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CY7C68300C/CY7C68301C CY7C68320C/CY7C68321C

EZ-USB AT2LP™ USB 2.0 to ATA/ATAPI Bridge

Features

- Fixed Function Mass Storage Device Requires no Firmware
- Two Power Modes: Self Powered and USB Bus Powered to enable Bus Powered CF (CompactFlash) Readers and Truly Portable USB Hard Drives
- Certified Compliant for USB 2.0 (TID# 40490119), the USB Mass Storage Class, and the USB Mass Storage Class Bulk-Only Transport (BOT) Specification
- Operates at High-Speed (480 Mbps) or Full-Speed (12 Mbps) USB
- Complies with ATA/ATAPI-6 Specification
- Supports 48-bit Addressing for Large Hard Drives
- Supports ATA Security Features
- Supports any ATA Command with the ATACB Function
- Supports Mode for BIOS Boot Support
- Supports ATAPI Serial Number VPD Page Retrieval for Digital Rights Management (DRM) Compatibility
- Supports PIO Modes 0, 3, and 4, Multiword DMA Mode 2, and UDMA Modes 2, 3, and 4
- Uses One Small External Serial EEPROM for Storage of USB Descriptors and Device Configuration Data
- ATA Interface IRQ Signal Support
- Supports one or two ATA/ATAPI Devices
- Supports CompactFlash and one ATA/ATAPI Device

- Supports Board-level Manufacturing Test using the USB I/F
- Places the ATA Interface in High Impedance (High Z) to enable Sharing of the ATA Bus with another Controller such as an IEEE-1394 to ATA Bridge Chip or MP3 Decoder)
- Low Power 3.3 V Operation
- Fully Compatible with Native USB Mass Storage Class Drivers
- Cypress Mass Storage Class Drivers available for Windows[®] (98SE, ME, 2000, XP) and Mac OS X operating systems

Features (CY7C68320C/CY7C68321C only)

- Supports HID Interface or Custom GPIOs to enable features such as Single Button Backup, Power Off, and LED-based Notification
- 56-pin QFN and 100-pin TQFP Pb-free Packages
- CY7C68321C is Ideal for Battery Powered Designs
- CY7C68320C is Ideal for Self and Bus Powered Designs
- Automotive AEC Grade Option (-40 °C to 85 °C)

Features (CY7C68300C/CY7C68301C only)

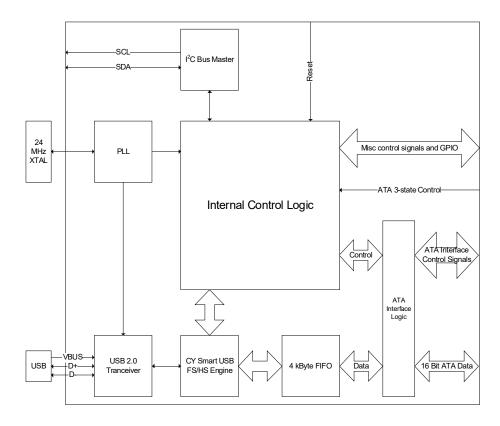
- Pin Compatible with CY7C68300A (using Backward Compatibility Mode)
- 56-pin SSOP and 56-pin QFN Pb-free Packages
- CY7C68301C is Ideal for Battery Powered Designs
- CY7C68300C is Ideal for Self and Bus Powered Designs

Errata: For information on silicon errata, see "Errata" on page 44. Details include trigger conditions, devices affected, and proposed workaround.

Cypress Semiconductor Corporation
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Logic Block Diagram



Applications

The CY7C68300C/301C and CY7C68320C/321C implement a USB 2.0 bridge for all ATA/ATAPI-6 compliant mass storage devices, such as the following:

- Hard Drives
- CD-ROM, CD-R/W
- DVD-ROM, DVD-RAM, DVD±R/W
- MP3 Players
- Personal Media Players
- CompactFlash
- Microdrives
- Tape Drives
- Personal Video Recorders
- Automotive Applications

The CY7C68300C/301C and CY7C68320C/321A support one or two devices in the following configurations:

- ATA/ATAPI master only
- ATA/ATAPI slave only
- ATA/ATAPI master and ATA/ATAPI slave
- CompactFlash only
- ATA/ATAPI slave and CompactFlash or other removable IDE master

Additional Resources

- CY4615B EZ-USB AT2LP Reference Design Kit
- USB Specification Version 2.0
- ATA Specification T13/1410D Revision 3B
- USB Mass Storage Class Bulk-Only Transport Specification http://www.usb.org/developers/devclass docs/usbmassbulk 10.pdf



Contents

Introduction	4
CY7C68300A Compatibility	4
Pin Diagrams	
Pin Descriptions	
Additional Pin Descriptions	13
HID Functions for Button Controls	
Functional Overview	16
USB Signaling Speed	16
ATA Interface	
Operating Modes	19
Operational Mode Selection Flow	19
Fused Memory Data	20
Normal Mass Storage Mode	20
Board Manufacturing Test Mode	20
EEPROM Organization	22
Programming the EEPROM	35
Absolute Maximum Ratings	36
Operating Conditions	36
DC Characteristics	36
AC Electrical Characteristics	37
ATA Timing Characteristics	
USB Transceiver Characteristics	
Ordering Information	37
Ordering Code Definitions	37

Package Diagrams	38
General PCB Layout Recommendations	
for USB Mass Storage Designs	41
Quad Flat Package No Leads (QFN) Package	
Design Notes	41
Other Design Considerations	
Proper Power-Up Sequence	42
IDE Removable Media Devices	
Devices With Small Buffers	42
Acronyms	43
Document Conventions	
Units of Measure	43
Errata	44
Part Numbers Affected	44
AT2LP Qualification Status	44
AT2LP Errata Summary	44
Document History Page	45
Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information	
Worldwide Sales and Design Support	47
Products	
PSoC® Solutions	47
Cypress Developer Community	
Technical Support	47



Introduction

The EZ-USB AT2LP™ (CY7C68300C/CY7C68301C and CY7C68320C/CY7C68321C) implements a fixed-function bridge between one USB port and one or two ATA- or ATAPI-based mass storage device ports. This bridge adheres to the Mass Storage Class Bulk-Only Transport Specification (BOT) and is intended for bus and self powered devices.

The AT2LP is the latest addition to the Cypress USB mass storage portfolio, and is an ideal cost- and power-reduction path for designs that previously used Cypress's ISD-300A1, ISD-300LP, or EZ-USB AT2.

Specifically, the CY7C68300C/CY7C68301C includes a mode that makes it pin-for-pin compatible with the EZ-USB AT2 (CY7C68300A).

The USB port of CY7C68300C/301C and CY7C68320C/321C (AT2LP) is connected to a host computer directly or with the downstream port of a USB hub. Software on the USB host system issues commands and sends data to the AT2LP and receives status and data from the AT2LP using standard USB protocol.

The ATA/ATAPI port of the AT2LP is connected to one or two mass storage devices. A 4 kbyte buffer maximizes ATA/ATAPI data transfer rates by minimizing losses due to device seek times. The ATA interface supports ATA PIO modes 0, 3 ^[1], and 4, multiword DMA mode 2, and Ultra DMA modes 2, 3, and 4.

The device initialization process is configurable, enabling the AT2LP to initialize ATA/ATAPI devices without software intervention.

CY7C68300A Compatibility

As mentioned in the previous section, the CY7C68300C/301C contains a backward compatibility mode that enables it to be used in existing EZ-USB AT2 (CY7C68300A) designs. The backward compatibility mode is enabled by programming the EEPROM with the CY7C68300A signature.

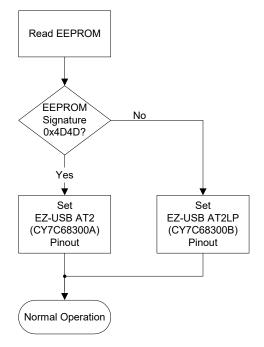
During startup, the AT2LP checks the I^2C bus for an EEPROM with a valid signature in the first two bytes. If the signature is 0x4D4D, the AT2LP configures itself for pin-to-pin compatibility with the AT2 and begins normal mass storage operation. If the

signature is 0x534B, the AT2LP configures itself with the AT2LP pinout and begins normal mass storage operation.

Refer to the logic flow in Figure 1 for more information on the pinout selection process.

Most designs that use the AT2 can migrate to the AT2LP with no changes to either the board layout or EEPROM data. Cypress has published an application note focused on migrating from the AT2 to the AT2LP to help expedite the process. It can be downloaded from the Cypress website (http://www.cypress.com) or obtained through a Cypress representative.

Figure 1. Simplified Pinout Selection Flowchart



Note

^{1.} Errata: The ATA/ATAPI-6 standard specifies the data recovery timings for each of the Read (DIOR)/Write (DIOW) data transfer modes such as PIO mode-0, 1, 2, 3, 4. As per the standard for PIO mode-3 this timing value is 70 ns. In AT2LP the actual value measured is out of spec limits. Please refer to "Errata" on page 44 for details and workaround.



Pin Diagrams

The AT2LP is available in different package types to meet a variety of design needs. The CY7C68320C/321C is available in 56-pin QFN and 100-pin TQFP packages to provide the greatest flexibility for new designs. The CY7C68300C is available in 56-pin SSOP and QFN package types and CY7C68301C is available in QFN package to ensure backward compatibility with CY7C68300A designs.

Figure 2. 56-pin SSOP Pinout (CY7C68300C only)

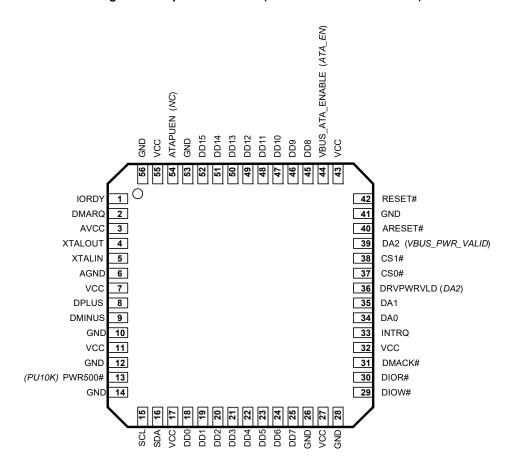
2 DD14 D 3 DD15 D GND	D12 56 D11 55 D10 54 DD9 53 DD8 52 BLE 51
2 DD14 D 3 DD15 D GND	D11 55 D10 54 DD9 53 DD8 52
3 DD15 D	D10 54 DD9 53 DD8 52
4 GND	DD9 53 DD8 52
	DD8 52
6 VCC (ATA_EN) VBUS_ATA_ENAB	,
	/CC 50
8 IORDY RES	
	SND 48
10 AVCC ARES	
11 XTALOUT (VBUS_PWR_VALID)	
	S1# 45
	S0# 44
14 VCC (DA2)DRVPWRV	
, , ,	DA1 42
16 DMINUS	DA0 41
	TRQ 40
	/CC 39
19 GND DMAC	K# 38
20 PWR500#(<i>PU10K</i>) DIC	R# 37
21 GND(Reserved) DIO	W # 36
	35 SND 35
23 SDA	/CC 34
24 VCC	SND 33
25 DD0	DD7 32
26 DD1	DD6 31
27 DD2	DD5 30
28 DD3	DD4 29

Note Labels in italics denote pin functionality during CY7C68300A compatibility mode.



Pin Diagrams (continued)

Figure 3. 56-pin QFN Pinout (CY7C68300C/CY7C68301C)

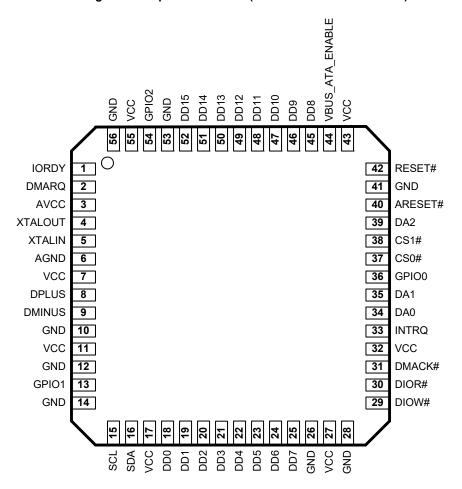


Note Italic labels denote pin functionality during CY7C68300A compatibility mode.



Pin Diagrams (continued)

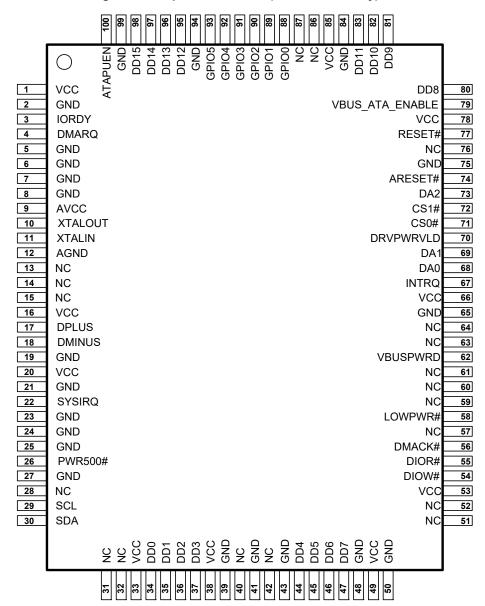
Figure 4. 56-pin QFN Pinout (CY7C68320C/CY7C68321C)





Pin Diagrams (continued)

Figure 5. 100-pin TQFP Pinout (CY7C68320C only)





Pin Descriptions

The following table lists the pinouts for the 56-pin SSOP, 56-pin QFN, and 100-pin TQFP package options for the AT2LP. Refer to the Pin Diagrams on page 5 for differences between the 68300C/01C and 68320C/321C pinouts for the 56-pin packages.

Table 1. AT2LP Pin Descriptions

Note Italic pin names denote pin functionality during CY7C68300A compatibility mode

100 TQFP	56 QFN	56 SSOP	Pin Name	Pin Type	Default State at Startup	Pin Description
1	55	6	V _{CC}	PWR		V _{CC} . Connect to 3.3 V power source.
2	56	7	GND	GND		Ground.
3	1	8	IORDY	[[2]	Input	ATA control. Apply a 1k pull up to 3.3 V.
4	2	9	DMARQ	[[2]	Input	ATA control.
5 6 7 8	N/A	N/A	GND			Ground.
9	3	10	AV _{CC}	PWR		Analog V_{CC} . Connect to V _{CC} through the shortest path possible.
10	4	11	XTALOUT	Xtal	Xtal	24 MHz crystal output. (See XTALIN, XTALOUT on page 13).
11	5	12	XTALIN	Xtal	Xtal	24 MHz crystal input. (See XTALIN, XTALOUT on page 13).
12	6	13	AGND	GND		Analog ground. Connect to ground with as short a path as possible.
13 14 15	N/A	N/A	NC			No connect.
16	7	14	V _{CC}	PWR		V _{CC} . Connect to 3.3 V power source.
17	8	15	DPLUS	I/O	High Z	USB D+ signal (See DPLUS, DMINUS on page 13).
18	9	16	DMINUS	I/O	High Z	USB D- signal (See DPLUS, DMINUS on page 13).
19	10	17	GND	GND		Ground.
20	11	18	V_{CC}	PWR		V _{CC} . Connect to 3.3 V power source.
21	12	19	GND	GND		Ground.
22	N/A	N/A	SYSIRQ	I	Input	USB interrupt request. (See SYSIRQ on page 13). Active HIGH. Connect to GND if functionality is not used.
23 24 25	N/A	N/A	GND	GND		Ground.
26 ^[3]	13 ^[3]	20	PWR500# ^[4] (<i>PU 10K</i>)	0		bMaxPower request granted indicator. (See PWR500# on page 15). Active LOW. N/A for CY7C68320C/CY7C68321C 56-pin packages.
27	14	21	GND (RESERVED)			Reserved. Tie to GND.
28	N/A	N/A	NC			No connect.
29	15	22	SCL	0	Active for several ms at startup.	Clock signal for I ² C interface. (See SCL, SDA on page 13). Apply a 2.2k pull up resistor.
30	16	23	SDA	I/O		Data signal for I ² C interface. (See SCL, SDA on page 13). Apply a 2.2k pull up resistor.

Notes

- 2. If byte 8, bit 4 of the EEPROM is set to '0', the ATA interface pins are only active when VBUS_ATA_EN is asserted. See VBUS_ATA_ENABLE on page 15.
 3. The General Purpose inputs can be enabled on ATAPUEN, PWR500#, and DRVPWRVLD via EEPROM byte 8, bit 7 on CY7C68320C/CY7C68321C.
- 4. A '#' sign after the pin name indicates that it is active LOW.



Table 1. AT2LP Pin Descriptions (continued)

Note Italic pin names denote pin functionality during CY7C68300A compatibility mode

						•
100 TQFP	56 QFN	56 SSOP	Pin Name	Pin Type	Default State at Startup	Pin Description
31 32	N/A	N/A	NC			No connect.
33	17	24	V _{CC}	PWR		V _{CC} . Connect to 3.3 V power source.
34	18	25	DD0	I/O ^[5]	High Z	ATA data bit 0.
35	19	26	DD1	I/O ^[5]	High Z	ATA data bit 1.
36	20	27	DD2	I/O ^[5]	High Z	ATA data bit 2.
37	21	28	DD3	I/O ^[5]	High Z	ATA data bit 3.
38	N/A	N/A	V _{CC}	PWR		V _{CC} . Connect to 3.3 V power source.
39	N/A	N/A	GND	GND		Ground.
40	N/A	N/A	NC	NC		No connect.
41	N/A	N/A	GND			Ground.
42	N/A	N/A	NC	NC		No connect.
43	N/A	N/A	GND			Ground.
44	22	29	DD4	I/O ^[5]	High Z	ATA data bit 4.
45	23	30	DD5	I/O ^[5]	High Z	ATA data bit 5.
46	24	31	DD6	I/O ^[5]	High Z	ATA data bit 6.
47	25	32	DD7	I/O ^[5]	High Z	ATA data bit 7. Apply a 1k pull down to GND.
48	26	33	GND	GND		Ground.
49	27	34	V _{CC}	PWR		V _{CC} . Connect to 3.3 V power source.
50	28	35	GND	GND		Ground.
51 52	N/A	N/A	NC	NC		No connect.
53	N/A	N/A	V_{CC}	PWR		V _{CC} . Connect to 3.3 V power source.
54	29	36	DIOW# ^[6]	O/Z ^[5]	Driven HIGH (CMOS)	ATA control.
55	30	37	DIOR#	O/Z ^[5]	Driven HIGH (CMOS)	ATA control.
56	31	38	DMACK#	O/Z ^[5]	Driven HIGH (CMOS)	ATA control.
57	N/A	N/A	NC	NC		No connect.
58	N/A	N/A	LOWPWR#	0		USB suspend indicator. (See LOWPWR# on page 14).
59 60 61	N/A	N/A	NC	NC		No connect.
62	N/A	N/A	VBUSPWRD	I	Input	Bus powered mode selector. (See VBUSPWRD on page 15).
63 64	N/A	N/A	NC	NC		No connect.
65	N/A	N/A	GND	GND		Ground.
66	32	39	V _{CC}	PWR		V _{CC} . Connect to 3.3 V power source.

Notes

5. If byte 8, bit 4 of the EEPROM is set to '0', the ATA interface pins are only active when VBUS_ATA_EN is asserted. See VBUS_ATA_ENABLE on page 15.

6. A '#' sign after the pin name indicates that it is active LOW.



Table 1. AT2LP Pin Descriptions (continued)

Note Italic pin names denote pin functionality during CY7C68300A compatibility mode

100 TQFP	56 QFN	56 SSOP	Pin Name	Pin Type	Default State at Startup	Pin Description
67	33	40	INTRQ	_[7]	Input	ATA interrupt request.
68	34	41	DA0	O/Z ^[7]	Driven HIGH after 2 ms delay	ATA address.
69	35	42	DA1	O/Z ^[7]	Driven HIGH after 2 ms delay	ATA address.
70 ^[8]	36 ^[8]	43	DRVPWRVLD (<i>DA2</i>)	I	Input	Device presence detect. (See DRVPWRVLD on page 14). Configurable logical polarity is controlled by EEPROM address 0x08. This pin must be pulled HIGH if functionality is not used.
						Alternate function. Input when the EEPROM configuration byte 8 has bit 7 set to '1'. The input value is reported through EP1IN (byte 0, bit 0).
71	37	44	CS0#	O/Z ^[7]	Driven HIGH after 2 ms delay	ATA chip select.
72	38	45	CS1#	O/Z ^[7]	Driven HIGH after 2 ms delay	ATA chip select.
73	39	46	DA2 (<i>VBUS_PWR_VALID</i>)	O/Z ^[7]	Driven HIGH after 2 ms delay	ATA address.
74	40	47	ARESET#	O/Z ^[7]		ATA reset.
75	41	48	GND	GND		Ground.
76	N/A	N/A	NC	NC		No connect.
77	42	49	RESET#	I	Input	Chip reset (See RESET# on page 15).
78	43	50	V _{CC}	PWR		V _{CC} . Connect to 3.3 V power source.
79	44	51	VBUS_ATA_ENABLE (ATA_EN)	_	Input	VBUS detection (See VBUS_ATA_ENABLE on page 15).
80	45	52	DD8	I/O ^[7]	High Z	ATA data bit 8.
81	46	53	DD9	I/O ^[7]	High Z	ATA data bit 9.
82	47	54	DD10	I/O ^[7]	High Z	ATA data bit 10.
83	48	55	DD11	I/O ^[7]	High Z	ATA data bit 11.
84	N/A	N/A	GND			Ground.
85	N/A	N/A	V _{CC}	PWR		V _{CC} . Connect to 3.3 V power source.
86 87	N/A	N/A	NC	NC		No connect.
88 89 90 91 92 93	36 ^[8] 13 ^[8] 54 ^[8]	N/A	GPIO0 GPIO1 GPIO2 GPIO3 GPIO4 GPIO5	I/O ^[8]		General Purpose I/O pins (See GPIO Pins on page 14). The GPIO pins must be tied to GND if functionality is not used.
94	N/A	N/A	GND	GND		Ground.

Notes
7. If byte 8, bit 4 of the EEPROM is set to '0', the ATA interface pins are only active when VBUS_ATA_EN is asserted. See VBUS_ATA_ENABLE on page 15.
8. The General Purpose inputs can be enabled on ATAPUEN, PWR500#, and DRVPWRVLD via EEPROM byte 8, bit 7 on CY7C68320C/CY7C68321C.



Table 1. AT2LP Pin Descriptions (continued)

Note Italic pin names denote pin functionality during CY7C68300A compatibility mode

100 TQFP	56 QFN	56 SSOP	Pin Name	Pin Type	Default State at Startup	Pin Description
95	49	56	DD12	I/O ^[9]	High Z	ATA data bit 12.
96	50	1	DD13	I/O ^[9]	High Z	ATA data bit 13.
97	51	2	DD14	I/O ^[9]	High Z	ATA data bit 14.
98	52	3	DD15	I/O ^[9]	High Z	ATA data bit 15.
99	53	4	GND	GND		Ground.
100 ^[10]	54 ^[10]	5	ATAPUEN (<i>NC</i>)	I/O		Bus powered ATA pull up voltage source (see ATAPUEN on page 15).
						Alternate function : General purpose input when the EEPROM configuration byte 8 has bit 7 set to '1'. The input value is reported through EP1IN (byte 0, bit 2).

Notes

Document Number: 001-05809 Rev. *Q Page 12 of 47

^{9.} If byte 8, bit 4 of the EEPROM is set to '0', the ATA interface pins are only active when VBUS_ATA_EN is asserted. See VBUS_ATA_ENABLE on page 15. 10. The General Purpose inputs can be enabled on ATAPUEN, PWR500#, and DRVPWRVLD via EEPROM byte 8, bit 7 on CY7C68320C/CY7C68321C.



Additional Pin Descriptions

The following sections provide additional pin information.

DPLUS, DMINUS

DPLUS and DMINUS are the USB signaling pins; they must be tied to the D+ and D- pins of the USB connector. Because they operate at high frequencies, the USB signals require special consideration when designing the layout of the PCB. See General PCB Layout Recommendations for USB Mass Storage Designs on page 41 for PCB layout recommendations.

When RESET# is released, the assertion of the internal pull up on D+ is gated by a combination of the state of the VBUS_ATA_ENABLE pin, the value of configuration address 0x08 bit 0 (DRVPWRVLD Enable), and the detection of a non-removable ATA/ATAPI drive on the IDE bus. See Table 2 for a description of this relationship.

Table 2. D+ Pull Up Assertion Dependencies

VBUS_ATA_EN	1	1	1	1	0	0
DRVPWRVLD Enable Bit	1	1	0	0	1	1
ATA/ATAPI Drive Detected	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
State of D+ pull up	1	1	1	0	0	0

SCL, SDA

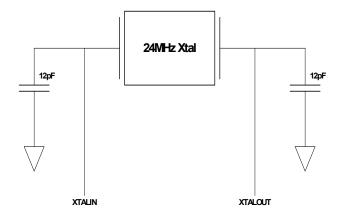
The clock and data pins for the I^2C port must be connected to the configuration EEPROM and to 2.2K pull up resistors tied to V_{CC} . If no EEPROM is used in the design, the SCL and SDA pins must still be connected to pull up resistors. The SCL and SDA pins are active for several milliseconds at startup.

XTALIN, XTALOUT

The AT2LP requires a 24 MHz (± 100 ppm) signal to derive internal timing. Typically, a 24 MHz (12 pF, 500 μ W, parallel-resonant, fundamental mode) crystal is used, but a 24 MHz square wave (3.3 V, 50/50 duty cycle) from another source can also be used. If a crystal is used, connect its pins to XTALIN and XTALOUT, and also through 12 pF capacitors to

GND as shown in Figure 6. If an alternate clock source is used, apply it to XTALIN and leave XTALOUT unconnected.

Figure 6. XTALIN/XTALOUT Diagram



SYSIRQ

The SYSIRQ pin provides a way for systems to request service from host software by using the USB interrupt pipe on endpoint 1 (EP1). If the AT2LP has no pending interrupt data to return, USB interrupt pipe data requests are NAK'ed. If pending data is available, the AT2LP returns 16 bits of data. This data indicates whether AT2LP is operating in high speed or full speed, whether the AT2LP is reporting self powered or bus powered operation, and the states of any GPIO pins that are configured as inputs. GPIO pins can be individually set as inputs or outputs, with byte 0x09 of the configuration data. The state of any GPIO pin that is not set as an input is reported as '0' in the EP1 data.

Table 3 gives the bitmap for the data returned on the interrupt pipe and Figure 7 on page 14 depicts the latching algorithm incorporated by the AT2LP.

The SYSIRQ pin must be pulled LOW if HID functionality is used. Refer to HID Functions for Button Controls on page 16 for more details on HID functionality.

Table 3. Interrupt Data Bitmap

EP1 Data Byte 1											EP1 Dat	a Byte 0)		
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	USB High Speed	VBUS Powered	RESERVED	RESERVED	GPIO[5]	GPI0[4]	GPIO[3]	GPIO[2]	GPIO[1]	GPIO[0]



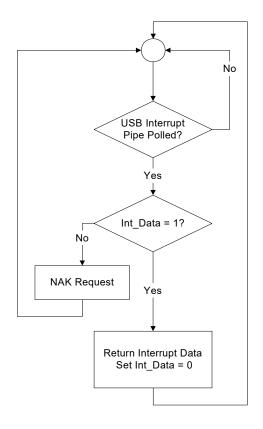
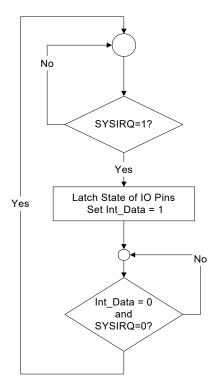


Figure 7. SYSIRQ Latching Algorithm



DRVPWRVLD

When this pin is enabled with bit 0 of configuration address 0x08 (DRVPWRVLD Enable), the AT2LP informs the host that a removable device, such as a CF card, is present. The AT2LP uses DRVPWRVLD to detect that the removable device is present. Pin polarity is controlled by bit 1 of configuration address 0x08. When DRVPWRVLD is deasserted, the AT2LP reports a "no media present" status (ASC = 0x3A, ASQ = 0x00) when queried by the host. When the media is detected again, the AT2LP reports a "media changed" status to the host (ASC = 0x28, ASQ = 0x00) when queried.

When a removable device is used, it is always considered by the AT2LP to be the IDE master device. Only one removable device may be attached to the AT2LP. If the system only contains a removable device, bit 6 of configuration address 0x08 (Search ATA Bus) must be set to '0' to disable ATA device detection at startup. If a non-removable device is connected in addition to a removable media device, the non removable device must be configured as IDE slave (device address 1).

GPIO Pins

The GPIO pins enable a general purpose input and output interface. There are several different interfaces to the GPIO pins:

- Configuration bytes 0x09 and 0x0A contain the default settings for the GPIO pins upon initial AT2LP configuration.
- The host can modify the settings of the GPIO pins during operation. This is done with vendor-specific commands described in Programming the EEPROM on page 35.
- The status of the GPIO pins is returned on the interrupt endpoint (EP1) in response to a SYSIRQ. See SYSIRQ on page 13 for SYSIRQ details.

LOWPWR#

LOWPWR# is an output pin that is driven to '0' when the AT2LP is not in suspend. LOWPWR# is placed in High Z when the AT2LP is in a suspend state. This pin only indicates the state of the AT2LP and must not be used to determine the status of the USB host because of variations in the behavior of different hosts.



ATA Interface Pins

The ATA Interface pins must be connected to the corresponding pins on an IDE connector or mass storage device. To enable sharing of the IDE bus with other master devices, the AT2LP can place all ATA Interface Pins in a High Z state whenever VBUS_ATA_ENABLE is not asserted. Enabling this feature is done by setting bit 4 of configuration address 0x08 to '1'. Otherwise, the ATA bus is driven by the AT2LP to a default inactive state whenever VBUS_ATA_ENABLE is not asserted.

Design practices for signal integrity as outlined in the ATA/ATAPI-6 specification must be followed with systems that use a ribbon cable interconnect between the AT2LP's ATA interface and the attached mass storage device, especially if Ultra DMA Mode is used.

VBUS_ATA_ENABLE

VBUS_ATA_ENABLE is typically used to indicate to the AT2LP that power is present on VBUS. This pin is polled by the AT2LP at startup and then every 20 ms thereafter. If this pin is '0', the AT2LP releases the pull up on D+ as required by the USB specification.

Also, if bit 4 of configuration address 0x08 is '1', the ATA interface pins are placed in a High Z state when VBUS_ATA_ENABLE is '0'. If bit 4 of configuration address 0x08 is '0', the ATA interface pins are still driven when VBUS_ATA_ENABLE is '0'.

ATAPUEN

This output can be used to control the required host pull up resistors on the ATA interface in a bus powered design to minimize unnecessary power consumption when the AT2LP is in suspend. ATAPUEN is driven to '0' when the ATA bus is inactive. ATAPUEN is driven to '1' when the ATA bus is active. ATAPUEN is set to a High Z state along with all other ATA interface pins if VBUS_ATA_ENABLE is deasserted and the ATA_EN functionality (bit 4 of configuration address 0x08) is enabled (0).

ATAPUEN can also be configured as a GPIO input. See HID Functions for Button Controls on page 16 for more information on HID functionality.

PWR500#

The AT2LP asserts PWR500# to indicate that VBUS current may be drawn up to the limit specified by the bMaxPower field of the USB configuration descriptors. If the AT2LP enters a low-power state, PWR500# is deasserted. When normal operation is resumed, PWR500# is restored. The PWR500# pin must never be used to control power sources for the AT2LP. In the 56-pin package, PWR500# only functions during bus powered operation.

PWR500# can also be configured as a GPIO input. See HID Functions for Button Controls on page 16 for more information on HID functionality.

VBUSPWRD

VBUSPWRD is used to indicate self or bus powered operation. Some designs require the ability to operate in either self- or bus powered modes. The VBUSPWRD input pin enables these devices to switch between self powered and bus powered modes by changing the contents of the bMaxPower field and the self powered bit in the reported configuration descriptors (see Table 4).

Note that current USB host drivers do not poll the device for this information, so the effect of this pin is only seen on a USB or power on reset.

Table 4. Behavior of Descriptor Data that is Dependent Upon VBUSPWRD State

Pin	VBUSPWRD = '1'	VBUSPWRD = '0'	VBUSPWRD N/A (56-pin)
bMaxPower Reported Value	0xFA (500 mA)	0x01 (2 mA)	The value from configuration address 0x34 is used.
bmAttributes Bit 6 Reported Value	'0' (bus powered)	'1' (self powered)	'0' if bMaxPower> 0x01 '1' if bMaxPower≤ 0x01

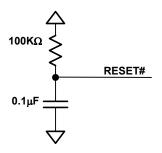
RESET#

Asserting RESET# for 10 ms resets the entire AT2LP. In self powered designs, this pin is normally tied to V_{CC} through a 100k resistor, and to GND through a 0.1 μF capacitor, as shown in Figure 8.

Cypress does not recommend an RC reset circuit for bus powered devices because of the potential for VBUS voltage drop, which may result in a startup time that exceeds the USB limit. Refer to the application note titled *EZ-USB FX2*TM/*AT2*TM/*SX2*TM *Reset and Power Considerations,* at www.cypress.com, for more information.

While the AT2LP is in reset, all pins are held at their default startup state.

Figure 8. R/C Reset Circuit for Self Powered Designs





HID Functions for Button Controls

Cypress's CY7C68320C/CY7C68321C has the capability of supporting Human Interface Device (HID) signaling to the host.

If there is an HID descriptor in the configuration data, the GPIO pins that are set as inputs are polled by the AT2LP logic approximately every 17 ms (depending on other internal interrupt routines). If a change is detected in the state of any HID-enabled GPIO, an HID report is sent through EP1 to the host. The report format for byte 0 and byte 1 is shown in Table 5.

The ability to add buttons to a mass storage solution opens new applications for data backup and other device-side notification to

the host. The AT2LP Blaster software, found in the CY4615B files, provides an easy way to enable and modify the HID features of the AT2LP.

GPIO pins can be individually set as inputs or outputs, with byte 0x09 of the configuration data, enabling a mix of HID and general purpose outputs. GPIOs that are not configured as inputs are reported with a value of '0' in the HID data. The RESERVED bits' values must be ignored, and Cypress recommends using a bitmask in software to filter out unused HID data.

Note that if using the 56-pin package, the reported GPIO[5:3] values must be ignored because the pins are not actually present.

Table 5. HID Data Bitmap

	USB Interrupt Data Byte 1									USB	Interrup	t Data E	Byte 0		
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	USB High Speed	VBUS Powered	RESERVED	RESERVED	GPIO[5]	GPIO[4]	GPIO[3]	GPIO[2]	GPIO[1]	GPIO[0]

Functional Overview

Chip functionally is described in the subsequent sections.

USB Signaling Speed

AT2LP operates at the following two rates defined in the *USB 2.0 Specification* dated April 27, 2000:

- Full-speed, with a signaling bit rate of 12 Mbits/sec.
- High-speed, with a signaling bit rate of 480 Mbits/sec.

AT2LP does not operate at the low-speed signaling rate of 1.5 Mbits/sec.

ATA Interface

The ATA/ATAPI port on the AT2LP is compatible with the Information Technology—AT Attachment with Packet Interface—6 (ATA/ATAPI-6) Specification, T13/1410D Revision 2A. The AT2LP supports both ATAPI packet commands and ATA commands (by use of ATA Command Blocks), as outlined in ATA Command Block (ATACB) on page 16. Refer to the USB Mass Storage Class (MSC) Bulk-Only Transport (BOT)

Specification for information on Command Block formatting. Additionally, the AT2LP translates *ATAPI SFF-8070i* commands to ATA commands for seamless integration of ATA devices with generic Mass Storage Class BOT drivers.

ATA Command Block (ATACB)

The ATA Command Block (ATACB) functionality provides a means of passing ATA commands and ATA register accesses to the attached device for execution. ATACB commands are transferred in the Command Block Wrapper Command Block (CBWCB) portion of the Command Block Wrapper (CBW). The ATACB is distinguished from other command blocks by having the first two bytes of the command block match the bVSCBSignature and bVSCBSubCommand values that are defined in Table 6. Only command blocks that have a valid bVSCBSignature and bVSCBSubCommand are interpreted as ATA Command Blocks. All other fields of the CBW and restrictions on the CBWCB remain as defined in the USB Mass Storage Class Bulk-Only Transport Specification. The ATACB must be 16 bytes in length. The following table and text defines the fields of the ATACB.

Table 6. ATACB Field Descriptions

Byte	Field Name	Field Description
0	bVSCBSignature	This field indicates to the CY7C68300C/CY7C68301C that the ATACB contains a vendor-specific command block. The value of this field must match the value in EEPROM address 0x04 for the command to be recognized as a vendor-specific ATACB command.
1	bVSCBSubCommand	This field must be set to 0x24 for ATACB commands.



 Table 6. ATACB Field Descriptions (continued)

Byte	Field Name	Field Description
2	bmATACBActionSelect	This field controls the execution of the ATACB according to the bitfield values:
		Bit 7 IdentifyPacketDevice – This bit indicates that the data phase of the command contains ATAPI (0xA1) or ATA (0xEC) IDENTIFY device data. Setting IdentifyPacketDevice when the data phase does not contain IDENTIFY device data results in unspecified device behavior. 0 = Data phase does not contain IDENTIFY device data 1 = Data phase contains ATAPI or ATA IDENTIFY device data
		Bit 6 <i>UDMACommand</i> – This bit enables supported UDMA device transfers. Setting this bit when a non-UDMA capable device is attached results in undeter mined behavior. 0 = Do not use UDMA device transfers (only use PIO mode) 1 = Use UDMA device transfers
		Bit 5 <i>DEVOverride</i> – This bit determines whether the DEV bit value is taken from the value assigned to the LUN during startup or from the ATACB. 0 = The DEV bit is taken from the value assigned to the LUN during startup 1 = The DEV bit is taken from the ATACB field 0x0B, bit 4
		Bit 4 DErrorOverride – This bit controls the device error override feature. This bit must not be set during a bmATACBActionSelect TaskFileRead. 0 = Data accesses are halted if a device error is detected 1 = Data accesses are not halted if a device error is detected
		Bit 3 PErrorOverride – This bit controls the phase error override feature. This bit must not be set during a bmATACBActionSelect TaskFileRead. 0 = Data accesses are halted if a phase error is detected 1 = Data accesses are not halted if a phase error is detected
		Bit 2 PollAltStatOverride – This bit determines whether or not the Alternate Status register is polled and the BSY bit is used to qualify the ATACB operation. 0 = The AltStat register is polled until BSY=0 before proceeding with the ATACE operation 1 = The ATACB operation is executed without polling the AltStat register.
		Bit 1 DeviceSelectionOverride – This bit determines when the device selection is performed in relation to the command register write accesses. 0 = Device selection is performed before command register write accesses 1 = Device selection is performed following command register write accesses
		Bit 0 TaskFileRead – This bit determines whether or not the TaskFile register data selected in bmATACBRegisterSelect is returned. If this bit is set, the dCBWData TransferLength field must be set to 8. 0 = Execute ATACB command and data transfer (if any) 1 = Only read TaskFile registers selected in bmATACBRegisterSelect and return 0x00h for all others. The format of the 8 bytes of returned data is as follows:
		□ Address offset 0x00 (0x3F6) – Alternate Status □ Address offset 0x01 (0x1F1) – Features/Error □ Address offset 0x02 (0x1F2) – Sector Count □ Address offset 0x03 (0x1F3) – Sector Number □ Address offset 0x04 (0x1F4) – Cylinder Low □ Address offset 0x05 (0x1F5) – Cylinder High □ Address offset 0x06 (0x1F6) – Device/Head □ Address offset 0x07 (0x1F7) – Command/Status



 Table 6. ATACB Field Descriptions (continued)

Byte	Field Name	Field Description
3	bmATACBRegisterSelect	This field controls which of the TaskFile register read or write accesses occur. TaskFile read data is always 8 bytes in length, and unselected register data are returned as 0x00. Register accesses occur in sequential order as outlined here (0 to 7):
		Bit 0 (0x3F6) Device Control/Alternate Status
		Bit 1 (0x1F1) Features/Error
		Bit 2 (0x1F2) Sector Count
		Bit 3 (0x1F3) Sector Number
		Bit 4 (0x1F4) Cylinder Low
		Bit 5 (0x1F5) Cylinder High
		Bit 6 (0x1F6) Device/Head
		Bit 7 (0x1F7) Command/Status
4	bATACBTransferBlockCount	This value indicates the maximum requested block size be in 512-byte increments. This value must be set to the last value used for the 'Sectors per block' in the SET_MULTIPLE_MODE command. Legal values are 0, 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, and 128 where '0' indicates 256 sectors per block. A command failed status is returned if an illegal value is used in the ATACB.
5–12	bATACBTaskFileWriteData	These bytes contain ATA register data used with ATA command or PIO write operations. Only registers selected in bmATACBRegisterSelect are required to hold valid data when accessed. The registers are as follows.
		ATACB Address Offset 0x05 (0x3F6) – Device Control
		ATACB Address Offset 0x06 (0x1F1) – Features
		ATACB Address Offset 0x07 (0x1F2) – Sector Count
		ATACB Address Offset 0x08 (0x1F3) – Sector Number
		ATACB Address Offset 0x09 (0x1F4) – Cylinder Low
		ATACB Address Offset 0x0A (0x1F5) – Cylinder High
		ATACB Address Offset 0x0B (0x1F6) – Device
		ATACB Address Offset 0x0C <i>(0x1F7)</i> – Command
13–15	Reserved	These bytes must be set to 0x00 for ATACB commands.



Operating Modes

The different modes of operation and EEPROM information are presented in the following sections.

Operational Mode Selection Flow

During the power up sequence, the AT2LP queries the I²C bus for an EEPROM. The AT2LP then selects a pinout configuration as shown here, and checks to see if ARESET# is configured for Board Manufacturing Test Mode.

- If no EEPROM is detected, the AT2LP uses the values in the factory-programmable (fused) memory space. See Fused Memory Data on page 20 for more information. This is not a valid mode of operation if no factory programming has been done.
- If an EEPROM signature of 0x4D4D is found, the CY7C68300C/CY7C68301C uses the same pinout and EEPROM format as the CY7C68300A (EZ-USB AT2+).
- If an EEPROM signature of 0x534B is found, the AT2LP uses the values stored in the EEPROM to configure the USB descriptors for normal operation.
- If an EEPROM is detected, but an invalid signature is read, the AT2LP defaults into Board Manufacturing Test Mode.

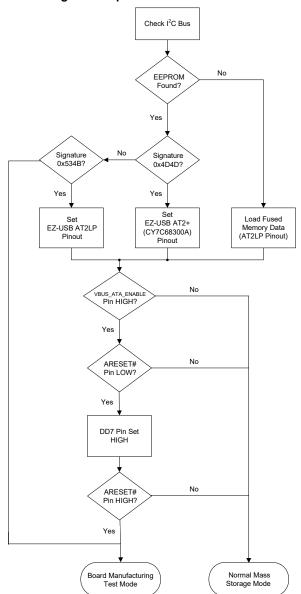


Figure 9. Operational Mode Selection Flow



Fused Memory Data

When no EEPROM is detected at startup, the AT2LP enumerates with the VID/PID/DID values that are stored in the fused memory space. These values can be programmed into the AT2LP during chip manufacturing for high volume applications to avoid the need for an external EEPROM in some designs. Contact your local Cypress Semiconductor sales office for more information on this feature.

If no factory programming has been done, the values returned from the fused memory space would all be 0x00, which is not a valid mode of operation. In this case the chip uses the manufacturing mode and return the default descriptors (VID/PID of 0x4B4/0x6830). An EEPROM must be used with designs that do not use factory-programmed chips to identify the device as your company's product.

Normal Mass Storage Mode

In Normal Mass Storage Mode, the chip behaves as a USB 2.0 to ATA/ATAPI Bridge. This includes all typical USB device states such as powered and configured. The USB descriptors are returned according to the values stored in the external EEPROM or fused memory space. A unique serial number is required for Mass Storage Class Bulk-Only Transport compliance, which is one reason why an EEPROM or factory-programmed part is needed.

Board Manufacturing Test Mode

In Board Manufacturing Test Mode the AT2LP behaves as a USB 2.0 device but the ATA/ATAPI interface is not fully active. This mode must not be used for mass storage operation in a finished design. In this mode, the AT2LP enable reading from and writing to the EEPROM, and for board level testing, through vendor-specific ATAPI commands utilizing the CBW Command Block as described in the USB Mass Storage Class Bulk-Only Transport Specification. There is a vendor-specific ATAPI

command for EEPROM accesses (CfgCB) and one for board level testing (MfgCB), as described in the following sections.

There is a convenient method available for starting the AT2LP in Board Manufacturing Test Mode to enable reprogramming of EEPROMs without a mass storage device attached. If the ATA Reset (ARESET#) line is LOW on power up, the AT2LP enters Board Manufacturing Test Mode. It is recommended that a 10k resistor be used to pull ARESET# to LOW. An easy way to pull the ARESET# line LOW is to short pins 1 and 3 on the 40-pin ATA connector with a 10k resistor, that ties the ARESET# line to the required pull down on DD7.

CfgCB

The cfg_load and cfg_read vendor-specific commands are passed down through the bulk pipe in the CBWCB portion of the CBW. The format of this CfgCB is shown as follows. Byte 0 is a vendor-specific command designator whose value is configurable and set in the configuration data (address 0x04). Byte 1 must be set to 0x26 to identify it as a CfgCB command. Byte 2 is reserved and must be set to zero. Byte 3 is used to determine the memory source to write/read. For the AT2LP, this byte must be set to 0x02, indicating the EEPROM is present. Bytes 4 and 5 are used to determine the start address, which must always be 0x0000. Bytes 6 through 15 are reserved and must be set to zero.

The data transferred to the EEPROM must be in the format specified in Table 11 on page 23 of this data sheet. Maximum data transfer size is 255 bytes.

The data transfer length is determined by the CBW Data Transfer Length specified in bytes 8 through 11 (dCBWDataTransferLength) of the CBW (refer to Table 7). The type/direction of the command is determined by the direction bit specified in byte 12, bit 7 (bmCBWFlags) of the CBW (refer to Table 7).

Table 7. Command Block Wrapper

				В	its				
Offset	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0–3				DCBWS	ignature			•	
4–7				dCB\	NTag				
8–11 (08h–0Bh)				dCBWDataTr	ansferLength	1			
12 (0Ch)				bwCBV	/FLAGS				
	Dir	Obsolete			Reser	ved (0)			
13 (0Dh)		Reser	ved (0)			bCB\	WLUN		
14 (0Eh)		Reserved (0)		bCBWCBLength					
15-30 (0Fh1Eh)				CBWCB (Cfg	CB or MfgCB)			



Table 8. Example CfgCB

Offset	CfgCB Byte Description	Bits							
		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	bVSCBSignature (set in configuration bytes)	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
1	bVSCBSubCommand (must be 0x26)	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
2	Reserved (must be set to zero)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Data Source (must be set to 0x02)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
4	Start Address (LSB) (must be set to zero)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Start Address (MSB) (must be set to zero)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6–15	Reserved (must be set to zero)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

MfgCB

The mfg_load and mfg_read vendor-specific commands are passed down through the bulk pipe in the CBWCB portion of the CBW. The format of this MfgCB is shown as follows. Byte 0 is a vendor-specific command designator whose value is configurable and set in the AT2LP configuration data. Byte 1 must be 0x27 to identify a MfgCB. Bytes 2 through 15 are reserved and must be set to zero.

The data transfer length is determined by the CBW Data Transfer Length specified in bytes 8 through 11 (dCBWDataTransferLength) of the CBW. The type and direction of the command is determined by the direction bit specified in byte 12, bit 7 (bmCBWFlags) of the CBW.

Table 9. Example MfgCB

Offset	t MfgCB Byte Description		Bits						
		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	bVSCBSignature (set in configuration bytes)	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
1	1 bVSCBSubCommand (hardcoded 0x27)	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1
2–15	2–15 Reserved (must be zero)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Mfg load

During a Mfg_load, the AT2LP enters into Manufacturing Test Mode. Manufacturing Test Mode is provided as a means to implement board or system level interconnect tests. During Manufacturing Test Mode operation, all outputs not directly associated with USB operation are controllable. Normal control of the output pins are disabled. Control of the select AT2LP I/O pins and their tri-state controls are mapped to the ATAPI data packet associated with this request. (See Table 10 for an explanation of the required Mfg_load data format.) Any data length can be specified, but only bytes 0 through 3 are mapped to pins, so a length of 4 bytes is recommended. To exit Manufacturing Test Mode, a hard reset (toggle RESET#) is required.

Mfg_read

This USB request returns a 'snapshot' of select AT2LP input pins. AT2LP input pins not directly associated with USB operation can be sampled at any time during Manufacturing Test Mode operation. See Table 10 for an explanation of the Mfg_read data format. Any data length can be specified, but only bytes 0 through 3 contain usable information, so a length of 4 bytes is recommended.

Table 10. Mfg_read and Mfg_load Data Format

Byte	Bits	Read/Load	Function
0	7	R/L	ARESET#
	6	R	DA2
	5:4	R/L	CS#[1:0]
	3	R/L	DRVPWRVLD
	2:1	R/L	DA[1:0]
	0	R	INTRQ
1	7	L	DD[15:0] High Z Status 0 = High Z all DD pins 1 = Drive DD pins
	6	R	MFG_SEL 0 = Mass Storage Mode 1 = Manufacturing Mode
	5	R	VBUS_ATA_ENABLE
	4	R	DMARQ
	3	R	IORDY
	2	R/L	DMACK#
	1	R/L	DIOR#
	0	R/L	DIOW#
2	7:0	R/L	DD[7:0]
3	7:0	R/L	DD[15:8]



EEPROM Organization

The contents of the recommended 256-byte (2048-bit) I²C EEPROM are arranged as follows. In Table 11, the column labeled 'Required Contents' contains the values that must be used for proper operation of the AT2LP. The column labeled 'Variable Contents' contains suggested entries and values that may vary (such as string lengths) according to the EEPROM data. Some values, such as the Vendor ID, Product ID and device serial number, must be customized to meet USB compliance. The 'AT2LP Blaster' tool in the CY4615B kit can be used to edit and program these values into an AT2LP-based product (refer to Figure 10). The 'AT2LP Primer' tool can be used

to program AT2LP-based products in a manufacturing environment and provides for serial number randomization. See Board Manufacturing Test Mode on page 20 for details on how to use vendor-specific ATAPI commands to read and program the EEPROM.

The address pins on the serial EEPROM must be set such that the EEPROM is at physical address 2 (A0 = 0, A1 = 1, A2 = 0) or address 4 (A0 = 0, A1 = 0, A2 = 1) for EEPROM devices that are internally byte-addressed memories. It is recommended that the address pins be set this way even on EEPROMs that may indicate that the address pins are internal no-connects.

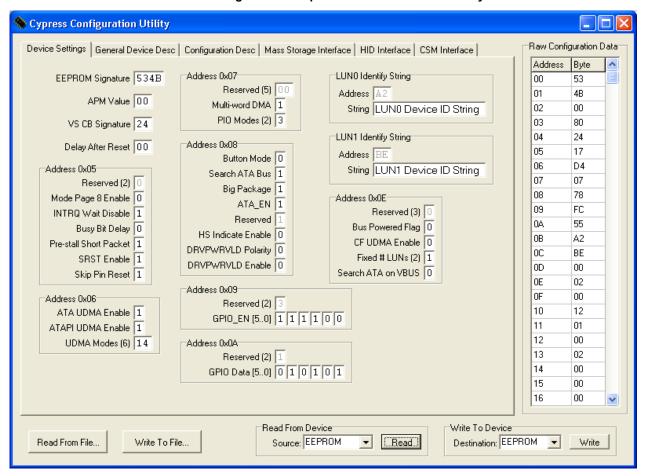


Figure 10. Snapshot of 'AT2LP Blaster' Utility



Table 11. Configuration Data Organization

Byte Address	Configuration Item Name	Configuration Item Description	Required Contents	Variable Contents
		tibility (CY7C68300A) Mode must use the CY7C68300A EEPRC to the CY7C68300A data sheet for the CY7C68300A EEPROM		tion, and not
AT2LP Co	nfiguration			
0x00	EEPROM signature byte 0	I ² C EEPROM signature byte 0. This byte must be 0x53 for proper AT2LP pin configuration.	0x53	
0x01	EEPROM signature byte 1	I ² C EEPROM signature byte 1. This byte must be 0x4B for proper AT2LP pin configuration.	0x4B	
0x02	APM Value	ATA Device Automatic Power Management Value. If an attached ATA device supports APM and this field contains other than 0x00, the AT2LP issues a SET_FEATURES command to enable APM with this value during the drive initialization process. Setting APM value to 0x00 disables this functionality. This value is ignored with ATAPI devices.		0x00
0x03	Reserved	Must be set to 0x00.		0x00
0x04	bVSCBSignature Value	Value in the first byte of the CBW CB field that designates that the CB is to be decoded as vendor-specific ATA commands instead of the ATAPI command block. See Functional Overview on page 16 for more detail on how this byte is used.		0x24
0x05	Reserved	Bits 7:6		0x07
	Enable mode page 8	Bit 5 Enable the write caching mode page (page 8). If this page is enabled, Windows disables write caching by default, which limits write performance. 0 = Disable mode page 8. 1 = Enable mode page 8.		
	Disable wait for INTRQ	Bit 4 Poll status register rather than waiting for INTRQ. Setting this bit to '1' improves USB BOT test results but may introduce compatibility problems with some devices. 0 = Wait for INTRQ.		
		1 = Poll status register instead of using INTRQ.		
	BUSY Bit Delay	Bit 3 Enable a delay of up to 120 ms at each read of the DRQ bit where the device data length does not match the host data length. This enables the CY7C68300C/CY7C68301C to work with most devices that incorrectly clear the BUSY bit before a valid status is present.		
		0 = No BUSY bit delay. 1 = Use BUSY bit delay.		
	Short Packet Before Stall	Bit 2 Determines if a short packet is sent before the STALL of an IN endpoint. The USB <i>Mass Storage Class Bulk-Only Specification</i> enables a device to send a short or zero-length IN packet before returning a STALL handshake for certain cases. Certain host controller drivers may require a short packet before STALL.		
		0 = Do not force a short packet before STALL. 1 = Force a short packet before STALL.		



Table 11. Configuration Data Organization (continued)

Byte Address	Configuration Item Name	Configuration Item Description	Required Contents	Variable Contents
	SRST Enable	Bit 1 Determines if the AT2LP is to do an SRST reset during drive initialization. At least one reset must be enabled. Do not set SRST to '0' and Skip Pin Reset to '1' at the same time.		
		0 = Do not perform SRST during initialization. 1 = Perform SRST during initialization.		
	Skip Pin Reset	Bit 0 Skip ARESET# assertion. When this bit is set, the AT2LP bypasses ARESET# during any initialization other than power up. Do not set SRST Enable to '0' and Skip Pin Reset to '1' at the same time.		
		0 = Allow ARESET# assertion for all device resets. 1 = Disable ARESET# assertion except for chip reset cycles.		
0x06	ATA UDMA Enable	Bit 7 Enable Ultra DMA data transfer support for ATA devices. If enabled, and if the ATA device reports UDMA support for the indicated modes, the AT2LP uses UDMA data transfers at the highest negotiated rate possible.		0xD4
		0 = Disable ATA device UDMA support. 1 = Enable ATA device UDMA support.		
	ATAPI UDMA Enable	Bit 6 Enable Ultra DMA data transfer support for ATAPI devices. If enabled, and if the ATAPI device reports UDMA support for the indicated modes, the AT2LP uses UDMA data transfers at the highest negotiated rate possible.		
		0 = Disable ATAPI device UDMA support. 1 = Enable ATAPI device UDMA support.		
	UDMA Modes	Bits 5:0 These bits select which UDMA modes are enabled. The AT2LP operates in the highest enabled UDMA mode supported by the device. The AT2LP supports UDMA modes 2, 3, and 4 only.		
		Bit 5 = Reserved. Must be set to '0'. Bit 4 = Enable UDMA mode 4. Bit 3 = Enable UDMA mode 3. Bit 2 = Enable UDMA mode 2. Bit 1 = Reserved. Must be set to '0'. Bit 0 = Reserved. Must be set to '0'.		
0x07	Reserved	Bits 7:3 Must be set to '0'.		0x07
	Multiword DMA mode	Bit 2 This bit enables multiword DMA support. If this bit is set and the drive supports it, multiword DMA is used.		
	PIO Modes	Bits 1:0 These bits select which PIO modes are enabled. Setting to '1' enables use of that mode with the attached drive, if the drive supports it. Multiple bits may be set. The AT2LP operates in the highest enabled PIO mode supported by the device. The AT2LP supports PIO modes 0, 3, and 4 only. PIO mode 0 is always enabled and has no corresponding configuration bit. Bit 1 = Enable PIO mode 4. Bit 0 = Enable PIO mode 3.		



 Table 11. Configuration Data Organization (continued)

Byte Address	Configuration Item Name	Configuration Item Description	Required Contents	Variable Contents
0x08	BUTTON_MODE	Bit 7 Button mode (100-pin package only). Sets ATAPUEN, PWR500# and DRVPWRVLD to become button inputs returned on bits 2, 1, and 0 of EP1IN. This bit must be set to '0' if the 56-pin packages are used.		0x78
		0 = Disable button mode. 1 = Enable button mode.		
	SEARCH_ATA_BUS	Bit 6 Search ATA bus after RESET to detect non-removable ATA and ATAPI devices. Systems with only a removable device (such as CF readers) must set this bit to '0'. Systems with at least one non-removable device must set this bit to '1'.		
		0 = Do not search for ATA devices. 1 = Search for ATA devices.		
	BIG_PACKAGE	Bit 5 Selects the 100- or 56-pin package pinout configuration. Using the wrong pinout may result in unpredictable behavior.		
		0 = Use 56-pin package pinout. 1 = Use 100-pin package pinout.		
	ATA_EN	Bit 4 Drive ATA bus when AT2LP is in suspend. For designs in which the ATA bus is shared between the AT2LP and another ATA master (such as an MP3 player), the AT2LP can place the ATA interface pins in a High Z state when it enters suspend. For designs that do not share the ATA bus, the ATA signals must be driven while the AT2LP is in suspend to avoid floating signals.		
		0 = Drive ATA signals when AT2LP is in suspend. 1 = Set ATA signals to High Z when AT2LP is in suspend.		
	Reserved	Bit 3 Reserved. This bit must be set to '0'.		
	Reserved	Bit 2 Reserved. This bit must be set to '0'		
	Drive Power Valid Polarity	Bit 1 Configure the logical polarity of the DRVPWRVLD input pin.		
		0 = Active LOW ('connector ground' indication) 1 = Active HIGH (power indication from device)		
	Drive Power Valid Enable	Bit 0 Enable the DRVPWRVLD pin. When this pin is enabled, the AT2LP enumerates a removable ATA device, such as CompactFlash or MicroDrive, as the IDE master device. Enabling this pin also affects other pins related to removable device operation.		
		0 = Disable removable ATA device support. 1 = Enable removable ATA device support.		



Table 11. Configuration Data Organization (continued)

Byte Address	Configuration Item Name	Configuration Item Description	Required Contents	Variable Contents
0x09	Reserved General Purpose I/O Pin Output Enable	Bits 7:6 Reserved. Must be set to zero. Bits 5:0 GPIO[5:0] Input and output control. GPIOs can be individually set as inputs or outputs using these bits.		0x00
		0 = High Z (pin is an input). The state of the signal connected to GPIO input pins is reported in the SYSIRQ or HID data. 1 = Output enabled (pin is an output). The state of GPIO output pins is controlled by the value in address 0x0A.		
0x0A	Reserved GPIO Output Pin State	Bits 7:6 Reserved. Must be set to zero. Bits 5:0 These bits select the value driven on the GPIO pins that are configured as outputs in configuration address 0x09. 0 = Drive the GPIO pin LOW		0x00
0x0B	LUN0 Identify String	1 = Drive the GPIO pin HIGH This byte is a pointer to the start of a 24 byte ASCII (non-Unicode) string in the EEPROM that is used as the LUN0 device identifier. This string is used by many operating systems as the user-visible name for the drive. If this byte is 0x00, the Identify Device data from the drive is used instead.		0x00
0x0C	LUN1 Identify String	This byte is a pointer to the start of a 24 byte ASCII (non-Unicode) string in the EEPROM that is used as the LUN1 device identifier. This string is used by many operating systems as the user-visible name for the drive. If this byte is 0x00, the Identify Device data from the drive is used instead.		0x00
0x0D	Delay After Reset	Number of 20 ms ticks to wait between AT2LP startup or reset, and the first attempt to access any drives.		0x00
0x0E	Reserved	Bits 7:5 Must be set to zero.		0x00
	Bus Powered Flag	Bit 4 Enable bus powered HDD support. This bit enables the use of DRVPWRVLD features without reporting the LUN0 device as removable media. 0 = LUN0 is removable media or DRVPWRVLD is disabled 1 = LUN0 device is bus powered and non-removable		
	Enable CF UDMA	Bit 3 Enable UDMA transfers for removable devices. Some CF devices interfere with UDMA transfers when more than one drive is connected to the ATA bus.		
		0 = Do not use UDMA transfers with removable devices (UDMA signals are not connected to the CF pins). 1 = Allow UDMA transfers to be used with removable devices (UDMA signals are connected to the CF pins).		
	Fixed Number of Logical	Bits 2:1 Assume the presence of devices and do not perform a search of the ATA bus to discover the number of LUNs. 00 = Search ATA bus and determine number of LUNs 01 = Assume only LUN0 present; no ATA bus search 10 = Assume LUN0 and LUN1 present; no ATA bus search 11 = Assume LUN0 and LUN1 present; no ATA bus search		



Table 11. Configuration Data Organization (continued)

Byte Address	Configuration Item Name	Configuration Item Description	Required Contents	Variable Contents
	Search ATA on VBUS	Bit 0 Search for ATA devices when VBUS returns. If this bit is set, the ATA bus is searched for ATA devices every time VBUS_ATA_ENABLE is asserted. This feature enables the AT2LP to be used in designs where the drive may be physically removed (such as docking stations or port replicators). 0 = Search ATA bus on VBUS_ATA_ENABLE assertion		
0x0F	Reserved	1 = No ATA bus search on VBUS_ATA_ENABLE assertion Must be set to 0x00	0x00	
Device De		Must be set to 0x00	UXUU	
0x10	bLength	Length of device descriptor in bytes	0x12	
0x11	bDescriptor Type	Descriptor type.	0x12 0x01	
0x12	bcdUSB (LSB)	USB Specification release number in BCD	0x00	
0x13	bcdUSB (MSB)	OGB oposinoulism roleuse humber im Bos	0x02	
0x14	bDeviceClass	Device class	0x00	
0x15	bDeviceSubClass	Device subclass	0x00	
0x16	bDeviceProtocol	Device protocol	0x00	
0x17	bMaxPacketSize0	USB packet size supported for default pipe	0x40	
0x18	idVendor (LSB)	Vendor ID. Cypress' Vendor ID may only be used for		Your
0x19	idVendor (MSB)	evaluation purposes, and not in released products.		Vendor ID
0x1A	idProduct (LSB)	Product ID		Your
0x1B	idProduct (MSB)			Product ID
0x1C	bcdDevice (LSB)	Device release number in BCD LSB (product release number)		Your
0x1D	bcdDevice (MSB)	Device release number in BCD MSB (silicon release number)		release number
0x1E	iManufacturer	Index to manufacturer string. This entry must equal half of the address value where the string starts or 0x00 if the string does not exist.		0x53
0x1F	iProduct	Index to product string. This entry must equal half of the address value where the string starts or 0x00 if the string does not exist.		0x69
0x20	iSerialNumber	Index to serial number string. This entry must equal half of the address value where the string starts or 0x00 if the string does not exist. The USB Mass Storage Class Bulk-Only Transport Specification requires a unique serial number (in upper case, hexadecimal characters) for each device.		0x75
0x21	bNumConfigurations	Number of configurations supported 1 for mass storage: 2 for HID: 3 for CSM		0x03
Device Qu	alifier	·	ı	ı
0x22	bLength	Length of device descriptor in bytes	0x0A	
0x23	bDescriptor	Type Descriptor type	0x06	
0x24	bcdUSB (LSB)	USB Specification release number in BCD	0x00	
0x25	bcdUSB (MSB)	USB Specification release number in BCD	0x02	
0x26	bDeviceClass	Device class	0x00	
0x27	bDeviceSubClass	Device subclass	0x00	
0x28	bDeviceProtocol	Device protocol	0x00	
0x29	bMaxPacketSize0	USB packet size supported for default pipe	0x40	



 Table 11. Configuration Data Organization (continued)

Byte Address	Configuration Item Name	Configuration Item Description	Required Contents	Variable Contents
0x2A	bNumConfigurations	Number of configurations supported	0x01	
0x2B	bReserved	Reserved for future use. Must be set to zero	0x00	
Configurat	tion Descriptor	,		
0x2C	bLength	Length of configuration descriptor in bytes	0x09	
0x2D	bDescriptorType	Descriptor type	0x02	
0x2E	bTotalLength (LSB)	Number of bytes returned in this configuration. This includes		0x20
0x2F	bTotalLength (MSB)	the configuration descriptor plus all the interface and endpoint descriptors.		0x00
0x30	bNumInterfaces	Number of interfaces supported		0x01
0x31	bConfiguration Value	The value to use as an argument to Set Configuration to select the configuration. This value must be set to 0x01.	0x01	
0x32	iConfiguration	Index to the configuration string. This entry must equal half of the address value where the string starts, or 0x00 if the string does not exist.		0x00
0x33	bmAttributes	Device attributes for this configuration Bit 7 Reserved. Must be set to '1' Bit 6 Self powered. See Table 4 on page 15 for reported value Bit 5 Remote wakeup. Must be set to '0' Bits 4–0 Reserved. Must be set to '0'		0xC0
0x34	bMaxPower	Maximum power consumption for this configuration. Units used are mA*2 (i.e., 0x31 = 98 mA, 0xF9 = 498 mA). The value entered here is only used by the 56-pin packages and affect the reported value of bit 6 of address 0x33 in that case. See Table 4 on page 15 for a description of what value is reported to the host by the AT2LP.		0x01
Interface a	nd Endpoint Descriptors		1	
Interface D	escriptor			
0x35	bLength	Length of interface descriptor in bytes	0x09	
0x36	bDescriptorType	Descriptor type	0x04	
0x37	bInterfaceNumber	Interface number	0x00	
0x38	bAlternateSetting	Alternate setting	0x00	
0x39	bNumEndpoints	Number of endpoints		0x02
0x3A	bInterfaceClass	Interface class	0x08	
0x3B	bInterfaceSubClass	Interface subclass		0x06
0x3C	bInterfaceProtocol	Interface protocol	0x50	
0x3D	iInterface	Index to first interface string. This entry must equal half of the address value where the string starts or 0x00 if the string does not exist.		0x00
USB Bulk-	Out Endpoint			
0x3E	bLength	Length of this descriptor in bytes	0x07	_
0x3F	bDescriptorType	Endpoint descriptor type	0x05	
0x40	bEndpointAddress	This is an out endpoint, endpoint number 2.	0x02	
0x41	bmAttributes	This is a bulk endpoint.	0x02	
0x42	wMaxPacketSize (LSB)	Maximum data transfer size. To be set by speed (Full speed		0x00
0x43	wMaxPacketSize (MSB)	0x0040; high-speed 0x0200)		0x02
0x44	bInterval	High speed interval for polling (maximum NAK rate)	0x00	



Table 11. Configuration Data Organization (continued)

Byte Address	Configuration Item Name	Configuration Item Description	Required Contents	Variable Contents
USB Bulk I	n Endpoint		•	
0x45	bLength	Length of this descriptor in bytes	0x07	
0x46	bDescriptorType	Endpoint descriptor type	0x05	
0x47	bEndpointAddress	This is an in endpoint, endpoint number 6	0x86	
0x48	bmAttributes	This is a bulk endpoint		
0x49	wMaxPacketSize (LSB)	Maximum data transfer size. Automatically set by AT2 (Full		0x00
0x4A	wMaxPacketSize (MSB)	speed 0x0040; high-speed 0x0200)		0x02
0x4B	bInterval	High speed interval for polling (maximum NAK rate)	0x00	
(Optional)	HID Interface Descriptor			
0x4C	bLength	Length of HID interface descriptor		0x09
0x4D	bDescriptorTypes	Interface descriptor type		0x04
0x4E	bInterfaceNumber	Number of interfaces (2)		0x02
0x4F	bAlternateSetting	Alternate setting		0x00
0x50	bNumEndpoints	Number of endpoints used by this interface		0x01
0x51	bInterfaceClass	Class code		0x03
0x52	bInterfaceSubClass	Sub class		0x00
0x53	bInterfaceSubSubClass	Sub Sub class		0x00
0x54	iInterface	Index of string descriptor		0x00
USB Interr	upt In Endpoint			
0x5E	bLength	Length of this descriptor in bytes	0x07	
0x5F	bDescriptorType	Endpoint descriptor type	0x05	
0x60	bEndpointAddress	This is an In endpoint, endpoint number 1	0x81	
0x61	bmAttributes	This is an interrupt endpoint	0x03	
0x62	wMaxPacketSize (LSB)	Max data transfer size	0x02	
0x63	wMaxPacketSize (MSB)		0x00	
0x64	bInterval	Interval for polling (max NAK rate)		0x10
(Optional)	HID Descriptor			
0x55	bLength	Length of HID descriptor		0x09
0x56	bDescriptorType	Descriptor Type HID		0x21
0x57	bcdHID (LSB)	HID Class Specification release number (1.10)		0x10
0x58	bcdHID (MSB)			0x01
0x59	bCountryCode	Country Code		0x00
0x5A	bNumDescriptors	Number of class descriptors (1 report descriptor)		0x01
0x5B	bDescriptorType	Descriptor Type		0x22
0x5C	wDescriptorLength (LSB)	Length of HID report descriptor		0x22
0x5D	wDescriptorLength (MSB)	╡ · · · · ·		0x00
	Descriptors			
0x65	Terminator		0x00	



Table 11. Configuration Data Organization (continued)

Byte Address	Configuration Item Name	Configuration Item Description	Required Contents	Variable Contents
(Optional)	HID Report Descriptor	·		
0x66	Usage_Page	Vendor defined		0x06
0x67		7		0xA0
0x68				0xFF
0x69	Usage	Vendor defined		0x09
0x6A				0xA5
0x6B	Collection	Application		0xA1
0x6C				0x01
0x6D	Usage	Vendor defined		0x09
0x6E				0xA6
Input Repo	rt		1	
0x6F	Usage	Vendor defined		0x09
0x70				0xA7
0x71	Logical_Minimum	-128		0x15
0x72		7		0x80
0x73	Logical_Maximum	127		0x25
0x74				0x7F
0x75	Report_Size	8 bits		0x75
0x76				0x08
0x77	Report_Count	2 fields		0x95
0x78		7		0x02
0x79	Input	Input (Data, Variable, Absolute)		0x81
0x7A				0x02
Output Re	port			
0x7B	Usage	Usage - vendor defined		0x09
0x7C		7		0xA9
0x7D	Logical_Minimum	Logical Minimum (–128)		0x15
0x7E				0x80
0x7F	Logical_Maximum	Logical Maximum (127)		0x25
0x80				0x7F
0x81	Report_Size	Report Size 8 bits		0x75
0x82		7		0x08
0x83	Report_Count	Report Count 2 fields		0x95
0x84				0x02
0x85	Output	Output (Data, Variable, Absolute)		0x91
0x86				0x02
0x87		End Collection		0xC0
Standard C	ontent Security Interface De	scriptor (optional)		
0x88	bLength	Byte length of this descriptor		0x09
0x89	bDescriptorType	Interface Descriptor type		0x0D
0x8A	bInterfaceNumber	Number of interface		0x02



Table 11. Configuration Data Organization (continued)

Byte Address	te Configuration Configuration ress Item Name Item Description		Required Contents	Variable Contents
0x8B	bAlternateSetting	Value used to select an alternate setting for the interface identified in prior field		0x00
0x8C	bNumEndpoints	Number of endpoints used by this interface (excluding		0x02
0x8D	bInterfaceClass	endpoint 0) that are CSM dependent		0x0D
0x8E	bInterfaceSubClass	Must be set to zero		0x00
0x8F	bInterfaceProtocol	Must be set to zero		0x00
0x90	iInterface	Index of a string descriptor that describes this Interface		0x00
Channel D	escriptor			
0x91	bLength	Length of this descriptor in bytes		0x09
0x92	bDescriptorType	Channel descriptor type		0x22
0x93	bChannelID	Number of the channel must be a zero-based value that is unique across the device		0x00
0x94	bmAttributes	Bits7:5 Reserved. Must be set to zero Bits 4:0	Bits7:5 Reserved. Must be set to zero	
0x95	bRecipient	Identifier of the target recipient If Recipient type field of bmAttributes = 1 then bRecipient field is the bInterfaceNumber If Recipient type field of bmAttributes = 2 then bRecipient field is an endpoint address, where: D7: Direction (0 = Out, 1 = IN) D6D4: Reserved and set to zero D3D0: Endpoint number		0x00
0x96	bRecipientAlt	Alternate setting for the interface to which this channel applies		0x00
0x97	bRecipientLogicalUnit	Recipient Logical Unit		0x00
0x98	bMethod	Index of a class-specific CSM descriptor that describes one of the Content Security Methods (CSM) offered by the device		0x01
0x99	bMethodVariant	CSM variant descriptor		0x00
CSM Desc	riptor			
0x9A	bLength	Byte length of this descriptor		0x06
0x9B	bDescriptorType	CSM descriptor type		0x23
0x9C	bMethodID	Index of a class-specific CSM descriptor that describes on of the Content Security Methods offered by the device		0x01
0x9D	iCSMDescriptor	Index of string descriptor that describes the Content Security Method		0x00
0x9E	bcdVersion (LSB)	CSM descriptor version number		0x10
0x9F	bcsVersion (MSB)			0x02
0xA0	Terminator		0x00	
USB String	Descriptor-Index 0 (LANG	GID)	<u> </u>	
0xA1	bLength	LANGID string descriptor length in bytes	0x04	
0xA2	bDescriptorType	Descriptor type 0x03		
0xA3	LANGID (LSB)	Language supported. The CY7C68300B supports one		0x09
0xA4	LANGID (MSB)	LANGID value.		0x04



Table 11. Configuration Data Organization (continued)

Byte Address	Configuration Item Name	Configuration Item Description	Required Contents	Variable Contents
USB String	Descriptor-Manufacturer			
0xA5	bLength	String descriptor length in bytes (including bLength)		0x2C
0xA6	bDescriptorType	Descriptor type	0x03	
0xA7	bString	Unicode character LSB		'C' 0x43
0xA8	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xA9	bString	Unicode character LSB		'y' 0x79
0xAA	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xAB	bString	Unicode character LSB		'p' 0x70
0xAC	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xAD	bString	Unicode character LSB		'r' 0x72
0xAE	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xAF	bString	Unicode character LSB		'e' 0x65
0xB0	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xB1	bString	Unicode character LSB		's' 0x73
0xB2	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xB3	bString	Unicode character LSB		's' 0x73
0xB4	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xB5	bString	Unicode character LSB		''0x20
0xB6	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xB7	bString	Unicode character LSB		'S' 0x53
0xB8	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xB9	bString	Unicode character LSB		'e' 0x65
0xBA	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xBB	bString	Unicode character LSB		'm' 0x6D
0xBC	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xBD	bString	Unicode character LSB		'i' 0x69
0xBE	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xBF	bString	Unicode character LSB		'c' 0x63
0xC0	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xC1	bString	Unicode character LSB		'o' 0x6F
0xC2	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xC3	bString	Unicode character LSB		'n' 0x6E
0xC4	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xC5	bString	Unicode character LSB		'd' 0x64
0xC6	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xC7	bString	Unicode character LSB		'u' 0x75
0xC8	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xC9	bString	Unicode character LSB		'c' 0x63
0xCA	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xCB	bString	Unicode character LSB		't' 0x74
0xCC	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xCD	bString	Unicode character LSB		'o' 0x6F



Table 11. Configuration Data Organization (continued)

Byte Address	Configuration Item Name	Configuration Item Description	Required Contents	Variable Contents			
0xCE	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00			
0xCF	bString	Unicode character LSB		'r' 0x72			
0xD0	bString	Unicode character MSB					
USB String Descriptor-Product							
0xD1	bLength	String descriptor length in bytes (including bLength)		0x2C			
0xD2	bDescriptorType	Descriptor type.	0x03				
0xD3	bString	Unicode character LSB		'U' 0x55			
0xD4	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00			
0xD5	bString	Unicode character LSB		'S' 0x53			
0xD6	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00			
0xD7	bString	Unicode character LSB		'B' 0x42			
0xD8	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00			
0xD9	bString	Unicode character LSB		'2' 0x32			
0xDA	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00			
0xDB	bString	Unicode character LSB		'.' 0x2E			
0xDC	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00			
0xDD	bString	Unicode character LSB		'0' 0x30			
0xDE	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00			
0xDF	bString	Unicode character LSB		''0x20			
0xE0	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00			
0xE1	bString	Unicode character LSB		'D' 0x53			
0xE2	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00			
0xE3	bString	Unicode character LSB		'i' 0x74			
0xE4	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00			
0xE5	bString	Unicode character LSB		's' 0x6F			
0xE6	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00			
0xE7	bString	Unicode character LSB		'k' 0x72			
0xE8	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00			
device. If you characters,	ou do not provide a unique serial but some USB hosts only use th	ote The USB Mass Storage Class Specification requires a unique number, the operating system may crash. The serial number ne least significant 12 characters of the serial number as a unique to the se	must be at le	east 12 :			
0xE9	bLength	String descriptor length in bytes (including bLength).	0.00	0x22			
0xEA	bDescriptor Type	Descriptor type.	0x03				
0XEB	bString	Unicode character LSB		'1' 0x31			
0XEC	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00			
0XED	bString	Unicode character LSB		'2' 0x32			
0XEE	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00			
0XEF	bString	Unicode character LSB		'3' 0x33			
0XF0	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00			
0xF1	bString	Unicode character LSB		'4' 0x34			
0xF2	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00			
0xF3	bString	Unicode character LSB		'5' 0x35			
0xF4	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00			



Table 11. Configuration Data Organization (continued)

Byte Configuration Address Item Name		Configuration Item Description	Required Contents	Variable Contents '6' 0x36
0xF5	bString	Unicode character LSB		
0xF6	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xF7	bString	Unicode character LSB		'7' 0x37
0xF8	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xF9	bString	Unicode character LSB		'8' 0x38
0xFA	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xFB	bString	Unicode character LSB		'9' 0x39
0xFC	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xFD	bString	Unicode character LSB		'0' 0x30
0xFE	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0xFF	bString	Unicode character LSB		'A' 0x41
0Xxx	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
0Xxx	bString	Unicode character LSB		'B' 0x42
0Xxx	bString	Unicode character MSB		0x00
information	. It is a fixed length (24 bytes). C	Unicode string. It is the ASCII string returned by the device in the changing this string may cause CD authoring software to incorr		the device.
0Xxx	Device name byte 1	ASCII Character		'C' 0x43
0Xxx	Device name byte 2 ASCII Character			'y' 0x79
0Xxx	Device name byte 3	ASCII Character		'p' 0x70
0Xxx	Device name byte 4	ASCII Character		'r' 0x72
0Xxx	Device name byte 5	ASCII Character		'e' 0x65
0Xxx	Device name byte 6	ASCII Character		's' 0x73
0Xxx	Device name byte 7	ASCII Character		's' 0x73
0Xxx	Device name byte 8	ASCII Character		''0x20
0Xxx	Device name byte 9	ASCII Character		'C' 0x43
0Xxx	Device name byte 10	ASCII Character		'u' 0x75
0Xxx	Device name byte 11	ASCII Character		's' 0x73
0Xxx	Device name byte 12	vice name byte 12 ASCII Character		't' 0x74
0Xxx	Device name byte 13	ASCII Character		'o' 0x6f
0Xxx	Device name byte 14	ASCII Character		'm' 0x6d
0Xxx	Device name byte 15	ASCII Character		''0x20
0Xxx	Device name byte 16	ASCII Character		'N' 0x4e
0Xxx	Device name byte 17	ASCII Character		'a' 0x61
0Xxx	Device name byte 18	ASCII Character		'm' 0x6d
0Xxx	Device name byte 19	ASCII Character		'e' 0x65
0Xxx	Device name byte 20	20 ASCII Character		''0x20
0Xxx	Device name byte 21	ASCII Character		'L' 0x4c
0Xxx	Device name byte 22	ASCII Character		'U' 0x55
0Xxx	Device name byte 23	vice name byte 23 ASCII Character		'N' 0x4e
0Xxx	Device name byte 24	ASCII Character		'0' 0x30
0Xxx	Unused ROM Space	Amount of unused ROM space varies depending on strings.		0xFF

Note More than 0X100 bytes of configuration are shown for example only. The AT2LP only supports addresses up to 0xFF.



Programming the EEPROM

There are three methods of programming the EEPROM:

- Stand-alone EEPROM programmer
- Vendor-specific USB commands, listed in Table 12
- In-system programming (for example, bed-of-nails tester)

Any vendor-specific USB write request to the serial ROM device configuration space simultaneously update internal configuration register values as well. If the I²C device is programmed without vendor specific USB commands, the AT2LP must be synchronously reset (toggle RESET#) before configuration data is reloaded.

The AT2LP supports a subset of the 'slow mode' specification (100 kHz) required for 24LCXXB EEPROM family device support. Features such as 'Multi-Master', 'Clock Synchronization' (the SCL pin is output only), '10-bit addressing', and 'CBUS device support' are not supported. Vendor-specific USB commands enable the AT2LP to address up to 256 bytes of EEPROM data.

LOAD CONFIG DATA

This request enables writes to the AT2LP's configuration data space. The windex field specifies the starting address and the wLength field denotes the data length in bytes.

Legal values for wValue are as follows:

- 0x0000 Internal Config bytes, address range 0x2 0xF
- 0x0002 External I²C memory device

Internal Config byte writes must be constrained to addresses 0x2 through 0xF, as shown in Table 12. Attempts to write outside this address space result in undefined operation. Internal Config byte writes only overwrite AT2LP Configuration Byte registers, the original data source (I²C memory device) remains unchanged.

Table 12. EEPROM-related Vendor-Specific Commands

Label	bmRequestType	bRequest	wValue	windex	wLength	Data
LOAD_CONFIG_DATA	0x40	0x01	0x0000	30x02 – 0x0F	Data Length	Configuration Data
READ_CONFIG_DATA	0xC0	0x02	Data Source	Starting Address	Data Length	Configuration Data

READ_CONFIG_DATA

This USB request enables data retrieval from the data source specified by the wValue field. Data is retrieved beginning at the address specified by the wIndex field (see Table 12). The wLength field denotes the length in bytes of data requested from the data source.

Legal values for wValue are as follows:

- 0x0000 Configuration bytes, addresses 0x0 0xF only
- 0x0002 External I²C memory device

Illegal values for wValue result in an undefined operation. Attempted reads from an I²C memory device when none is connected result in an undefined operation. Attempts to read configuration bytes with starting addresses greater than 0xF also, result in an undefined operation.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Operating Conditions

T _A (Ambient Temperature Under Bias) Commercial Automotive	0 °C to +70 °C
Supply Voltage	+3.00 V to +3.60 V
Ground Voltage	0 V
F _{osc} (Oscillator or Crystal Frequency)24 MHz ± 100 p	opm, Parallel Resonant

DC Characteristics

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		3.00	3.3	3.60	V
V _{CC} Ramp	Supply ramp up 0 V to 3.3 V		200	-	_	μS
V _{IH}	Input High voltage		2	-	5.25	V
V_{IL}	Input Low voltage		-0.5	-	0.8	V
I _I	Input leakage current	0 < V _{IH} < V _{CC}	-	-	±10	μА
V _{IH_X}	Crystal input HIGH voltage		2	-	5.25	V
V_{IL_X}	Crystal input LOW voltage		-0.5	-	0.8	V
V _{OH}	Output voltage High	I _{OUT} = 4 mA	2.4	-	_	V
V_{OL}	Output voltage Low	I _{OUT} = –4 mA	-	-	0.4	V
I _{OH}	Output current High		-	-	4	mA
I _{OL}	Output current Low		-	-	4	mA
C _{IN}	Input pin capacitance	All but DPLUS/DMINUS	-	-	10	pF
		DPLUS/DMINUS	-	-	15	pF
I _{SUSP}	Suspend current	Connected	-	0.5	1.2	mA
	CY7C68300C/CY7C68320C	Disconnected	-	0.3	1.0	mA
	Suspend current	Connected	-	300	380	μА
	CY7C68301C/CY7C68321C	Disconnected	-	100	150	μА
I _{CC}	Supply current	USB High Speed	-	50	85	mA
		USB Full Speed	-	35	65	mA
I _{UNCONFIG}	Unconfigured current	Current before device is granted full amount requested in bMaxPower	-	43	_	mA
T _{RESET}	Reset time after valid power	V _{CC} > 3.0 V	5.0	_	_	ms
	Pin reset after power up	7	200	_	_	μS



AC Electrical Characteristics

ATA Timing Characteristics

The ATA interface supports ATA PIO modes 0, 3, and 4, Ultra DMA modes 2, 3, and 4, and multiword DMA mode 2, according to the ATA/ATAPI 6 Specification. The highest enabled transfer rate common to both the AT2LP and the attached mass storage device is used. The AT2LP automatically determines the transfer rates during drive initialization based upon the values in the AT2LP configuration space and the data reported by the drives in response to an IDENTIFY DEVICE command.

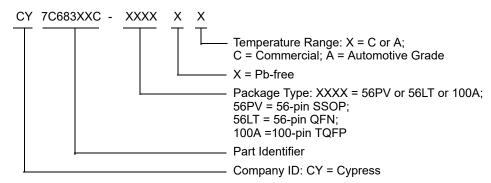
USB Transceiver Characteristics

Complies with the USB 2.0 specification for full- and high speed modes of operation.

Ordering Information

Part Number	Status	Package Type	GPIO Pins
CY7C68300C-56PVXC	-	56-pin SSOP Pb-free for self and bus powered designs	_
CY7C68300C-56LTXC	-	56-pin QFN Sawn Pb-free for self and bus powered designs	_
CY7C68320C-100AXC	-	100-pin TQFP Pb-free for self and bus powered designs	6
CY4615B	-	EZ-USB AT2LP Reference Design Kit	NA

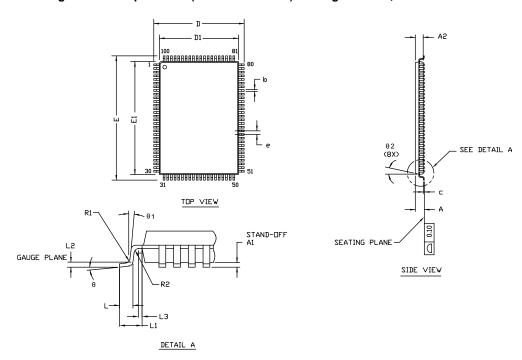
Ordering Code Definitions





Package Diagrams

Figure 11. 100-pin TQFP (14 × 20 × 1.4 mm) Package Outline, 51-85050



	·	- NO.0	
SYMBOL		ENSIC	
011111111111111111111111111111111111111	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
Α	_	_	1.60
A1	0.05	_	0.15
A2	1.35	1.40	1.45
D	15.80	16.00	16.20
D1	13.90	14.00	14.10
E	21.80	22.00	22.20
E1	19.90	20.00	20.10
R1	0.08	_	0.20
R2	0.08	_	0.20
θ	0°	_	7°
θ1	0°	_	_
θ2	11°	12°	13°
С	_	_	0.20
b	0.22	0.30	0.38
L	0.45	0.60	0.75
L1	1.00 REF		
L2	0.25 BSC		
L3	0.20	_	
е	0.65 TYP		

NOTE:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- BODY LENGTH DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION/END FLASH.
 MOLD PROTRUSION/END FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.0098 in (0.25 mm) PER SIDE.
 BODY LENGTH DIMENSIONS ARE MAX PLASTIC BODY SIZE INCLUDING MOLD MISMATCH.
- 3. JEDEC SPECIFICATION NO. REF: MS-026.

51-85050 *G



Package Diagrams (continued)

Figure 12. 56-pin SSOP (300 Mils) Package Outline, 51-85062

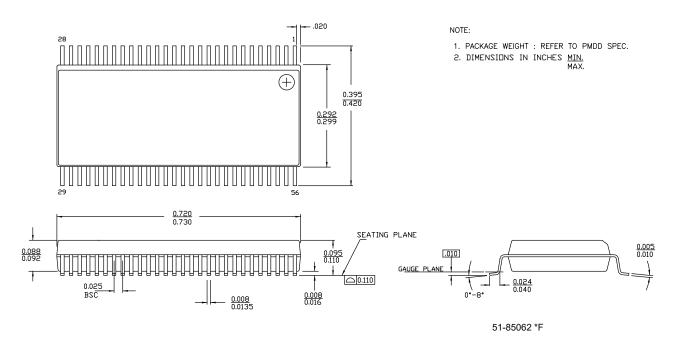
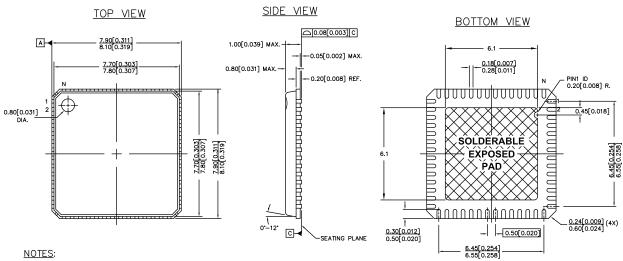


Figure 13. 56-pin QFN ((8 × 8 × 1.0 mm) 6.1 × 6.1 E-Pad (Subcon Punch Type)) Package Outline, 51-85144



- 1. MATCH AREA IS SOLDERABLE EXPOSED METAL.
- 2. REFERENCE JEDEC#: MO-220
- 3. PACKAGE WEIGHT: 0.162g
- 4. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MM [MIN/MAX]
- 5. PACKAGE CODE

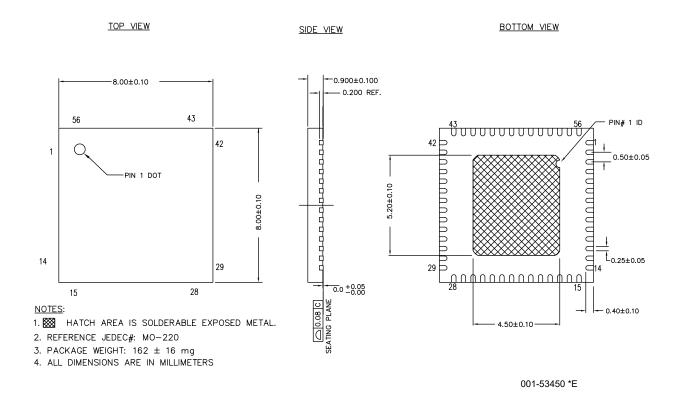
PART #	DESCRIPTION
LF56	STANDARD
LY56	PB-FREE

51-85144 *J



Package Diagrams (continued)

Figure 14. 56-pin QFN ((8 × 8 × 1.0 mm) 4.5 × 5.2 E-Pad (Sawn)) Package Outline, 001-53450





General PCB Layout Recommendations for USB Mass Storage Designs

The following recommendations must be followed to ensure reliable high performance operation:

- Use at least a four-layer, impedance controlled board to maintain signal quality.
- Specify specific impedance targets (ask your board vendor what they can achieve).
- Maintain uniform trace widths and trace spacing to control impedance.
- Minimize reflected signals by avoiding using stubs and vias.
- Connect the USB connector shell and signal ground as near to the USB connector as possible.
- Use bypass or flyback capacitors on VBUS near the connector.
- Keep DPLUS and DMINUS trace lengths to within 2 mm of each other in length, with a preferred length of 20 to 30 mm.
- Maintain a solid ground plane under the DPLUS and DMINUS traces. Do not allow the plane to be split under these traces.
- Do not place vias on the DPLUS or DMINUS trace routing for a more stable design.
- Isolate the DPLUS and DMINUS traces from all other signal traces by no less than 10 mm.

Source for recommendations:

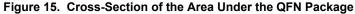
- EZ-USB FX2LP PCB Design Recommendations www.cypress.com/?docID=4696
- High-Speed USB Platform Design Guidelines http://www.usb.org/developers/docs/hs_usb_pdg_r1_0.pdf

Quad Flat Package No Leads (QFN) Package Design Notes

Electrical contact of the part to the printed circuit board (PCB) is made by soldering the leads on the bottom surface of the package to the PCB. Hence, special attention is required to the heat transfer area below the package to provide a good thermal bond to the circuit board. A Copper (Cu) fill must be designed into the PCB as a thermal pad under the package. Heat is transferred from the AT2LP through the device's metal paddle on the bottom side of the package. Heat from here is conducted to the PCB at the thermal pad. It is then conducted from the thermal pad to the PCB inner ground plane by a 5 × 5 array of vias. A via is a plated through-hole in the PCB with a finished diameter of 13 mil. The QFN's metal die paddle must be soldered to the PCB's thermal pad. Solder mask is placed on the board top side over each via to resist solder flow into the via. The mask on the top side also minimizes outgassing during the solder reflow process.

For further information on this package design, refer to the application note *Surface Mount Assembly of AMKOR's MicroLeadFrame (MLF) Technology.* The application note provides detailed information on board mounting guidelines, soldering flow, rework process, and so on.

Figure 15 displays a cross-sectional area underneath the package. The cross section is of only one via. The solder paste template needs to be designed to enable at least 50% solder coverage. The thickness of the solder paste template must be 5 mil. It is recommended that 'No Clean,' type 3 solder paste is used to mount the part. Nitrogen purge is recommended during reflow.



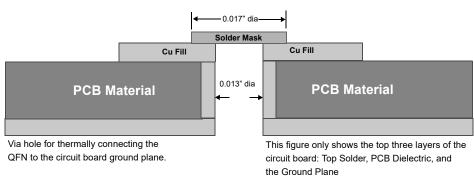




Figure 16 is a plot of solder mask pattern and Figure 17 displays an X-Ray image of assembly (darker areas indicate solder).

Figure 16. Plot of the Solder Mask (White Area)

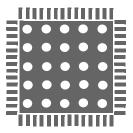
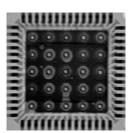


Figure 17. X-Ray Image of the Assembly



Other Design Considerations

Certain design considerations must be followed to ensure proper operation of the CY7C68300C/CY7C68301C. The following items must be taken into account when designing a USB device with the CY7C68300C/CY7C68301C.

Proper Power-Up Sequence

Power must be applied to the CY7C68300C/CY7C68301C before, or at the same time as the ATA/ATAPI device. If power is supplied to the drive first, the CY7C68300C/CY7C68301C startup in an undefined state. Designs that use separate power supplies for the CY7C68300C/CY7C68301C and the ATA/ATAPI device are not recommended.

IDE Removable Media Devices

The AT2LP does not fully support IDE removable media devices. Changes in media state are not reported to the operating system so users are unable to eject or reinsert media properly. This may result in lost or corrupted data. Note that standard ATAPI optical drives and ATA CompactFlash-type devices are not part of this group.

Devices With Small Buffers

The size of the drive's buffer can greatly affect the overall data transfer performance. Ensure that drives have large enough buffers to handle the flow of data to and from it. The exact buffer size needed depends on a number of variables, but a good rule of thumb to follow is:

(approx min buffer) = (data rate) * (seek time + rotation time + other) where 'other' may include things such as the time required to switch heads and power up a laser. Drives with buffers that are too small to handle the extra data may perform considerably slower than expected.



Acronyms

Acronym	Description
EEPROM	Electrically Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory
I/O	Input/Output
LSB	Least Significant Bit
MSB	Most Significant Bit
PCB	Printed Circuit Board
QFN	Quad Flat No-leads
SSOP	Shrink Small-Outline Package
TQFP	Thin Quad Flat Pack
USB	Universal Serial Bus

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degree Celsius
mA	milliampere
MHz	megahertz
μA	microampere
μF	microfarad
μs	microsecond
μW	microwatt
ms	millisecond
mV	millivolt
mW	milliwatt
ns	nanosecond
ppm	parts per million
pF	picofarad
V	volt
W	watt



Errata

This section describes the errata for the EZUSB-AT2LP™ CY7C68300C/301C/320C/321C (AT2LP) silicon. Details include errata trigger conditions, available workaround, and silicon revision applicability. Please contact your local Cypress sales representative if you have further questions.

Part Numbers Affected

Part Number	Package Type	Operating Range
CY7C68300C	All	Commercial
CY7C68301C	All	Commercial
CY7C68320C	All	Commercial
CY7C68321C	All	Commercial

AT2LP Qualification Status

In production.

AT2LP Errata Summary

1. PIO mode-3 data recovery path does meet spec timings in AT2LP

■ Description

The ATA/ATAPI-6 standard specifies the data recovery timings for each of the Read (DIOR)/Write (DIOW) data transfer modes such as PIO mode-0, 1, 2, 3, 4. As per the standard for PIO mode-3 this timing value is 70 ns. In AT2LP the actual value measured is out of spec limits.

■ Implication

There is no observed effect due to this behavior but only the waveforms were measured to be out of spec limits.

■ Workaround

None

■ Status

If the PIO mode-3 is required to use in the application the user is suggested to move to FX2LP-to-ATA reference design (CY4611B) kit. The timing error can be fixed in this kit by modifying the GPIF firmware waveforms.

Document Number: 001-05809 Rev. *Q



Document History Page

Rev.	ECN No.	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	409321	GIR	12/14/2005	New data sheet.
*A	611658	ARI / KKU	12/15/2006	Minor grammatical corrections across the document. Removed GPIO2_nHS pin and its related information in all instances across the document. Updated Pin Diagrams: Added figure "56-pin SSOP Pinout (CY7C68320C/CY7C68321C)". Updated Figure 4 (Corrected part numbers). Updated Figure 5 (Corrected part numbers). Updated Pin Descriptions: Replaced "GPIO2_nHS" with "GPIO2" in "Pin Name" column. Updated Operating Modes: Updated Operational Mode Selection Flow: Updated description. Updated Figure 9. Updated Figure 9. Updated Fused Memory Data: Updated description. Updated EEPROM Organization: Updated Table 11. Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers). Updated to new template.
*B	2717536	DPT	06/11/2009	Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers). Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85144 – Changed revision from *F to *G. Added spec 001-53450 Rev. **.
*C	2733311	NMMA	07/08/2009	Updated Additional Resources: Updated link. Updated Ordering Information: No change in part numbers. Updated details in "Package Type" and "GPIO Pins" columns. Updated Package Diagrams: Replaced with correct diagram for spec 51-85062 *C.
*D	2755364	VIVG	08/28/2009	Added Automotive Temperature Range related information in all instances across the document. Updated Features: Updated Features (CY7C68320C/CY7C68321C only): Added "Automotive AEC Grade Option (–40 °C to 85 °C)". Added Note "Automotive part information is preliminary." and referred the same note in "Automotive AEC Grade Option (–40 °C to 85 °C)". Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers).
*E	2813871	VIVG / PYRS	11/25/2009	Updated Features: Updated Features (CY7C68320C/CY7C68321C only): Removed Note "Automotive part information is preliminary." and its reference
*F	2896245	VRD	03/19/2010	Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers). Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85050 – Changed revision from *B to *C. spec 51-85062 – Changed revision from *C to *D. spec 001-53450 – Changed revision from ** to *B.
*G	2956403	NMMA	06/19/2010	Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers).



Document History Page (continued)

Rev.	ECN No.	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
*H	3124965	NMMA	01/03/2011	Updated Pin Diagrams: Removed figure "56-Pin SSOP Pinout (CY7C68320C/CY7C68321C)". Updated Ordering Information: Updated part numbers. Added Ordering Code Definitions. Added Acronyms and Units of Measure. Updated to new template. Completing Sunset Review.
*	3489506	NMMA	01/10/2011	Removed CY7C68321A part related information in all instances across th document. Replaced CY4615C with CY4615B in all instances across the document. Updated Pin Diagrams: Updated Figure 5 (Updated caption only). Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers). Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85050 – Changed revision from *C to *D. spec 51-85062 – Changed revision from *D to *E. spec 51-85144 – Changed revision from *H to *I. Completing Sunset Review.
*J	3578709	NMMA	04/11/2012	Updated Pin Descriptions: Updated description above table. Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers).
*K	3625641	NMMA	05/24/2012	Updated Package Diagrams: Replaced with correct diagram for spec 51-85050 *D.
*L	3847849	YHB / NMMA	12/20/2012	Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers). Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85062 – Changed revision from *E to *F. spec 001-53450 – Changed revision from *B to *C.
*M	3955864	NIKL	04/05/2013	Added Errata.
*N	4072998	NIKL	07/23/2013	Added Errata footnotes in all instances across the document. Updated Introduction: Added Note 1 and referred the same note in "PIO mode 3". Updated Ordering Information (Included a column "Status" and updated the status of CY7C68320C-100AXA as NRND). Updated to new template.
*0	4584934	NIKL	12/02/2014	Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85050 – Changed revision from *D to *E. spec 001-53450 – Changed revision from *C to *D. Completing Sunset Review.
*P	6079528	HPPC	02/23/2018	Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85050 – Changed revision from *E to *G. spec 51-85144 – Changed revision from *I to *J. Updated to new template.
*Q	6564132	HPPC	05/02/2019	Updated Ordering Information: Updated part numbers. Removed Note "The General Purpose inputs can be enabled on ATAPUE PWR500#, and DRVPWRVLD with EEPROM byte 8, bit 7 on CY7C68320C/CY7C68321C." and its reference. Updated Package Diagrams: spec 001-53450 – Changed revision from *D to *E. Updated to new template.



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