

## XtremeSense™ TMR Current Sensor with Ultra-Low Noise and <1% Total Error

### FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- Integrated contact current sensing for low to medium current ranges:
  - 0 to 20 A      □ 0 to 50 A
  - ±20 A      □ ±50 A
  - 0 to 30 A      □ 0 to 65 A
  - ±30 A      □ ±65 A
- Integrated current carrying conductor (CCC)
- Linear analog output voltage
- Total error output: ±1.0% FS
- 1 MHz bandwidth
- Response time: ~300 ns
- UL/IEC 62368-1 and UL1577 certification
  - Rated isolation voltage: 2.5 kV<sub>RMS</sub>
  - Working voltage for basic isolation: 701 V<sub>RMS</sub>
  - Working voltage for reinforced isolation: 344 V<sub>RMS</sub>
- IEC 61000-4-5 certified
- Low noise: 9.5 to 19.0 mA<sub>RMS</sub> @ f<sub>BW</sub> = 100 kHz
- Supply voltage: 3.0 to 3.6 V
- Filter function to reduce noise on output pin
- Immunity to common mode fields: -40 dB
- AEC-Q100 grade 1
- 8-lead SOIC package



TÜV Certificate No.:  
R 72226133 0001



UL Certificate No.:  
UL-CA-2201235-0

### DESCRIPTION

The CT416 is a high bandwidth and ultra-low noise integrated contact current sensor that uses Allegro patented XtremeSense™ TMR technology to enable high accuracy current measurements for many consumer, enterprise, and industrial applications. The device supports eight current ranges where the integrated current carrying conductor (CCC) will handle up to 65 A of current and generates a current measurement as a linear analog output voltage. The device achieves a total output error of about ±1.0% full-scale (FS).

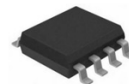
The device has a ~300 ns output response time while the current consumption is about 6.0 mA and is immune to common-mode fields. The CT416 has a filter function to reduce the noise on the output pin.

The CT416 is offered in an industry-standard 8-lead SOIC package that is green and RoHS compliant.

### APPLICATIONS

- Solar/power inverters
- UPS, SMPS, and telecom power supplies
- Motor control
- Power utility meter
- Overcurrent fault protection

### PACKAGE: 8-LEAD SOIC



*Not to scale*

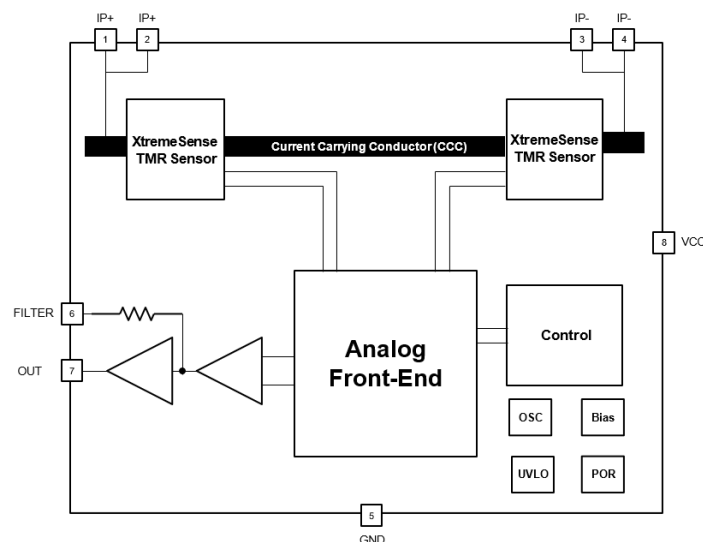


Figure 1: CT416 Functional Block Diagram for 8-lead SOIC Package

## SELECTION GUIDE

Part Number	Current Range (I <sub>PMAX</sub> ) (A)	Sensitivity (mV/A)	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	Package	Packing
CT416-HSN820MR	±20	50	-40 to 125	8-lead SOIC 4.89 mm × 6.00 mm × 1.62 mm	Tape and Reel
CT416-HSN830MR	±30	33.3			
CT416-HSN850MR	±50	20			
CT416-HSN865MR	±65	15.4			
CT416-HSN820DR	20	100			
CT416-HSN830DR	30	66.7			
CT416-HSN850DR	50	40			
CT416-HSN865DR	65	30.8			
AEC-Q100 GRADE 1					
CT416-ASN820MR	±20	50	Grade 1 -40 to 125	8-lead SOIC 4.89 mm × 6.00 mm × 1.62 mm	Tape and Reel
CT416-ASN830MR	±30	33.3			
CT416-ASN850MR	±50	20			
CT416-ASN865MR	±65	15.4			
CT416-ASN820DR	20	100			
CT416-ASN830DR	30	66.7			
CT416-ASN850DR	50	40			
CT416-ASN865DR	65	30.8			

## EVALUATION BOARD SELECTION GUIDE

Part Number	Current Range (A)	Operating Temperature Range (°C)
CTD416-20DC	0 to 20	-40 to 125
CTD416-20AC	±20	
CTD416-30DC	0 to 30	
CTD416-30AC	±30	
CTD416-50DC	0 to 50	
CTD416-50AC	±50	
CTD416-65DC	0 to 65	
CTD416-65AC	±65	

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### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [1]

Characteristic	Symbol	Notes	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage Strength	$V_{CC}$		-0.3 to 6.0	V
Analog Input/Output Pins Maximum Voltage	$V_{I/O}$		-0.3 to $V_{CC} + 0.3$ [2]	V
Current Carrying Conductor Maximum Current	$I_{CCC(MAX)}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	70	A
Dielectric Surge Strength Test Voltage	$V_{SURGE}$	IEC 61000-4-5: Tested $\pm 5$ Pulses at 2/60 seconds, 1.2 $\mu\text{s}$ (rise) and 50 $\mu\text{s}$ (width)	6.0 (min)	kV
Surge Strength Test Current	$I_{SURGE}$	Tested $\pm 5$ Pulses at 3/60 seconds, 8.0 $\mu\text{s}$ (rise) and 20 $\mu\text{s}$ (width)	3.0 (min)	kA
Electrostatic Discharge Protection Level	ESD	Human Body Model (HBM) per JESD22-A114	$\pm 2.0$	kV
		Charged Device Model (CDM) per JESD22-C101	$\pm 0.5$	kV
Junction Temperature	$T_J$		-40 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{STG}$		-65 to 155	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Soldering Temperature	$T_L$	10 seconds	260	$^\circ\text{C}$

[1] Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the CT416 and may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

[2] The lower of  $V_{CC} + 0.3$  V or 6.0 V.

### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS [1]

Characteristic	Symbol	Notes	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage Range	$V_{CC}$		3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Output Voltage Range	$V_{OUT}$		0	–	$V_{CC}$	V
Output Current	$I_{OUT}$		–	–	$\pm 1.0$	mA
Operating Ambient Temperature	$T_A$	Extended Industrial	-40	25	125	$^\circ\text{C}$
		Automotive	-40	25	125	$^\circ\text{C}$

[1] The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual operation of the CT416. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the specifications. Allegro does not recommend exceeding them or designing to absolute maximum ratings.

### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Value	Unit
Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance	$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance is a function of application and board layout and is determined in accordance to JEDEC standard JESD51 for a four (4) layer 2s2p FR-4 printed circuit board (PCB) with 2 oz. of copper (Cu) and 4 oz. of copper (Cu) or more for 65 A. Special attention must be paid not to exceed junction temperature $T_{J(MAX)}$ at a given ambient temperature $T_A$ .	25	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance	$R_{\theta JC}$		15	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

### ISOLATION RATINGS

Characteristic	Symbol	Notes	Rating	Unit
Rated Isolation Voltage	$V_{ISO}$	Agency Tested per IEC 62368 [1] for 60 seconds. Production Tested at $V_{ISO}$ for 1 second per IEC 62368.	2.5	kV <sub>RMS</sub>
		Agency Tested per UL1577 for 60 seconds. Production Tested at $V_{ISO}$ for 1 second per UL1577.	2.5	kV <sub>RMS</sub>
Working Voltage for Basic Isolation	$V_{WORK\_ISO}$	Tested per IEC 62368 [1].	991	V <sub>PK</sub>
			701	V <sub>RMS</sub>
Working Voltage for Reinforced Isolation	$V_{WORK\_RI}$	Tested per IEC 62368 [1].	487	V <sub>PK</sub>
			344	V <sub>RMS</sub>
Creepage Distance	$D_{CR}$	Minimum distance along package body from IP pins to I/O pins.	4.96	mm
Clearance Distance	$D_{CL}$	Minimum distance through air from IP pins to I/O pins.	4.63	mm
Distance Through Isolation	$D_{ISO}$	Minimum internal distance through isolation	110	μm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI	Material Group II	400 to 599	V

[1] IEC 62368 is the succeeding standard to IEC 60950-1 (Edition 2) for isolation testing specifications and as such it will be compliant to the latter standard.

### APPLICATION DIAGRAM

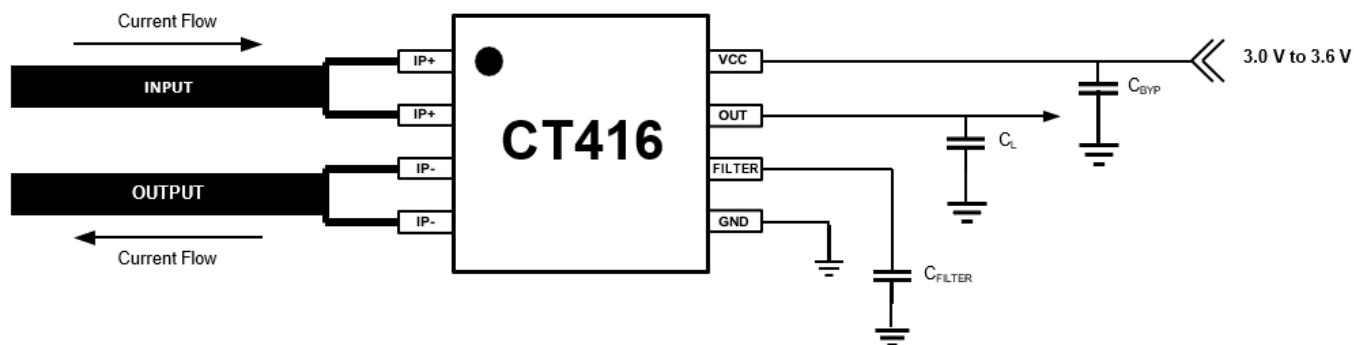


Figure 2: CT416 Application Block Diagram

Table 1: Recommended External Components

Component	Description	Vendor and Part Number	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$C_{BYP}$	1.0 μF, X5R or Better	Murata GRM155C81A105KA12	—	1.0	—	μF
$C_{FILTER}$	Various, X5R or Better	Murata	—	Figure 36	—	pF

PINOUT DIAGRAM AND TERMINAL LIST

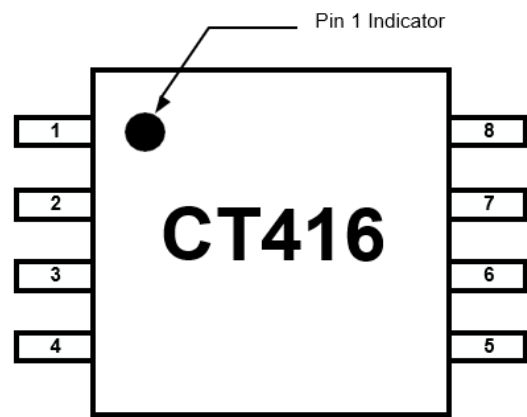


Figure 3: CT416 Pinout Diagram for 8-lead SOIC Package (Top-Down View)

Terminal List

Number	Name	Function
1, 2	IP+	Input primary conductor (positive).
3, 4	IP-	Output primary conductor (negative).
5	GND	Ground.
6	FILTER	Filter pin to improve noise performance by connecting an external capacitor to set the cutoff frequency. No connect if the FILTER pin is not used.
7	OUT	Analog output voltage that represents the measured current.
8	VCC	Supply voltage.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid for  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F, and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
POWER SUPPLIES						
Supply Current	I <sub>CC</sub>	f <sub>BW</sub> = 1 MHz, no load, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A	–	6.0	9.0	mA
OUT Maximum Drive Capability <sup>[1]</sup>	I <sub>OUT</sub>	OUT covers 10% to 90% of V <sub>CC</sub> span	–1.0	–	+1.0	mA
OUT Capacitive Load <sup>[1]</sup>	C <sub>L_OUT</sub>		–	–	100	pF
OUT Resistive Load <sup>[1]</sup>	R <sub>L_OUT</sub>		–	100	–	kΩ
Primary Conductor Resistance <sup>[1]</sup>	R <sub>IP</sub>		–	0.5	–	mΩ
Power Supply Rejection Ratio <sup>[1]</sup>	PSRR		–	35	–	dB
Sensitivity Power Supply Rejection Ratio <sup>[1]</sup>	SPSRR		–	35	–	dB
Offset Power Supply Rejection Ratio <sup>[1]</sup>	OPSRR		–	40	–	dB
ANALOG OUTPUT (OUT)						
OUT Voltage Linear Range, Typical	V <sub>OUT</sub>	V <sub>SIG_AC</sub> = ±1.00 V, V <sub>SIG_DC</sub> = +2.00 V	0.65	–	2.65	V
Output High Saturation Voltage	V <sub>OUT_SAT</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.30	V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.25	–	V
Common Mode Field Rejection Ratio <sup>[1]</sup>	CMFRR		–	–40	–	dB
			–	0.5	–	mA/G
TIMINGS						
Power-On Time <sup>[1]</sup>	t <sub>ON</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> ≥ 2.50 V	–	100	200	μs
Rise Time <sup>[1]</sup>	t <sub>RISE</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF	–	200	–	ns
Response Time <sup>[1]</sup>	t <sub>RESPONSE</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF	–	300	–	ns
Propagation Delay <sup>[1]</sup>	t <sub>DELAY</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF	–	250	–	ns
PROTECTION						
Undervoltage Lockout	V <sub>UVLO</sub>	Rising V <sub>DD</sub>	–	2.50	–	V
		Falling V <sub>DD</sub>	–	2.45	–	V
UVLO Hysteresis	V <sub>UV_HYS</sub>		–	50	–	mV

<sup>[1]</sup> Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise specified)

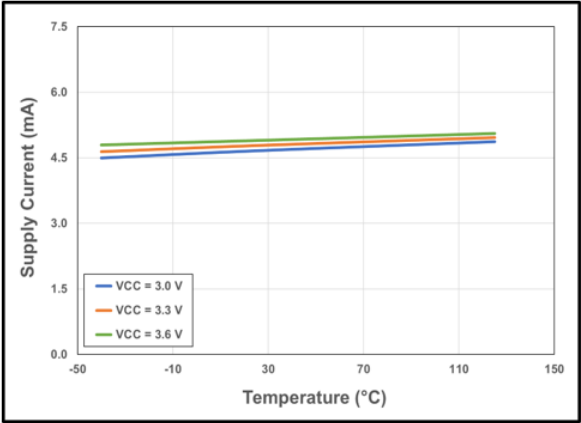


Figure 4: CT416 Supply Current vs. Temperature vs. Supply Voltage

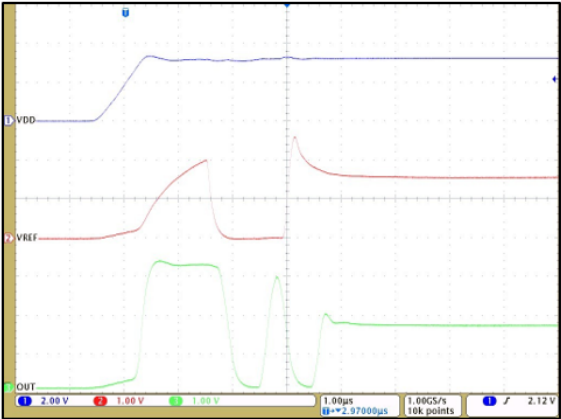


Figure 5: CT416 Startup Waveforms for  $V_{OQ} = 1.65\text{ V}$  (AC Current)

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise specified)

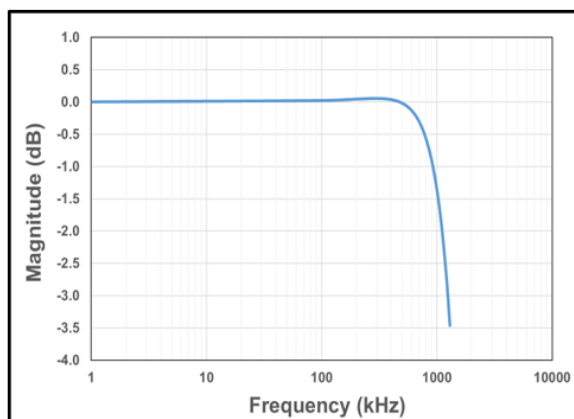


Figure 6: CT416 Bandwidth with  $C_{FILTER} = 1.0\text{ pF}$

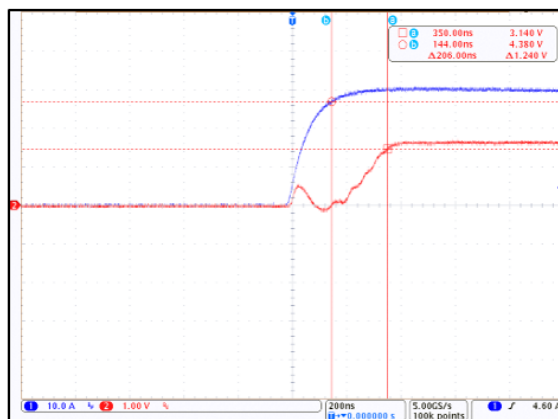


Figure 7: CT416 Response Time;  $I_P = 30\text{ A}_{PK}$  and  $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$

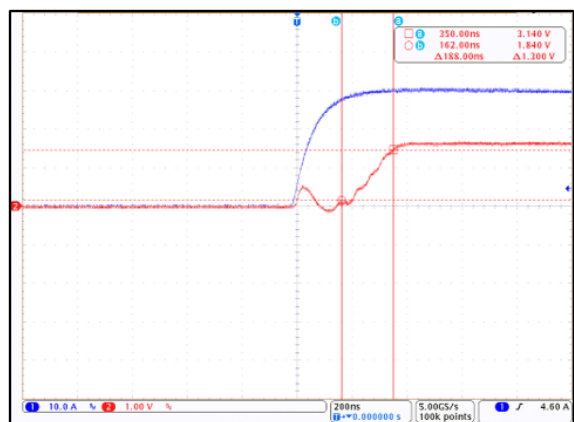


Figure 8: CT416 Rise Time;  $I_P = 30\text{ A}_{PK}$  and  $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$

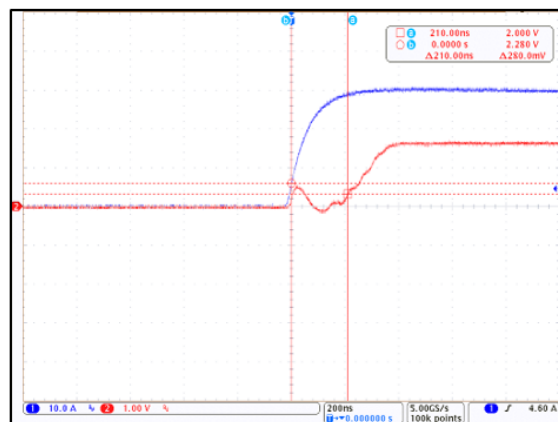


Figure 9: CT416 Propagation Delay;  $I_P = 30\text{ A}_{PK}$  and  $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$



**CT416-xSN820DR: 0 to 20 A – ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid for  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F, and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current Range	I <sub>RANGE</sub>		0	–	20	A
Voltage Output Quiescent	V <sub>OQ</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A	0.645	0.650	0.655	V
Sensitivity	S	I <sub>RANGE(MIN)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub>	–	100	–	mV/A
Bandwidth [1]	f <sub>BW</sub>	Small Signal = –3 dB	–	1.0	–	MHz
Noise [1]	e <sub>N</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f <sub>BW</sub> = 100 kHz	–	9.5	–	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
OUT ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error	E <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	–	±1.0	–	% FS
	E <sub>OUT_H</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C	–	±1.0	±2.5	% FS
	E <sub>OUT_C</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 25°C	–	±1.0	±3.0	% FS
Non-Linearity Error [1]	E <sub>LIN</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±0.1	–	% FS
Sensitivity Error [1]	E <sub>SENS</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±0.2	–	% FS
Offset Voltage [1]	V <sub>OFFSET</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±5.2	–	mV
			–	±0.3	–	% FS
LIFETIME DRIFT						
Total Output Error Lifetime Drift [1]	E <sub>TOT_DRIFT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	–	±1.0	–	% FS

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR CT416-xSN820DR

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise specified)

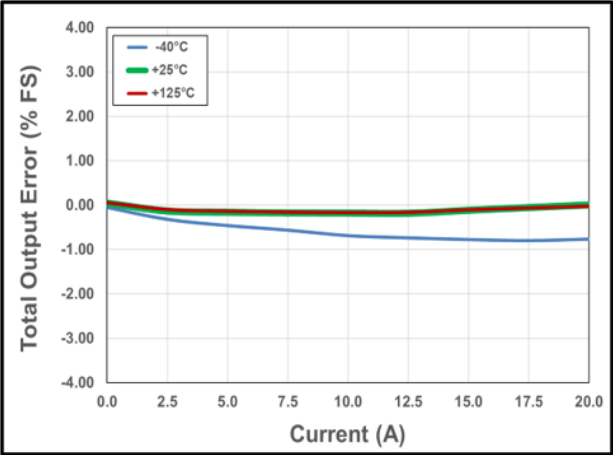


Figure 10: Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

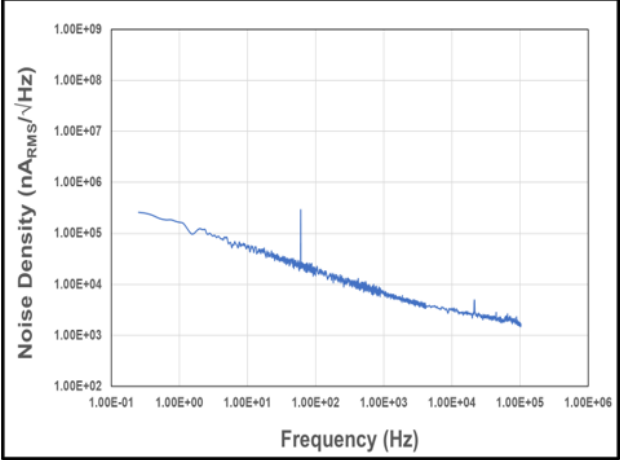


Figure 11: Noise Density vs. Frequency

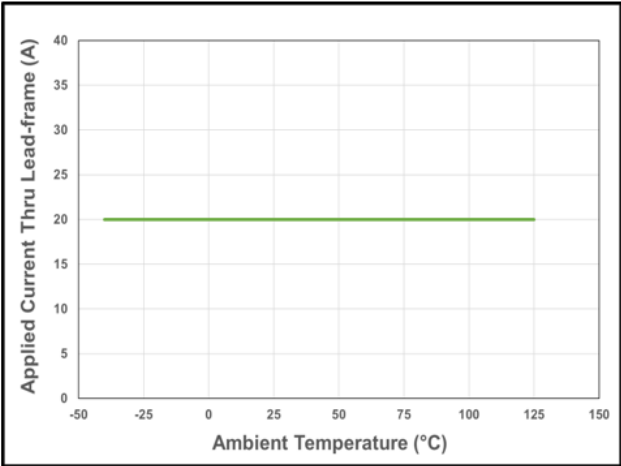


Figure 12: CT416 Current Derating Curve for 20 A<sub>DC</sub>

**CT416-xSN820MR: ±20 A – ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid for  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F, and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current Range	I <sub>RANGE</sub>		−20	−	20	A
Voltage Output Quiescent	V <sub>OQ</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A	1.645	1.650	1.655	V
Sensitivity	S	I <sub>RANGE(MIN)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub>	−	50	−	mV/A
Bandwidth [1]	f <sub>BW</sub>	Small Signal = −3 dB	−	1.0	−	MHz
Noise [1]	e <sub>N</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f <sub>BW</sub> = 100 kHz	−	11.0	−	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
OUT ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error	E <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	−	±1.0	−	% FS
	E <sub>OUT_H</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C	−	±1.0	±2.5	% FS
	E <sub>OUT_C</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C	−	±1.0	±3.0	% FS
Non-Linearity Error [1]	E <sub>LIN</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±0.1	−	% FS
Sensitivity Error [1]	E <sub>SENS</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±0.3	−	% FS
Offset Voltage [1]	V <sub>OFFSET</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±7.9	−	mV
			−	±0.4	−	% FS
LIFETIME DRIFT						
Total Output Error Lifetime Drift [1]	E <sub>TOT_DRIFT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	−	±1.0	−	% FS

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR CT416-xSN820MR

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise specified)

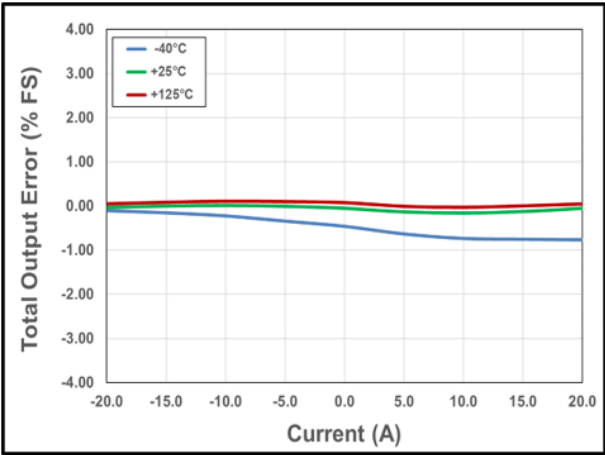


Figure 13: Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

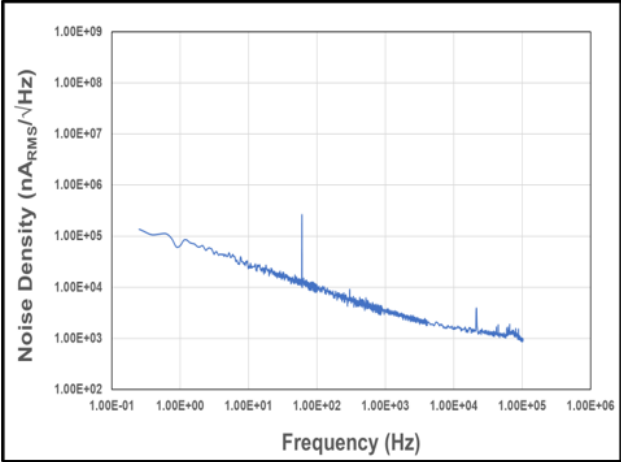


Figure 14: Noise Density vs. Frequency

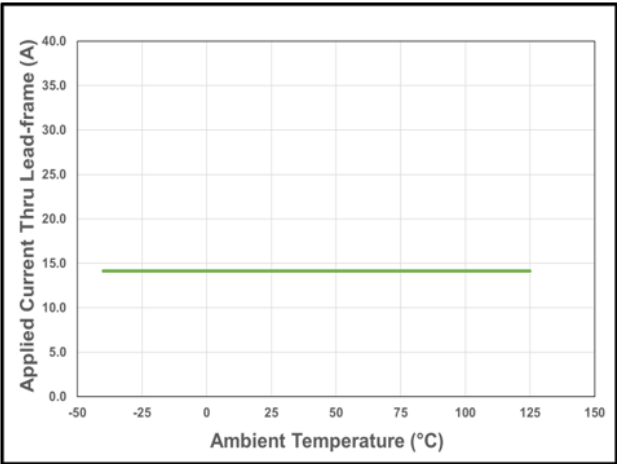


Figure 15: CT416 Current Derating Curve for 20 A<sub>PK</sub> (14.1 A<sub>DC</sub>)

**CT416-xSN830DR: 0 to 30 A – ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid for  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F, and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current Range	I <sub>RANGE</sub>		0	–	30	A
Voltage Output Quiescent	V <sub>OQ</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A	0.645	0.650	0.655	V
Sensitivity	S	I <sub>RANGE(MIN)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub>	–	66.7	–	mV/A
Bandwidth [1]	f <sub>BW</sub>	Small Signal = –3 dB, C <sub>FILTER</sub> = 5 pF	–	1.0	–	MHz
Noise [1]	e <sub>N</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f <sub>BW</sub> = 100 kHz	–	10.0	–	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
OUT ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error	E <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	–	±1.0	–	% FS
	E <sub>OUT_H</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C	–	±1.0	±2.5	% FS
	E <sub>OUT_C</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 25°C	–	±1.0	±3.0	% FS
Non-Linearity Error [1]	E <sub>LIN</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±0.1	–	% FS
Sensitivity Error [1]	E <sub>SENS</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±0.3	–	% FS
Offset Voltage [1]	V <sub>OFFSET</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±4.4	–	mV
			–	±0.2	–	% FS
LIFETIME DRIFT						
Total Output Error Lifetime Drift [1]	E <sub>TOT_DRIFT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	–	±1.0	–	% FS

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR CT416-xSN830DR

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise specified)

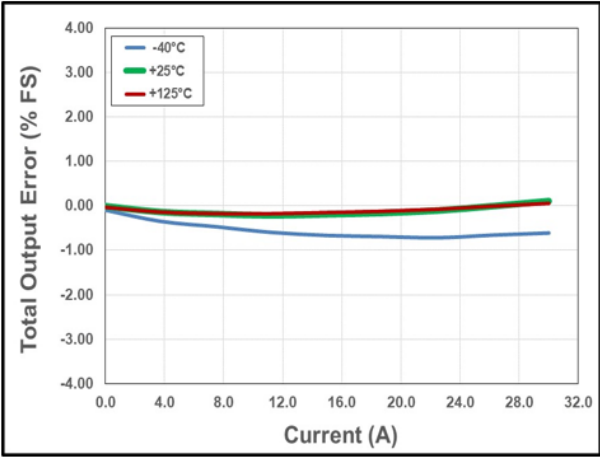


Figure 16: Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

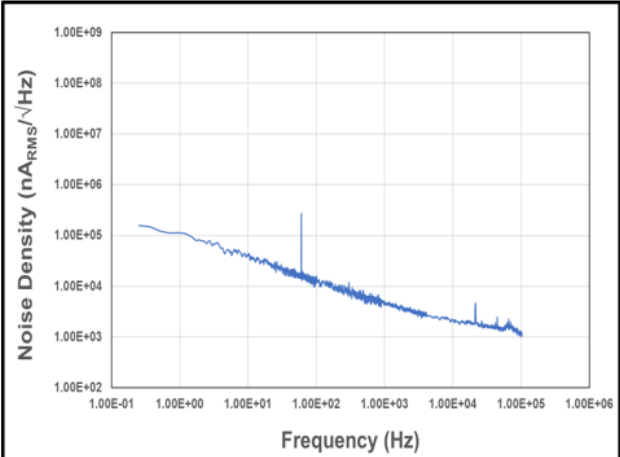


Figure 17: Noise Density vs. Frequency

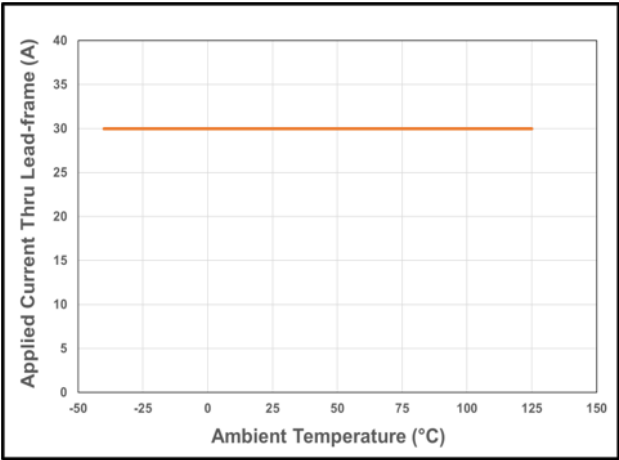


Figure 18: CT416 Current Derating Curve for 30 A<sub>DC</sub>

**CT416-xSN830MR: ±30 A – ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid for  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F, and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current Range	I <sub>RANGE</sub>		−30	−	30	A
Voltage Output Quiescent	V <sub>OQ</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A	1.645	1.650	1.655	V
Sensitivity	S	I <sub>RANGE(MIN)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub>	−	33.3	−	mV/A
Bandwidth [1]	f <sub>BW</sub>	Small Signal = −3 dB, C <sub>FILTER</sub> = 5 pF	−	1.0	−	MHz
Noise [1]	e <sub>N</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f <sub>BW</sub> = 100 kHz	−	12.5	−	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
OUT ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error	E <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	−	±1.0	−	% FS
	E <sub>OUT_H</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C	−	±1.0	±2.5	% FS
	E <sub>OUT_C</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C	−	±1.0	±3.0	% FS
Non-Linearity Error [1]	E <sub>LIN</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±0.1	−	% FS
Sensitivity Error [1]	E <sub>SENS</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±0.3	−	% FS
Offset Voltage [1]	V <sub>OFFSET</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±6.6	−	mV
			−	±0.3	−	% FS
LIFETIME DRIFT						
Total Output Error Lifetime Drift [1]	E <sub>TOT_DRIFT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	−	±1.0	−	% FS

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR CT416-xSN830MR

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise specified)

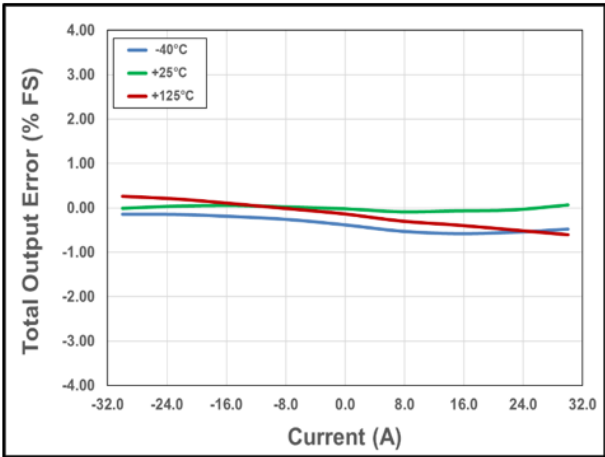


Figure 19: Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

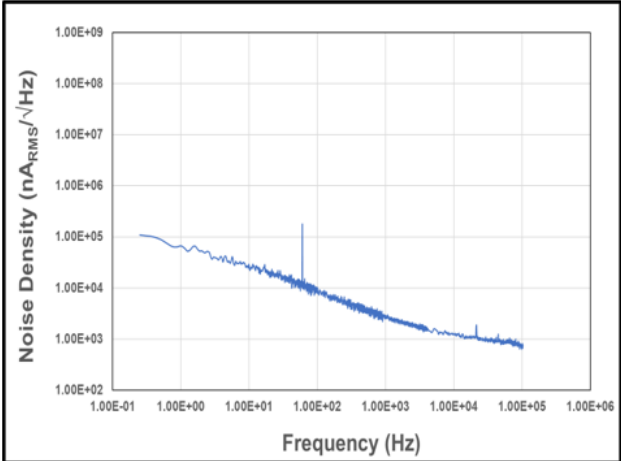


Figure 20: Noise Density vs. Frequency

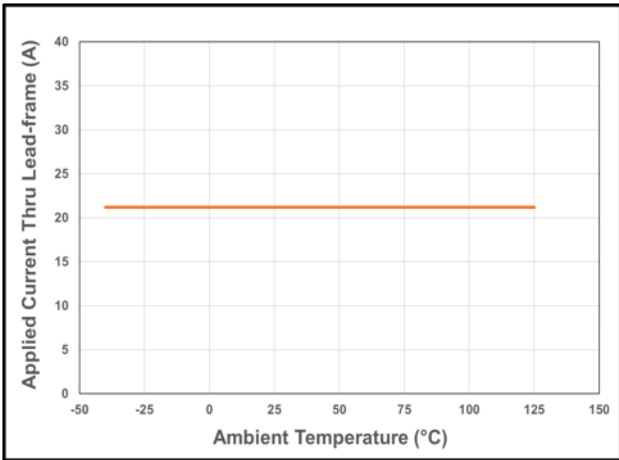


Figure 21: CT416 Current Derating Curve for 30 A<sub>PK</sub> (21.2 A<sub>DC</sub>)



**CT416-xSN850DR: 0 to 50 A – ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid for  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F, and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current Range	I <sub>RANGE</sub>		0	–	50	A
Voltage Output Quiescent	V <sub>OQ</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A	0.645	0.650	0.655	V
Sensitivity	S	I <sub>RANGE(MIN)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub>	–	40	–	mV/A
Bandwidth <sup>[1]</sup>	f <sub>BW</sub>	Small Signal = –3 dB	–	1.0	–	MHz
Noise <sup>[1]</sup>	e <sub>N</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f <sub>BW</sub> = 100 kHz	–	11.0	–	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
OUT ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error	E <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	–	±1.0	–	% FS
	E <sub>OUT_H</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C	–	±1.0	±2.5	% FS
	E <sub>OUT_C</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 25°C	–	±1.0	±3.0	% FS
Non-Linearity Error <sup>[1]</sup>	E <sub>LIN</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±0.2	–	% FS
Sensitivity Error <sup>[1]</sup>	E <sub>SENS</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±0.7	–	% FS
Offset Voltage <sup>[1]</sup>	V <sub>OFFSET</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±8.8	–	mV
			–	±0.4	–	% FS
LIFETIME DRIFT						
Total Output Error Lifetime Drift <sup>[1]</sup>	E <sub>TOT_DRIFT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	–	±1.0	–	% FS

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR CT416-xSN850DR

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise specified)

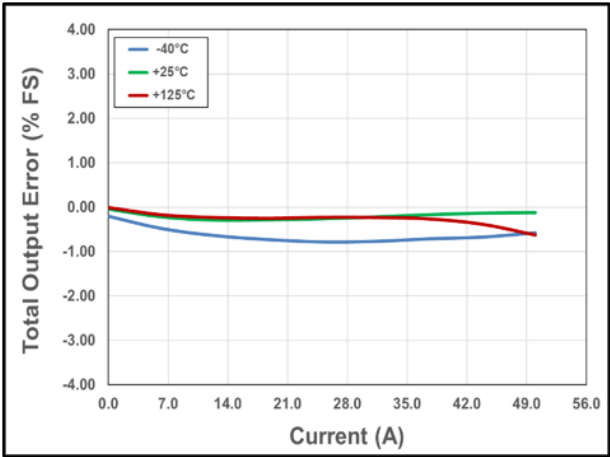


Figure 22: Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

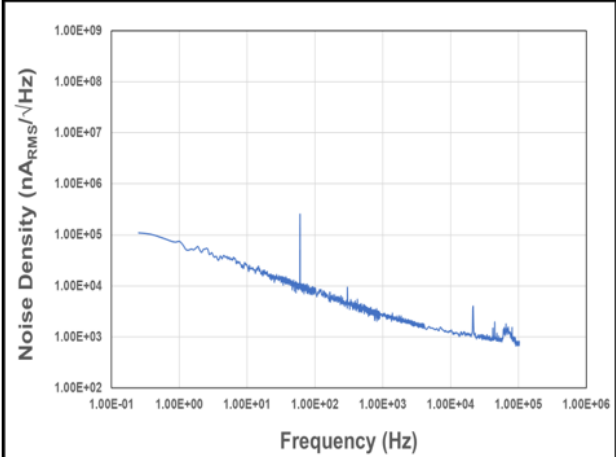


Figure 23: Noise Density vs. Frequency

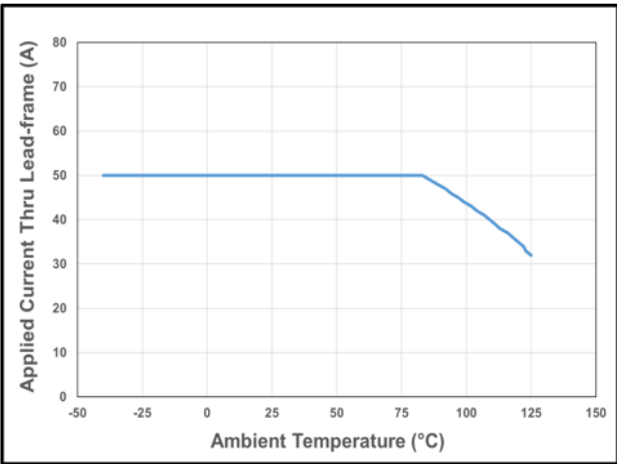


Figure 24: CT416 Current Derating Curve for 50 A<sub>DC</sub>

**CT416-xSN850MR: ±50 A – ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid for  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F, and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current Range	I <sub>RANGE</sub>		−50	−	50	A
Voltage Output Quiescent	V <sub>OQ</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A	1.645	1.650	1.655	V
Sensitivity	S	I <sub>RANGE(MIN)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub>	−	20	−	mV/A
Bandwidth [1]	f <sub>BW</sub>	Small Signal = −3 dB	−	1.0	−	MHz
Noise [1]	e <sub>N</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f <sub>BW</sub> = 100 kHz	−	19.0	−	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
OUT ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error	E <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	−	±1.0	−	% FS
	E <sub>OUT_H</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C	−	±1.0	±2.5	% FS
	E <sub>OUT_C</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C	−	±1.0	±3.0	% FS
Non-Linearity Error [1]	E <sub>LIN</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±0.1	−	% FS
Sensitivity Error [1]	E <sub>SENS</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±0.5	−	% FS
Offset Voltage [1]	V <sub>OFFSET</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±6.0	−	mV
			−	±0.3	−	% FS
LIFETIME DRIFT						
Total Output Error Lifetime Drift [1]	E <sub>TOT_DRIFT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	−	±1.0	−	% FS

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR CT416-xSN850MR

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise specified)

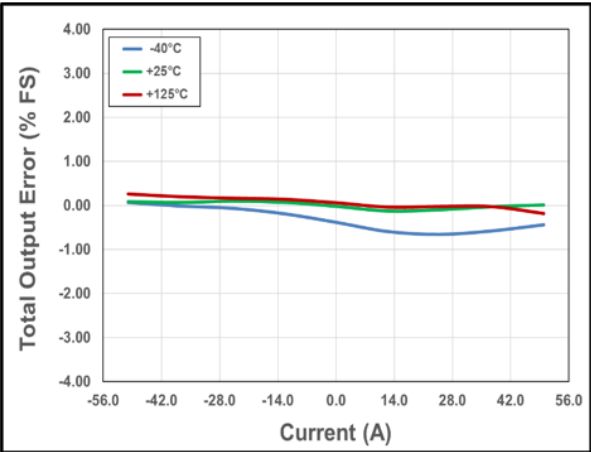


Figure 25: Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

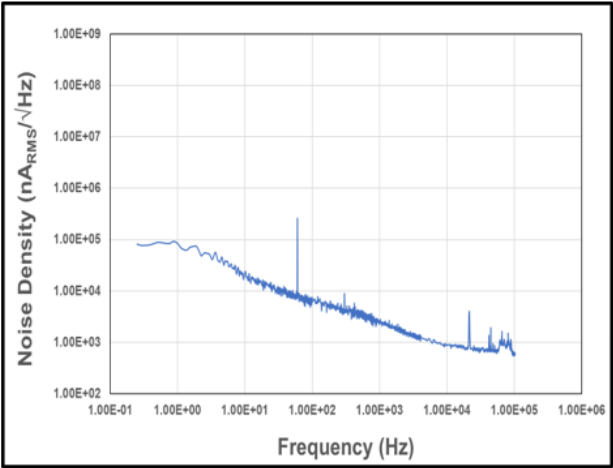


Figure 26: Noise Density vs. Frequency

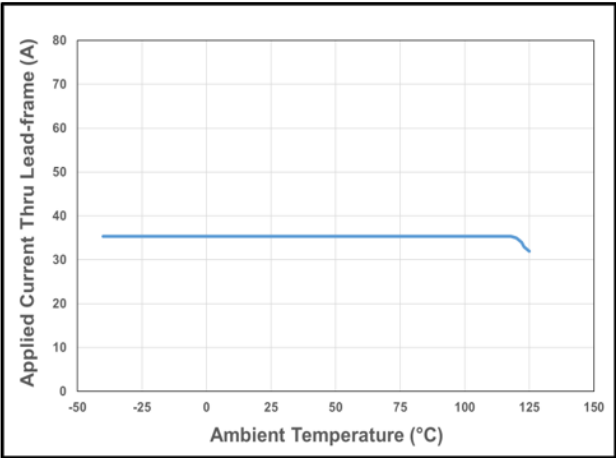


Figure 27: CT416 Current Derating Curve for 50 A<sub>PK</sub> (35.4 A<sub>DC</sub>)

**CT416-xSN865DR: 0 to 65 A – ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid for  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F, and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current Range	I <sub>RANGE</sub>		0	–	65	A
Voltage Output Quiescent	V <sub>OQ</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A	0.645	0.650	0.655	V
Sensitivity	S	I <sub>RANGE(MIN)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub>	–	30.8	–	mV/A
Bandwidth <sup>[1]</sup>	f <sub>BW</sub>	Small Signal = –3 dB, C <sub>FILTER</sub> = 5 pF	–	1.0	–	MHz
Noise <sup>[1]</sup>	e <sub>N</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f <sub>BW</sub> = 100 kHz	–	11.5	–	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
OUT ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error	E <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	–	±1.0	–	% FS
	E <sub>OUT_H</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C	–	±1.0	±2.5	% FS
	E <sub>OUT_C</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 25°C	–	±1.0	±3.0	% FS
Non-Linearity Error <sup>[1]</sup>	E <sub>LIN</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±0.2	–	% FS
Sensitivity Error <sup>[1]</sup>	E <sub>SENS</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±0.2	–	% FS
Offset Voltage <sup>[1]</sup>	V <sub>OFFSET</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±3.0	–	mV
			–	±0.1	–	% FS
LIFETIME DRIFT						
Total Output Error Lifetime Drift <sup>[1]</sup>	E <sub>TOT_DRIFT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	–	±1.0	–	% FS

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR CT416-xSN865DR

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise specified)

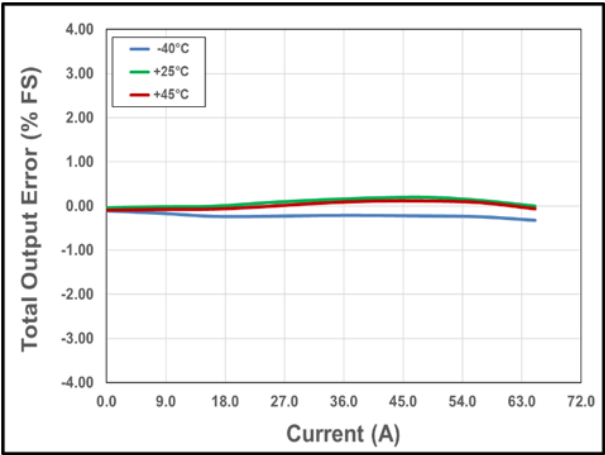


Figure 28: Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

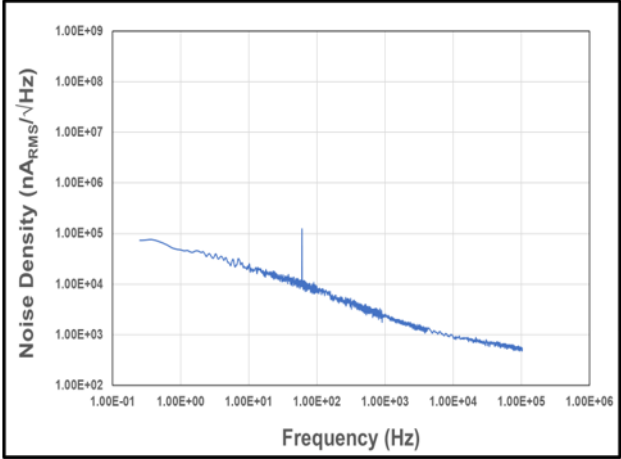


Figure 29: Noise Density vs. Frequency

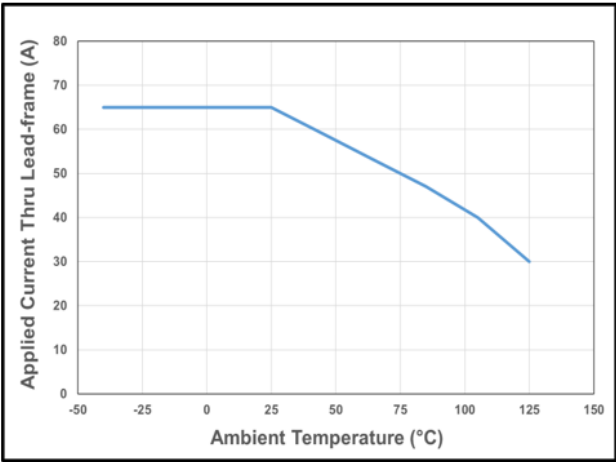


Figure 30: CT416 Current Derating Curve for 65 A<sub>DC</sub>

**CT416-xSN865MR: ±65 A – ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid for  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F, and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current Range	I <sub>RANGE</sub>		−65	−	65	A
Voltage Output Quiescent	V <sub>OQ</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A	1.645	1.650	1.655	V
Sensitivity	S	I <sub>RANGE(MIN)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub>	−	15.4	−	mV/A
Bandwidth [1]	f <sub>BW</sub>	Small Signal = −3 dB	−	1.0	−	MHz
Noise [1]	e <sub>N</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f <sub>BW</sub> = 100 kHz	−	19.0	−	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
OUT ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error	E <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	−	±1.0	−	% FS
	E <sub>OUT_H</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C	−	±1.0	±2.5	% FS
	E <sub>OUT_C</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 25°C	−	±1.0	±3.0	% FS
Non-Linearity Error [1]	E <sub>LIN</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±0.2	−	% FS
Sensitivity Error [1]	E <sub>SENS</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±0.3	−	% FS
Offset Voltage [1]	V <sub>OFFSET</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±4.0	−	mV
			−	±0.1	−	% FS
LIFETIME DRIFT						
Total Output Error Lifetime Drift [1]	E <sub>TOT_DRIFT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	−	±1.0	−	% FS

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR CT416-xSN865MR

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise specified)

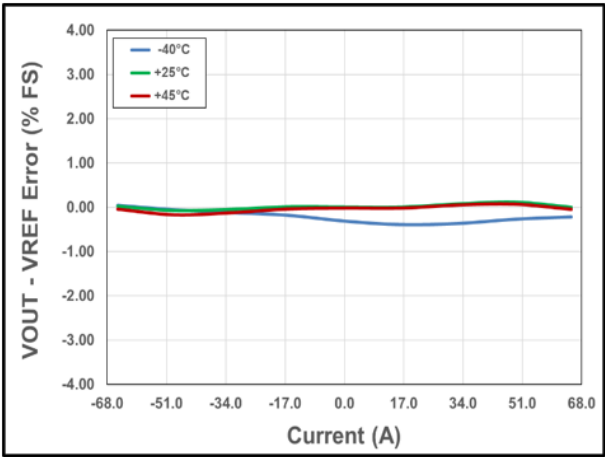


Figure 31: Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

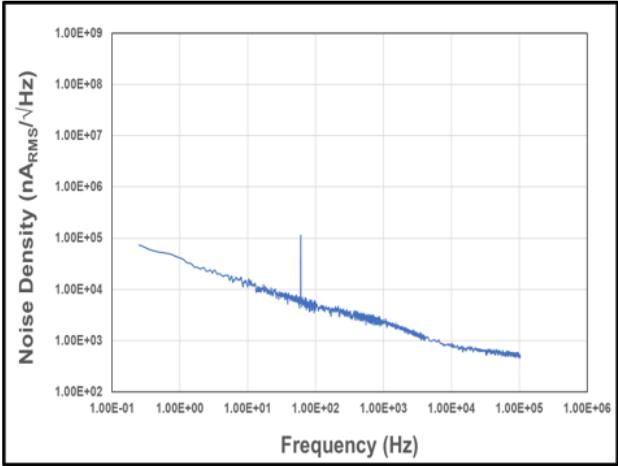


Figure 32: Noise Density vs. Frequency

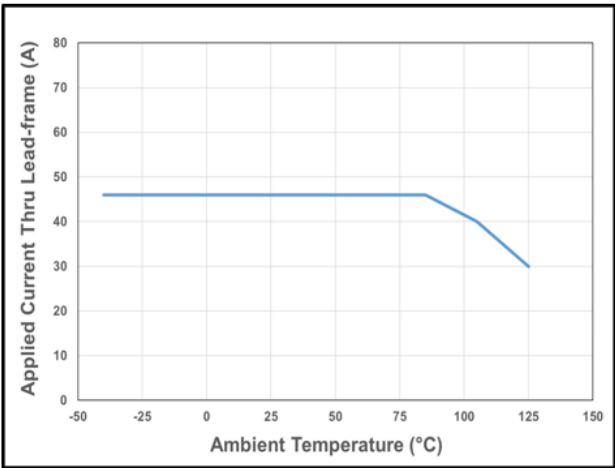


Figure 33: CT416 Current Derating Curve for 65 A<sub>PK</sub> (46.0 A<sub>DC</sub>)



## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

### Overview

The CT416 is a high accuracy contact current sensor with an integrated current-carrying conductor that handles up to 65 A. It has high sensitivity and a wide dynamic range with excellent accuracy (low total output error) across temperature. This current sensor supports eight current ranges:

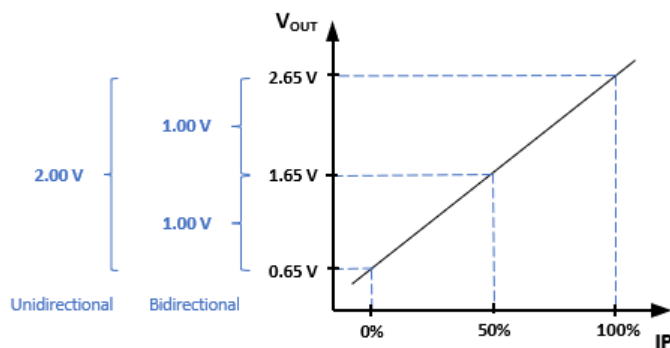
- 0 to 20 A
- ±20 A
- 0 to 30 A
- ±30 A
- 0 to 50 A
- ±50 A
- 0 to 65 A
- ±65 A

When current is flowing through the current-carrying conductor, the XtremeSense TMR sensors inside the chip senses the field which in turn generates differential voltage signals that then goes through the Analog Front-End (AFE) to output a current measurement with less than ±1.0% full-scale total output error ( $E_{OUT}$ ).

The chip is designed to enable a fast response time of 300 ns for the current measurement from the OUT pin as the bandwidth for the CT416 is 1.0 MHz. Even with a high bandwidth, the chip consumes a minimal amount of power.

### Linear Output Current Measurement

The CT416 provides a continuous linear analog output voltage which represents the current measurement. The output voltage range of OUT is from 0.65 to 2.65 V with a  $V_{OQ}$  of 0.65 V and 1.65 V for unidirectional and bidirectional currents, respectively. Figure 34 illustrates the output voltage range of the OUT pin as a function of the measured current.

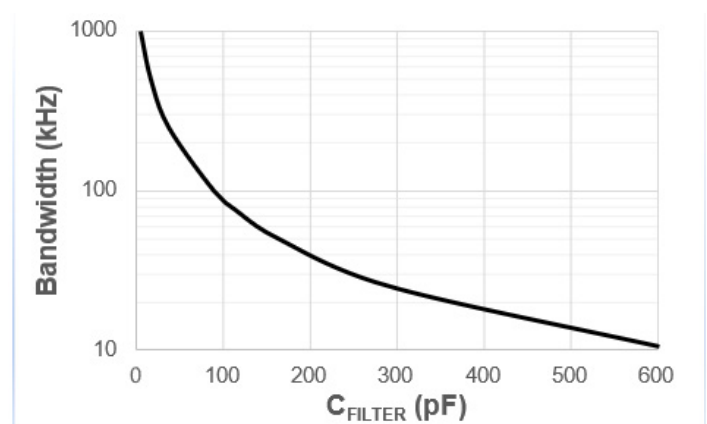


**Figure 34: Linear Output Voltage Range (OUT) vs. Measured Current (IP)**

### Filter Function (FILTER)

The CT416 has a pin for the FILTER function which will enable it to improve the noise performance by changing the cutoff frequency. The bandwidth of the CT416 is 1.0 MHz; however, adding a capacitor to the FILTER pin—which will be in-series with an internal resistance of approximately 15 kΩ—will set the cutoff frequency to reduce noise.

Experimentally measured Bandwidth does not necessarily match the calculated bandwidth value obtained by using the equation  $f_{BW} = 1/2\pi RC$  because of the parasitic capacitances due to PCB manufacturing and layout. This is further impacted by the small, picofarad level  $C_{FILTER}$  recommendations.



**Figure 35: Experimental Bandwidth vs.  $C_{FILTER}$**

### Sensitivity

Sensitivity (S) is a change in the CT416 output in response to a change in 1 A of current flowing through the current-carrying conductor. It is defined by the product of the magnetic circuit sensitivity (G/A, where 1.0 G = 0.1 mT) and the chip linear amplifier gain (mV/G). Therefore, the result of this gives a sensitivity unit of mV/A. The CT416 is factory-calibrated to optimize the sensitivity for the full scale of the device dynamic range.

### Total Output Error

The Total Output Error ( $E_{OUT}$ ) is the maximum deviation of the sensor output from the ideal sensor transfer curve over the full temperature range relative to the sensor full scale.

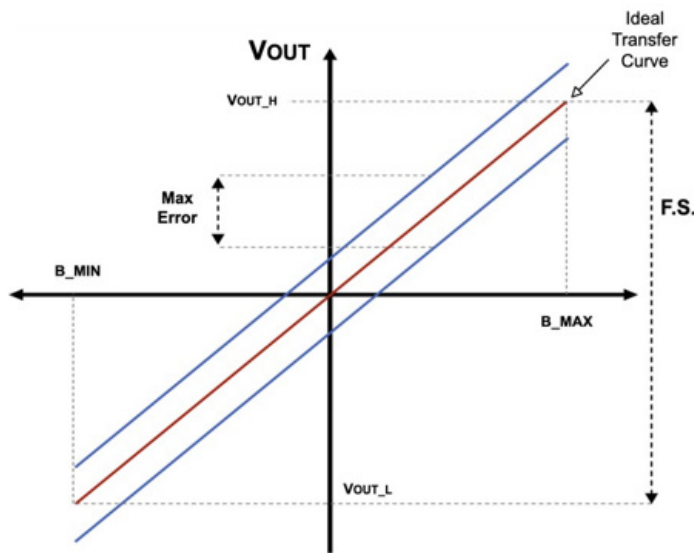
The Total Output Error is measured by performing a full-scale primary current (IP) sweep and measuring  $V_{OUT}$  at multiple points.

$$E_{OUT} = 100 * \frac{\max (V_{OUT\_IDEAL}(I) - V_{OUT}(I))}{F.S.}$$

The Ideal Transfer Curve is calculated based on datasheet parameters as described below.

$$V_{OUT\_IDEAL}(I_P) = V_{OQ} + S * I_P$$

$E_{OUT}$  incorporates all sources of error and is a function of the sensed current ( $I_P$ ) from the current sensor.



**Figure 36: Total Output Error ( $E_{OUT}$ ) vs. Sensed Current ( $I_P$ )**

The CT416 achieves a total output error ( $E_{OUT}$ ) that is less than  $\pm 3.0\%$  of Full-Scale (FS) over supply voltage and temperature. It is designed with innovative and proprietary TMR sensors and circuit blocks to provide very accurate current measurements regardless of the operating conditions.

## Sensitivity Error

The sensitivity error ( $E_{SENS}$ ) is the sensitivity temperature drift error for unipolar or DC current. It is calculated using the equation below:

$$E_{SENS} = 100 * \left( \frac{S_{MEASURED}}{S} - 1 \right)$$

For bipolar or AC current, the  $E_{SENS}$  is calculated by dividing the equation by 2.

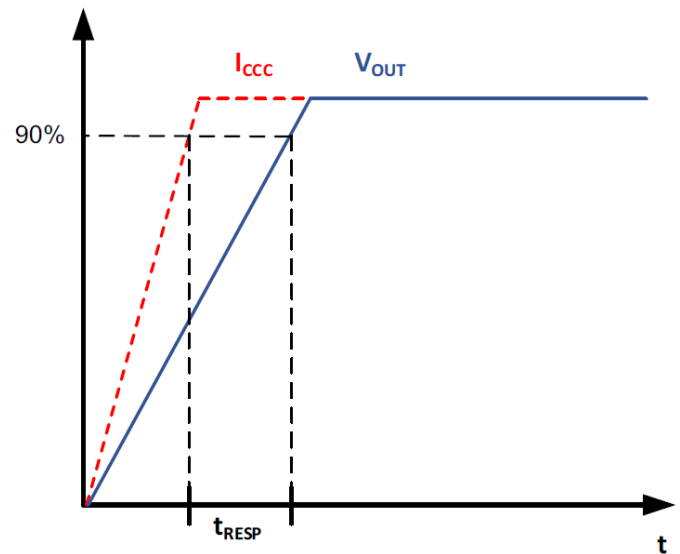
## Power-On Time ( $t_{ON}$ )

Power-On Time ( $t_{ON}$ ) of 100  $\mu s$  is the amount of time required by CT416 to start up, fully power the chip, and becoming fully operational from the moment the supply voltage is applied to it. This time includes the ramp-up time and the settling time (within 10% of steady-state voltage under an applied magnetic field) after the power supply has reached the minimum  $V_{CC}$ .

## Response Time ( $t_{RESPONSE}$ )

Response Time ( $t_{RESPONSE}$ ) of 300 ns for the CT416 is the time interval between the following terms:

1. When the primary current signal reaches 90% of its final value,
2. When the chip reaches 90% of its output corresponding to the applied current.



**Figure 37: CT416 Response Time Curve**

## Rise Time ( $t_{RISE}$ )

Rise Time ( $t_{RISE}$ ) is the time interval of when it reaches 10% and 90% of the full-scale output voltage. The  $t_{RISE}$  of the CT416 is 200 ns.

## Propagation Delay ( $t_{DELAY}$ )

Propagation Delay ( $t_{DELAY}$ ) is the time difference between these two events:

1. When the primary current reaches 20% of its final value

2. 2. When the chip reaches 20% of its output corresponding to the applied current.

The CT416 has a propagation delay of 250 ns.

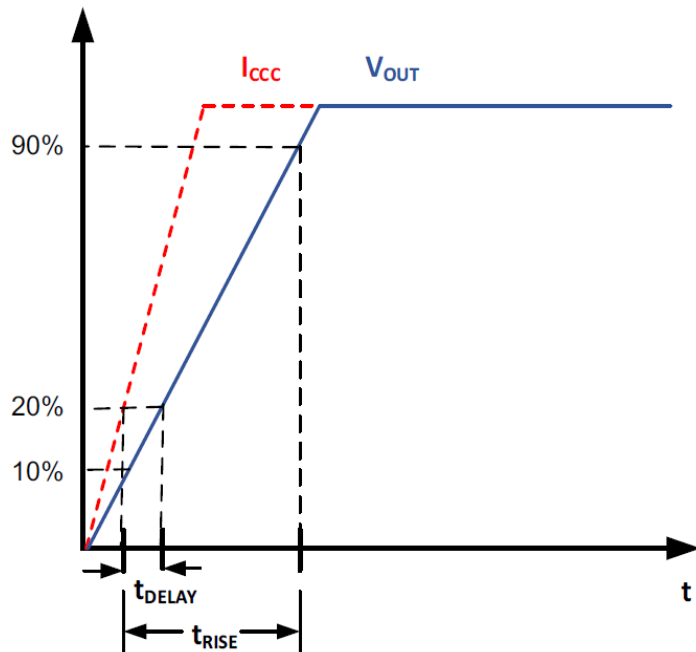


Figure 38: CT416 Propagation Delay and Rise Time Curve

### Undervoltage Lockout (UVLO)

The Undervoltage Lockout protection circuitry of the CT416 is activated when the supply voltage ( $V_{CC}$ ) falls below 2.45 V. The CT416 remains in a low quiescent state until  $V_{CC}$  rises above the UVLO threshold (2.50 V). In this condition where  $V_{CC}$  is less than 2.45 V and UVLO is triggered, the output from the CT416 is not valid. Once  $V_{CC}$  rises above 2.50 V then the UVLO is cleared.

### Immunity to Common Mode Fields

The CT416 is housed in a custom plastic package that uses a U-shaped leadframe to reduce the common mode fields generated as current flows through the current-carrying conductor. With the U-shaped leadframe, the stray fields cancel one another thus reducing electromagnetic interference (EMI).

Also, a good PCB layout of the CT416 will optimize performance and reduce EMI. See the Applications Information section in this datasheet for recommendations on PCB layout.

### Creepage and Clearance

Two important terms as it relates to isolation provided by the package are: creepage and clearance. Creepage is defined as the shortest distance across the surface of the package from one side the leads to the other side of the leads. The definition for clearance is the shortest distance between the leads of opposite side through the air. Figure 39 illustrates the creepage and clearance for the SOIC-8 package of the CT416.

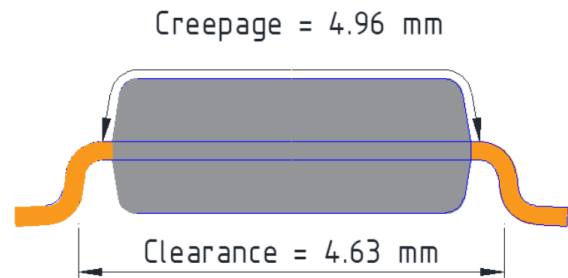


Figure 39: The Creepage and Clearance for the CT416 SOIC-8 package

### Application

The CT416 is an integrated contact current sensor that can be used in many applications from measuring current in power supplies to motor control to overcurrent fault protection. It is a plug-and-play solution in that no calibration is required, and it outputs to a microcontroller a simple linear analog output voltage which corresponds to a current measurement value.

It is designed to support an operating voltage range of 3.3 to 3.6 V, but it is ideal to use a 3.3 V power supply where the output tolerance is less than  $\pm 5\%$ .

### Bypass Capacitor

A single 1.0  $\mu\text{F}$  capacitor is needed for the VCC pin to reduce the noise from the power supply and other circuits. This capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the CT416 to minimize inductance and resistance between the two devices.

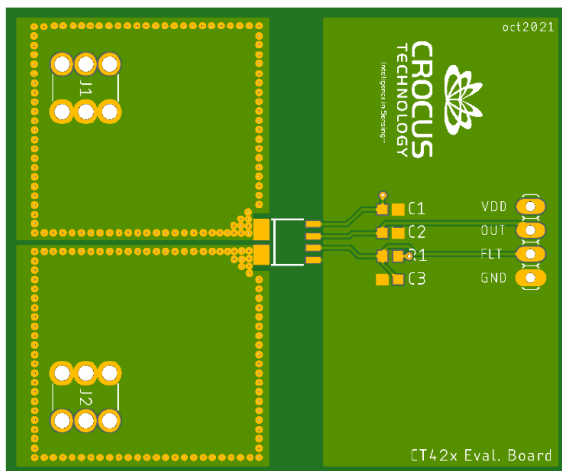
### Filter Capacitor

A capacitor may be added to the FILTER pin of the CT416 if there is a requirement to improve the noise performance. The capacitor will be connected to an internal resistor of 15 k $\Omega$  inside the chip to form a R-C filter. This R-C filter produces a cutoff frequency that will reduce the noise over this lower bandwidth.

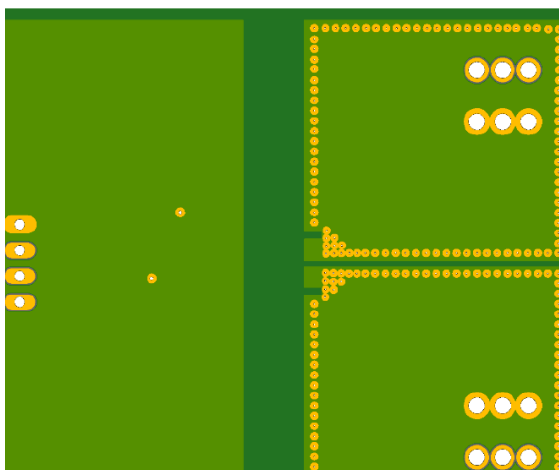
If the filtering function is not required, then the FILTER pin should be left unconnected (No Connect).

### Recommended PCB Layout

Since the CT416 can measure up to 65 A of current, special care must be taken in the printed circuit board (PCB) layout of the CT416 and the surrounding circuitry. It is recommended that the CCC pins be connected to as much copper area as possible. It is also recommended that 2 oz. or heavier copper be used for PCB traces when the CT416 is used to measure up to 30 A of current. Additional layers of the PCB should also be used to carry current and be connected using the arrangement of vias. Figure 40 and Figure 41 show the recommended the PCB layout for the 20 A and 30 A variants of CT416. For the 65 A variant, it is recommended that 4 oz. of copper be used for the PCB traces.



**Figure 40: Recommended PCB Layout (Top Layer) for the 20 A to 65 A variants of the CT416**



**Figure 41: Recommended PCB Layout (Bottom Layer) for the 20 A to 65 A variants of the CT416**

## PACKAGE OUTLINE DRAWING

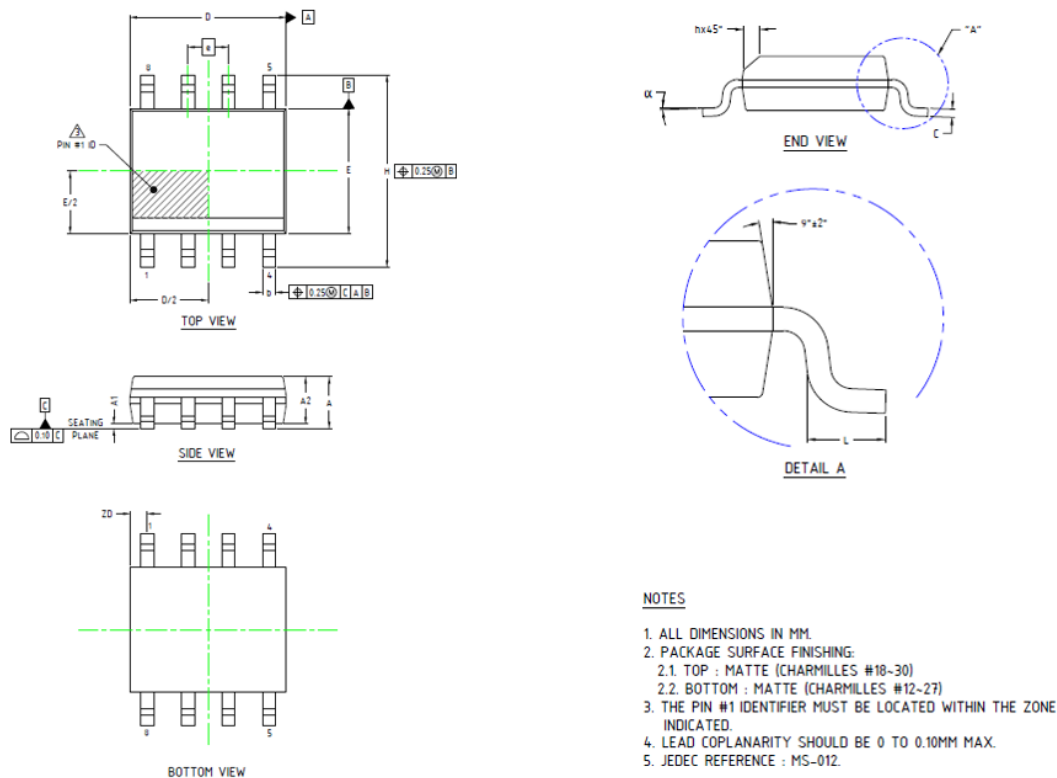
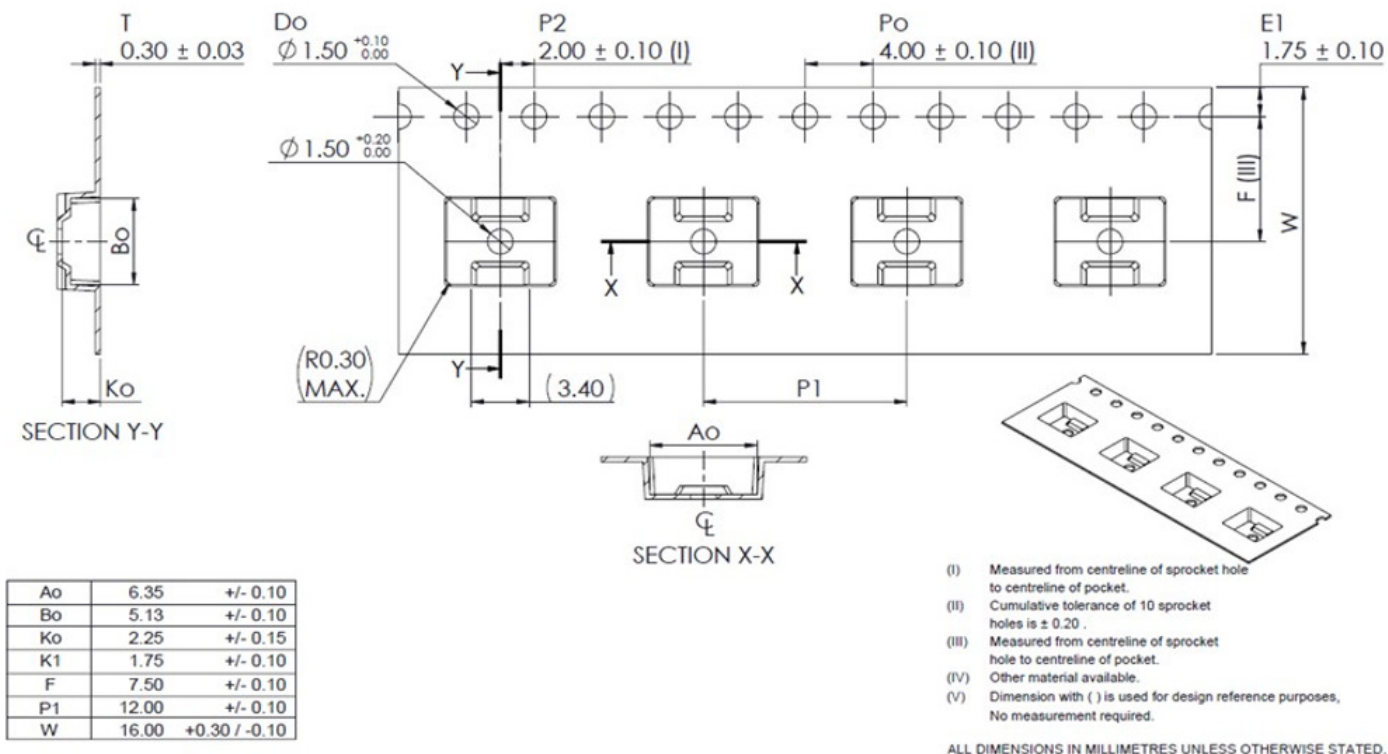


Figure 42: SOIC-8 Package Drawing and Dimensions

Table 2: CT416 SOIC-8 Package Dimensions

Symbol	Dimensions in Millimeters (mm)		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A1	0.10	0.18	0.25
b	0.36	0.41	0.46
C	0.19	0.22	0.25
D	4.80	4.89	4.98
E	3.81	3.90	3.99
e	1.27 BSC		
H	5.80	6.00	6.20
h	0.25	0.37	0.50
L	0.41	—	1.27
A	1.52	1.62	1.72
α	0°	—	8°
ZD	0.53 REF		
A2	1.37	1.47	1.57

## TAPE AND REEL POCKET DRAWING AND DIMENSIONS



ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETRES UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.

Figure 43: Tape and Pocket Drawing for SOIC-8 Package

### PACKAGE INFORMATION

Table 3: CT416 Package Information

Part Number	Package Type	# of Leads	Package Quantity	Lead Finish	MSL Rating [2]	Operating Temperature (°C) [3]	Device Marking [4]
CT416-HSN820DR	SOIC	8	2000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT416 S820DR YYWWLL
CT416-ASN820DR	SOIC	8	2000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT416A S820DR YYWWLL
CT416-HSN820MR	SOIC	8	2000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT416 S820MR YYWWLL
CT416-ASN820MR	SOIC	8	2000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT416A S820MR YYWWLL
CT416-HSN830DR	SOIC	8	2000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT416 S830DR YYWWLL
CT416-ASN830DR	SOIC	8	2000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT416A S830DR YYWWLL
CT416-HSN830MR	SOIC	8	2000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT416 S830MR YYWWLL
CT416-ASN830MR	SOIC	8	2000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT416A S830MR YYWWLL
CT416-HSN850DR	SOIC	8	2000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT416 S850DR YYWWLL
CT416-ASN850DR	SOIC	8	2000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT416A S850DR YYWWLL
CT416-HSN850MR	SOIC	8	2000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT416 S850MR YYWWLL
CT416-ASN850MR	SOIC	8	2000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT416A S850MR YYWWLL
CT416-HSN865DR	SOIC	8	2000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT416 S865DR YYWWLL
CT416-ASN865DR	SOIC	8	2000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT416A S865DR YYWWLL
CT416-HSN865MR	SOIC	8	2000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT416 S865MR YYWWLL
CT416-ASN865MR	SOIC	8	2000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT416A S865MR YYWWLL

[1] RoHS is defined as semiconductor products that are compliant to the current EU RoHS requirements. It also will meet the requirement that RoHS substances do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Green is defined as the content of chlorine (Cl), bromine (Br), and antimony trioxide based flame retardants satisfy JS709B low halogen requirements of  $\leq 1,000$  ppm.

[2] MSL Rating = Moisture Sensitivity Level Rating as defined by JEDEC standard classifications.

[3] Package will withstand ambient temperature range of –40°C to 125°C and storage temperature range of –65°C to 150°C.

[4] Device Marking for CT416 is defined as CT416 S8xxZR YYWWLL where the first 2 lines = part number, YY = year, WW = work week, and LL = lot code.



DEVICE MARKING

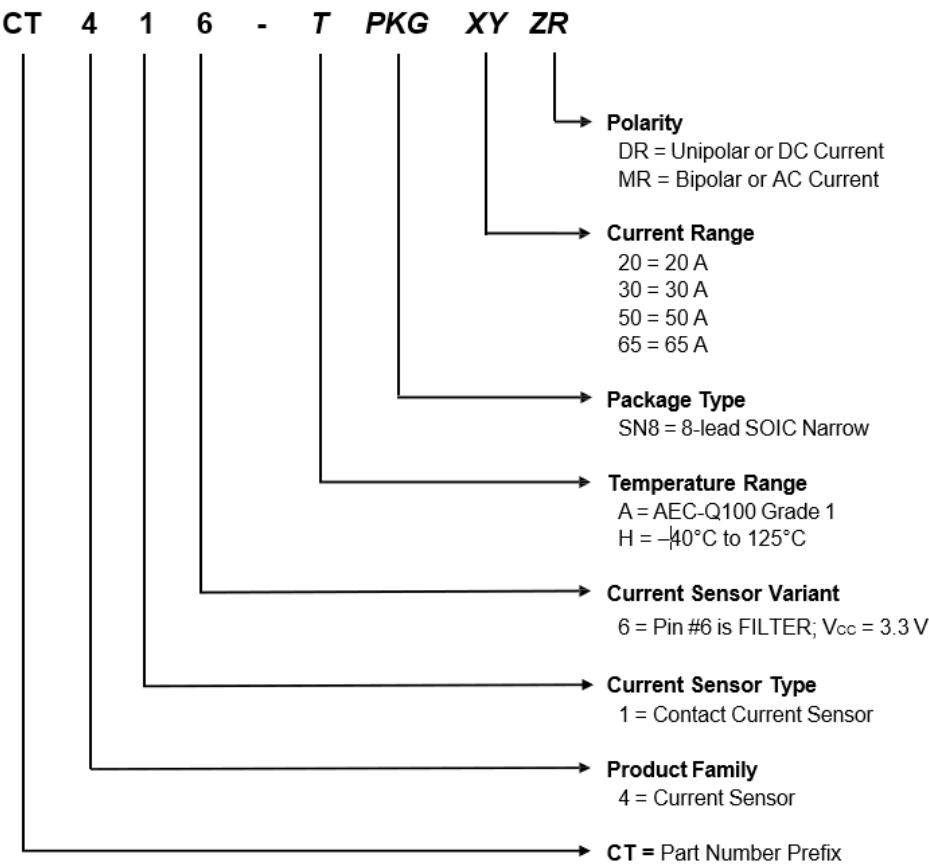


Figure 44: CT416 Device Marking for 8-lead Package

Table 4: CT416 Device Marking Definition for 8-lead SOIC Package

Row No.	Code	Definition
3	•	Pin 1 Indicator
1	CT416	Allegro Part Number
1	A	AEC-Q100 Qualified
2	P	Package Type
2	N	Number of Pins
2	XX	Current Range
2	ZR	Polarity
3	YY	Calendar Year
3	WW	Work Week
3	LL	Lot Code

PART ORDERING NUMBER LEGEND





**Revision History**

Number	Date	Description
2	November 2, 2023	Document rebranded and minor editorial updates

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