

## XtremeSense™ TMR Current Sensor with High dV/dt Immunity, 5 kV Isolation, and Common-Mode Field Rejection

### FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- Integrated contact current sensing for low to medium current ranges:
  - 0 to 20 A
  - ±20 A
  - 0 to 30 A
  - ±30 A
  - ±40 A
  - 0 to 50 A
  - ±50 A
  - 0 to 65 A
  - ±65 A
  - 0 to 70 A
- Optimized for high dV/dt applications
- Integrated current carrying conductor (CCC)
- Linear analog output voltage
- Total error output  $\leq \pm 1.0\%$  FS,  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$
- 1 MHz bandwidth
- Response time:  $\sim 300$  ns
- UL/IEC 62368-1 and UL1577 certification
  - Rated isolation voltage:  $5\text{ kV}_{\text{RMS}}$
  - Working voltage for basic isolation:  $1287\text{ V}_{\text{RMS}}$
  - Working voltage for reinforced isolation:  $647\text{ V}_{\text{RMS}}$
- IEC 61000-4-5 certified
- Low noise:  $9.5$  to  $19.0\text{ mA}_{\text{RMS}}$  @  $f_{\text{BW}} = 100\text{ kHz}$
- Immunity to common mode fields:  $-54\text{ dB}$
- Supply voltage:  $3.0$  to  $3.6\text{ V}$
- AEC-Q100 grade 1
- 16-lead SOICW package

### DESCRIPTION

The CT433 is a high bandwidth and ultra-low noise integrated contact current sensor that uses Allegro patented XtremeSense™ TMR technology to enable high accuracy current measurements for many consumer, enterprise, and industrial applications. The device supports multiple current ranges where the integrated current carrying conductor (CCC) will handle up to 65 A of current and generates a current measurement as a linear analog output voltage. The device achieves a total output error of less than  $\pm 1.0\%$  full-scale (FS) over voltage and the full temperature range.

The device has a  $\sim 300$  ns output response time while the current consumption is  $\sim 6.0\text{ mA}$  and is immune to common mode fields. The CT433 is optimized for high dV/dt applications which minimizes capacitive coupling to  $V_{\text{OUT}}$ , allowing the CT433 to be used in switching applications.

The CT433 is offered in an industry-standard 16-lead SOIC wide package that is green and RoHS compliant.

### APPLICATIONS

- Power inverters
- UPS, SMPS, and telecom power supplies
- Motor control
- Overcurrent fault protection

### PACKAGE:

Not to scale



16-lead SOICW



TÜV Certificate No.:  
R 72226133 0001



UL Certificate No.:  
UL-CA-2201235-0

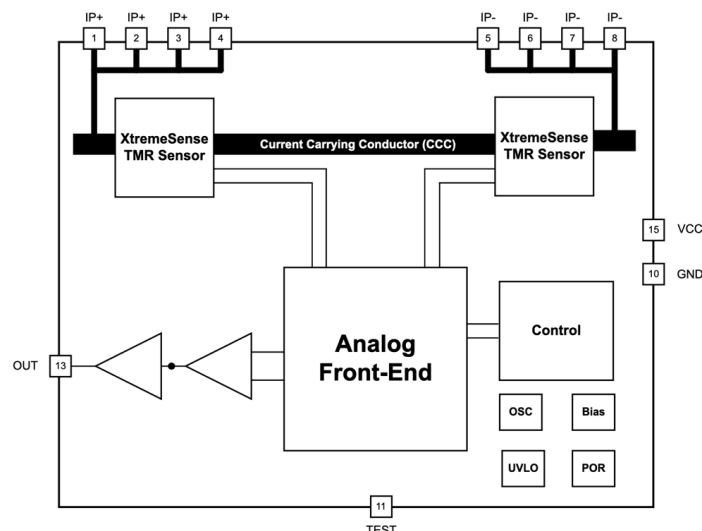


Figure 1: CT433 Functional Block Diagram for 16-lead SOICW Package

# CT433

## XtremeSense™ TMR Current Sensor with High dV/dt Immunity, 5 kV Isolation and Common-Mode Field Rejection

### SELECTION GUIDE

Part Number	Current Range (I <sub>PMAX</sub> ) (A)	Sensitivity (mV/A)	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	Package	Packing
CT433-HSWF20MR	±20	50	−40 to 125	16-lead SOICW 10.21 mm × 10.31 mm × 2.54 mm	Tape and Reel
CT433-HSWF30MR	±30	33.3			
CT433-HSWF40MR	±40	25			
CT433-HSWF50MR	±50	20			
CT433-HSWF65MR	±65	15.4			
CT433-HSWF70MR	±70	14.3			
CT433-HSWF20DR	20	100			
CT433-HSWF30DR	30	66.7			
CT433-HSWF50DR	50	40			
CT433-HSWF65DR	65	30.8			
AEC-Q100 GRADE 1					
CT433-ASWF20MR	±20	50	Grade 1 −40 to 125	16-lead SOICW 10.21 mm × 10.31 mm × 2.54 mm	Tape and Reel
CT433-ASWF30MR	±30	33.3			
CT433-ASWF50MR	±50	20			
CT433-ASWF65MR	±65	15.4			
CT433-ASWF20DR	20	100			
CT433-ASWF30DR	30	66.7			
CT433-ASWF50DR	50	40			
CT433-ASWF65DR	65	30.8			

### EVALUATION BOARD SELECTION GUIDE

Part Number	Current Range (A)	Operating Temperature Range (°C)
CTD433-20DC	0 to 20	-40 to 125
CTD433-20AC	±20	
CTD433-30DC	0 to 30	
CTD433-30AC	±30	
CTD433-50DC	0 to 50	
CTD433-50AC	±50	
CTD433-65DC	0 to 65	
CTD433-65AC	±65	

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**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** <sup>[1]</sup>

Characteristic	Symbol	Notes	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage Strength	$V_{CC}$		-0.3 to 6.0	V
Analog Input/Output Pins Maximum Voltage	$V_{I/O}$		-0.3 to $V_{CC} + 0.3$ <sup>[2]</sup>	V
Current Carrying Conductor Maximum Current	$I_{CCC(MAX)}$	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	70	A
Dielectric Surge Strength Test Voltage	$V_{SURGE}$	IEC 61000-4-5: Tested $\pm 5$ Pulses at 2/60 seconds, 1.2 $\mu s$ (rise) and 50 $\mu s$ (width)	6.0 (min)	kV
Surge Strength Test Current	$I_{SURGE}$	Tested $\pm 5$ Pulses at 3/60 seconds, 8.0 $\mu s$ (rise) and 20 $\mu s$ (width)	3.0 (min)	kA
Electrostatic Discharge Protection Level	ESD	Human Body Model (HBM) per JESD22-A114	$\pm 2.0$	kV
		Charged Device Model (CDM) per JESD22-C101	$\pm 0.5$	kV
Junction Temperature	$T_J$		-40 to 150	$^{\circ}C$
Storage Temperature	$T_{STG}$		-65 to 155	$^{\circ}C$
Lead Soldering Temperature	$T_L$	10 seconds	260	$^{\circ}C$

<sup>[1]</sup> Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the CT433 and may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

<sup>[2]</sup> The lower of  $V_{CC} + 0.3$  V or 6.0 V.

**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS** <sup>[1]</sup>

Characteristic	Symbol	Notes	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage Range	$V_{CC}$		3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Output Voltage Range	$V_{OUT}$		0	–	$V_{CC}$	V
Output Current	$I_{OUT}$		–	–	$\pm 1.0$	mA
Operating Ambient Temperature	$T_A$	Extended Industrial	-40	25	125	$^{\circ}C$
		Automotive	-40	25	125	$^{\circ}C$

<sup>[1]</sup> The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual operation of the CT433. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the specifications. Allegro does not recommend exceeding them or designing to absolute maximum ratings.

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Value	Unit
Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance	$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance is a function of application and board layout and is determined in accordance to JEDEC standard JESD51 for a four (4) layer 2s2p FR-4 printed circuit board (PCB) with 4 oz. of copper (Cu). Special attention must be paid not to exceed junction temperature $T_{J(MAX)}$ at a given ambient temperature $T_A$ .	15	$^{\circ}C/W$
Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance	$R_{\theta JC}$		10	$^{\circ}C/W$

## ISOLATION RATINGS

Characteristic	Symbol	Notes	Rating	Unit
Rated Isolation Voltage	$V_{ISO}$	Agency Tested per IEC 62368 <sup>[1]</sup> for 60 seconds. Production Tested at $V_{ISO}$ for 1 second per IEC 62368.	5.0	kV <sub>RMS</sub>
		Agency Tested per UL1577 for 60 seconds. Production Tested at $V_{ISO}$ for 1 second per UL1577.	5.0	kV <sub>RMS</sub>
Working Voltage for Basic Isolation	$V_{WORK\_ISO}$	Tested per IEC 62368 <sup>[1]</sup> .	1820	V <sub>PK</sub>
			1287	V <sub>RMS</sub>
Working Voltage for Reinforced Isolation	$V_{WORK\_RI}$	Tested per IEC 62368 <sup>[1]</sup> .	915	V <sub>PK</sub>
			647	V <sub>RMS</sub>
Creepage Distance	$D_{CR}$	Minimum distance along package body from IP pins to I/O pins.	9.21	mm
Clearance Distance	$D_{CL}$	Minimum distance through air from IP pins to I/O pins.	8.79	mm
Distance Through Isolation	$D_{ISO}$	Minimum internal distance through isolation	110	μm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI	Material Group II	400 to 599	V

<sup>[1]</sup> IEC 62368 is the succeeding standard to IEC 60950-1 (Edition 2) for isolation testing specifications and as such it will be compliant to the latter standard.

CMTI RATING <sup>[1]</sup>

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Rating	Unit
Common Mode Transient Immunity	CMTI	The failure criterion is that output peak is greater than 100 mV, and duration is longer than 1 μs.	100	kV/μs

<sup>[1]</sup> Common Mode Transient Immunity defines how the sensor output changes under a high dV/dt event.

PINOUT DIAGRAM AND TERMINAL LIST

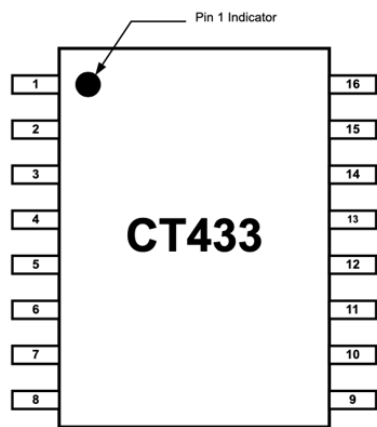


Figure 2: CT433 Pinout Diagram for 16-lead SOICW Package (Top-Down View)

Terminal List

Number	Name	Function
1, 2, 3, 4	IP+	Terminal for primary conductor (positive).
5, 6, 7, 8	IP-	Terminal for primary conductor (negative).
9	NC	No connect.
10	GND	Ground.
11	TEST	Pin used for factory calibration. Connect to Ground.
12	NC	No connect.
13	OUT	Analog output voltage that represents the measured current.
14	NC	No connect.
15	VCC	Supply voltage.
16	NC	No connect.

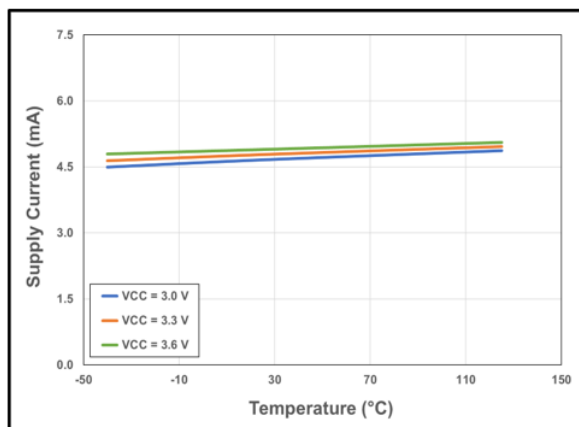
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid for  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F, and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
POWER SUPPLIES						
Supply Current	I <sub>CC</sub>	f <sub>BW</sub> = 1 MHz, no load, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A	–	6.0	9.0	mA
OUT Maximum Drive Capability <sup>[1]</sup>	I <sub>OUT</sub>	OUT covers 10% to 90% of V <sub>CC</sub> span	–1.0	–	+1.0	mA
OUT Capacitive Load <sup>[1]</sup>	C <sub>L_OUT</sub>		–	–	100	pF
OUT Resistive Load <sup>[1]</sup>	R <sub>L_OUT</sub>		–	100	–	kΩ
Primary Conductor Resistance <sup>[1]</sup>	R <sub>IP</sub>		–	0.5	–	mΩ
Power Supply Rejection Ratio <sup>[1]</sup>	PSRR		–	35	–	dB
Sensitivity Power Supply Rejection Ratio <sup>[1]</sup>	SPSRR		–	35	–	dB
Offset Power Supply Rejection Ratio <sup>[1]</sup>	OPSRR		–	40	–	dB
ANALOG OUTPUT (OUT)						
OUT Voltage Linear Range, Typical	V <sub>OUT</sub>	V <sub>SIG_AC</sub> = ±2.00 V, V <sub>SIG_DC</sub> = +4.00 V	0.65	–	2.65	V
Output High Saturation Voltage	V <sub>OUT_SAT</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.30	V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.25	–	V
Common Mode Field Rejection Ratio <sup>[1]</sup>	CMFRR		–	–54	–	dB
			–	0.5	–	mA/G
TIMINGS						
Power-On Time <sup>[1]</sup>	t <sub>ON</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> ≥ 2.50 V	–	100	200	μs
Rise Time <sup>[1]</sup>	t <sub>RISE</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF	–	200	–	ns
Response Time <sup>[1]</sup>	t <sub>RESPONSE</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF	–	300	–	ns
Propagation Delay <sup>[1]</sup>	t <sub>DELAY</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF	–	250	–	ns
PROTECTION						
Undervoltage Lockout	V <sub>UVLO</sub>	Rising V <sub>DD</sub>	–	2.50	–	V
		Falling V <sub>DD</sub>	–	2.45	–	V
UVLO Hysteresis	V <sub>UV_HYS</sub>		–	50	–	mV

<sup>[1]</sup> Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise specified)



**Figure 3: CT433 Supply Current vs. Temperature vs. Supply Voltage**

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise specified)

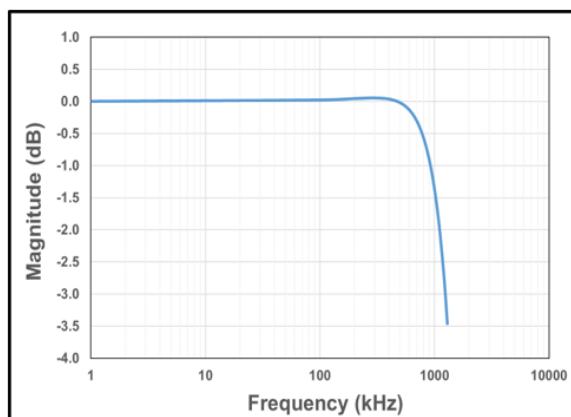


Figure 4: CT433 Bandwidth

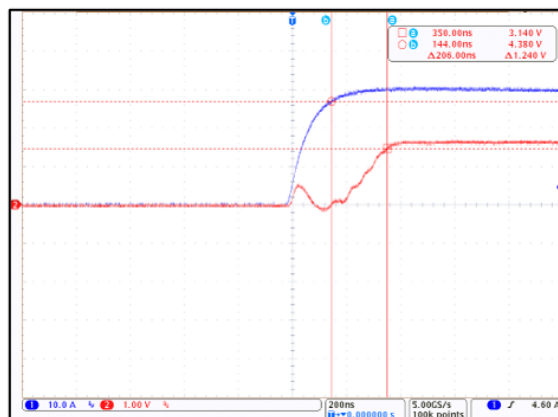


Figure 5: CT433 Response Time;  $I_P = 30\text{ A}_{PK}$  and  $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$  (Blue =  $I_{CCC}$ , Red =  $V_{OUT}$ )

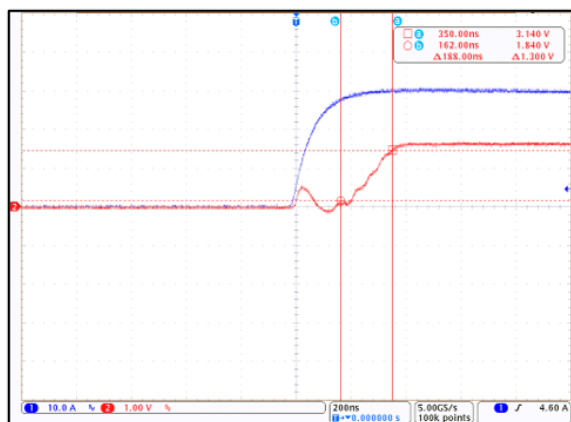


Figure 6: CT433 Rise Time;  $I_P = 30\text{ A}_{PK}$  and  $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$  (Blue =  $I_{CCC}$ , Red =  $V_{OUT}$ )

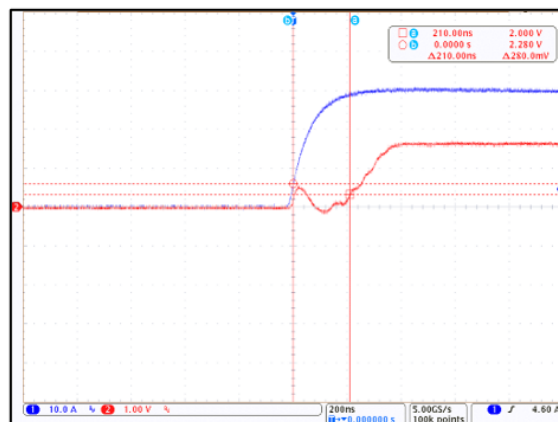


Figure 7: CT433 Propagation Delay;  $I_P = 30\text{ A}_{PK}$  and  $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$  (Blue =  $I_{CCC}$ , Red =  $V_{OUT}$ )



**CT433-xSWF20DR: 0 to 20 A – ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid for  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F, and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current Range	I <sub>RANGE</sub>		0	–	20	A
Voltage Output Quiescent	V <sub>OQ</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A	0.645	0.650	0.655	V
Sensitivity	S	I <sub>RANGE(MIN)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub>	–	100	–	mV/A
Bandwidth [1]	f <sub>BW</sub>	Small Signal = –3 dB	–	1.0	–	MHz
Noise [1]	e <sub>N</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f <sub>BW</sub> = 100 kHz	–	9.5	–	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
OUT ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error	E <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	–	±0.7	±1.0	% FS
Non-Linearity Error [1]	E <sub>LIN</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±0.1	–	% FS
Sensitivity Error [1]	E <sub>SENS</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±0.6	–	% FS
Offset Voltage [1]	V <sub>OFFSET</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±6.0	–	mV
			–	±0.3	–	% FS
LIFETIME DRIFT						
Total Output Error Lifetime Drift [1]	E <sub>TOT DRIFT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	–	±1.0	–	% FS

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR CT433-xSWF20DR

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise specified)

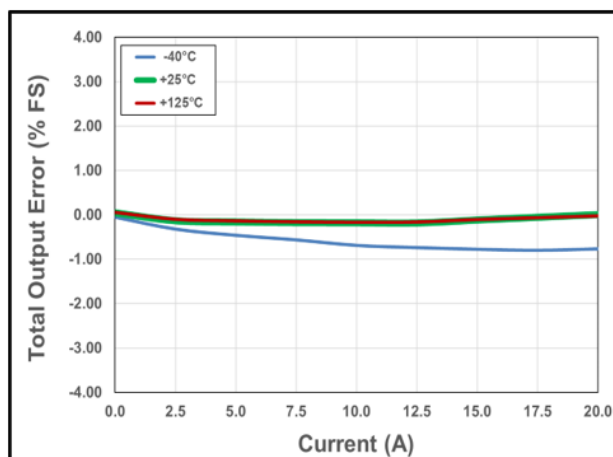


Figure 8: Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

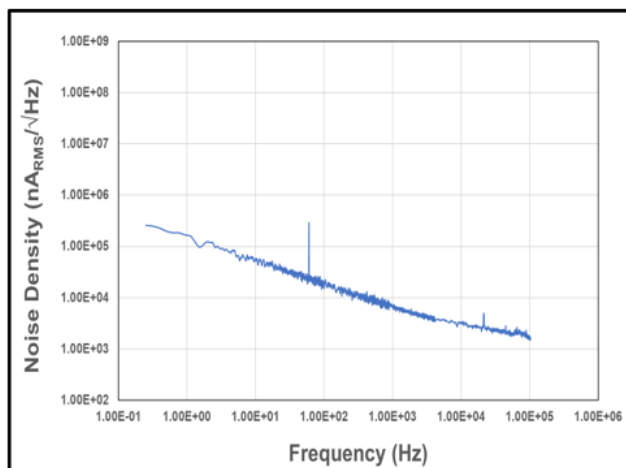


Figure 9: Noise Density vs. Frequency

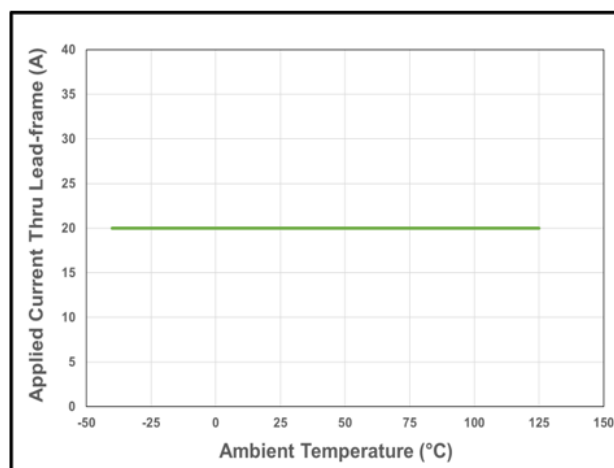


Figure 10: CT433 Current Derating Curve for 20 A<sub>DC</sub>

**CT433-xSWF20MR: ±20 A – ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid for  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F, and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current Range	I <sub>RANGE</sub>		−20	−	20	A
Voltage Output Quiescent	V <sub>OQ</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A	1.645	1.650	1.655	V
Sensitivity	S	I <sub>RANGE(MIN)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub>	−	50	−	mV/A
Bandwidth [1]	f <sub>BW</sub>	Small Signal = −3 dB	−	1.0	−	MHz
Noise [1]	e <sub>N</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f <sub>BW</sub> = 100 kHz	−	11.0	−	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
OUT ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error [2]	E <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	−	±0.5	±1.0	% FS
Non-Linearity Error [1]	E <sub>LIN</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±0.1	−	% FS
Sensitivity Error [1]	E <sub>SENS</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±0.4	−	% FS
Offset Voltage [1]	V <sub>OFFSET</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±8.3	−	mV
			−	±0.4	−	% FS
LIFETIME DRIFT						
Total Output Error Lifetime Drift [1]	E <sub>TOT DRIFT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	−	±1.0	−	% FS

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

[2] The  $E_{\text{OUT}}$  (Total Output Error) is not a linear sum of the component errors.

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR CT433-xSWF20MR

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise specified)

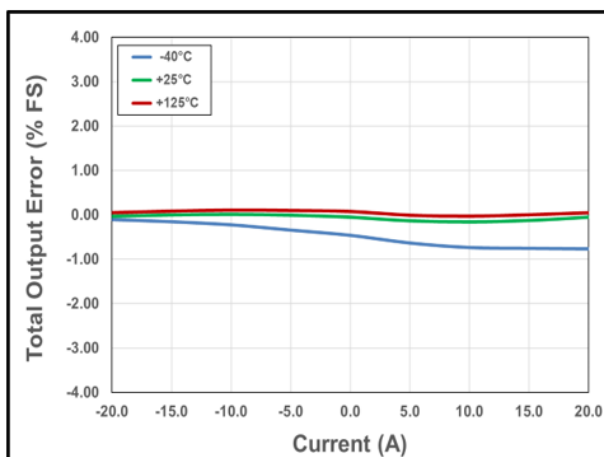


Figure 11: Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

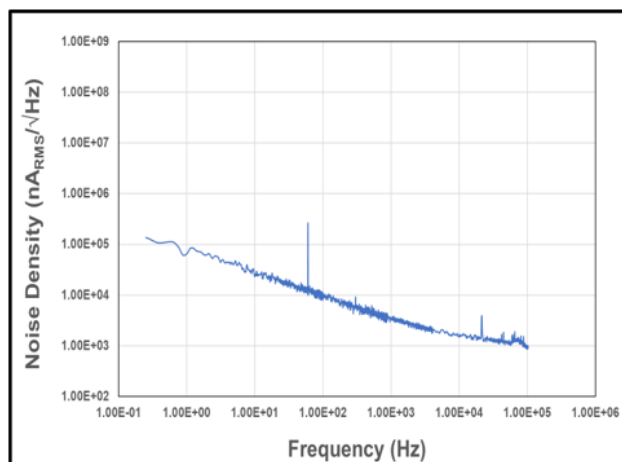


Figure 12: Noise Density vs. Frequency

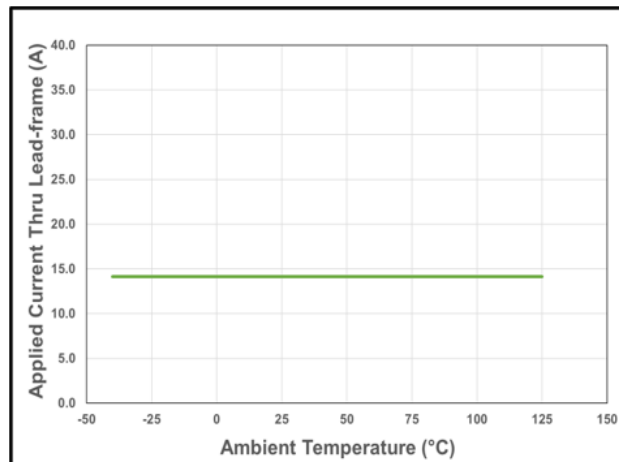


Figure 13: CT433 Current Derating Curve for 20 A<sub>PK</sub> (14.1 A<sub>RMS</sub>)

**CT433-xSWF30DR: 0 to 30 A – ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid for  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F, and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current Range	I <sub>RANGE</sub>		0	–	30	A
Voltage Output Quiescent	V <sub>OQ</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A	0.645	0.650	0.655	V
Sensitivity	S	I <sub>RANGE(MIN)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub>	–	66.7	–	mV/A
Bandwidth [1]	f <sub>BW</sub>	Small Signal = –3 dB	–	1.0	–	MHz
Noise [1]	e <sub>N</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f <sub>BW</sub> = 100 kHz	–	10.0	–	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
OUT ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error	E <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	–	±0.7	±1.0	% FS
Non-Linearity Error [1]	E <sub>LIN</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±0.1	–	% FS
Sensitivity Error [1]	E <sub>SENS</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±0.6	–	% FS
Offset Voltage [1]	V <sub>OFFSET</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±8.9	–	mV
			–	±0.4	–	% FS
LIFETIME DRIFT						
Total Output Error Lifetime Drift [1]	E <sub>TOT DRIFT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	–	±1.0	–	% FS

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR CT433-xSWF30DR

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise specified)

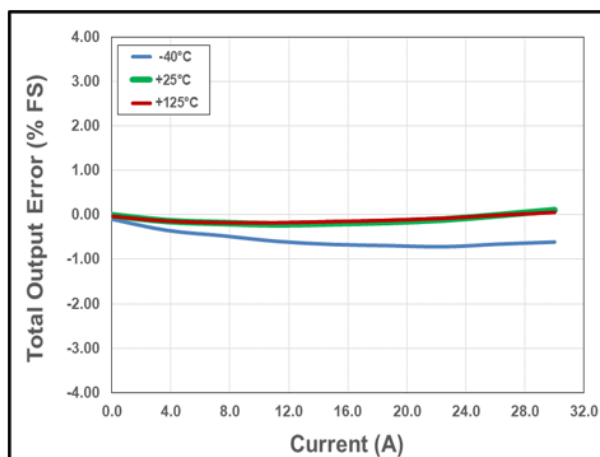


Figure 14: Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

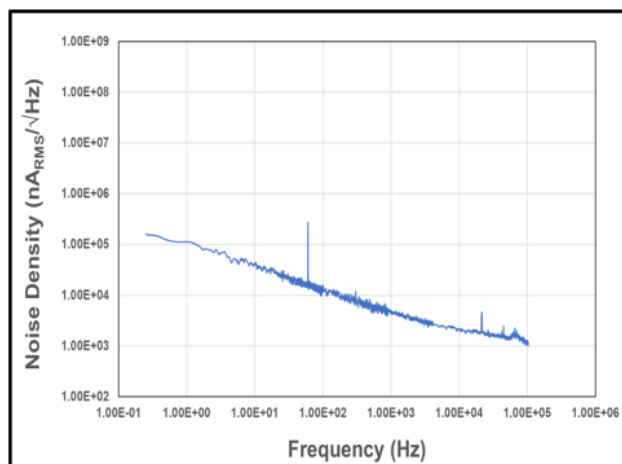


Figure 15: Noise Density vs. Frequency

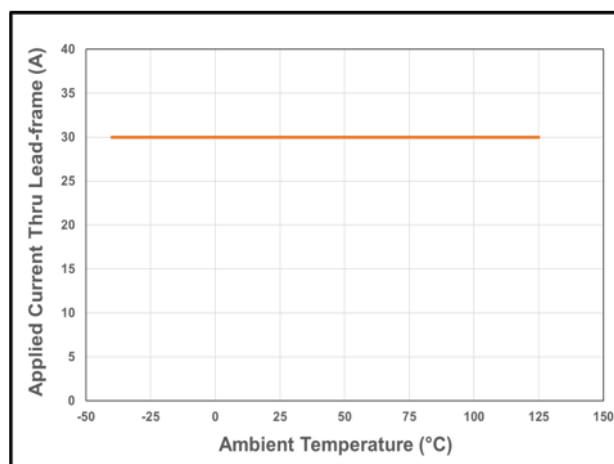


Figure 16: CT433 Current Derating Curve for 30 A<sub>DC</sub>

**CT433-xSWF30MR: ±30 A – ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid for  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F, and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current Range	I <sub>RANGE</sub>		−30	−	30	A
Voltage Output Quiescent	V <sub>OQ</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A	1.645	1.650	1.655	V
Sensitivity	S	I <sub>RANGE(MIN)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub>	−	33.3	−	mV/A
Bandwidth [1]	f <sub>BW</sub>	Small Signal = −3 dB	−	1.0	−	MHz
Noise [1]	e <sub>N</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f <sub>BW</sub> = 100 kHz	−	12.5	−	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
OUT ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error	E <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	−	±0.5	±1.0	% FS
Non-Linearity Error [1]	E <sub>LIN</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±0.1	−	% FS
Sensitivity Error [1]	E <sub>SENS</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±0.6	−	% FS
Offset Voltage [1]	V <sub>OFFSET</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±5.0	−	mV
			−	±0.2	−	% FS
LIFETIME DRIFT						
Total Output Error Lifetime Drift [1]	E <sub>TOT DRIFT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	−	±1.0	−	% FS

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR CT433-xSWF30MR

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise specified)

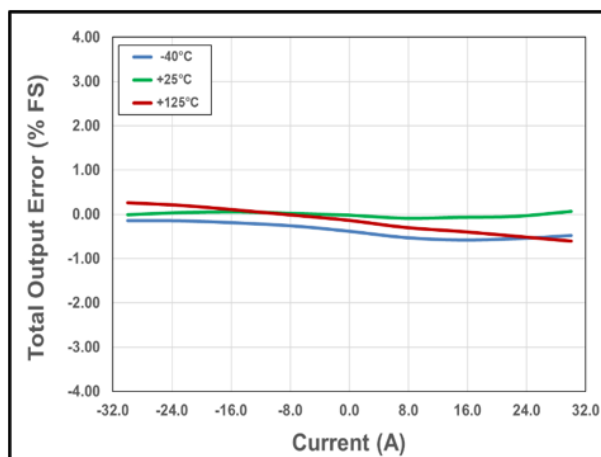


Figure 17: Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

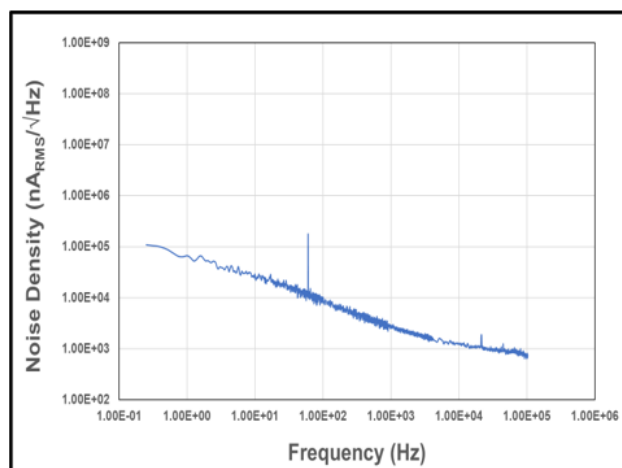


Figure 18: Noise Density vs. Frequency

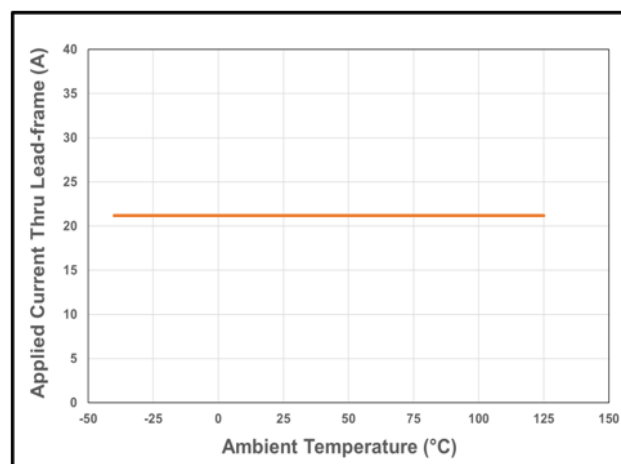


Figure 19: CT433 Current Derating Curve for 30 A<sub>PK</sub> (21.2 A<sub>RMS</sub>)



**CT433-xSWF30MR: ±40 A – ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid for  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F, and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current Range	I <sub>RANGE</sub>		−40	−	40	A
Voltage Output Quiescent	V <sub>OQ</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A	1.645	1.650	1.655	V
Sensitivity	S	I <sub>RANGE(MIN)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub>	−	25	−	mV/A
Bandwidth [1]	f <sub>BW</sub>	Small Signal = −3 dB	−	1.0	−	MHz
Noise [1]	e <sub>N</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f <sub>BW</sub> = 100 kHz	−	19.0	−	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
OUT ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error	E <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	−	±0.5	±1.0	% FS
Non-Linearity Error [1]	E <sub>LIN</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±0.1	−	% FS
Sensitivity Error [1]	E <sub>SENS</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±0.5	−	% FS
Offset Voltage [1]	V <sub>OFFSET</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±6.0	−	mV
			−	±0.3	−	% FS
LIFETIME DRIFT						
Total Output Error Lifetime Drift [1]	E <sub>TOT_DRIFT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	−	±1.0	−	% FS

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR CT433-xSWF40MR

$V_{CC} = 3.3$  V,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F (unless otherwise specified)

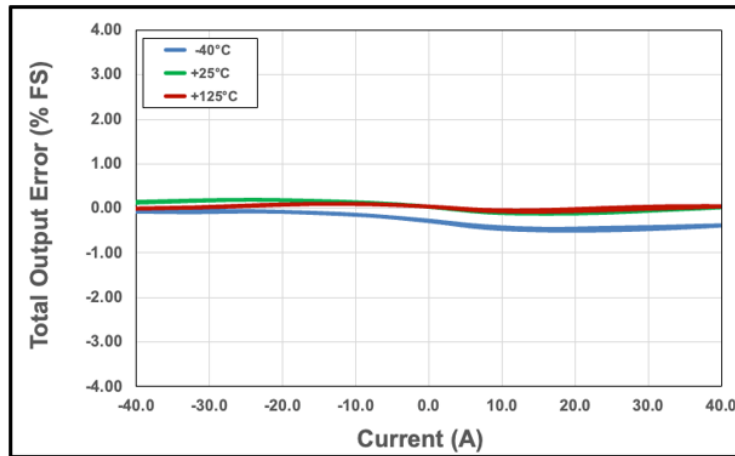


Figure 20: Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

**CT433-xSWF50DR: 0 to 50 A – ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid for  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F, and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current Range	I <sub>RANGE</sub>		0	–	50	A
Voltage Output Quiescent	V <sub>OQ</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A	0.645	0.650	0.655	V
Sensitivity	S	I <sub>RANGE(MIN)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub>	–	40	–	mV/A
Bandwidth [1]	f <sub>BW</sub>	Small Signal = –3 dB	–	1.0	–	MHz
Noise [1]	e <sub>N</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f <sub>BW</sub> = 100 kHz	–	11.0	–	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
OUT ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error	E <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	–	±1.0	±1.5	% FS
Non-Linearity Error [1]	E <sub>LIN</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±0.2	–	% FS
Sensitivity Error [1]	E <sub>SENS</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±0.7	–	% FS
Offset Voltage [1]	V <sub>OFFSET</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±8.8	–	mV
			–	±0.4	–	% FS
LIFETIME DRIFT						
Total Output Error Lifetime Drift [1]	E <sub>TOT DRIFT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	–	±1.0	–	% FS

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR CT433-xSWF50DR

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise specified)

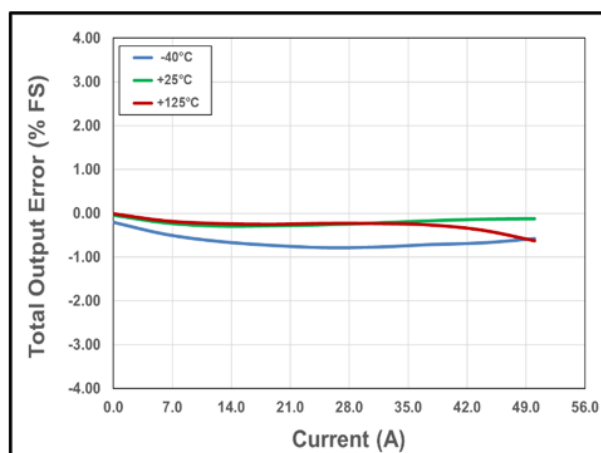


Figure 21: Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

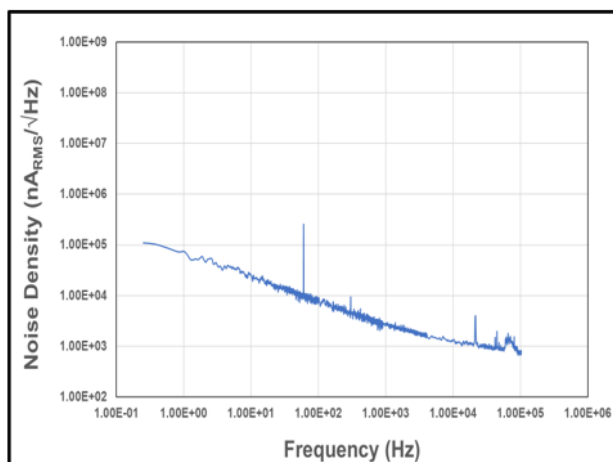


Figure 22: Noise Density vs. Frequency

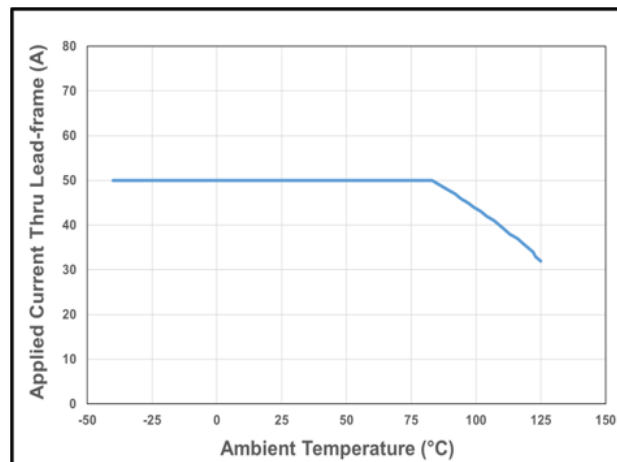


Figure 23: CT433 Current Derating Curve for 50 A<sub>DC</sub>

**CT433-xSWF50MR: ±50 A – ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid for  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F, and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current Range	I <sub>RANGE</sub>		−50	−	50	A
Voltage Output Quiescent	V <sub>OQ</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A	1.645	1.650	1.655	V
Sensitivity	S	I <sub>RANGE(MIN)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub>	−	20	−	mV/A
Bandwidth [1]	f <sub>BW</sub>	Small Signal = −3 dB	−	1.0	−	MHz
Noise [1]	e <sub>N</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f <sub>BW</sub> = 100 kHz	−	19.0	−	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
OUT ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error	E <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	−	±0.5	±1.0	% FS
Non-Linearity Error [1]	E <sub>LIN</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±0.1	−	% FS
Sensitivity Error [1]	E <sub>SENS</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±0.5	−	% FS
Offset Voltage [1]	V <sub>OFFSET</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±6.0	−	mV
			−	±0.3	−	% FS
LIFETIME DRIFT						
Total Output Error Lifetime Drift [1]	E <sub>TOT DRIFT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	−	±1.0	−	% FS

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR CT433-xSWF50MR

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise specified)

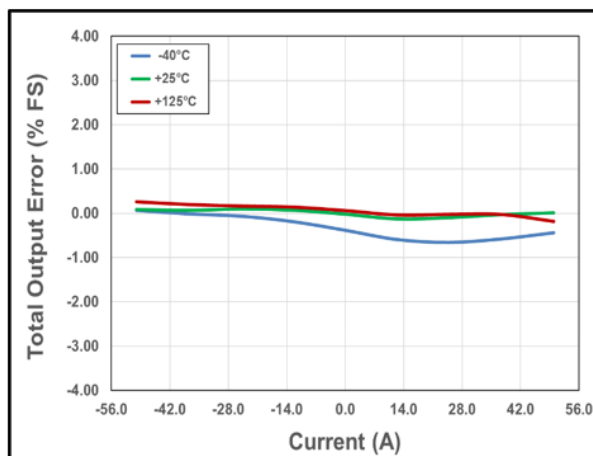


Figure 24: Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

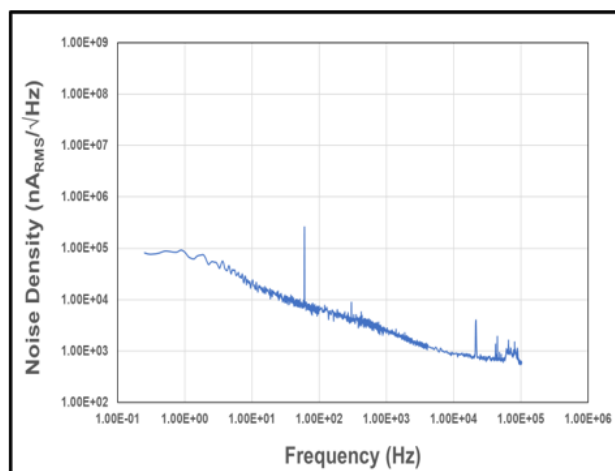


Figure 25: Noise Density vs. Frequency

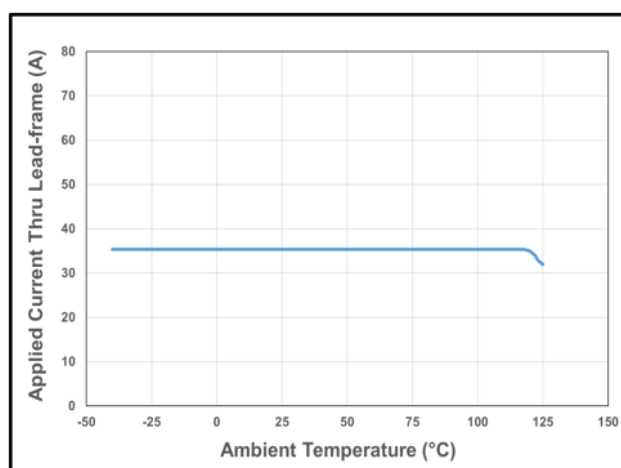


Figure 26: CT433 Current Derating Curve for 50 A<sub>PK</sub> (35.5 A<sub>RMS</sub>)

**CT433-xSWF65DR: 0 to 65 A – ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid for  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F, and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current Range	I <sub>RANGE</sub>		0	–	65	A
Voltage Output Quiescent	V <sub>OQ</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A	0.645	0.650	0.655	V
Sensitivity	S	I <sub>RANGE(MIN)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub>	–	30.8	–	mV/A
Bandwidth [1]	f <sub>BW</sub>	Small Signal = –3 dB	–	1.0	–	MHz
Noise [1]	e <sub>N</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f <sub>BW</sub> = 100 kHz	–	11.5	–	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
OUT ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error	E <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	–	±1.0	±1.5	% FS
Non-Linearity Error [1]	E <sub>LIN</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±0.2	–	% FS
Sensitivity Error [1]	E <sub>SENS</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±0.3	–	% FS
Offset Voltage [1]	V <sub>OFFSET</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C	–	±2.0	–	mV
			–	±0.1	–	% FS
LIFETIME DRIFT						
Total Output Error Lifetime Drift [1]	E <sub>TOT DRIFT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	–	±1.0	–	% FS

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR CT433-xSWF65DR

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise specified)

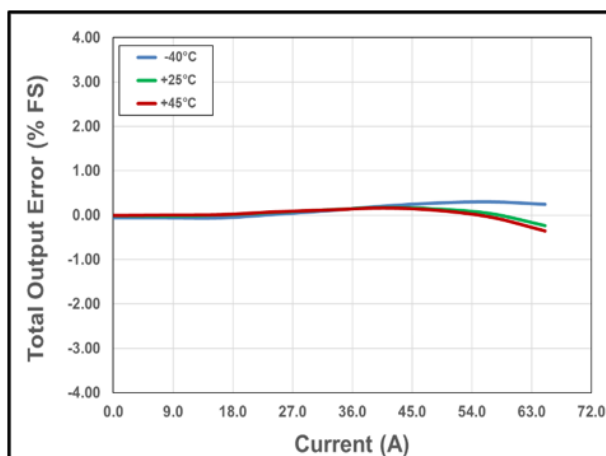


Figure 27: Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

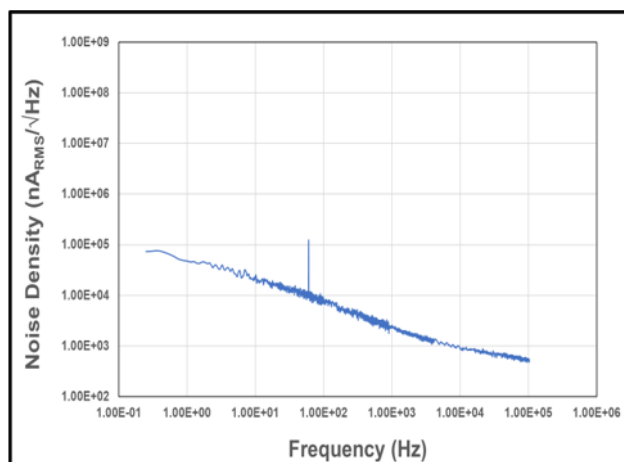


Figure 28: Noise Density vs. Frequency

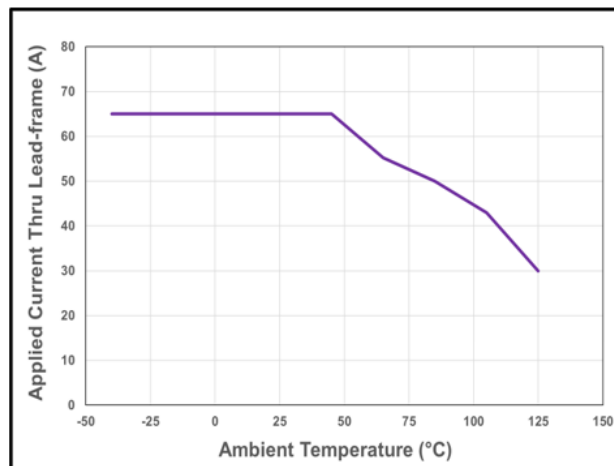


Figure 29: CT433 Current Derating Curve for 65 A<sub>DC</sub>

**CT433-xSWF65MR: ±65 A – ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid for  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F, and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current Range	I <sub>RANGE</sub>		−65	−	65	A
Voltage Output Quiescent	V <sub>OQ</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A	1.645	1.650	1.655	V
Sensitivity	S	I <sub>RANGE(MIN)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub>	−	15.4	−	mV/A
Bandwidth [1]	f <sub>BW</sub>	Small Signal = −3 dB	−	1.0	−	MHz
Noise [1]	e <sub>N</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f <sub>BW</sub> = 100 kHz	−	19.0	−	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
OUT ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error	E <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	−	±0.5	±1.0	% FS
Non-Linearity Error [1]	E <sub>LIN</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±0.2	−	% FS
Sensitivity Error [1]	E <sub>SENS</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±0.2	−	% FS
Offset Voltage [1]	V <sub>OFFSET</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±3.0	−	mV
			−	±0.1	−	% FS
LIFETIME DRIFT						
Total Output Error Lifetime Drift [1]	E <sub>TOT DRIFT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	−	±1.0	−	% FS

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR CT433-xSWF65MR

$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise specified)

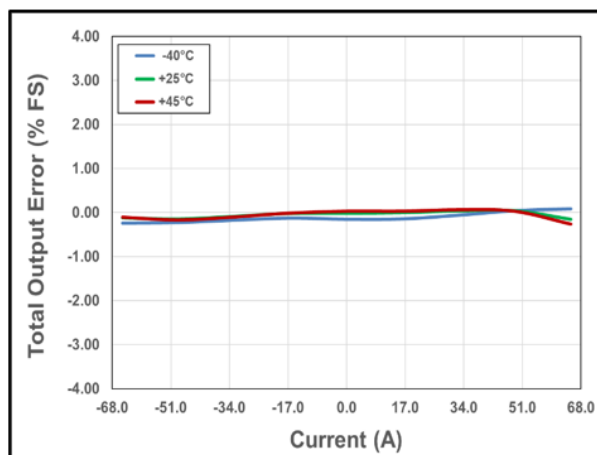


Figure 30: Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

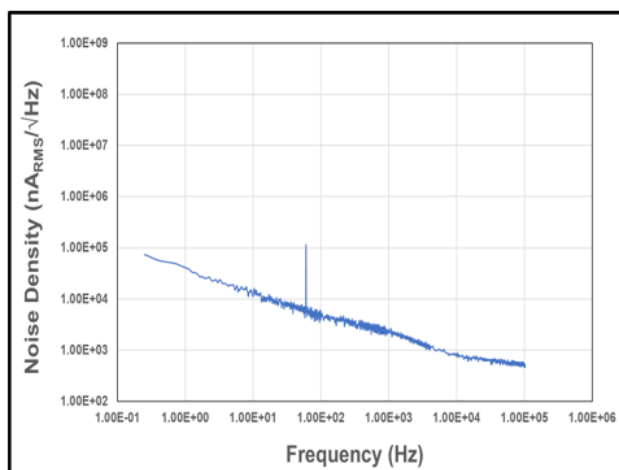


Figure 31: Noise Density vs. Frequency

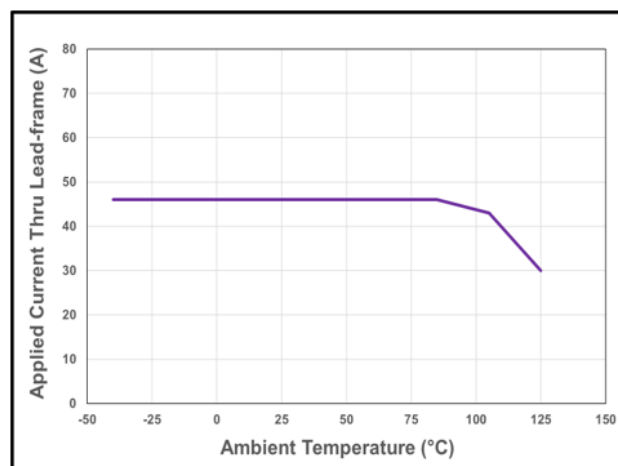


Figure 32: CT433 Current Derating Curve for 65 A<sub>PK</sub> (46.0 A<sub>RMS</sub>)

**CT433-xSWF70DR: 0 to 70 A – ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Valid for  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V,  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F, and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current Range	I <sub>RANGE</sub>		−65	−	65	A
Voltage Output Quiescent	V <sub>OQ</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A	1.645	1.650	1.655	V
Sensitivity	S	I <sub>RANGE(MIN)</sub> < I <sub>P</sub> < I <sub>RANGE(MAX)</sub>	−	14.3	−	mV/A
Bandwidth [1]	f <sub>BW</sub>	Small Signal = −3 dB	−	1.0	−	MHz
Noise [1]	e <sub>N</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f <sub>BW</sub> = 100 kHz	−	19.0	−	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
OUT ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error	E <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	−	±0.5	±1.0	% FS
Non-Linearity Error [1]	E <sub>LIN</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±0.2	−	% FS
Sensitivity Error [1]	E <sub>SENS</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±0.2	−	% FS
Offset Voltage [1]	V <sub>OFFSET</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A, T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	−	±3.0	−	mV
			−	±0.1	−	% FS
LIFETIME DRIFT						
Total Output Error Lifetime Drift [1]	E <sub>TOT_DRIFT</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = I <sub>P(MAX)</sub>	−	±1.0	−	% FS

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR CT433-xSWF70DR

$V_{CC} = 3.0$  V,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $C_{BYP} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F (unless otherwise specified)

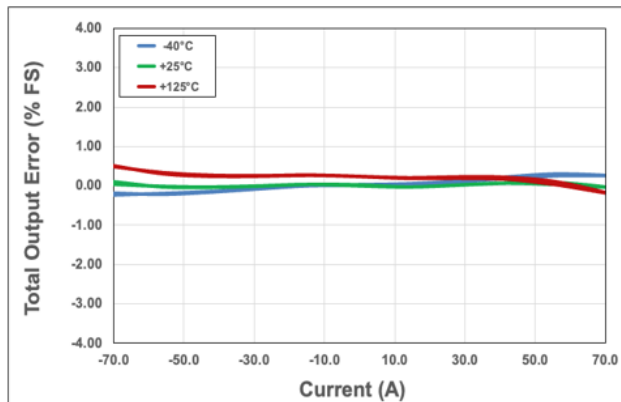


Figure 33: Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

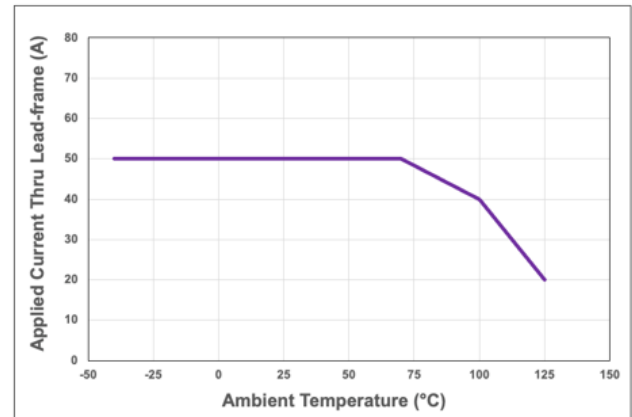


Figure 34: CT433 Current Derating Curve for 70 A<sub>PK</sub> (50.0 A<sub>RMS</sub>)

## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

### Overview

The CT433 is a high accuracy contact current sensor with an integrated current-carrying conductor that handles up to 65 A. It has high sensitivity and a wide dynamic range with excellent accuracy (low total output error) across temperature. This current sensor supports nine current ranges:

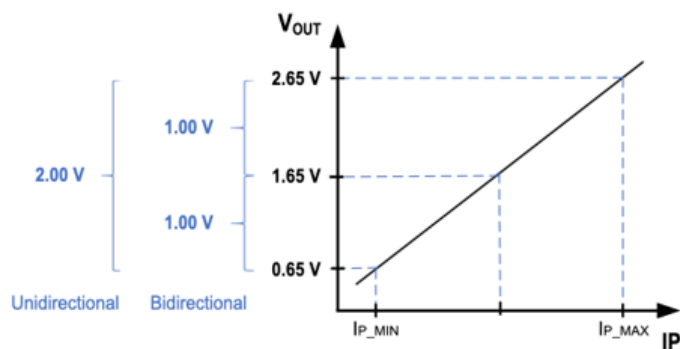
- 0 to 20 A
- ±20 A
- 0 to 30 A
- ±30 A
- ±40 A
- 0 to 50 A
- ±50 A
- 0 to 65 A
- ±65 A
- 0 to 70 A

When current is flowing through the current-carrying conductor, the XtremeSense TMR sensors inside the chip senses the field which in turn generates differential voltage signals that then goes through the Analog Front-End (AFE) to output a current measurement with less than ±1.0% full-scale total output error ( $E_{OUT}$ ).

The chip is designed to enable a fast response time of 300 ns for the current measurement from the OUT pin as the bandwidth for the CT433 is 1.0 MHz. Even with a high bandwidth, the chip consumes a minimal amount of power.

### Linear Output Current Measurement

The CT433 provides a continuous linear analog output voltage which represents the current measurement. The output voltage range of OUT is from 0.65 to 2.65 V with a  $V_{OQ}$  of 0.65 V and 1.65 V for unidirectional and bidirectional currents, respectively. Figure 35 illustrates the output voltage range of the OUT pin as a function of the measured current.



**Figure 35: Linear Output Voltage Range (OUT) vs. Measured Current (IP)**

### Total Output Error

The Total Output Error ( $E_{OUT}$ ) is the maximum deviation of the sensor output from the ideal sensor transfer curve over the full temperature range relative to the sensor full scale.

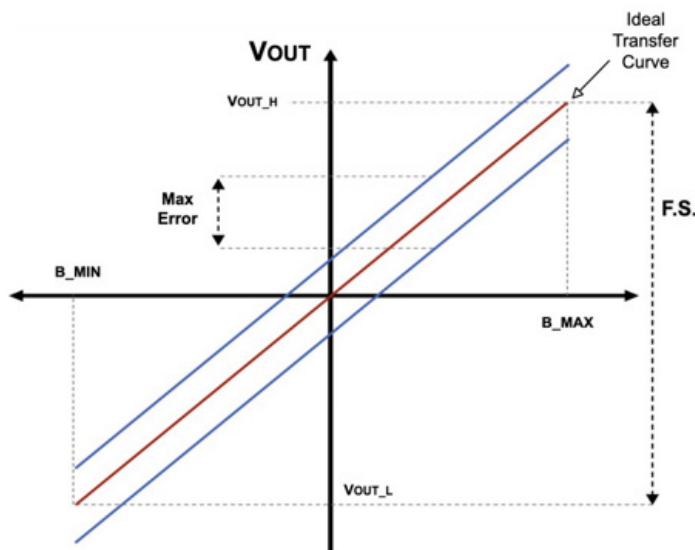
The Total Output Error is measured by performing a full-scale primary current (IP) sweep and measuring  $V_{OUT}$  at multiple points.

$$E_{OUT} = 100 * \frac{\max(V_{OUT_{IDEAL}}(I) - V_{OUT}(I))}{F.S.}$$

The Ideal Transfer Curve is calculated based on datasheet parameters as described below.

$$V_{OUT_{IDEAL}}(I_P) = V_{OQ} + S * I_P$$

$E_{OUT}$  incorporates all sources of error and is a function of the sensed current ( $I_P$ ) from the current sensor.



**Figure 36: Total Output Error ( $E_{OUT}$ ) vs. Sensed Current ( $I_P$ )**

The CT433 achieves a total output error ( $E_{OUT}$ ) that is less than ±1.0% of Full-Scale (FS) over supply voltage and temperature. It is designed with innovative and proprietary TMR sensors and circuit blocks to provide very accurate current measurements regardless of the operating conditions.

## Sensitivity Error

The sensitivity error ( $E_{SENS}$ ) is the sensitivity temperature drift error for unipolar or DC current. It is calculated using the equation below:

$$E_{SENS} = 100 \times \left( \frac{S_{MEASURED}}{S} - 1 \right)$$

## Power-On Time ( $t_{ON}$ )

Power-On Time ( $t_{ON}$ ) of 100  $\mu$ s is the amount of time required by CT433 to start up, fully power the chip, and becoming fully operational from the moment the supply voltage is greater than the UVLO voltage. This time includes the ramp-up time and the settling time (within 10% of steady-state voltage under an applied magnetic field) after the power supply has reached the minimum  $V_{CC}$ .

## Response Time ( $t_{RESPONSE}$ )

Response Time ( $t_{RESPONSE}$ ) of 300 ns for the CT433 is the time interval between the following terms:

1. When the primary current signal reaches 90% of its final value,
2. When the chip reaches 90% of its output corresponding to the applied current.

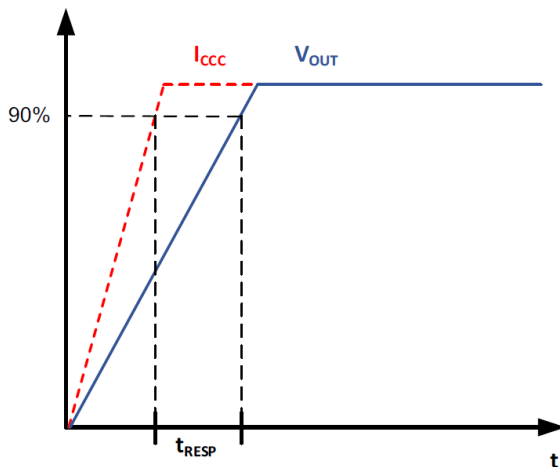


Figure 37: CT433 Response Time Curve

## Rise Time ( $t_{RISE}$ )

Rise Time ( $t_{RISE}$ ) is the time interval of when it reaches 10% and 90% of the full-scale output voltage. The  $t_{RISE}$  of the CT433 is 200 ns.

## Propagation Delay ( $t_{DELAY}$ )

Propagation Delay ( $t_{DELAY}$ ) is the time difference between these two events:

1. When the primary current reaches 20% of its final value
2. When the chip reaches 20% of its output corresponding to the applied current.

The CT433 has a propagation delay of 250 ns.

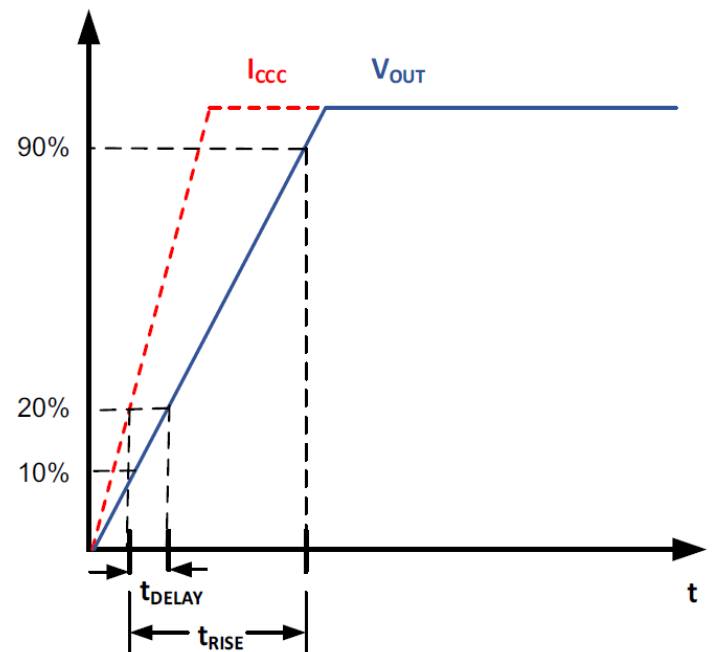


Figure 38: CT433 Propagation Delay and Rise Time Curve

## Undervoltage Lockout (UVLO)

The Undervoltage Lockout protection circuitry of the CT433 is activated when the supply voltage ( $V_{CC}$ ) falls below 2.45 V. The CT433 remains in a low quiescent state until  $V_{CC}$  rises above the UVLO threshold (2.50 V). In this condition where  $V_{CC}$  is less than 2.45 V and UVLO is triggered, the output from the CT433 is not valid. Once  $V_{CC}$  rises above 2.50 V then the UVLO is cleared.

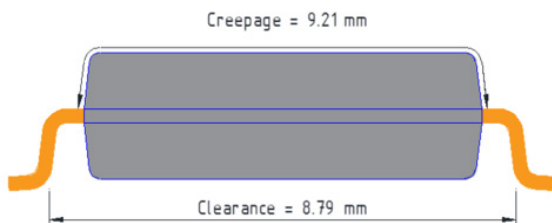
## Immunity to Common Mode Fields

The CT433 is housed in custom plastic package that uses a U-shaped leadframe to reduce the common mode fields generated by external stray magnetic fields. With the U-shaped leadframe, the stray fields cancel one another thus reducing electro-magnetic interference (EMI). The CT433 is able to achieve -54 dB of

Common Mode Rejection Ratio (CMFRR). Also, good PCB layout of the CT433 will optimize performance and reduce EMI.

### Creepage and Clearance

Two important terms as it relates to isolation provided by the package are: creepage and clearance. Creepage is defined as the shortest distance across the surface of the package from one side the leads to the other side of the leads. The definition for clearance is the shortest distance between the leads of opposite side through the air. Figure 39 illustrates the creepage and clearance for the SOICW-16 package of the CT433.



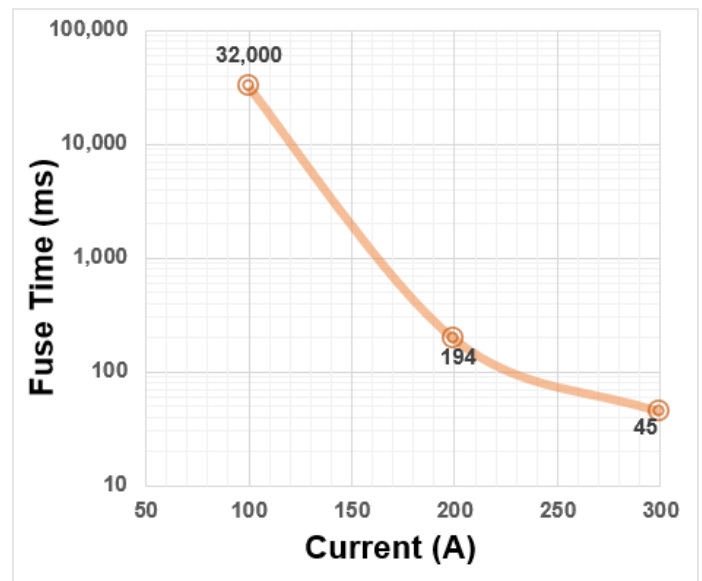
**Figure 39: The Creepage and Clearance for the CT433 SOICW-16 Package**

### Fuse Time vs. Current

Since the CT433 is a contact current sensor, it dissipates heat as current is conducted through its leadframe. The CT433 leadframe has 0.5 mΩ resistance (typ) which results in low power dissipation during normal operation.

However, when the current surges above the rated nominal values of the CT433 due to short circuit or transient current spikes for a specific duration of time, the leadframe will be permanently damaged.

Figure 40 illustrates the CT433 fuse time for 100 A, 200 A, and 300 A current levels. The CT433 tolerates 100 A for 32 seconds, while at 200 A and 300 A, the fuse times are 194 ms and 45 ms, respectively.



**Figure 40: CT433 Fuse Time vs. Current**

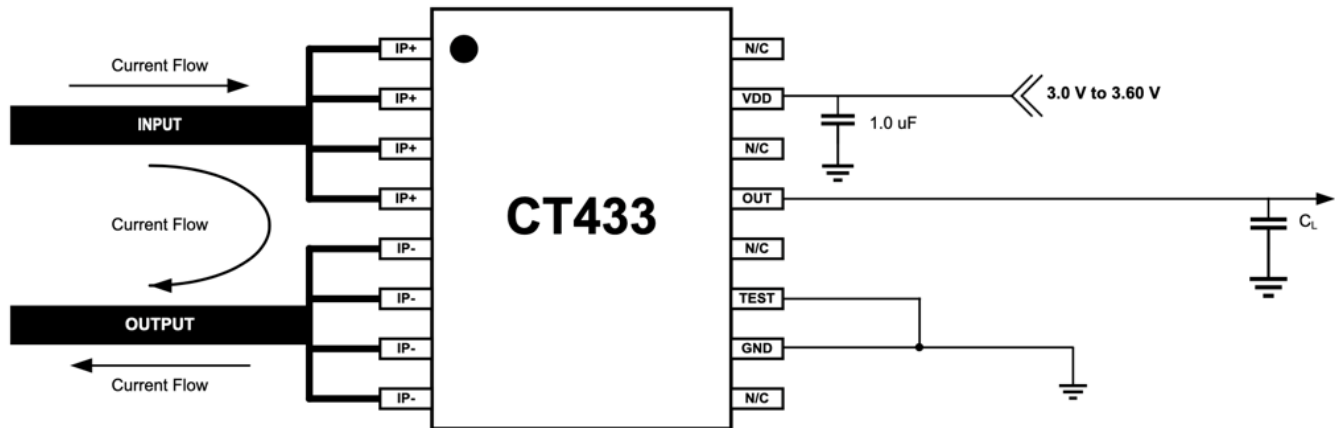


Figure 41: CT433 Application Block Diagram

### Application

The CT433 is an integrated contact current sensor that can be used in many applications from measuring current in power supplies to motor control to overcurrent fault protection. It is a plug-and-play solution in that no calibration is required, and it can output to a microcontroller a simple linear analog output voltage which corresponds to a current measurement value. Figure 41 is an application diagram of how CT433 would be implemented in a system.

The device is designed to support an operating voltage range of 3.0 V to 3.6 V, but it is ideal to use a 3.3 V power supply where the output tolerance is less than  $\pm 5\%$ .

### Overcurrent Detection

The TEST pin of the CT433 can be used as a  $\overline{\text{FLT}}$  pin to detect when the primary measured current is higher than the sensor maximum range. This pin is an open drain output. It requires a pull-up resistor value of 100 k $\Omega$  to be connected from the pin to VCC and also a 1.0 nF capacitor to be connected from the pin to ground.

The  $\overline{\text{FLT}}$  pin is not user-programmable and has fixed trigger value of  $1.1 \times I_{\text{RANGE(MAX)}}$  or 110% the maximum linear sensing range of the CT433.

Not grounding the TEST pin will reduce the sensor immunity to high dV/dt events.

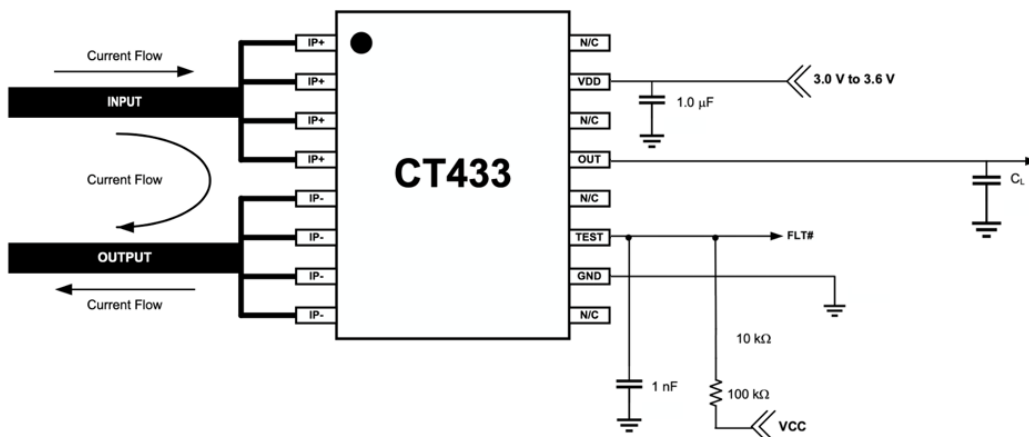
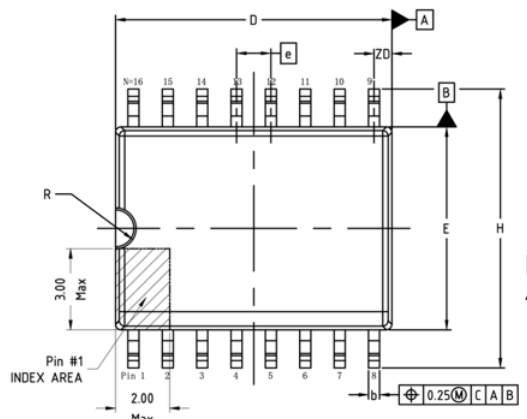


Figure 42: CT433 Application Block Diagram – With Overcurrent Detection

### PACKAGE OUTLINE DRAWING



TOP VIEW

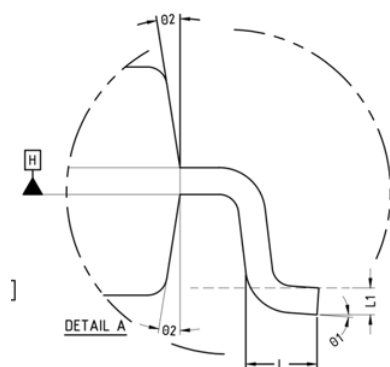
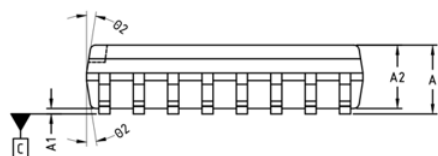
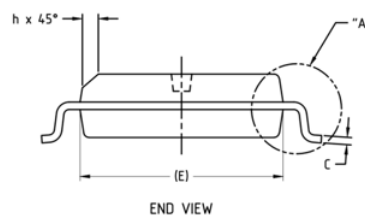


Table 1: CT433 SOICW-16 Package Dimensions

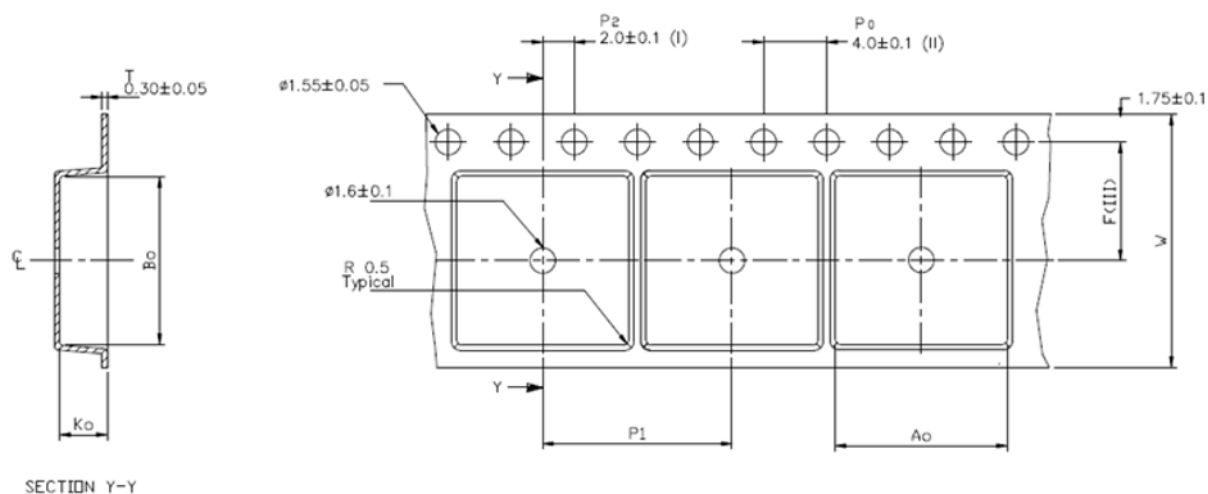
Symbol	Dimensions in Millimeters (mm)		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	2.44	2.54	2.64
A1	0.10	0.20	0.30
A2	2.24	2.34	2.44
b	0.36	0.41	0.46
C	0.23	—	0.32
D	10.11	10.21	10.31
E	7.40	7.50	7.60
e	1.27 BSC		
H	10.11	10.31	10.51
h	0.31	0.51	0.71
L	0.51	0.76	1.01
L1	0.25 BSC		
R	0.76 REF		
θ1	0.25 BSC	0.25 BSC	0.25 BSC
θ2	0.76 REF	0.76 REF	0.76 REF
ZD	0.66 REF		
N	16		



END VIEW

Figure 43: SOICW-16 Package Drawing and Dimensions

## TAPE AND REEL POCKET DRAWING AND DIMENSIONS



A <sub>0</sub>	10.90 +/− 0.1
B <sub>0</sub>	10.70 +/− 0.1
K <sub>0</sub>	3.00 +/− 0.1
F	7.50 +/− 0.1
P <sub>1</sub>	12.00 +/− 0.1
W	16.00 +/− 0.3

- (I) Measured from centreline of sprocket hole to centreline of pocket.
- (II) Cumulative tolerance of 10 sprocket holes is ± 0.20 .
- (III) Measured from centreline of sprocket hole to centreline of pocket.
- (IV) Other material available.
- (V) Typical SR of form tape Max 10<sup>8</sup> OHM/SQ

ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETRES UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.

Figure 44: Tape and Pocket Drawing for SOICW-16 Package

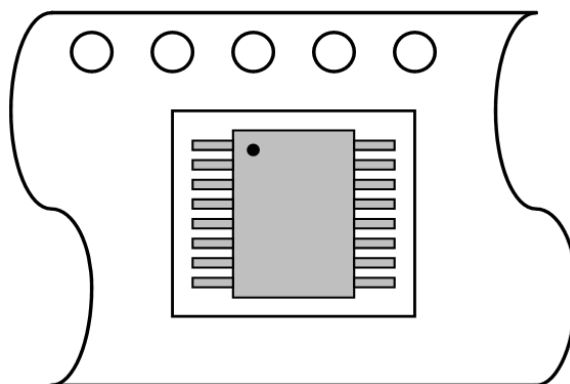


Figure 45: SOICW-16 Orientation in Tape Pocket



# CT433

## XtremeSense™ TMR Current Sensor with High dV/dt Immunity, 5 kV Isolation and Common-Mode Field Rejection

### PACKAGE INFORMATION

Table 2: CT433 Package Information

Part Number	Package Type	# of Leads	Package Quantity	Lead Finish	MSL Rating [2]	Operating Temperature (°C) [3]	Device Marking [4]
CT433-HSWF20DR	SOICW	16	1000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT433 SWF20DR YYWWLL
CT433-ASWF20DR	SOICW	16	1000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT433A SWF20DR YYWWLL
CT433-HSWF20MR	SOICW	16	1000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT433 SWF20MR YYWWLL
CT433-ASWF20MR	SOICW	16	1000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT433A SWF20MR YYWWLL
CT433-HSWF30DR	SOICW	16	1000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT433 SWF30DR YYWWLL
CT433-ASWF30DR	SOICW	16	1000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT433A SWF30DR YYWWLL
CT433-HSWF30MR	SOICW	16	1000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT433 SWF30MR YYWWLL
CT433-ASWF30MR	SOICW	16	1000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT433A SWF30MR YYWWLL
CT433-HSWF40MR	SOICW	16	1000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT433A SWF40MR YYWWLL
CT433-HSWF50DR	SOICW	16	1000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT433 SWF50DR YYWWLL
CT433-ASWF50DR	SOICW	16	1000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT433A SWF50DR YYWWLL
CT433-HSWF50MR	SOICW	16	1000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT433 SWF50MR YYWWLL
CT433-ASWF50MR	SOICW	16	1000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT433A SWF50MR YYWWLL
CT433-HSWF65DR	SOICW	16	1000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT433 SWF65DR YYWWLL
CT433-ASWF65DR	SOICW	16	1000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT433A SWF65DR YYWWLL
CT433-HSWF65MR	SOICW	16	1000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT433 SWF65MR YYWWLL
CT433-ASWF65MR	SOICW	16	1000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT433A SWF65MR YYWWLL

Continued on next page...

# CT433

## XtremeSense™ TMR Current Sensor with High dV/dt Immunity, 5 kV Isolation and Common-Mode Field Rejection

Table 3: CT433 Package Information (continued)

Part Number	Package Type	# of Leads	Package Quantity	Lead Finish	MSL Rating [2]	Operating Temperature (°C) [3]	Device Marking [4]
CT433-HSWF70DR	SOICW	16	1000	Sn	3	–40 to 125	CT433A SWF70DR YYWWLL

[1] RoHS is defined as semiconductor products that are compliant to the current EU RoHS requirements. It also will meet the requirement that RoHS substances do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Green is defined as the content of chlorine (Cl), bromine (Br), and antimony trioxide based flame retardants satisfy JS709B low halogen requirements of  $\leq 1,000$  ppm.

[2] MSL Rating = Moisture Sensitivity Level Rating as defined by JEDEC standard classifications.

[3] Package will withstand ambient temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$  and storage temperature range of  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $155^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

[4] Device Marking for CT433 is defined as CT433 SWFxxZR YYWWLL where the first 2 lines = part number, YY = year, WW = work week, and LL = lot code.

DEVICE MARKING

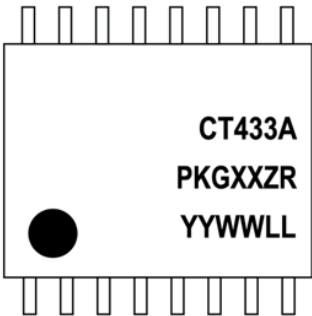
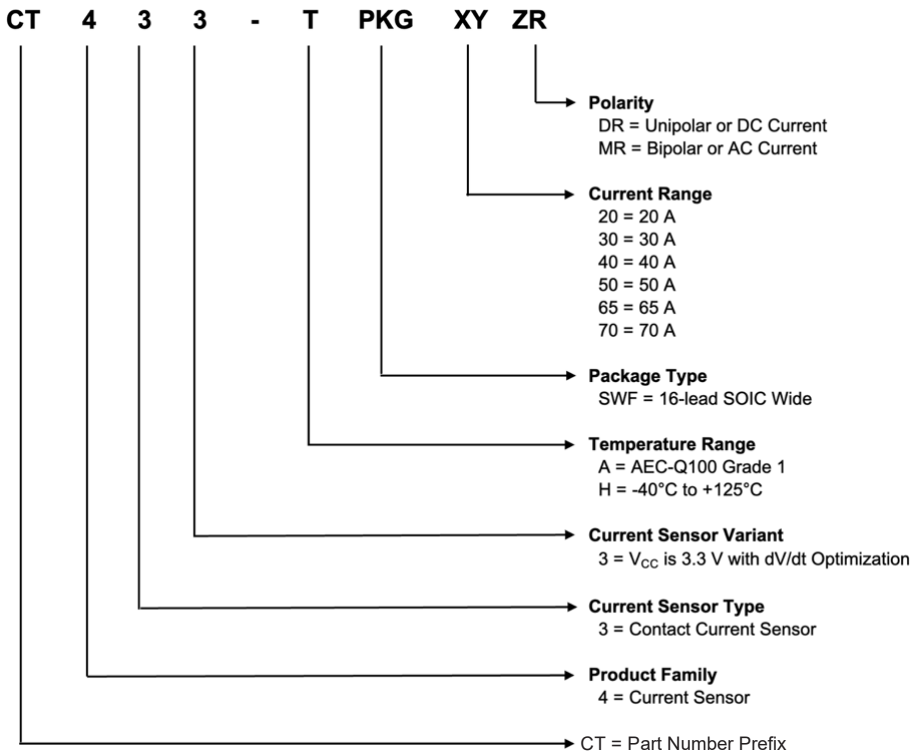


Figure 46: CT433 Device Marking for 16-lead Package

Table 4: CT433 Device Marking Definition for 16-lead SOICW Package

Row No.	Code	Definition
3	•	Pin 1 Indicator
1	CT433	Allegro Part Number
1	A	AEC-Q100 Qualified
2	PKG	Package Type
2	XX	Maximum Current Rating
2	ZR	Polarity
3	YY	Calendar Year
3	WW	Work Week
3	LL	Lot Code

PART ORDERING NUMBER LEGEND



**Revision History**

Number	Date	Description
2	November 2, 2023	Document rebranded and minor editorial updates

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