

## ASSP Single Serial Input PLL Frequency Synthesizer On-chip 2.5 GHz Prescaler

The Cypress MB15E07SL is a serial input Phase Locked Loop (PLL) frequency synthesizer with a 2.5 GHz prescaler. The 2.5 GHz prescaler has a dual modulus division ratio of 32/33 or 64/65 enabling pulse swallowing operation.

The supply voltage range is between 2.4 V and 3.6 V. The MB15E07SL uses the latest BiCMOS process, as a result the supply current is typically 3.5 mA at 2.7 V. A refined charge pump supplies well-balanced output currents of 1.5 mA and 6 mA. The charge pump current is selectable by serial data.

### Features

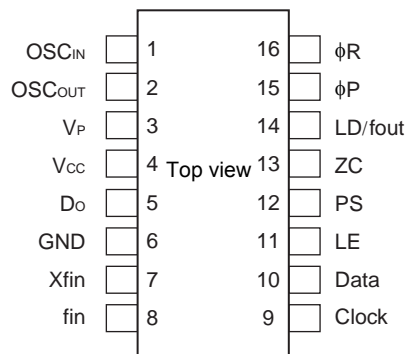
- High frequency operation: 2.5 GHz Max
- Low power supply voltage:  $V_{CC}$  = 2.4 to 3.6 V
- Ultra Low power supply current:  $I_{CC}$  = 3.5 mA Typ ( $V_{CC} = V_p = 2.7$  V,  $T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , in locking state)  
 $I_{CC}$  = 4.0 mA Typ ( $V_{CC} = V_p = 3.0$  V,  $T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , in locking state)
- Direct power saving function: Power supply current in power saving mode  
Typ 0.1  $\mu\text{A}$  ( $V_{CC} = V_p = 3.0$  V,  $T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ), Max 10  $\mu\text{A}$  ( $V_{CC} = V_p = 3.0$  V)
- Dual modulus prescaler: 32/33 or 64/65
- Serial input 14-bit programmable reference divider:  $R$  = 3 to 16,383
- Serial input programmable divider consisting of:
  - Binary 7-bit swallow counter: 0 to 127
  - Binary 11-bit programmable counter: 3 to 2,047
- Software selectable charge pump current
- On-chip phase control for phase comparator
- Operating temperature:  $T_a = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$
- Pin compatible with MB15E07, MB15E07L

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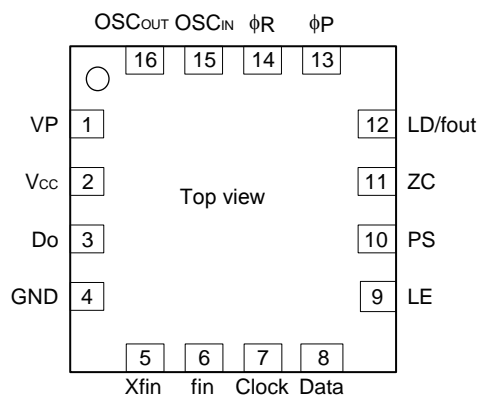
## 1. Pin Assignments

16-pin SSOP



(FPT-16P-M05)

16-pin QFN

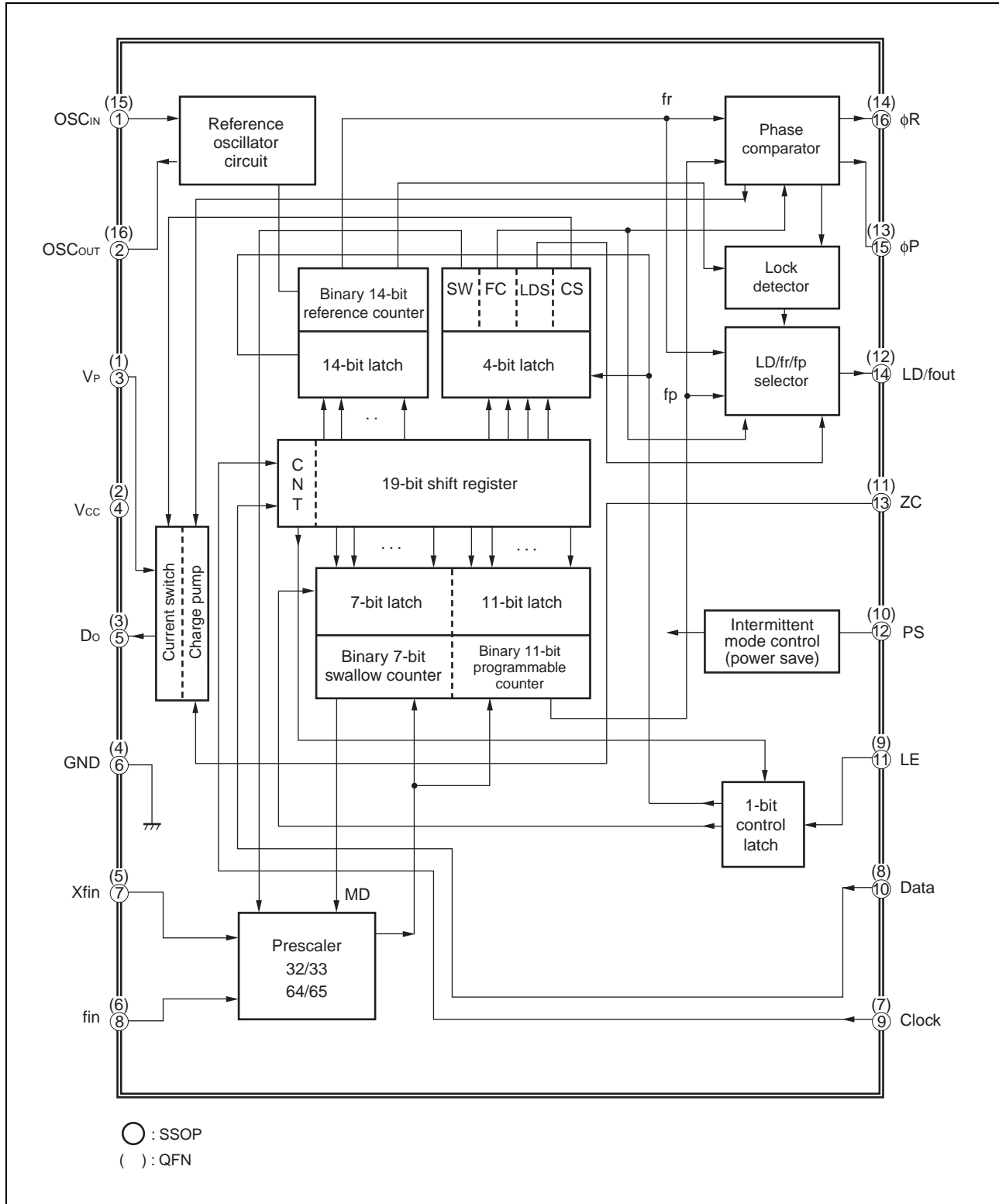


(LCC-16P-M69)

## 2. Pin Descriptions

Pin no.		Pin name	I/O	Descriptions
SSOP	QFN			
1	15	OSC <sub>IN</sub>	I	Programmable reference divider input. Connection to a TCXO.
2	16	OSC <sub>OUT</sub>	O	Oscillator output.
3	1	V <sub>P</sub>	–	Power supply voltage input for the charge pump.
4	2	V <sub>CC</sub>	–	Power supply voltage input.
5	3	D <sub>O</sub>	O	Charge pump output. Phase of the charge pump can be selected via programming of the FC bit.
6	4	GND	–	Ground.
7	5	X <sub>fin</sub>	I	Prescaler complementary input, which should be grounded via a capacitor.
8	6	fin	I	Prescaler input. Connection to an external VCO should be done via AC coupling.
9	7	Clock	I	Clock input for the 19-bit shift register. Data is shifted into the shift register on the rising edge of the clock. (Open is prohibited.)
10	8	Data	I	Serial data input using binary code. The last bit of the data is a control bit. (Open is prohibited.)
11	9	LE	I	Load enable signal input. (Open is prohibited.) When LE is set high, the data in the shift register is transferred to a latch according to the control bit in the serial data.
12	10	PS	I	Power saving mode control. This pin must be set at “L” at Power-ON. (Open is prohibited.) PS = “H”; Normal mode PS = “L”; Power saving mode
13	11	ZC	I	Forced high-impedance control for the charge pump (with internal pull up resistor.) ZC = “H”; Normal Do output. ZC = “L”; Do becomes high impedance.
14	12	LD/fout	O	Lock detect signal output (LD)/phase comparator monitoring output (fout). The output signal is selected via programming of the LDS bit. LDS = “H”; outputs fout (fr/fp monitoring output) LDS = “L”; outputs LD (“H” at locking, “L” at unlocking.)
15	13	φP	O	Phase comparator N-channel open drain output for an external charge pump. Phase can be selected via programming of the FC bit.
16	14	φR	O	Phase comparator CMOS output for an external charge pump. Phase can be selected via programming of the FC bit.

### 3. Block Diagram



#### 4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating		Unit	Remark
			Min	Max		
Power supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	–	–0.5	4.0	V	
	V <sub>P</sub>	–	V <sub>CC</sub>	6.0	V	
Input voltage	V <sub>I</sub>	–	–0.5	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V	
Output voltage	V <sub>O</sub>	Except Do	GND	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
	V <sub>O</sub>	Do	GND	V <sub>P</sub>	V	
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	–	–55	+125	°C	

**Warning:** Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

#### 5. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Remark
		Min	Typ	Max		
Power supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	2.4	3.0	3.6	V	
	V <sub>P</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	–	5.5	V	
Input voltage	V <sub>I</sub>	GND	–	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
Operating temperature	T <sub>a</sub>	–40	–	+85	°C	

**Warning:** The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their representatives beforehand.

## 6. Electrical Characteristics

( $V_{CC} = 2.4$  to  $3.6$  V,  $T_a = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter		Symbol	Condition		Value			Unit
					Min	Typ	Max	
Power supply current*1		I <sub>CC</sub> *1	f <sub>in</sub> = 2500 MHz, V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>P</sub> = 2.7 V (V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>P</sub> = 3.0 V)		–	3.5 (4.0)	–	mA
Power saving current		I <sub>PS</sub>	ZC = “H” or open		–	0.1*2	10	μA
Operating frequency	f <sub>in</sub>	f <sub>IN</sub>	–		700	–	2500	MHz
	OSC <sub>IN</sub>	OSC <sub>IN</sub>	–		3	–	40	MHz
Input sensitivity	f <sub>in</sub> *3	P <sub>fin</sub>	50 Ω system (Refer to the measurement circuit.)	SSOP	–15	–	+2	dBm
				QFN	–12	–	+2	
		OSC <sub>IN</sub> *3	V <sub>OSC</sub>	–		0.5	–	V <sub>CC</sub>
“H” level input voltage	Data, Clock, LE, PS, ZC	V <sub>IH</sub>	–		V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.7	–	–	V
“L” level input voltage		V <sub>IL</sub>	–		–	–	V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.3	
“H” level input current	Data, Clock, LE, PS	I <sub>IH</sub> *4	–		–1.0	–	+1.0	μA
“L” level input current		I <sub>IL</sub> *4	–		–1.0	–	+1.0	
“H” level input current	OSC <sub>IN</sub>	I <sub>IH</sub>	–		0	–	+100	μA
“L” level input current		I <sub>IL</sub> *4	–		–100	–	0	
“H” level input current	ZC	I <sub>IH</sub> *4	–		–1.0	–	+1.0	μA
“L” level input current		I <sub>IL</sub> *4	Pull up input		–100	–	0	
“L” level output voltage	φP	V <sub>OL</sub>	Open drain output		–	–	0.4	V
“H” level output voltage	φR, LD/fout	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>P</sub> = 3.0 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = –1 mA		V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.4	–	–	V
“L” level output voltage		V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>P</sub> = 3.0 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 1 mA		–	–	0.4	
“H” level output voltage	Do	V <sub>DOH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>P</sub> = 3.0 V, I <sub>DOH</sub> = –0.5 mA		V <sub>P</sub> – 0.4	–	–	V
“L” level output voltage		V <sub>DOL</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>P</sub> = 3.0 V, I <sub>DOL</sub> = 0.5 mA		–	–	0.4	
High impedance cutoff current	Do	I <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>P</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>OFF</sub> = 0.5 V to V <sub>P</sub> – 0.5 V		–	–	2.5	nA
“L” level output current	φP	I <sub>OL</sub>	Open drain output		1.0	–	–	mA
“H” level output current	φR, LD/fout	I <sub>OH</sub>	–		–	–	–1.0	mA
“L” level output current		I <sub>OL</sub>	–		1.0	–	–	
“H” level output current	Do	I <sub>DOH</sub> *4	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V, V <sub>P</sub> = 3 V, V <sub>DO</sub> = V <sub>P</sub> /2 Ta = +25°C	CS bit = “H”	–	–6.0	–	mA
				CS bit = “L”	–	–1.5	–	
“L” level output current		I <sub>DOL</sub>		CS bit = “H”	–	6.0	–	
				CS bit = “L”	–	1.5	–	
Charge pump current rate	I <sub>DOL</sub> /I <sub>DOH</sub>	I <sub>DOMT</sub> *5	V <sub>DO</sub> = V <sub>P</sub> /2		–	3	–	%
	vs V <sub>DO</sub>	I <sub>DOVD</sub> *6	0.5 V ≤ V <sub>DO</sub> ≤ V <sub>P</sub> – 0.5 V		–	10	–	%
	vs Ta	I <sub>DOTA</sub> *7	– 40°C ≤ Ta ≤ +85°C		–	10	–	%

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\*1 : Conditions; fosc = 12 MHz, Ta = +25°C, in locking state.

\*2 : V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>P</sub> = 3.0 V, fosc = 12.8 MHz, Ta = +25°C, in power saving mode

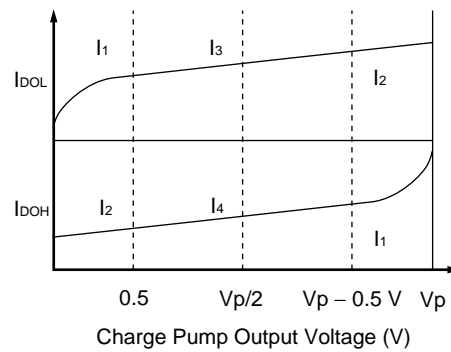
\*3 : AC coupling. 1000 pF capacitor is connected under the condition of Min operating frequency.

\*4 : The symbol “-” (minus) means direction of current flow.

\*5 : V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>P</sub> = 3.0 V, Ta = +25°C  $(|I_3| - |I_4|) / [(|I_3| + |I_4|) / 2] \times 100(\%)$

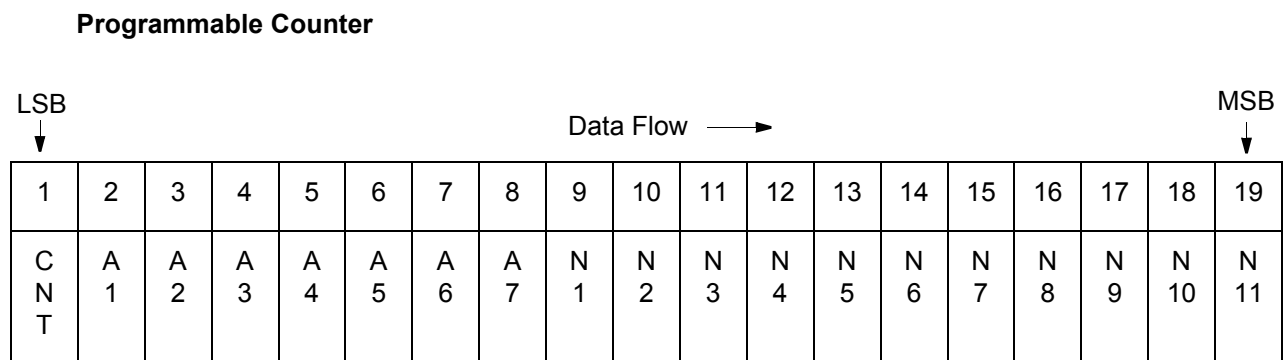
\*6 : V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>P</sub> = 3.0 V, Ta = +25°C  $(|I_2| - |I_1|) / [(|I_1| + |I_2|) / 2] \times 100(\%)$  (Applied to each I<sub>DOL</sub>, I<sub>DOH</sub>)

\*7 : V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>P</sub> = 3.0 V, V<sub>DO</sub> = V<sub>P</sub>/2  $(|I_{DO(85^\circ\text{C})} - I_{DO(-40^\circ\text{C})}| / 2) / (|I_{DO(85^\circ\text{C})} + I_{DO(-40^\circ\text{C})}| / 2) \times 100(\%)$  (Applied to each I<sub>DOL</sub>, I<sub>DOH</sub>)





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CNT	: Control bit	[Table 1]
N1 to N11	: Divide ratio setting bits for the programmable counter (3 to 2,047)	[Table 3]
A1 to A7	: Divide ratio setting bits for the swallow counter (0 to 127)	[Table 4]

Note: Data input with MSB first.

**Table 2. Binary 14-bit Programmable Reference Counter Data Setting**

[illegible]

Note : Divide ratio less than 3 is prohibited.

**Table 3. Binary 11-bit Programmable Counter Data Setting**

[illegible]

Note : Divide ratio less than 3 is prohibited.

**Table 4. Binary 7-bit Swallow Counter Data Setting**

Divide ratio (A)	A7	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
127	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

**Table 5. Prescaler Data Setting**

SW	Prescaler divide ratio
H	32/33
L	64/65

**Table 6. Charge Pump Current Setting**

CS	Current value
H	±6.0 mA
L	±1.5 mA

**Table 7. LD/fout Output Select Data Setting**

LDS	LD/fout output signal
H	fout signal
L	LD signal

## 2. Relation between the FC Input and Phase Characteristics

The FC bit changes the phase characteristics of the phase comparator. Both the internal charge pump output level ( $D_o$ ) and the phase comparator output ( $\phi_R$ ,  $\phi_P$ ) are reversed according to the FC bit. Also, the monitor pin ( $f_{out}$ ) output is controlled by the FC bit. The relationship between the FC bit and each of  $D_o$ ,  $\phi_R$ , and  $\phi_P$  is shown below.

**Table 8. FC Bit Data Setting (LDS = "H")**

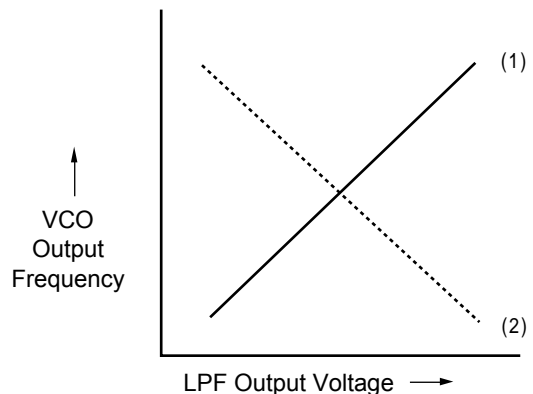
	FC = High				FC = Low			
	$D_o$	$\phi_R$	$\phi_P$	LD/fout	$D_o$	$\phi_R$	$\phi_P$	LD/fout
$f_r > f_P$	H	L	L	fout = fr	L	H	Z*	fout = fp
$f_r < f_P$	L	H	Z*		H	L	L	
$f_r = f_P$	Z*	L	Z*		Z*	L	Z*	

\* : High-Z

When designing a synthesizer, the FC pin setting depends on the VCO and LPF characteristics.

\* : When the LPF and VCO characteristics are similar to (1), set FC bit high.

\* : When the VCO characteristics are similar to (2), set FC bit low.



### 3. Do Output Control

**Table 9. ZC Pin Setting**

ZC pin	Do output
H	Normal output
L	High impedance

### 4. Power Saving Mode (Intermittent Mode Control Circuit)

**Table 10. PS Pin Setting**

PS pin	Status
H	Normal mode
L	Power saving mode

The intermittent mode control circuit reduces the PLL power consumption.

By setting the PS pin low, the device enters into the power saving mode, reducing the current consumption. See the Electrical Characteristics chart for the specific value.

The phase detector output, Do, becomes high impedance.

For the signal PLL, the lock detector, LD, remains high, indicating a locked condition.

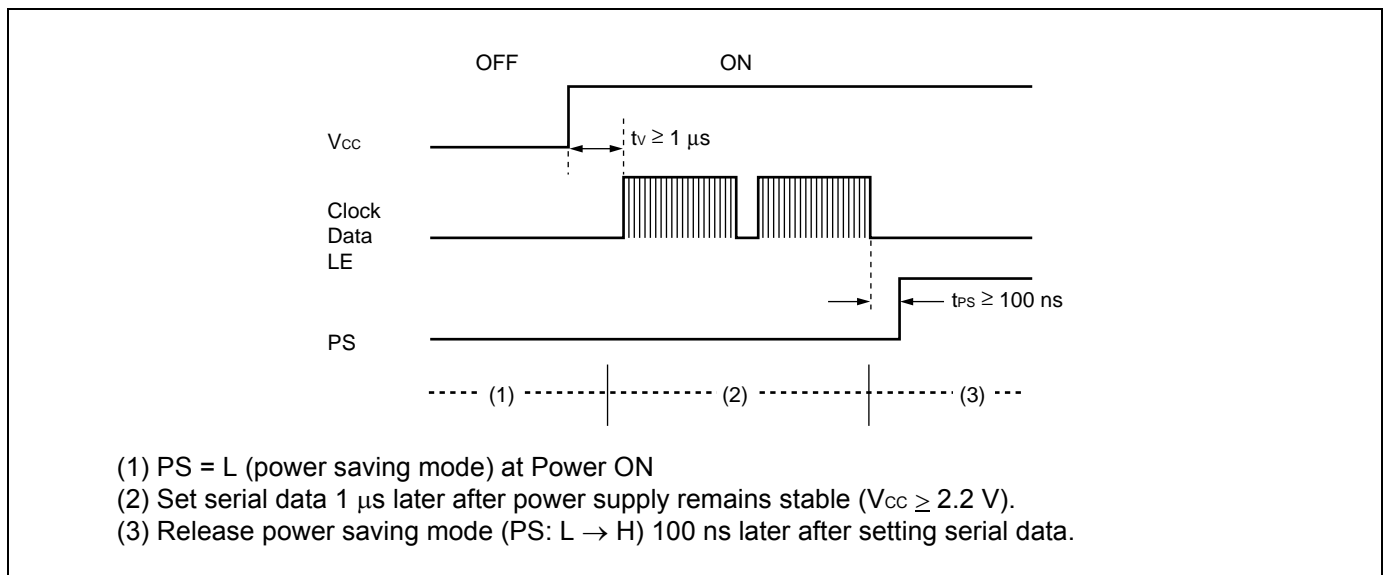
Setting the PS pin high, releases the power saving mode, and the device works normally.

The intermittent mode control circuit also ensures a smooth startup when the device returns to normal operation. When the PLL is returned to normal operation, the phase comparator output signal is unpredictable. This is because of the unknown relationship between the comparison frequency ( $f_p$ ) and the reference frequency ( $f_r$ ) which can cause a major change in the comparator output, resulting in a VCO frequency jump and an increase in lockup time.

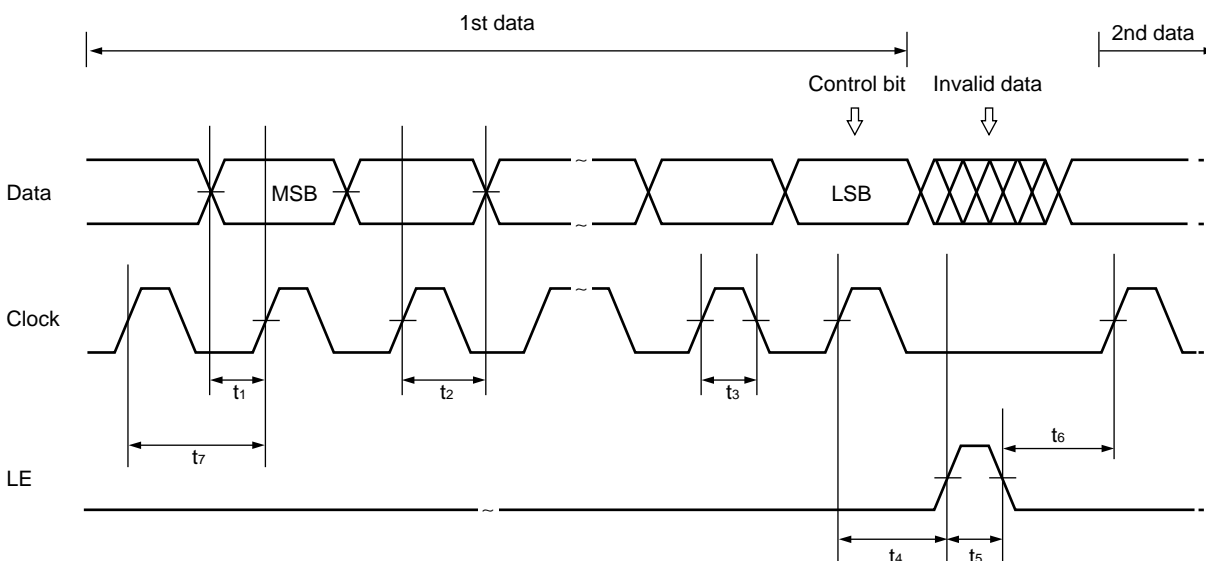
To prevent a major VCO frequency jump, the intermittent mode control circuit limits the magnitude of the error signal from the phase detector when it returns to normal operation.

When power ( $V_{CC}$ ) is first applied, the device must be in standby mode, PS = Low, for at least 1  $\mu$ s.

Note : PS pin must be set "L" for Power-ON.



## 8. Serial Data Input Timing



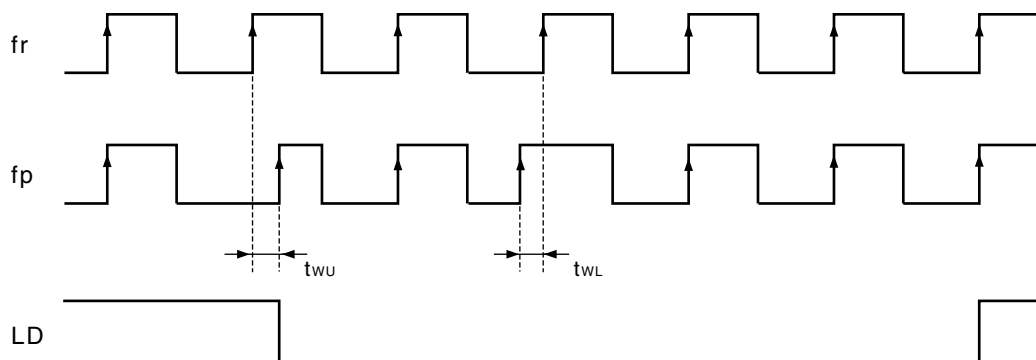
On the rising edge of the clock, one bit of data is transferred into the shift register.

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_1$	20	—	—	ns
$t_2$	20	—	—	ns
$t_3$	30	—	—	ns
$t_4$	30	—	—	ns

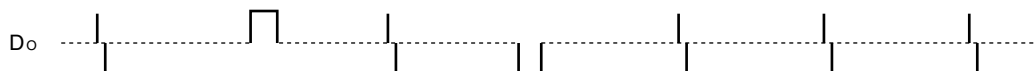
Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_5$	100	—	—	ns
$t_6$	20	—	—	ns
$t_7$	100	—	—	ns

Note : LE should be “L” when the data is transferred into the shift register.

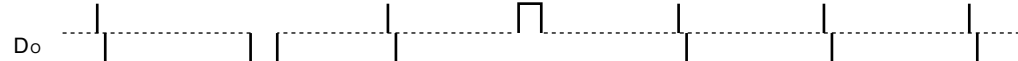
## 9. Phase Comparator Output Waveform



[FC = "H"]



[FC = "L"]



Note: Phase error detection range:  $-2p$  to  $+2p$

Pulses on  $D_o$  signal during locked state are output to prevent dead zone.

$LD$  output becomes low when phase is  $t_{WU}$  or more.  $LD$  output becomes high when phase error is  $t_{WL}$  or less and continues to be so for three cycles or more.

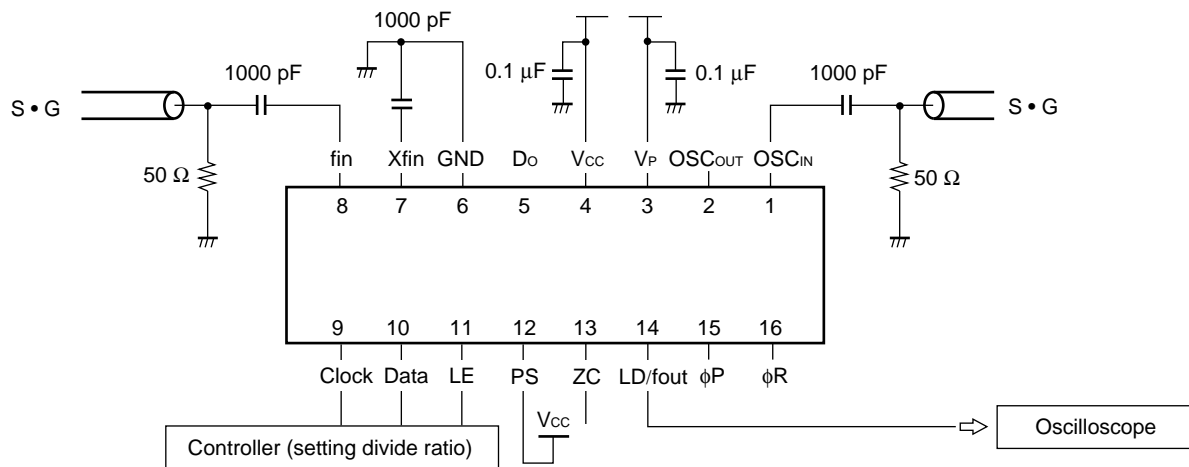
$t_{WU}$  and  $t_{WL}$  depend on  $OSCIN$  input frequency.

$t_{WU} > 2/f_{osc}$  (s) (e. g.  $t_{WU} > 156.3$  ns,  $f_{osc} = 12.8$  MHz)

$t_{WL} < 4/f_{osc}$  (s) (e. g.  $t_{WL} < 312.5$  ns,  $f_{osc} = 12.8$  MHz)

$LD$  becomes high during the power saving mode ( $PS = "L"$ )

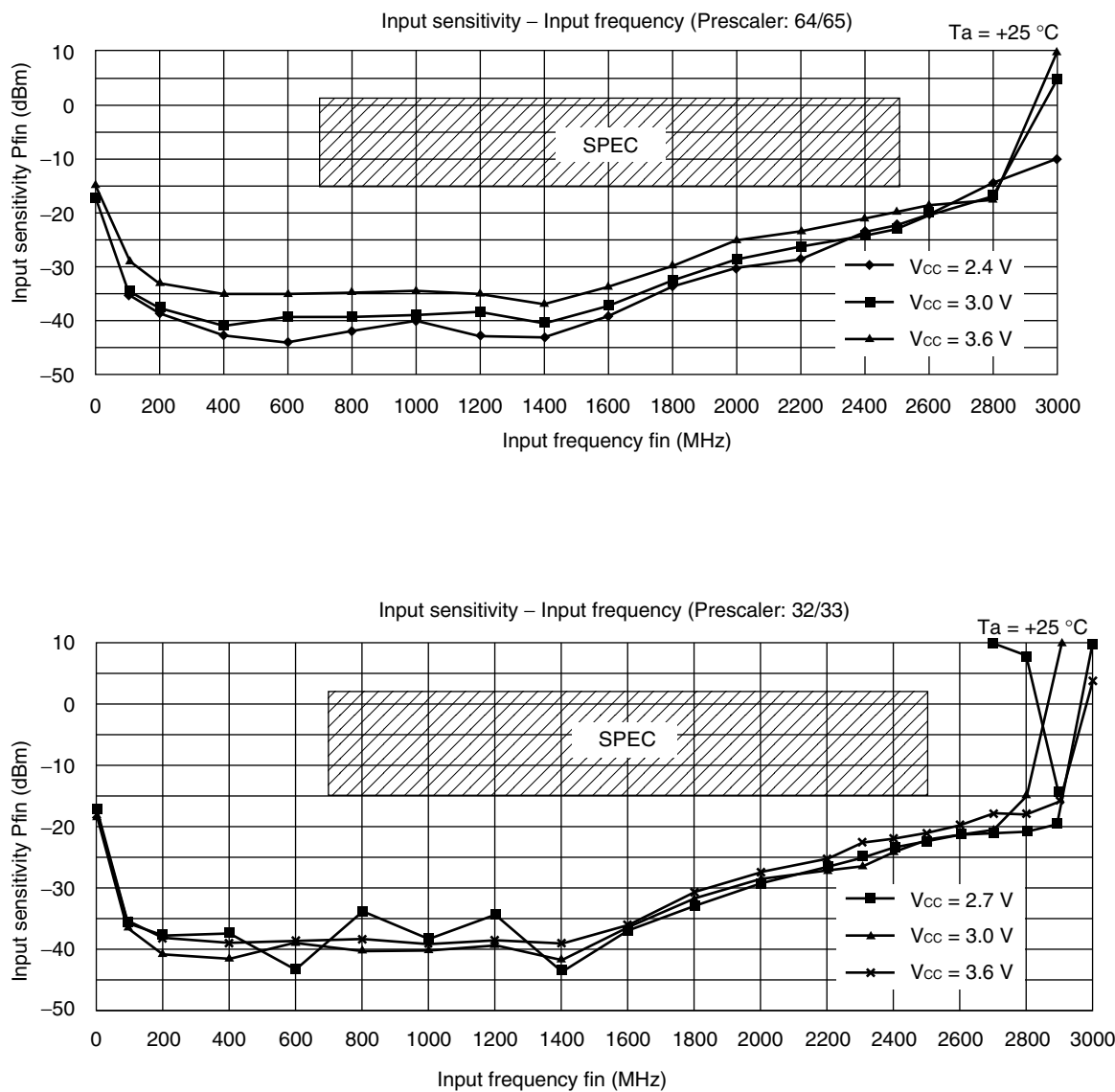
## 10. Measurement Circuit (for Measuring Input Sensitivity $f_{in}/OSC_{IN}$ )



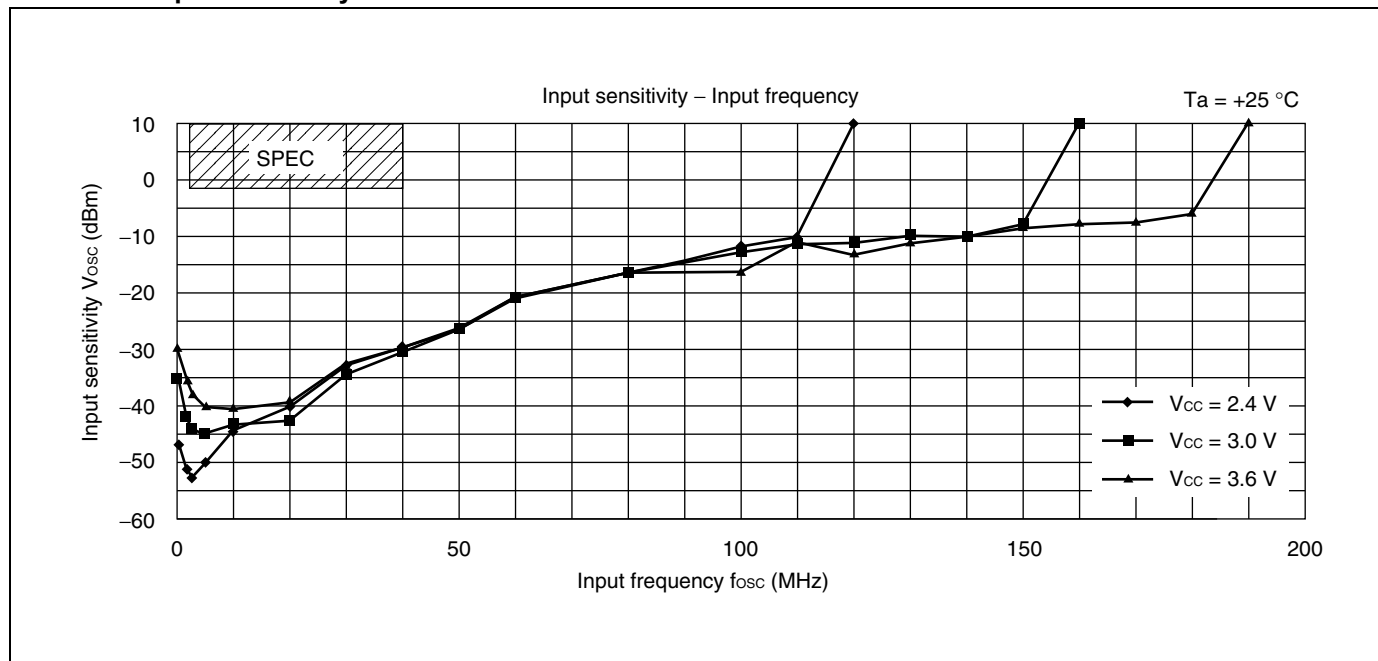
Note: SSOP-16

## 11. Typical Characteristics

### 11.1 fin input sensitivity

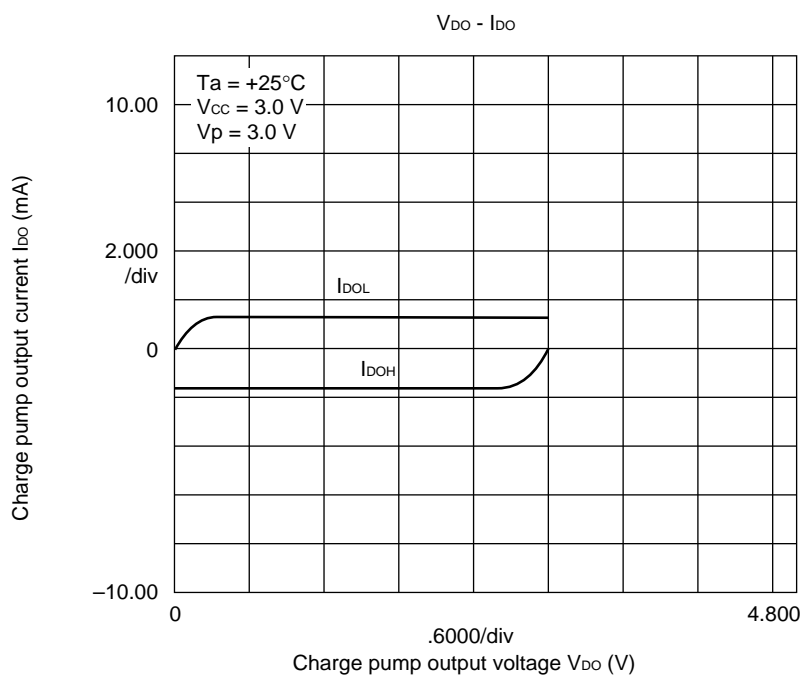


## 11.2 OSC<sub>IN</sub> input sensitivity

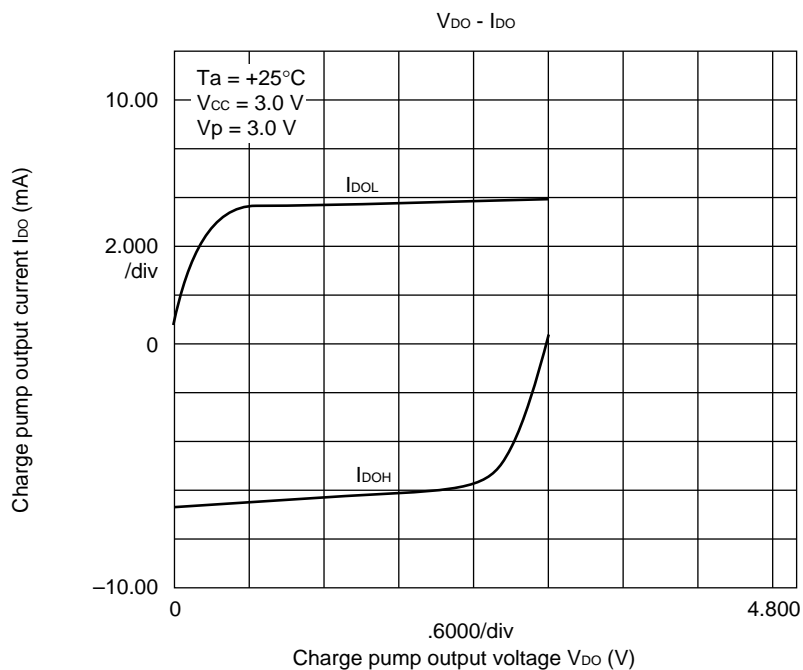


### 11.3 Do output current

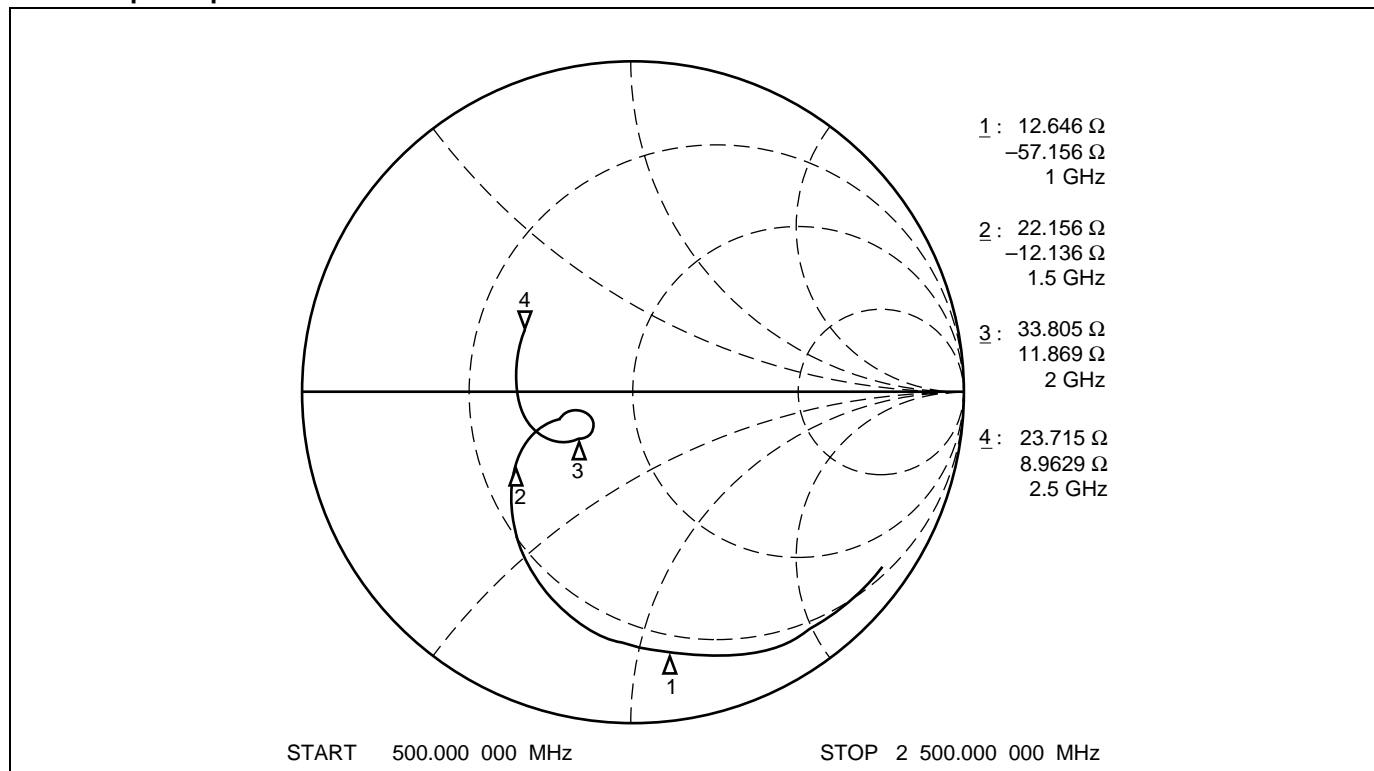
1.5 mA mode



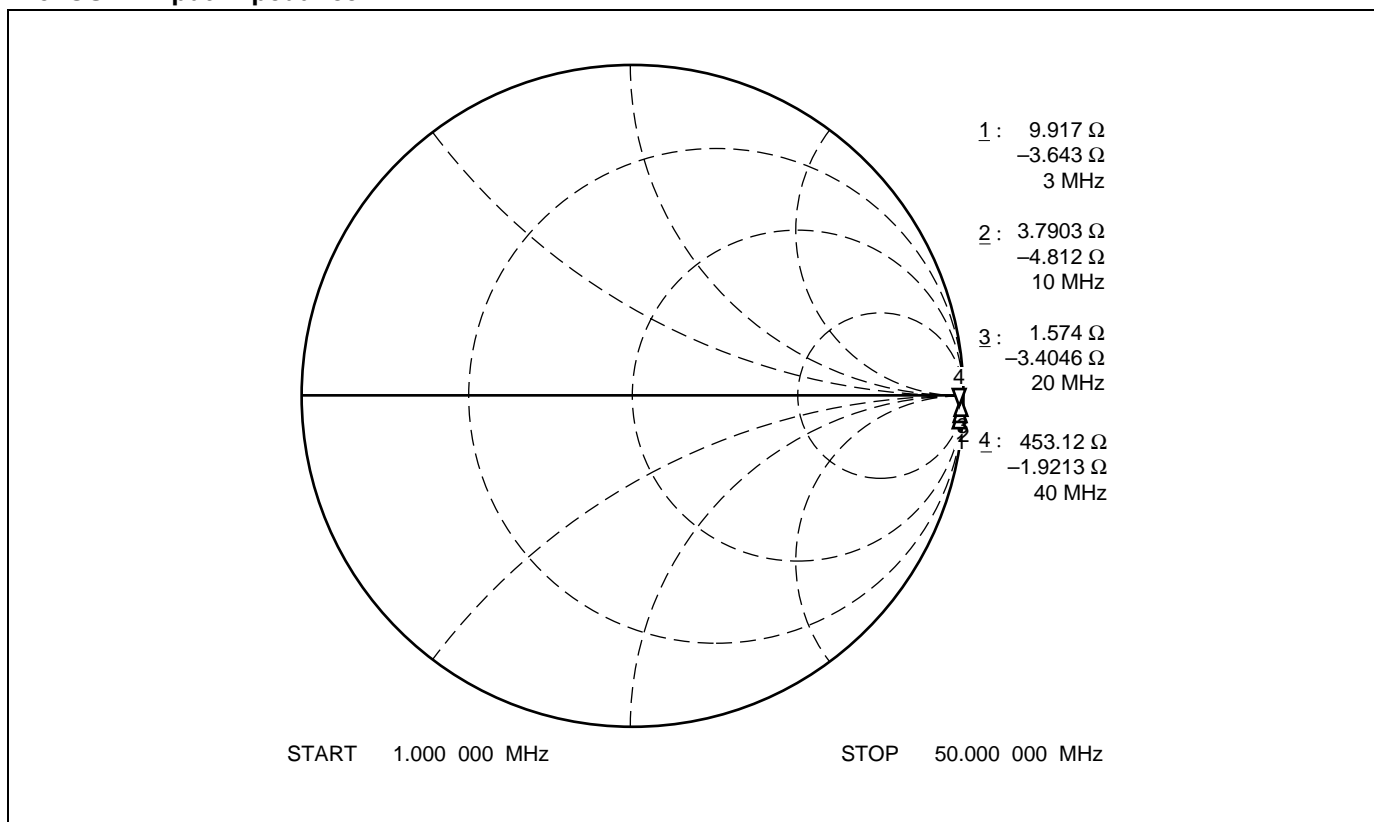
6.0 mA mode



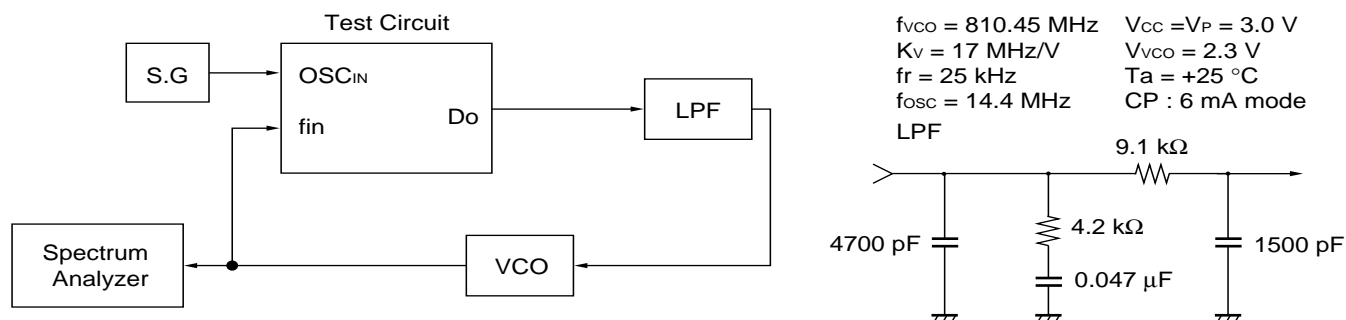
#### 11.4 fin input impedance



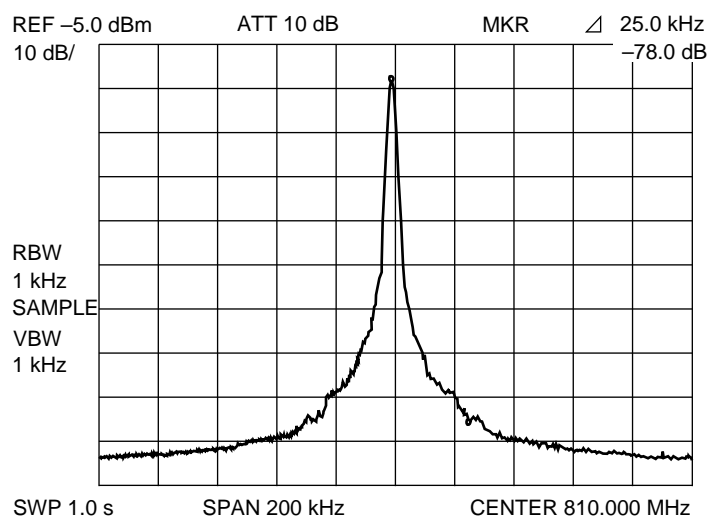
#### 11.5 OSC<sub>IN</sub> input impedance



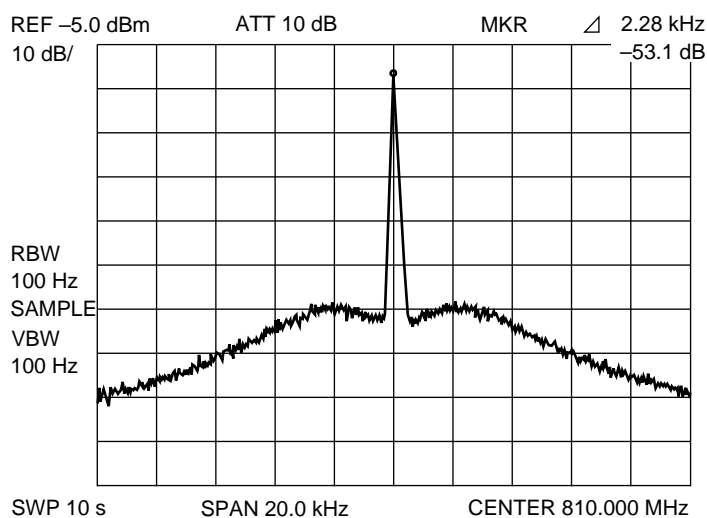
## 12. Reference Information



### PLL Reference Leakage



### PLL Phase Noise

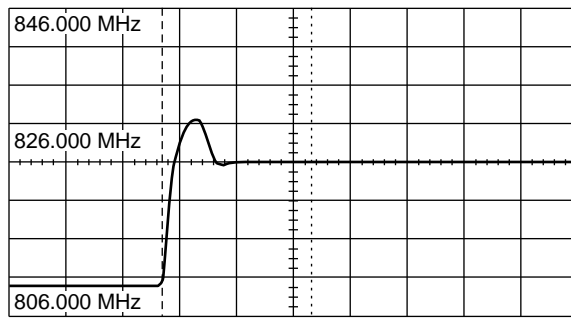


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PLL Lock Up time

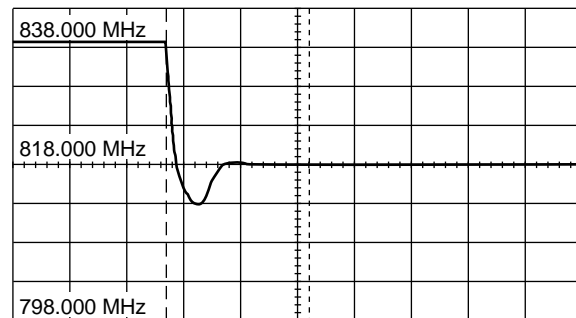
810 MHz → 826 MHz within  $\pm 1$  kHz  
Lch → Hch 1.30 ms



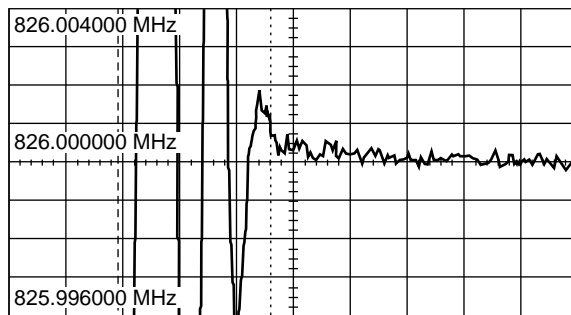
500.0  $\mu$ s/div

PLL Lock Up time

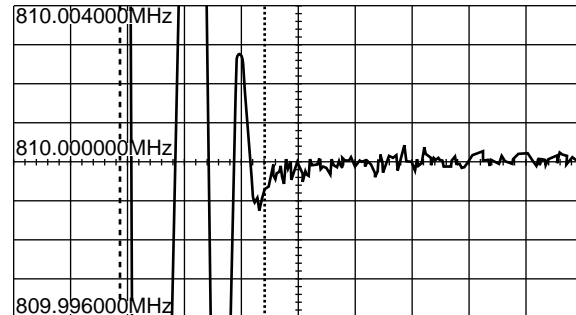
826 MHz → 810 MHz within  $\pm 1$  kHz  
Hch → Lch 1.28 ms



500.0  $\mu$ s/div

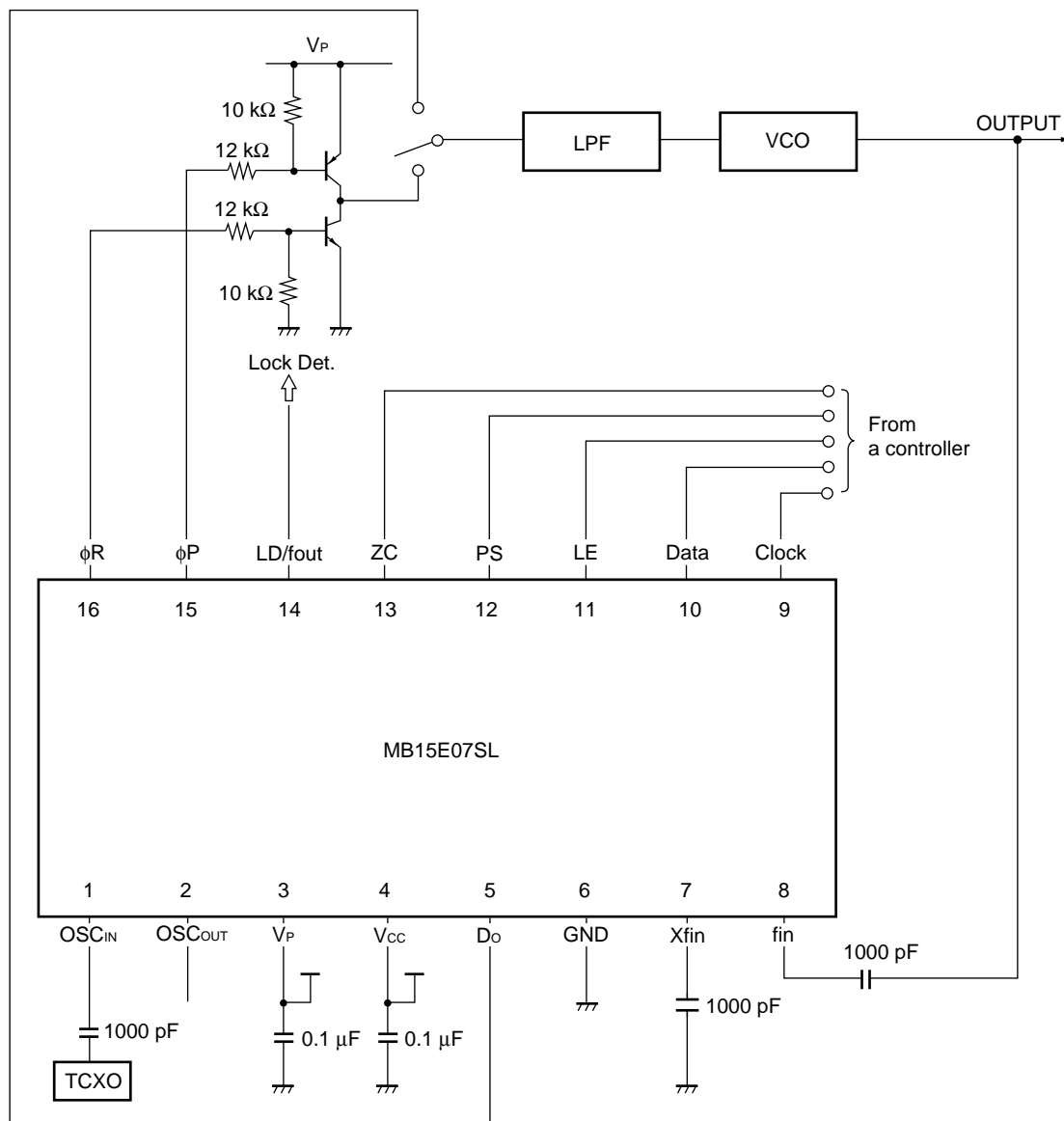


500.0  $\mu$ s/div



500.0  $\mu$ s/div

### 13. Application Example



V<sub>P</sub>: 5.5 V Max

Notes : SSOP-16

In case of using a crystal resonator, it is necessary to optimize matching between the crystal and this LSI, and perform detailed system evaluation. It is recommended to consult with a supplier of the crystal resonator. (Reference oscillator circuit provides its own bias, feedback resistor is 100 kΩ (Typ).)

## **14. Usage Precautions**

To protect against damage by electrostatic discharge, note the following handling precautions:

- Store and transport devices in conductive containers.

- Use properly grounded workstations, tools, and equipment.

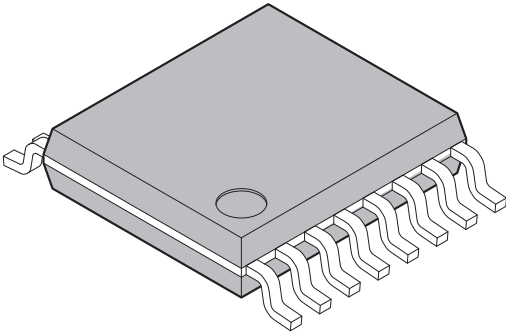
- Turn off power before inserting device into or removing device from a socket.

- Protect leads with a conductive sheet when transporting a board-mounted device.

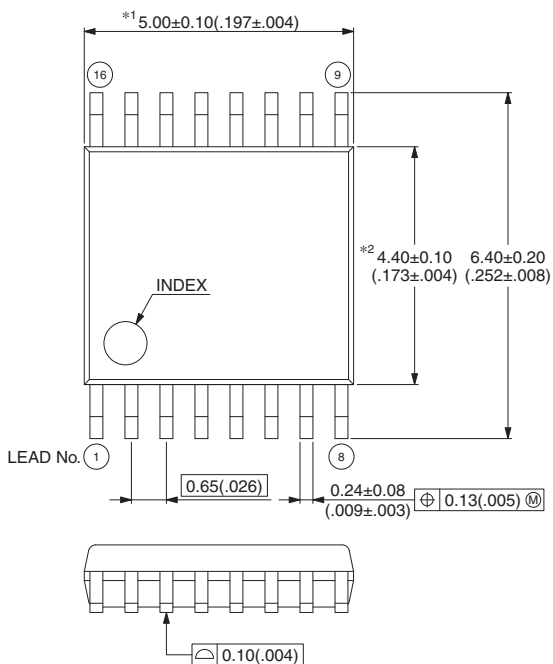
## 15. Ordering Information

Part number	Package	Remarks
MB15E07SLPFV1	16-pin, Plastic SSOP (FPT-16P-M05)	
MB15E07SLWQN	16-pin plastic QFN (LCC-16P-M69)	

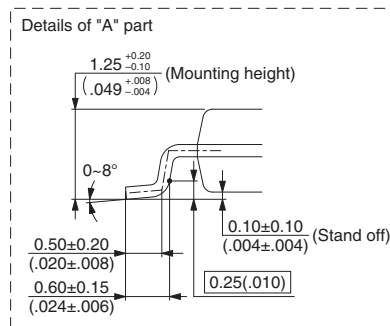
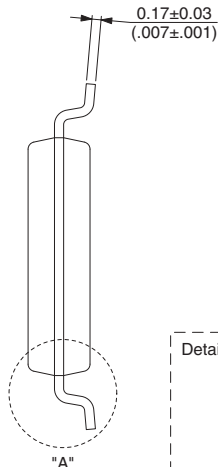
## 16. Package Dimensions

<p>16-pin plastic SSOP</p>  <p>(FPT-16P-M05)</p>	Lead pitch	0.65 mm
	Package width × package length	4.40 × 5.00 mm
	Lead shape	Gullwing
	Sealing method	Plastic mold
	Mounting height	1.45mm MAX
	Weight	0.07g
	Code (Reference)	P-SSOP16-4.4×5.0-0.65

16-pin plastic SSOP  
(FPT-16P-M05)



Note 1) \*1 : Resin protrusion. (Each side : +0.15 (.006) Max).  
 Note 2) \*2 : These dimensions do not include resin protrusion.  
 Note 3) Pins width and pins thickness include plating thickness.  
 Note 4) Pins width do not include tie bar cutting remainder.

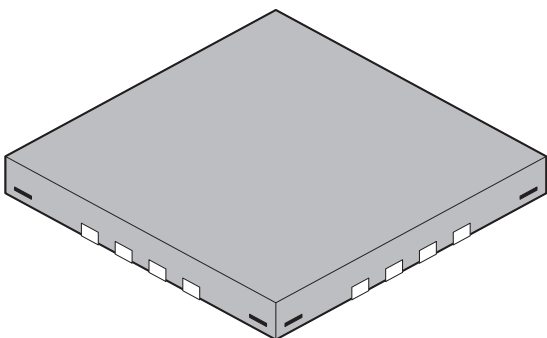


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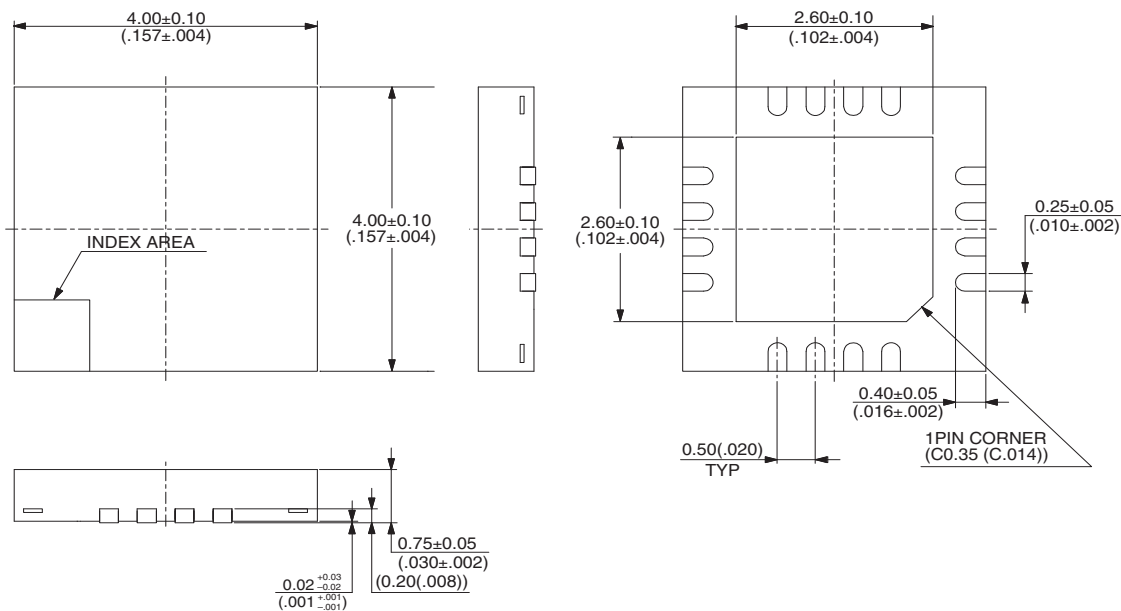
Dimensions in mm (inches).  
 Note: The values in parentheses are reference values.

(Continued)

(Continued)

<p>16-pin plastic QFN</p>  <p>(LCC-16P-M69)</p>	Lead pitch	0.50 mm
	Package width × package length	4.00 mm × 4.00 mm
	Sealing method	Plastic mold
	Mounting height	0.80 mm MAX
	Weight	0.04 g

16-pin plastic QFN  
(LCC-16P-M69)



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Dimensions in mm (inches).  
Note: The values in parentheses are reference values.

## Document History

Spansion Publication Number: DS04–21358–5E

Document Title: MB15E07SL ASSP Single Serial Input PLL Frequency Synthesizer On-chip 2.5 GHz Prescaler Document Number: 002-08429				
Revision	ECN	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	–	TAOA	09/06/2011	Initial Release
*A	5576747	TAOA	01/06/2017	Updated to Cypress Template

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