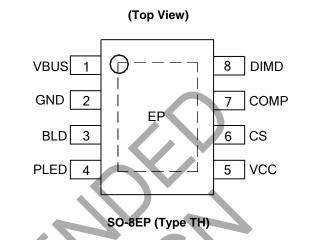
### **Features**

- Integrated 350V Main MOSFET and 500V Bleeder MOSFET
- Low Operation Current: 300µA
- Tight Current Sense Tolerance: ±3%
- Output Current Programmable up to 75mA
- Wide Range of Dimmer Compatibility
- Dimming Curve Compliant to NEMA SSL7
- Internal Protections
  - LED Open/Short Protection (OSP)
  - Thermal Foldback Protection (TFP)
  - Over Temperature Shutdown Protection (OTP)
- Power Factor >0.7
- Efficiency up to 85%
- SO-8EP (Type TH) Package
- Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)

Notes: 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.

- 2. See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
- 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

### Pin Assignments



OFFLINE DIMMABLE LINEAR LED DRIVER

### Applications

- LED Lamps
- Retro Fit TRIAC Dimming
  - LED Power Modules

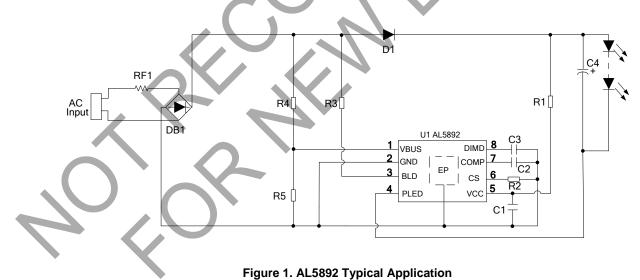


### **Pin Descriptions**

Pin Number	Pin Name	Function	
1	VBUS	Rectified mains voltage sensing	
2	GND	Ground of the IC	
3	BLD	Drain of the internal Bleeder MOSFET	
4	PLED	Connect with LED string negative terminal	
5	VCC	Power supply for IC. Provides power for the internal control circuitry and gate driver	
6	CS	Current sense pin. Connect a resistor from this pin to GND to set LED current	
7	COMP	LED current Loop compensation capacitor input	
8	DIMD	Dimmer detection signal Output. Connect with a capacitor to filter the output of the dimmer detection circuit	
9	EP	Connect to GND	

### **Typical Applications Circuit**

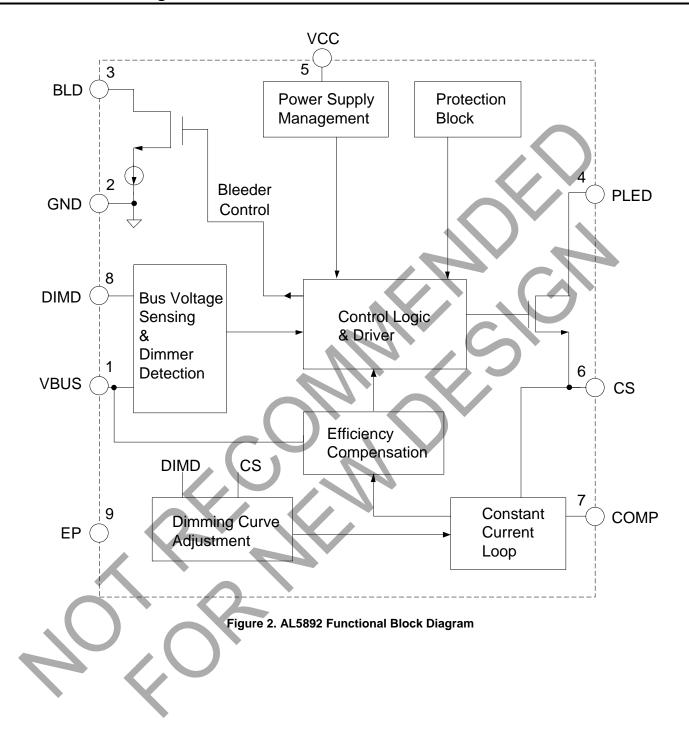
Figure 1 shows the typical application of AL5892 along with basic external circuitry. Since this application example is designed to assess dimmer's relative on-time, the AL5892 can control the LED current accordingly. The AL5892 allows most phase-control dimmers, both forward and reverse phase, to be used.





AL5892

### **Functional Block Diagram**





### Absolute Maximum Ratings (@TA = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
Vpled	Voltage at PLED	350	V
VBLD	Voltage at BLD	500	V
IPLED	Current through PLED	400	mA
I <sub>BLD</sub>	Current through BLD	72	mA
Vcs, Vcomp, Vdimd, Vbus	Voltages at CS, COMP, DIMD, VBUS	-0.3 to +6	V
Vcc	Input Supply Voltage	-0.3 to +24	V
TJ	Operating Junction Temperature	-40 to +150	°C
Тѕтс	Storage Temperature	-55 to +150	°C
ESD HBM	Human Body Model ESD Protection	2	kV
ESD CDM	Charge Device Model ESD Protection	1	kV

### **Thermal Information**

Package	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case $\theta_{JC}$ (Note 4)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Ambient θJA (Note 4)
		41.03°C/W (Note 5)
SO-8EP (Type TH)	35.2°C/W (Note 6)	63.78°C/W (Note 6)

5. Tested when device mounted on a 2S2P PCB. 6. Tested when device mounted on a 1S0P PCB.

# Recommended Operating Conditions (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Мах	Unit
VAC	System AC Line RMS Input Voltage	108	132	VAC
Vcc	Vcc Operating Voltage	7.5	11	V
IPLED	LED RMS Current	_	75	mA
TA	Operating Ambient Temperature (Note 7)	-40	+105	°C

Note: 7. The device may operate normally at +125°C ambient temperature under the condition not trigger temperature protection.



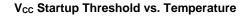
# **Electrical Characteristics** (Dimmer not present, $V_{CC} = 10V @ T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
VCC UVLO						
Vcc_uvlo_r	Vcc Startup Threshold	Vcc Rising	_	11.6	_	V
Vcc_uvlo_f	Vcc Minimum Operating Voltage	Vcc Falling	_	7	_	V
Vcc_clamp	Vcc Clamp Voltage		-	12.5	_	V
Current Consur	nption	<u> </u>			I	
Icc	V <sub>CC</sub> Operation Supply Current	_		300	_	μA
Constant Curre	nt Reference				1	
Vref	Internal Reference Voltage	Connect COMP and CS, measure VCOMP	0.288	0.3	0.312	V
Vcs_hclamp	High Level Current Sense Clamp	VCOMP = 4V, VBUS = 1V	-	2	_	V
Vcs_lclamp	Low Level Current Sense Clamp	VCOMP = 0V, VBUS = 2.5V	E	195	_	mV
PLED Internal MOSFET						
IPLED_OFF	PLED Pin OFF State Current	VPLED = 280V		_	1.5	μA
VBD_PLED_OFF	Breakdown Voltage on PLED (Note 8)	-	350	_	_	V
Bleeder Operati	on		-	1	1	
Vbd_bld	Breakdown Voltage on BLD (Note 8)		500	_	_	V
IBLD_OFF	BLD Pin OFF State Current	V <sub>BLD</sub> = 400V, V <sub>CS</sub> = 1V, V <sub>DIMD</sub> = 2.5V, bleeder OFF	_	_	75	μA
IBLD_ON	BLD Pin ON State Current	+	_	60	_	mA
Vcs_bld_off	BLD Turn-Off Threshold Voltage	Vcs voltage threshold to turn-off bleeder, VbIM_bet = 1V	_	165	_	mV
VBUS	VBUS Voltage Range		0	_	2.5	V
tBLD_ON1	60mA Bleeding Holding Time	_	_	190	_	μs
tcs_leb	CS LEB		_	5	_	μs
Vdim_det	DIMD Voltage Threshold for Detection a Dimmer	-	_	2.4	_	V
Error Amplifier			1	L	L	
ICOMP_0	Maximum COMP Source Current	$V_{CS} = 0V$ and $V_{COMP} = 2V$ , $V_{PLED} = OPEN$	_	4.5	_	μA
ICOMP_I	Maximum COMP Sink Current	$V_{CS} = 2V$ and $V_{COMP} = 2V$ , $V_{PLED} = OPEN$	_	28	_	μA
Gm	Error Amplifier Transconductance ΔΙ <sub>COMP</sub> / ΔVcs	Sweep Vcs from 0.2V to 0.4V and measure $I_{COMP}$ at $V_{COMP} = 0.3V$ , $V_{PLED} = 30V$ . Calculate Gm	_	16.5	_	µA/V
Protection Thre	shold					
TREG	Thermal Regulated Trigger Temperature	Temperature to fold back LED current by 50%	_	+150	_	°C
SHDN	Thermal Shutdown	Temperature to shutdown LED current	_	+165	_	°C

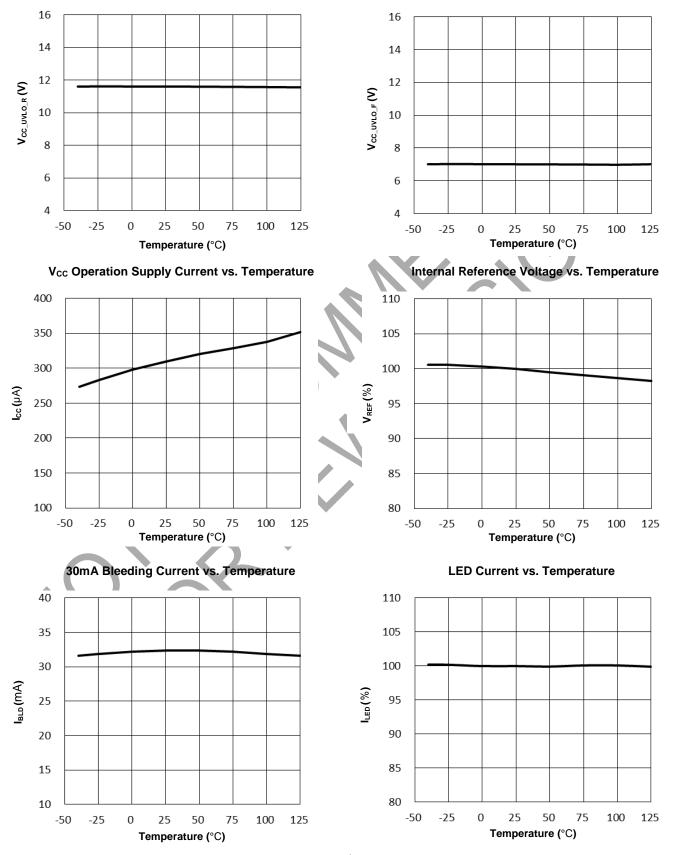
Note 8: The drain-source voltage is 80% of  $V_{\text{DS}}$  in the aging condition.



## **Typical Performance Characteristics**



Vcc Minimum Operating Voltage vs. Temperature





### **Functional Description and Application Information**

#### **Power Supply**

The AL5892's internal power is derived through an external R-C network between VLED+ and the VCC pin. An internal diode-capacitor network is used to maintain the voltage on the VCC pin while the voltage on the VLED+ goes low. An internal JEFT also provides a redundant supply to operate the AL5892.

#### Setting the LED Current

Figure 1 shows the typical output drive configuration. The feedback loop regulates the current through the LEDs. The voltage across the external resistor (R2) is fed to the CS pin for sensing. The output LED current can be set as following:

$$I_{LED} = \frac{V_{CS}}{R2} \quad (1)$$

Where  $I_{LED}$  is the desired LED current,  $V_{CS}$  is determined by the internal 0.3V reference voltage  $V_{REF}$ .

#### Bleeder Consideration

To emulate an incandescent light bulb with an LED driver, the existing TRIAC dimmers on markets require a small amount of holding, or bleeding, current throughout the AC line cycle. This means an LED driver must provide an additional load so that the dimmer delay circuit can operate correctly. Most TRIACs only require a few milliamps of current to hold them on. Some low-cost TRIACs may require a little higher holding current. Generally speaking, higher holding current will make TRIACs operation more reliable. The trade-off is performance vs efficiency. Reducing the holding current will improve the overall efficiency. The AL5892 uses the BLD (bleeder) pin to perform this function.

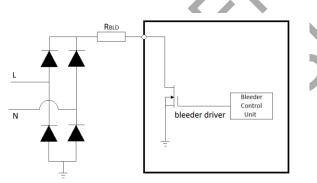


Figure 3. Internal Bleeder Circuitry

If a TRIAC dimmer is presented, the bleeder MOSFET is active to place a load on the AC line. When the dimmer edge comes or the line voltage is below 40V, the bleeder MOSFET will be turned on to hold the TRIAC dimmer. When the current through main MOSFET is above 28mA, the bleeder MOSFET will be turned off to save power loss.

#### Phase Angle and Dimmer Detection

The AL5892 measures the rectified AC line voltage via the pin VBUS as shown in Figure 4, that is used to derive the TRIAC angle information. According the voltage on pin DIMD, the AL5892 determines if the dimmer does exist or not.

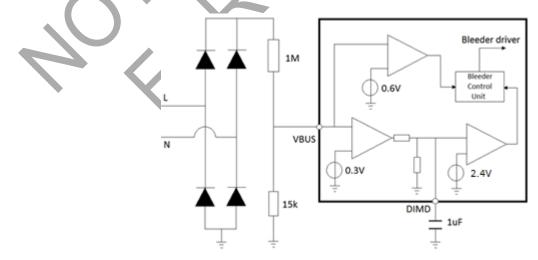


Figure 4. Phase angle and dimmer Detection



### Functional Description and Application Information (continued)

By using resistors divider, a proportion of rectified mains voltage can be got as input to a phase-detection comparator. The comparator has a nominal threshold of 0.3V. The comparator generates a 0V to 5V PWM signal with a duty cycle proportional to TRIAC dimmer conduction angle. PWM signal is presented to a R-C low-pass filter with a bandwidth on the order of 1Hz. This RC filter finally produces a DC level signal (DIMD) which corresponds to the TRIAC's conduction angle.

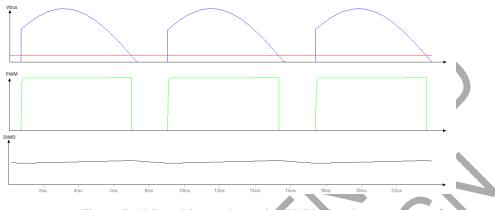


Figure 5. AL5892 Dimmer Detection PWM Waveform

As input signal of dimmer-detection comparator, DIMD signal is compared with a threshold of 2.4V. When no dimmer is present, DIMD will be higher than 2.4V; the AL5892 makes the bleeder inactive to improve efficiency. When a dimmer exists, DIMD will be lower than 2.4V; the bleeder circuit will be active.

According to the detection method, those TRIAC dimmers with lower than 161° conduction angle can be identified by AL5892.

Based on this measured conduction angle information the dimming curve can be produced. It is clear that the RC filter will produce the maximum DC level, when no dimmer is present, and in response the AL5892 makes the bleeder inactive to improve efficiency.

#### LED Open and Short Detection

The AL5892 can survive LED open/short fault with rated line voltage range input. Within an AC cycle, in short condition, the time of current through main MOSFET will be much longer than in normal condition. The AL5892 detects the width of CS, when the CS current width is longer than a threshold, it means LED short happening.

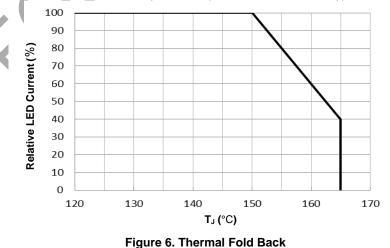
In LED short condition, the AL5892 pulls down the COMP pin voltage to minimize the input power, and the main MOSFET will turn on one time in five half AC sine cycle to prevent IC overheat. That also makes it auto-recovery when LED short condition is removed.

When LED is open, the voltage of E-CAP between LED+ and LED- will rise up to the peak value of line voltage, the current through the main MOSFET will decrease to 0 naturally.

#### Thermal Fold Back and Shutdown (OTP)

Thermal Fold Back happens when the IC junction temperature reaches about +150°C, which limits AL5892's power dissipation by reducing more than 50% LED current.

Thermal Shutdown turns off the output MOSFET when the IC junction temperature exceeds +165°C typical.

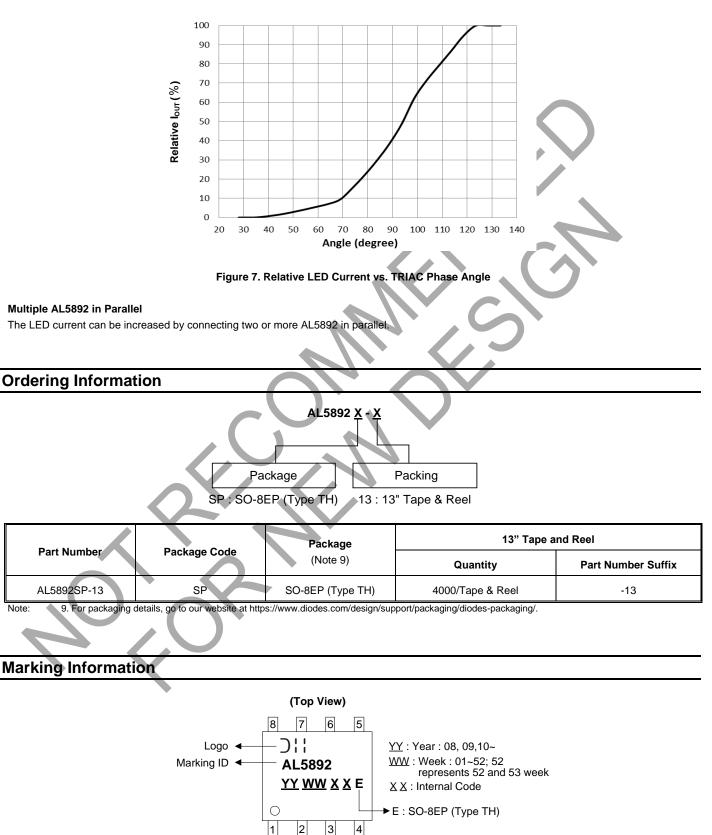


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### Functional Description and Application Information (continued)

#### **Dimming Curves**

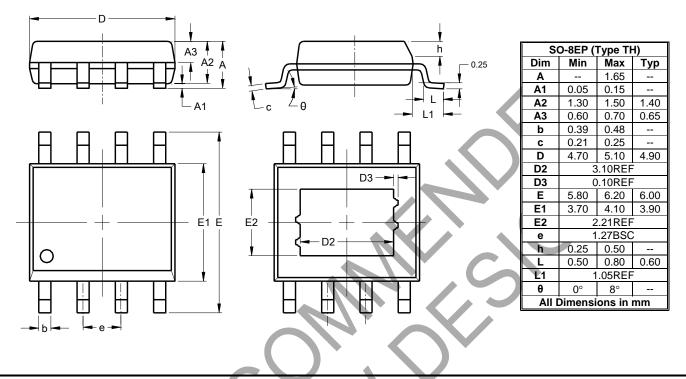




### **Package Outline Dimensions**

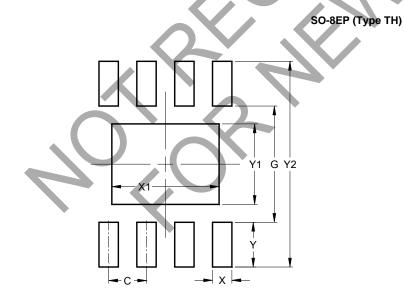
Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.

SO-8EP (Type TH)



### Suggested Pad Layout

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.



Dimensions	Value (in mm)	
С	1.270	
G	3.900	
Х	0.650	
X1	3.600	
Y	1.500	
Y1	2.700	
Y2	6.900	



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