

Smart Dupline®

Aurora line, Light Switch with PIR Sensor and Luxmeter

Type SHE5XLS4P90L



- Light Switch with passive infrared presence/movement detector and built-in luxmeter
- Light measuring range: 0 to 20 klux
- Developed to fit into wall socket and frames from Elko, Gira and Jung
- Indoor applications
- PIR operating distance: max 10 m
- Supplied by bus, no external power required
- Programmable white and blue LEDs for presence and movement detection
- Delivered with 2 white and 1 black push-button covers
- 4 individually programmable push-buttons

Product Description

The SHE5XLS4P90L is a light switch with a 90° PIR sensor * to detect presence and/or movement in indoor installations with built-in luxmeter, combining three products in one. It is part of the smart-house concept and can be used to control

lights, rollerblinds, air-conditioning, intruder alarms and all the other functions supported by the smart-house system, in an automatic way depending on people-presence. This sensor is completely programmable via the SH tool.

Ordering Key

SH E5 X LS4 P 90 L

| | |
|--------------------|-------|
| smart-house | _____ |
| Housing 55 x 55 mm | _____ |
| Standard | _____ |
| Light Switch | _____ |
| Pir Sensor | _____ |
| Detection angle | _____ |
| Luxmeter | _____ |

Type Selection

| Housing | Colour | LEDs | Supply by bus |
|------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|
| 55 x 55 mm | White / Black * | 1 white / 5 blue | SHE5XLS4P90L |

*Delivered with white and black push-button covers.

Input Specifications

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Infrared inputs | |
| Lens | Dual detecting zones |
| Angle | 90° |
| Operating distance | ≤ 10 m |
| Luxmeter | |
| Characteristic deviation | -3% to +3% |
| Response time | It depends on the number of variables in the system |
| Sensor range | 0 to 20 kLux |
| Accuracy over temperature | 0° to 40°C ± 10% -30° to 0°C ± 15% +40° to 60°C ± 20% |
| Keypad | 4 push buttons |

Dupline® Specifications

| | |
|---------------------------------|-------|
| Voltage | 8.2 V |
| Maximum dupline® voltage | 10 V |
| Minimum dupline® voltage | 5.5 V |
| Maximum dupline® current | 5 mA |

Output Specifications

| | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| Output LEDs | 5 blue / 1 white |
|--------------------|------------------|

Supply Specifications

| | |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| Power supply | Supplied by bus |
|---------------------|-----------------|

General Specifications

| | | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| Address assignment | Automatic: the controller recognises the module through the SIN (Specific Identification Number) that has to be inserted in the SH tool. | Weight | 50 g |
| Environment Degree of protection Pollution degree Operating temperature Storage temperature Humidity (non-condensing) | IP 20 3 (IEC 60664) 0° to +50°C (+32° to +122°F) -20° to +70°C (-4° to +158°F) 20 to 80% RH | CE Marking | Yes |
| Connection Screwless detachable D+ D- | 0.2 to 1.5 mm ² Signal GND | EMC Immunity - Electrostatic discharge - Radiated radiofrequency - Burst immunity - Surge - Conducted radio frequency - Power frequency magnetic fields - Voltage dips, variations, interruptions Emission - Conducted and radiated emissions - Conducted emissions - Radiated emissions | EN 61000-6-2 EN 61000-4-2 EN 61000-4-3 EN 61000-4-4 EN 61000-4-5 EN 61000-4-6 EN 61000-4-8 EN 61000-4-11 EN 61000-6-3 CISPR 22 (EN55022), cl. B CISPR 16-2-1 (EN55016-2-1) CISPR 16-2-3 (EN55016-2-3) |
| Housing Back part dimensions Back part + front dimensions Back part material Push button covers Accessories | 55 x 55 x 24 mm 55 x 55 x 35.3 mm Plastic, transparent Plastic white (RAL 9010) Plastic clear white (RAL 9016) Plastic black Transparent plastic ring for Bticino frame | | |

Mode of Operation

This PIR sensor responds to any fluctuation in infrared heat radiation, so any object or human presence changes the thermal image detected by the sensor when entering its field of vision.

The sensor is equipped with a segmented lens that divides the field of vision into active and passive zones (zones not visible to the sensor, see figures "Horizontal and Vertical sensitive area"). When a heat source crosses these zones, the sensor detects the change in infrared radiation and presence and/or movement are recognised.

How sensitive and fast the sensor has to be to detect presence and/or movement can be programmed by means of four parameters, by means of the SH tool.

The four parameters are: mode of detecting the crossing of active zones, sensitivity, the number of pulses and the time window in which these pulses have to be detected. These four parameters have to be set for both presence and movement recognition. Movement is used by the system in the intruder alarm function and to switch the light on, while presence is used in the light function to reload the energy-save timer (i.e. each time presence is detected, the energy-save timer starts counting from the beginning).

1) Mode of detection

A: one border between the active and the passive zone has to be crossed to give a pulse signal. This option has

to be selected for presence detection and movement and turns the light on as soon as a person moves from an active to a passive area or vice versa (very quick response).

B: two borders have to be crossed to give a pulse signal. The person has to move from an active area to another active area, passing through a passive one or vice versa.

This option is recommended for sensors used in the intruder alarm function, in order to avoid false alarms.

2) Sensitivity

A number can be set from 3 to 100: the smaller this value is, the longer the detection distance, but the higher the sensitivity to heating sources.

In the figures "Horizontal and Vertical sensitive area", three examples of different sensitivity can be seen.

3) Number of pulses

The number of pulses is calculated according to mode A or B before sending a people detection message to the controller. This can be set from 1 to 8.

4) Time window

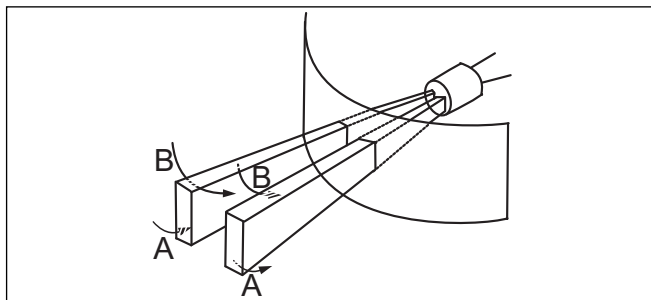
This is the time interval within which the predefined number of pulses is detected. It can be set from 1 to 10 seconds.

In the table below is an example of settings which, of course, might depend on environmental conditions, application and type of installation.

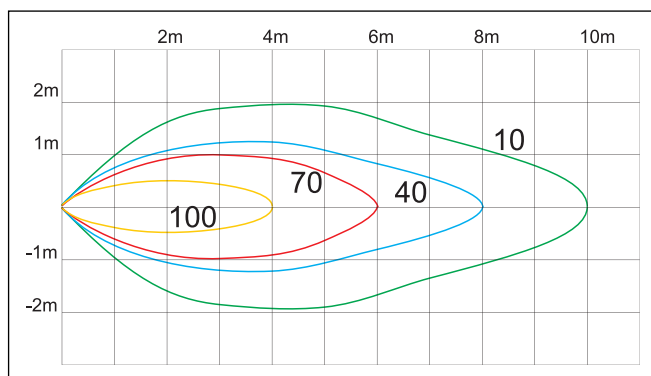
| | Presence | Movement (light fx) | Movement (alarm fx) |
|-------------------|----------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Mode of detection | A | A | B |
| Sensitivity | 10..30 | 30..70 | 50..100 |
| Number of pulses | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Time window | 10 | 2 | 10 |

Mode of Operation (cont.)

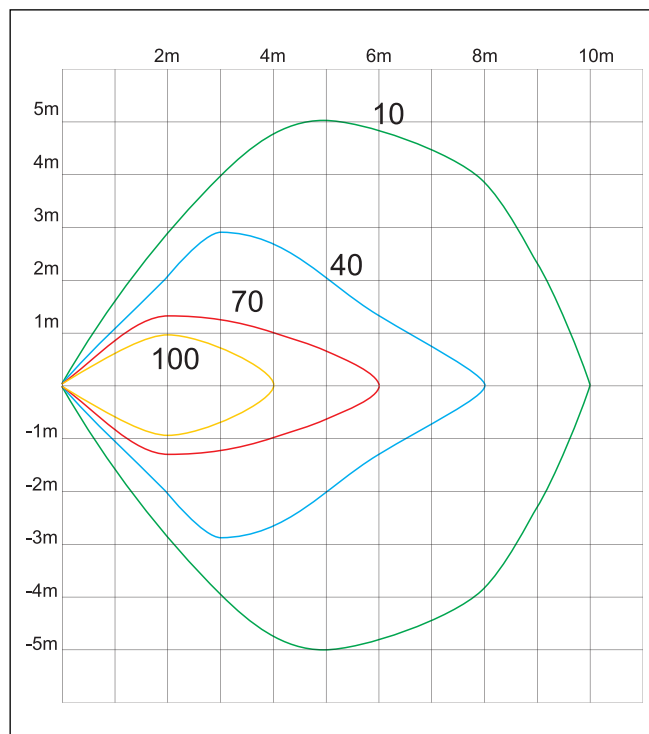
Active and passive zones



Vertical sensitive area



Horizontal sensitive area



LED programming

There are 2 configurable LEDs (one white and 1 blue) built in the SHE5XLS4P90L to be programmed.

PIR white LED: the user can select one of the following options

1. LED always OFF
2. LED flashes shortly every seconds if a presence/movement is detected

If the white LED is not programmed, it is always OFF.

PIR blue LED: the user can select one of the following options

1. LED always OFF
2. LED flashes shortly every seconds if a presence/movement is detected
3. LED flashes shortly every seconds if it is used as feedback of a function status

If the blue LED is not programmed, it is always OFF.

Push-buttons blue LEDs:

the 4 blue LEDs will be ON when the relevant push-button is pressed.

If the Dupline® bus is faulty or missing, the LED will be OFF.

Addressing

No addressing is needed since the module is provided with a specific identification number (SIN): the user has only to insert the SIN number in the SH tool when creating the system configuration.

Used channels: 7 input channels, 1 output channel.

Mounting

The PIR detector is designed for mounting at a standard switch height (1,1m). As the SHE5XLS4P90L is a passive device, several detectors can be placed in the same room without interfering with each other.

The module should not be installed as follows:

- a) Outdoors.
- b) In places exposed either to sunlight or to motor vehicle headlights pointing directly at the sensor.
- c) In places exposed to direct air flow from a heater

or air conditioner.

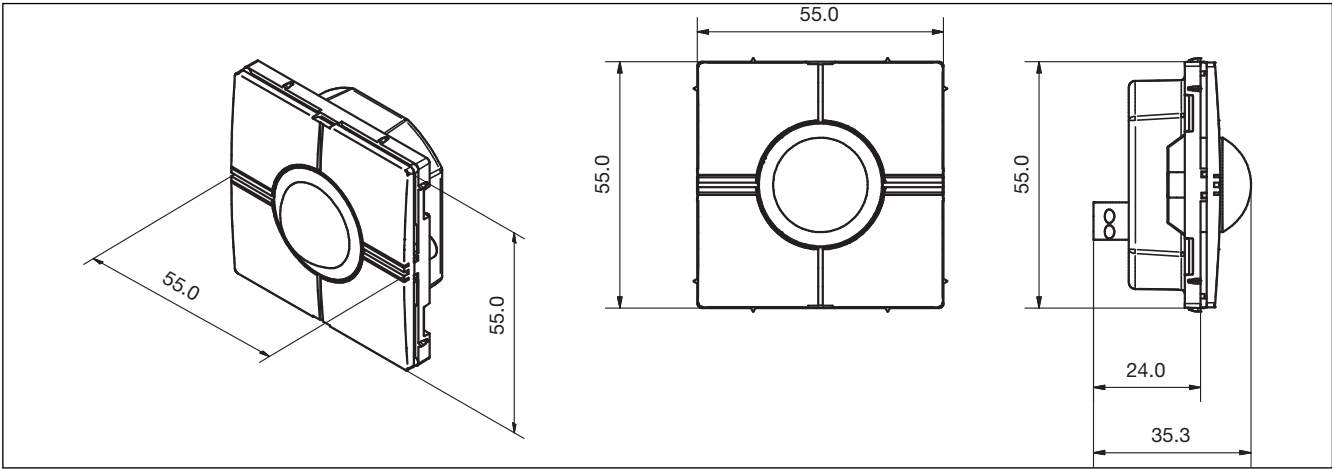
- d) In places where rapid temperature changes occur.
- e) In places exposed to severe vibration.
- f) Close to glass or other objects which might reflect the infrared radiation.

Note: If the sensor is to detect presence, please be careful to mount it so that the area where presence has to be detected is completely covered by the sensitive area of the sensor.

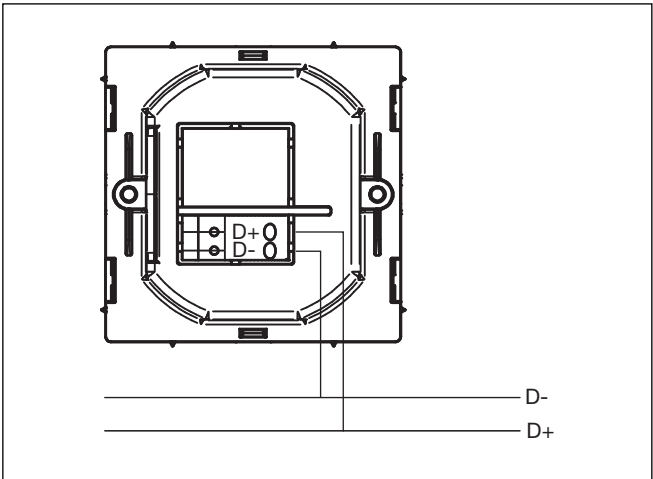
See figures "Horizontal and Vertical sensitive area".



Dimensions (mm)



Wiring Diagram



Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

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