# **Smart Dupline®** Outdoor/Indoor PIR Sensor and Luxmeter **Type SHSPP9OLx**





- Passive infrared presence/movement detector with built-in luxmeter
- Light measuring range: 0 to 20 klux
- For outdoor and indoor applications (see type selection)
- · Detects movement and presence
- Smart-house output
- Operating distance: 13 m
- Operating angle: 90°
- **LED** indication
- Supplied by bus

### **Product Description**

The SHSPP90Lx is a 90° PIR sensor to detect presence and/or movement in indoor installations with built-in luxmeter, combining two products in one. It is part of the smart-house concept and can be used to control lights, rollerblinds,

air-conditioning, intruder alarms and all the other functions supported by the smart-house system, in an automatic way depending on people-presence. This sensor is completely programmable via the SH tool.

#### **Ordering Key SH SP P 90 L A** smart-house Wall mounting PIR sensor **Detection angle** Luxmeter Degree of protection

### Type Selection

Housing	Degree of protection	LED	Supply by bus
67 x 52 x 34 mm	IP64, outdoor version IP20, indoor version	1 blue	SHSPP90L
67 x 52 x 34 mm		1 blue	SHSPP90LA

### Input Specifications

Inputs Lens Angle	PIR Dual detecting zones 90°
Operating Distance	<13m
Luxmeter	
Characteristic deviation	-3% to + 3%
Response time	It depends on the number of variables in the system
Sensor range	0 to 20 kLux
Output accuracy over	
temperature	0° to 40°C ± 10% -30° to 0°C ± 15% 40° to 60°C ± 20%

## **Dupline® Output Specifications**

Voltage	8.2 V
Maximum Dupline® voltage	10 V
Minimum Dupline® voltage	5.5 V
Maximum Dupline® current	6 mA

## **Output Specifications**

Output LED output	Blue LED

# **Supply Specifications**

Power supply S	supplied by bus
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x 52 x 34 mm prox. 110 g 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup>

### **General Specifications**

Automatic: the controller recognises the module through the SIN (Specific Identification Number) that	Connection Screw terminal D+ D-	0.2 to 1.5 mm Signal GND
has to be inserted in the SH tool.	Housing material Colour	White
	Lens	Polyethylene
IP 54 outdoor version	Dimensions (WxHxD)	67 x 52 x 34 n
	Weight	Approx. 110 g
-30° to +70°C (-22° to + 158°F)	Cable connection	2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
20 to 80 %	CE Marking	Yes
	recognises the module through the SIN (Specific Identification Number) that has to be inserted in the SH tool.  IP 54 outdoor version IP 20 indoor version -20° to +50°C (+4° to +122°F) -30° to +70°C (-22° to + 158°F)	recognises the module through the SIN (Specific Identification Number) that has to be inserted in the SH tool.  IP 54 outdoor version IP 20 indoor version -20° to +50°C (+4° to +122°F) -30° to +70°C (-22° to + 158°F)  Screw terminal D+ D- Housing material Colour Lens  Dimensions (WxHxD) Weight Cable connection



### **General Specifications**

#### **EMC**

Immunity

- Electrostatic discharge
- Radiated radiofrequency
- Burst immunity
- Surge
- Conducted radio frequency
- Power frequency magnetic fields

EN 61000-6-2 EN 61000-4-2 EN 61000-4-3 EN 61000-4-4 EN 61000-4-5 EN 61000-4-6

EN 61000-4-8

- Voltage dips, variations, interruptions
- Emission
- Conducted and radiated emissions
- Conducted emissions
- Radiated emissions

EN 61000-4-11 EN 61000-6-3

CISPR 22 (EN55022), cl. B CISPR 16-2-1 (EN55016-2-1) CISPR 16-2-3 (EN55016-2-3)

### **Mode of Operation**

This PIR sensor responds to any fluctuation in infrared heat radiation, so any object or human presence changes the thermal image detected by the sensor when entering its field of vision.

The sensor is equipped with a segmented lens that divides the field of vision into active and passive zones (zones not visible to the sensor, see figures 1, 2 and 3. When a heat source crosses these zones, the sensor detects the change in infrared radiation and presence and/or movement are recognised.

How sensitive and fast the sensor has to be to detect presence and/or movement can be programmed by means of four parameters, by means of the Sx tool.

The four parameters are: mode of detecting the

crossing of active zones, sensitivity, the number of pulses and the time window in which these pulses have to be detected. These four parameters have to be set for both presence and movement recognition.

Movement is used by the system in the intruder alarm function and to switch the light on, while presence is used in the light function to reload the energy-save timer (i.e. each time presence is detected, the energy-save timer starts counting from the beginning).

#### 1) Mode of detection

A: one border between the active and the passive zone has to be crossed to give a pulse signal. This option has to be selected for presence detection and movement and turns the light on as

soon as a person moves from an active to a passive area or vice versa (very quick response).

B: two borders have to be crossed to give a pulse signal. The person has to move from an active area to another active area, passing through a passive one or vice versa.

This option is recommended for sensors used in the intruder alarm function, in order to avoid false alarms.

#### 2) Sensitivity

A number can be set from 3 to 100: the smaller this value is, the longer the detection distance, but the higher the sensitivity to heating sources.

In the figures 1, 2 and 3, three examples of different sensitivity can be seen.

#### 3) Number of pulses

The number of pulses is calculated according to mode A or B before sending a people detection message to the controller. This can be set from 1 to 8.

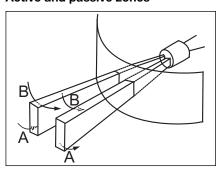
#### 4) Time window

This is the time interval within which the predefined number of pulses is detected. It can be set from 1 to 10 seconds.

In the table below is an example of settings which, of course, might depend on environmental conditions, application and type of installation.

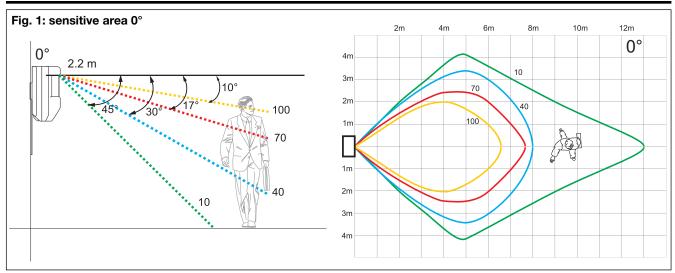
	Presence	Movement (light fx)	Movement (alarm fx)
Mode of detection	A	A	В
Sensitivity	1030	3070	50100
Number of pulses	1	1	3
Time window	10	2	10

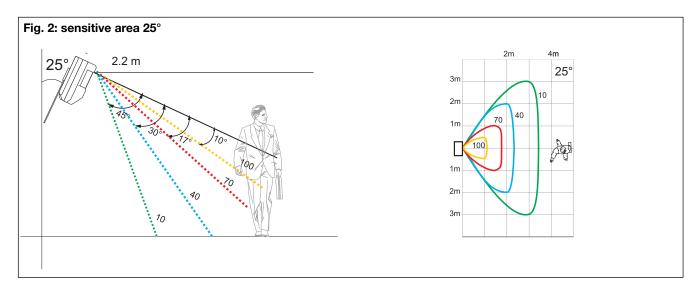
#### Active and passive zones

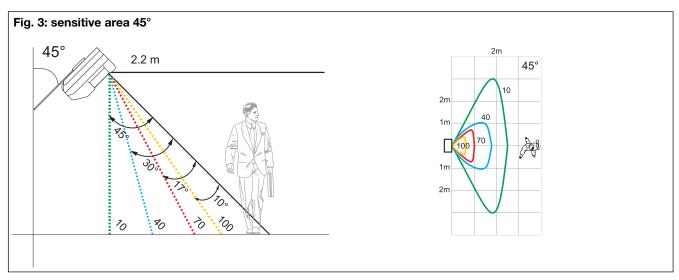




# Mode of Operation (cont.)









### **Mode of Operation (cont.)**

#### **LED** programming

There is one configurable LED (blue) on board the SHSPP90Lx to be programmed.

**Blue LED**: the user can select one of the following options:

- 1. LED always OFF
- 2.LED flashes shortly every seconds if a presence/ moviment is detected
- LED flashes shortly every seconds if it is used as feedback of a function status

If the blue LED is not programmed, it is always OFF.

#### Coding/Addressing

No addressing is needed since the module is provided with a specific identification number (SIN): the user has only to insert the SIN number in the Sx tool when creating the system configuration

Used channel: 3 input channels, 1 output channel.

### **Mounting**

The PIR detector is designed for wall mounting. As the SHSPP90Lx is a passive device, several detectors can be placed in the same room without interfering with each other.

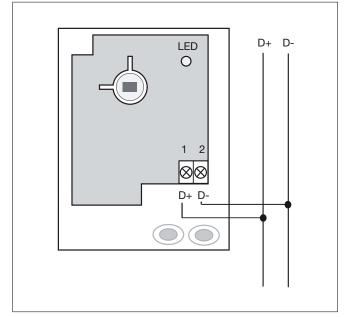
The module should not be installed as follows:

- a) In places exposed either to sunlight or to motor vehicle headlights pointing directly at the sensor.
- b) In places exposed to direct air flow from a heater or air conditioner.
- c) In places where rapid temperature changes occur.
- d) In places exposed to severe vibration.
- e) Close to glass or other objects which might reflect the infrared radiation.

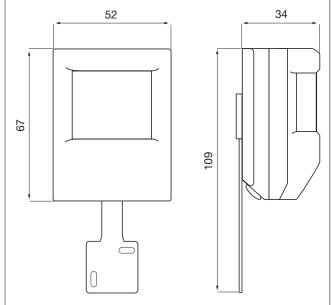
**Note:** If the sensor is to detect presence, please be careful to mount it so that

the area where presence has to be detected is completely covered by the sensitive area of the sensor. See figures 1, 2 and 3.

### **Wiring Diagram**



### **Dimensions**



# **Mouser Electronics**

**Authorized Distributor** 

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SHSPP90L SHSPP90LA