

Wireless Air Temp and Humidity Sensor User Guide

VERSION 1.7 NOVEMBER 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	QUICK START
2.	OVERVIEW 2
2.1.	Sensor Overview2
2.2.	Revision History
2.3.	Document Conventions
2.4.	Part Numbers
3.	TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS
3.1.	Accuracy4
3.1.	Absolute Maximum Ratings4
4.	BATTERY LIFE
5.	TEST MESSAGES
6.	MESSAGE PROTOCOL
6.1.	Common Messages6
6.1.	Uplink Messages7
6.2.	Downlink Messages
6.2. 1	L. Threshold Mode9
6.2.2	2. Report on Change Mode10
6.2.3	3. Periodic Reports
7.	MECHANICAL DRAWINGS
7.1.	INDOOR RBSX05 SENSORS
7.2.	ARMORED OUTDOOR/INDUSTRIAL RBSX06 SENSORS13
8.	REGULATORY AND COMPLIANCE
8.1.	Federal Communications Commission (FCC)14
8.2.	Harmonized Commodity Description (HS Code)14
8.3.	Export Control Classification Number (ECCN)14
9.	CUSTOMER SUPPORT
10.	DISCLAIMERS15
11.	LEGAL NOTICES15
12.	TRADEMARKS AND COPYRIGHT15



1. QUICK START

To start using your sensor, simply go to:

https://console.radiobridge.com

From here you can register your device and immediately start receiving messages from the sensor.

The sensor configuration, message monitoring, and setting up alerts is usually self-explanatory through the user interface. For further explanations of any sensor features, you may refer to this user guide

2. OVERVIEW

2.1. Sensor Overview

The wireless sensors designed and manufactured by Radio Bridge provide full sensor to cloud solutions for Internet of Things (IoT) applications. The sensor uses air flow to measure temperature and humidity levels. If the temperature and/or humidity rises above or falls below the configured thresholds, an alert is sent over the wireless network.

Features include:

- Built-in radio that talks directly with LoRaWAN wireless networks
- Two types of tamper detection: enclosure tamper and wall mount tamper
 - Enclosure tamper detects if the packaging of the sensor itself is opened or broken Available on the RBSx01, RBSx05, and RBSx06 sensors.
 - Wall mount tamper detects if the sensor has been removed from the wall or mounting point. Available on the RBSx01 and RBSx05 sensors.
- 200,000+ transmissions on a single battery and a 5-10 year battery life depending on usage. See Battery section for more detail.
- Fully integrated internal antenna
- Over the air sensor configuration in the field
- Automatic low battery reporting and supervisory messages

2.2. Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
1.0	April 2018	Initial release of the document
1.1	August 2018	Updated protocol definitions
1.2	October 2018	Regulatory and FCC
1.3	October 2018	Added first decimal to measurements
1.4	November 2018	Minute resolution in periodic reports
1.5	March 2019	Add International Part Numbers
1.6	September 2019	Updated common sections
1.7	November 2019	Accuracy specifications

Table 1 Revision History

2.3. Document Conventions

Table 2 Document Conventions

Font / Icon	Meaning
	Important notes
	Warnings and cautions

2.4. Part Numbers

Table 3 Part Numbers

Part Number	Rating	Wireless	Region
RBS305-ATH-US	Indoor	LoRaWAN	North America, South America
RBS305-ATH-EU	Indoor	LoRaWAN	Europe
RBS305-ATH-AU	Indoor	LoRaWAN	Australia, South America
RBS306-ATH-US	Outdoor/Industrial	LoRaWAN	North America, South America



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3. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

3.1. Accuracy

Table 4 Sensor Accura	ісу
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Parameter	Rating	Units
Temperature	+/- 0.1	°C
Humidity	+/- 1.5	%RH

3.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 5 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Rating	Units
Operating ambient temperature (indoor version)	-30 to +70	°C
Operating ambient temperature (outdoor version)	-40 to +70	°C
Storage ambient temperature	-40 to +100	°C

4. BATTERY LIFE

The sensor uses a lithium non-rechargeable battery and is capable of 200,000+ total messages depending on the wireless standard and usage. For an accurate estimate of battery life, please refer to the "Sensor Battery Estimator.xlsx" spreadsheet on the Radio Bridge website. This spreadsheet combines usage information such as average number of messages per day and estimates the battery life for a particular sensor.



Refer to the spreadsheet "Sensor Battery Estimator.xlsx" on the Radio Bridge website for specific battery life estimates.

The power required for a message transmission is much greater than the "sleep current" (the power consumed when the sensor is inactive) for high power radio technologies such as LoRaWAN. This means that the battery life for most sensors is primarily dependent on the number of transmissions per day.

Different battery types will deplete over time with different voltage profiles. For instance, a lithium battery will maintain a relatively high voltage for the life of the battery and then experience a rapid drop near the end, whereas an alkaline battery will experience a more gradual reduction in voltage over time. Radio Bridge sensors are shipped with lithium batteries, and these are recommended when the battery needs to be eventually replaced.

Temperature also plays a role in battery life. The battery life estimates in the online spreadsheet assume room temperature, but temperatures close to the maximum and minimum ratings will have a negative impact on battery life. For example, battery voltage tends to be lower in cold temperatures and the internal circuitry needs a certain minimum voltage to operate properly before it will shut down. Thus, battery life will tend to be shorter when running the sensor in cold environments.



Battery voltage will be lower in cold temperatures and thus battery life will be reduced in cold environments.

The battery voltage is reported by the supervisory messages as well as a low battery indicator. See the section on Message Protocol for more detail.



5. TEST MESSAGES

The sensor can be triggered to send test messages by placing a magnet next to the side of the sensor. The location of the magnet is indicated by the triangular notch on the side of RBSx01 and RBSx05 sensors. RBSx04 sensors do not have this capability. There is a small magnetic Hall effect sensor that will detect the presence of a magnet and send a message. This can be used for diagnostic purposes to ensure the sensor is within range and connected to the network.

6. MESSAGE PROTOCOL

This section defines the protocol and message definitions for the sensor.



Radio Bridge provides a web-based console at console.radiobridge.com to configure and monitor sensors. Usage of this console is highly recommended for most customers rather than implementing the protocols defined in this section.

If the standard Radio Bridge console (console.radiobridge.com) is not used, refer to this section to decode the sensor data and configure the sensor through downlink messages.

6.1. Common Messages

There are common messages across all wireless sensors that are defined in the document "Common Sensor Messages" which is available on the Radio Bridge website.



Refer to the document "Common Sensor Messages" for definitions of all common messages. Common messages are not defined in this document.

Common messages include basic error messages, tamper, supervisory, and downlink ack. It is important to refer to that document prior to decoding the messages defined in this section.



6.1. Uplink Messages

The uplink message (sensor to web application) specific to the sensor is defined in following table. The common uplink messages are not included in this section (see common messages document).

Byte	Description
0	Temperature/Humidity Event Payload (see Temperature/Humidity Event Payload Definitions)
1	Current temperature in degrees Celsius with sign bit
2	First decimal of current temperature (0-9) in the most significant 4-bits.
3	Humidity in % relative humidity (0-100%)
4	First decimal of relative humidity (0-9) in the most significant 4-bits.

Table 6 Unl	ink Messaae	0x0d · Temp	erature Event
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The temperature and humidity values in the above table are broken out as whole units and the first decimal point. For example, if the current temperature is 26.5 degrees C, byte 1 would be 0x1A and byte 2 would be 0x50. If the humidity is 22.4%, byte 3 would be 0x16 and byte 4 would be 0x40.

The most significant bit in the temperature field (byte 1) is the sign bit where a '1' represents a negative temperature and a '0' represents a positive temperature. Thus, if the reported temperature is -26.5 degrees C, byte 1 would be 0x9A (0x1A with the MSB set) and byte 2 would be 0x50. Note that this is *not two's compliment* notation, it is a sign bit followed by an unsigned 7-bit value.

The temperature/humidity event is defined in the following table.

Event Payload	Description
0x00	Periodic report
0x01	Temperature has risen above upper threshold

Table 7 Temperature Event Payload Definitions

0x02	Temperature has fallen below lower threshold
0x03	Temperature report on change increase
0x04	Temperature report on change decrease
0x05	Humidity has risen above upper threshold
0x06	Humidity has fallen below lower threshold
0x07	Humidity report on change increase
0x08	Humidity report on change decrease

The current temperature field in the uplink message is the current temperature in degrees Celsius. Values of 0x7f (high side) and 0x80 (low side) are considered out of range.

The humidity field in the uplink message is the air humidity percentage which can range from 0-100%.

6.2. Downlink Messages

The downlink message (web application to sensor) specific to the sensor configuration is defined in following table. The common downlink messages are not included in this section (see common messages document).

Byte	Description
0	Mode: 0x00 for Threshold, or 0x01 for Report on Change
1-6	Defined by Mode (See Mode sections)

Table 8 Downlink Configuration Message 0x0d

The mode byte selects one of two modes: threshold based alerts or report-on-change alerts. The remainder of the payload (bytes 1-6) are determined by the mode selected and defined in the next two sections.



6.2.1. Threshold Mode

Threshold mode is set when byte 0 of the payload is set to 0x00. The remainder of the payload is defined in the following table.

Table 9 Downlink Configuration	Message for Threshold Mode
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Byte	Description
0	0x00 (Threshold mode)
1	Periodic reporting in 1 minute or 1 hour intervals. Default is 0 (disabled)
2	Restoral margin (bits 7:4 for humidity, bits 3:0 for temperature). Default 5 degrees C for temperature and 5% for humidity.
3	Lower temperature threshold. Default 10 degrees C.
4	Upper temperature threshold. Default 40 degrees C.
5	Lower humidity threshold. Default 40% relative humidity.
6	Upper humidity threshold. Default 60% relative humidity.

The upper and lower temperature thresholds are *signed* values with units of one degree Celsius (range is -40 to 100 degrees C). Note that if the configuration settings exceed the maximum ratings on the sensor, the sensor may not report an event.

The Restoral Margin is used for the upper and lower thresholds and requires the temperature or humidity values to cross back over the threshold a certain amount before a new event is reported. This prevents excessive event messages if the measurement is at or near the threshold.

For example, consider an upper temp threshold set at 30 degrees Celsius and the restoral margin set at 5 degrees. If the temperature initially exceeds 30 degrees then an event is generated and a message is sent to the network. The temperature must now drop to 25 degrees and then exceed 30 degrees before another event is reported.

The restoral margins are *unsigned* values with units of 1 degree Celsius (range is 1-15 degrees C) and 1% relative humidity (range is 1%-15%). If a restoral margin is set to 0, it is disabled.

Periodic reporting is described in the section Periodic Reports.

6.2.2. Report on Change Mode

Report on Change mode is set when byte 0 of the payload is set to 0x01. The remainder of the payload is defined in the following table.

Byte	Description
0	0x01 (Report on Change mode)
1	Periodic reporting in 1 minute or 1 hour intervals. Default is 0 (disabled)
2	Not used
3	Temperature increase
4	Temperature decrease
5	Humidity increase
6	Humidity decrease

The temperature/humidity changes are unsigned values and have units of degrees C and % relative humidity.

If the report-on-change feature is used, the sensor will send an alert any time the temperature/humidity changes by the specified amount. For example, if the temperature increase and decrease are set to 5 degrees, then an alert is sent every time the temperature changes 5 degrees from the last report. There is no time limit as to when the change must take place.

If the temperature/humidity increase is set to zero then the feature is disabled.

Periodic reporting is described in the section Periodic Reports.

6.2.3. Periodic Reports

The temperature/humidity sensor can also send periodic updates of the temperature and humidity, and this is defined in byte 1 of both modes. A setting of 0 will disable periodic reporting. The period is defined in 1 hour increments when the most significant bit is 0, and it is defined in 1 minute increments when the most significant bit is 1 as shown in the following table. Table 11 Period Bye (byte 1) from Downlink Configuration Message

Bit 7	Bits 6:0
0	Period defined in hours (1-127 hours)
1	Period defined in minutes (1-127 minutes)

For example, to receive a report every 4 hours, byte 1 would be set to 0x04. To receive a periodic report every 15 minutes, byte 1 would be set to 0x8f.

Note that **prior to firmware version 1.3, only hourly reporting is available**. The firmware version can be found in the reset message and is logged on the Radio Bridge console.



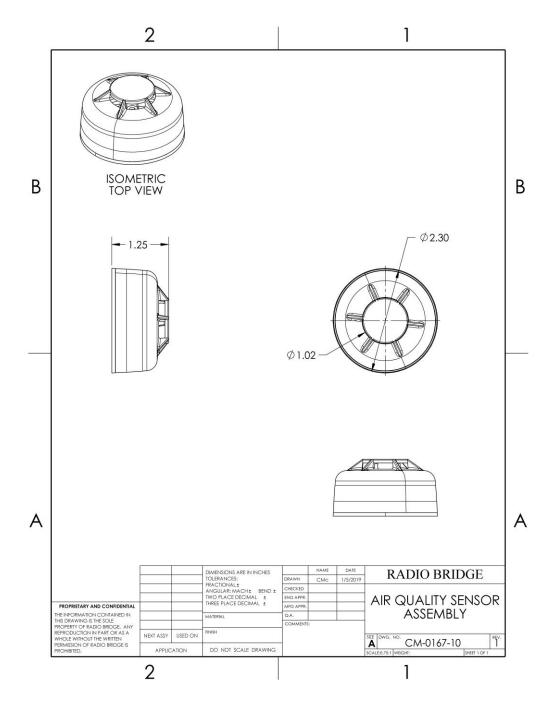
Periodic reporting is not recommended as it will increase data service fees and significantly reduce battery life. Wherever possible, use thresholds or report-on-change only.

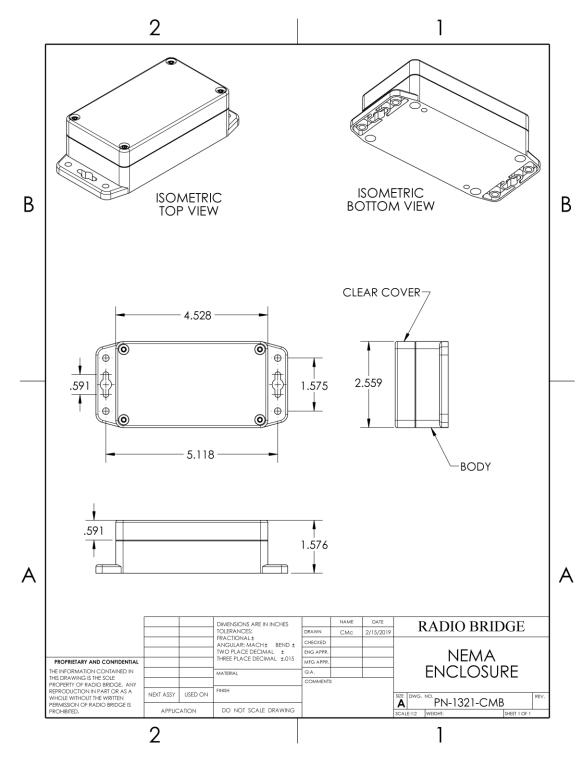


7. MECHANICAL DRAWINGS

The mechanical drawings provided in this section are for the main body of the sensor. All dimensions are inches unless otherwise noted.

7.1. INDOOR RBSx05 SENSORS





7.2. ARMORED OUTDOOR/INDUSTRIAL RBSx06 SENSORS

8. REGULATORY AND COMPLIANCE

8.1. Federal Communications Commission (FCC)

Per FCC 15.19(a)(3) and (a)(4) This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Per FCC 15.21, Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Radio Bridge could void authority to operate the devices.

Sigfox RBS101, RBS104, and RBS105 sensors FCC ID: 2APNUSFM10R2

LoRaWAN RBS301, RBS304, and RBS305 sensors FCC ID: 2APNUCMABZ

LoRaWAN RBS306 sensors: This device contains FCC IAU792U13A16858

This device contains equipment certified under IC: 125A-0055

8.2. Harmonized Commodity Description (HS Code)

The Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System generally referred to as "Harmonized System" or simply "HS" is a multipurpose international product nomenclature developed by the World Customs Organization (WCO).

HS Code: 8531.90

8.3. Export Control Classification Number (ECCN)

ECCNs are five character alpha-numeric designations used on the Commerce Control List (CCL) to identify dual-use items for export control purposes. An ECCN categorizes items based on the nature of the product, i.e. type of commodity, software, or technology and its respective technical parameters.

ECCN: 5a992.c



9. CUSTOMER SUPPORT

Radio Bridge offers free technical support at:

https://support.radiobridge.com

Radio Bridge also offers technical support plans and service packages to help our customers get the most out of their Radio Bridge products.

10. DISCLAIMERS

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11. LEGAL NOTICES

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