



Microtips Technology
Innovative Solutions. Your Vision. Our Goal.

EPD Module User Manual

Specification for 5.83 inch EPD

Model NO: MT-DEPG0583BNU790F2

This module uses ROHS material

CUSTOMER
APPROVED BY
DATE:

Tel: 1 (888) 499-8477

Fax: (407) 273-0771

E-mail: mtusainfo@microtipsusa.com

Web: www.microtipsusa.com

Version	Content	Date	Producer
2.0	New release	2023/11/16	

CONTENTS

1. Over View	4
2. Features	4
3. Mechanical and Optical Specification	5
4. Mechanical Drawing of EPD Module	5
5. Input/output Pin Assignment	7
6. Electrical Characteristics	8
6.1 Absolute Maximum Rating	8
6.2 Panel DC Characteristics	9
6.3 Panel AC Characteristics	10
6.3.1 MCU Interface Selection	10
6.3.2 MCU Serial Interface (4-wire SPI)	10
6.3.3 MCU Serial Interface (3-wire SPI)	10
6.3.4 Interface Timing	11
7. Command Table	12
8. Block Diagram	29
9. Typical Application Circuit with SPI Interface	30
10. Typical Operating Sequence	31
10.1 LUT from OTP Operation Flow	31
10.2 LUT from OTP Operation Reference Program Code	32
11. Reliability Test	33
12. Quality Assurance	34
12.1 Environment	34
12.2 Illuminance	34
12.3 Inspect method	34
12.4 Display area	34
12.5 Ghosting test method	34
12.6 Inspection standard	34
12.6.1 Electric inspection standard	35
12.6.2 Appearance inspection standard	36
13. Packaging	38
14. Handling, Safety, and Environment Requirements	39

1. Over View

MT-DEPG0583BNU790F2 is an Active Matrix Electrophoretic Display (AM EPD), with interface and a reference system design. The display is capable to display images at 1-bit white and black full display capabilities. The 5.83 inch active area contains 480×648 pixels. The module is a TFT-array driving electrophoresis display, with integrated circuits including gate driver, source driver, MCU interface, timing controller, oscillator, DC-DC, SRAM, LUT, VCOM. Module can be used in portable electronic devices, such as Electronic Shelf Label (ESL) System.

2. Features

- ◆ 480×648 pixels display
- ◆ High contrast High reflectance
- ◆ Ultra wide viewing angle Ultra low power consumption
- ◆ Pure reflective mode
- ◆ Bi-stable display
- ◆ Commercial temperature range
- ◆ Landscape portrait modes
- ◆ Hard-coat antiglare display surface
- ◆ Ultra Low current deep sleep mode
- ◆ On chip display RAM
- ◆ Waveform can stored in On-chip OTP or written by MCU
- ◆ Serial peripheral interface available
- ◆ On-chip oscillator
- ◆ On-chip booster and regulator control for generating VCOM, Gate and Source driving voltage
- ◆ I²C signal master interface to read external temperature sensor
- ◆ Built-in temperature sensor

3. Mechanical and Optical Specification

Parameter	Specifications	Unit	Remark
Screen Size	5.83	Inch	
Display Resolution	480(V)× 648(H)	Pixel	DPI:138
Active Area	118.78×88.22	mm	
Pixel Pitch	0.1833×0.1838	mm	
Pixel Configuration	Rectangle		
Outline Dimension	125.4(H)×99.5 (V) ×1.10(D)	mm	
Weight	28.6±0.5	g	

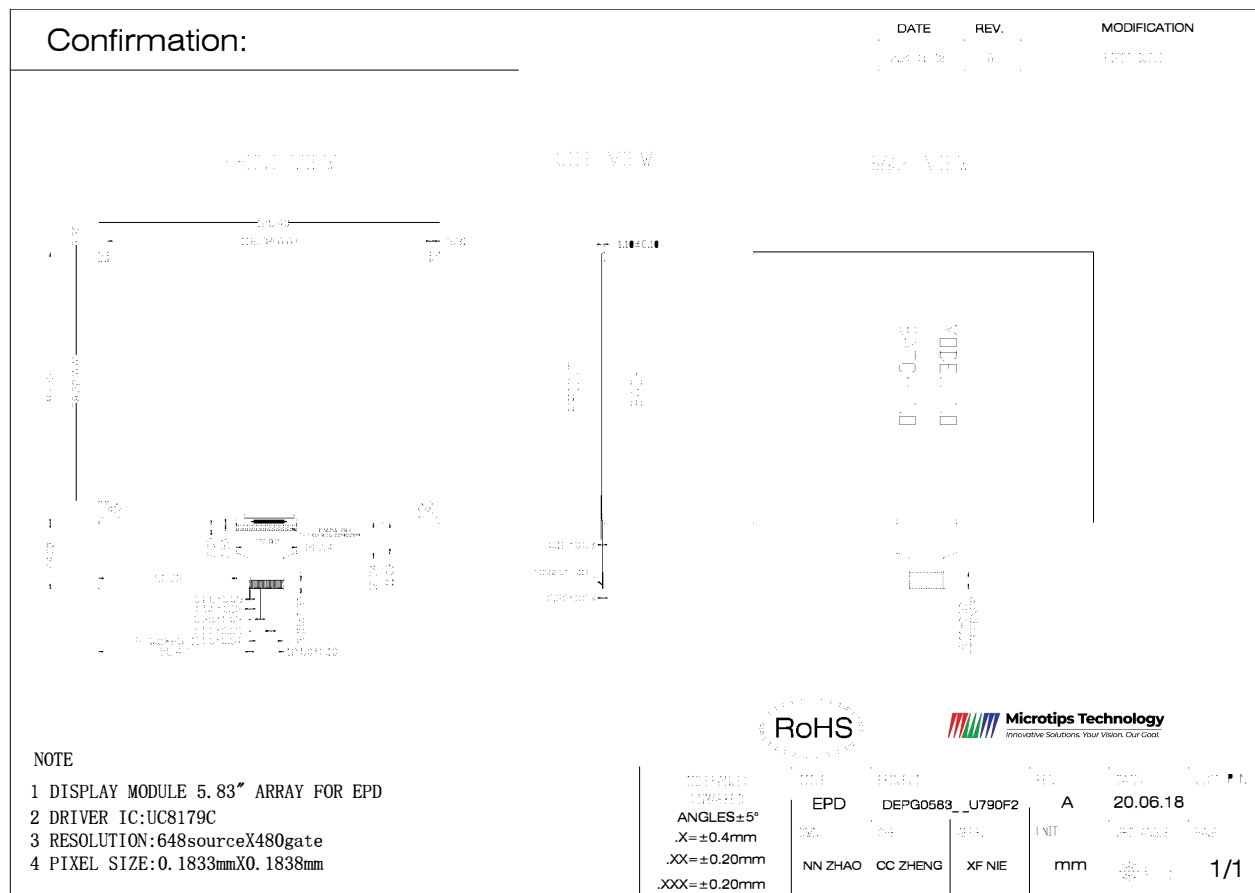
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Units	Notes
KS	Black State L* value		-	18	20		3-1
	Black Ghosting ΔL		-	1	-		3-1
WS	White State L* value		66	67	-		3-1
	White Ghosting ΔL		-	1	-		3-1
R	White Reflectivity	White	30	34	-	%	3-1
CR	Contrast Ratio	Indoor	15:1	20:1	-		3-1 3-2
GN	2Grey Level	-	-	-	-		
Life		Temp:23±3°C Humidity:55±10%RH		5years			3-3

Notes: 3-1. Luminance meter: Eye-One Pro Spectrophotometer.

3-2. CR=Surface Reflectance with all white pixel/Surface Reflectance with all black pixels.

3-3. When the product is stored. The display screen should be kept white and face up.

4. Mechanical Drawing of EPD Module



5.Input/output Pin Assignment

No.	Name	I/O	Description	Remark
1	NC		Do not connect with other NC pins	Keep Open
2	GDR	O	N-Channel MOSFET Gate Drive Control	
3	RESE	I	Current Sense Input for the Control Loop	
4	NC	NC	Do not connect with other NC pins	Keep Open
5	VSHR	C	Positive Source driving voltage 2	
6	TSCL	O	I2C Interface to digital temperature sensor Clock pin	Note 5-6
7	TSDA	I/O	I2C Interface to digital temperature sensor Data pin	Note 5-6
8	BS1	I	Bus Interface selection pin	Note 5-5
9	BUSY_N	O	Busy state output pin	Note 5-4
10	RST_N	I	Reset signal input. Active Low.	Note 5-3
11	DC	I	Data /Command control pin	Note 5-2
12	CSB	I	Chip select input pin	Note 5-1
13	SCL	I	Serial Clock pin (SPI)	
14	SDA	I/O	Serial Data pin (SPI)	
15	VDDIO	P	Power Supply for interface logic pins It should be connected with VCI	
16	VDD	P	Power Supply for the chip	
17	VSS	P	Ground	
18	VDD_18V	C	Core logic power pin VDD can be regulated internally from VCI. A capacitor should be connected between VDD and VSS	
19	COTP	P	FOR TEST	Keep Open
20	VSH	C	Positive Source driving voltage	
21	VGH	C	Power Supply pin for Positive Gate driving voltage and VSH1	
22	VSL	C	Negative Source driving voltage	
23	VGL	C	Power Supply pin for Negative Gate driving voltage VCOM and VSL	
24	VCOM	C	VCOM driving voltage	

I = Input Pin, O =Output Pin, I/O = Bi-directional Pin (Input/Output), P = Power Pin, C = Capacitor Pin

Note 5-1: This pin (CS#) is the chip select input connecting to the MCU. The chip is enabled for MCU communication only when CS# is pulled LOW.

Note 5-2: This pin is (D/C#) Data/Command control pin connecting to the MCU in 4-wire SPI mode. When the pin is pulled HIGH, the data at SDA will be interpreted as data. When the pin is pulled LOW, the data at SDA will be interpreted as command.

Note 5-3: This pin (RES#) is reset signal input. The Reset is active low.

Note 5-4: This pin is Busy state output pin. When Busy is Low, the operation of chip should not be interrupted, command should not be sent. The chip would put Busy pin Low when -Outputting display waveform -Communicating with digital temperature sensor

Note 5-5: Bus interface selection pin

Note 5-6: This pin connect to the VSS if there is no external temperature sensor.

BS1 State	MCU Interface
L	4-lines serial peripheral interface(SPI) - 8 bits SPI
H	3- lines serial peripheral interface(SPI) - 9 bits SPI

6. Electrical Characteristics

6.1 Absolute Maximum Rating

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Logic supply voltage	VCI	-0.3 to +6.0	V
Logic Input voltage	VIN	-0.3 to VCI +0.3	V
Operating Temp range	TOPR	0 to +50	°C.
Storage Temp range	TSTG	-25 to+70	°C.
Optimal Storage Temp	TST Go	23±3	°C.
Optimal Storage Humidity	HST Go	55±10	%RH

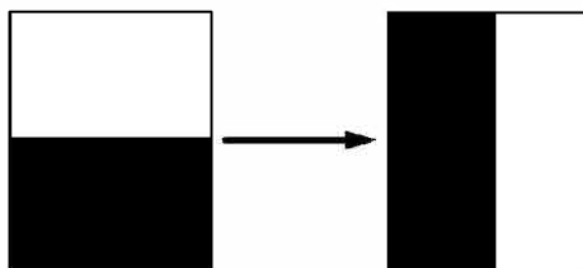
Note: Maximum ratings are those values beyond which damages to the device may occur. Functional operation should be restricted to the limits in the Panel DC Characteristics tables.

6.2 Panel DC Characteristics

The following specifications apply for: VSS=0V, VCI=3.0V, TOPR =25°C.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Applicable pin	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Single ground	VSS	-		-	0	-	V
Logic supply voltage	VCI	-	VCI	2.3	3.0	3.6	V
Core logic voltage	VDD	-	VDD	2.3	3.0	3.6	V
High level input voltage	VIH	-	-	0.7 VCI	-	VCI	V
Low level input voltage	VIL	-	-	0	-	0.3 VCI	V
High level output voltage	VOH	IOH = 400uA	-	VCI-0.4	-	-	V
Low level output voltage	VOL	IOL = -400uA	-	0	-	0.4	V
Typical power	PTYP	VCI =3.0V	-	-	30	-	mW
Deep sleep mode	PSTPY	VCI =3.0V	-	-	0.003	-	mW
Typical operating current	Iopr_VCI	VCI =3.0V	-	-	10	-	mA
Image update time	-	25 °C	-	-	4	-	sec
Typical peak current	Iopr_VCI	2.3V~3.6V	-	-	100	200	mA
Sleep mode current	Islp_VCI	DC/DC off No clock No input load Ram data retain	-	-	20		uA
Deep sleep mode current	Idslp_VCI	DC/DC off No clock No input load Ram data not retain	-	-	1	5	uA

Notes: 1. The typical power is measured with following transition from horizontal 2 scale pattern to vertical 2 scale pattern.



2. The deep sleep power is the consumed power when the panel controller is in deep sleep mode.
3. The listed electrical characteristics are only guaranteed under the controller & waveform provided by maker.
4. Electrical measurement: Tektronix oscilloscope - MDO3024,
Tektronix current probe - TCP0030A.

6.3 Panel AC Characteristics

6.3.1 MCU Interface Selection

Provides 3-wire/4-wire serial interface for command and display data transferred from the MCU. The serial interface supports 8-bit mode. Data can be input/output by clocks while the chip is active (CSB =LOW). While input, data are written in order from MSB at the clock rising edge. When too many parameters are input, the chip accepts only defined parameters, and ignores undefined ones.

BS	Interface	CSB	DC	SCL	SDA
High	3-wire SPI	Available	Fix to GND	Available	Available
Low	4-wire SPI	Available	Available	Available	Available

6.3.2 MCU Serial Interface (4-wire SPI)

Data / Command is recognized with DC pin. Data are transferred in the unit of 8 bits. To prevent malfunction due to noise, it is recommended to set the CSB signal to HIGH every 8 bits. (The serial counter is reset at the rising edge of the CSB signal.)

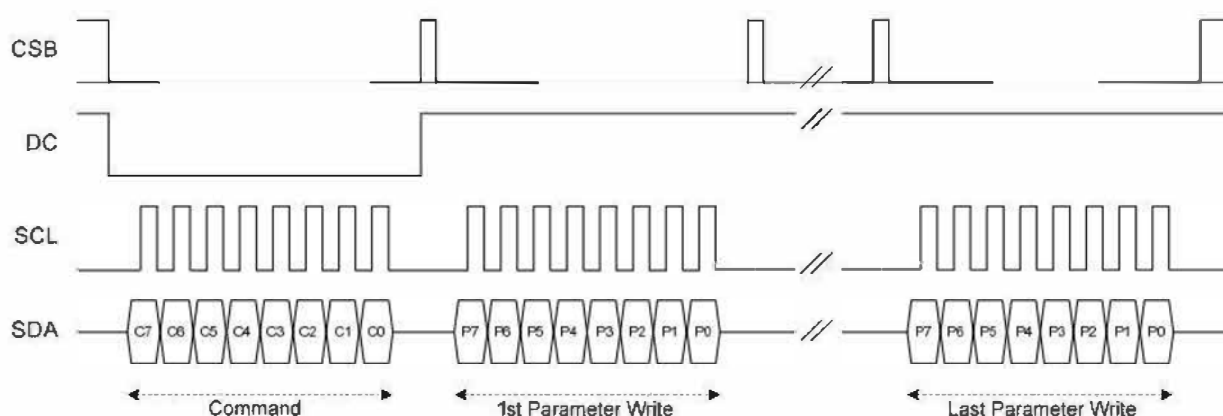


Figure: 4-wire SPI write operation

The MSB bit of data will be output at SDA pin after the CSB falling edge, if DC pin is High.

6.3.3 MCU Serial Interface (3-wire SPI)

Data / Command is recognized with the first bit transferred. Data are transferred in the unit of 9 bits. To prevent malfunction due to noise, it is recommended to set the CSB signal to HIGH every 9 bits. (The serial counter is reset at the rising edge of the CSB signal.)

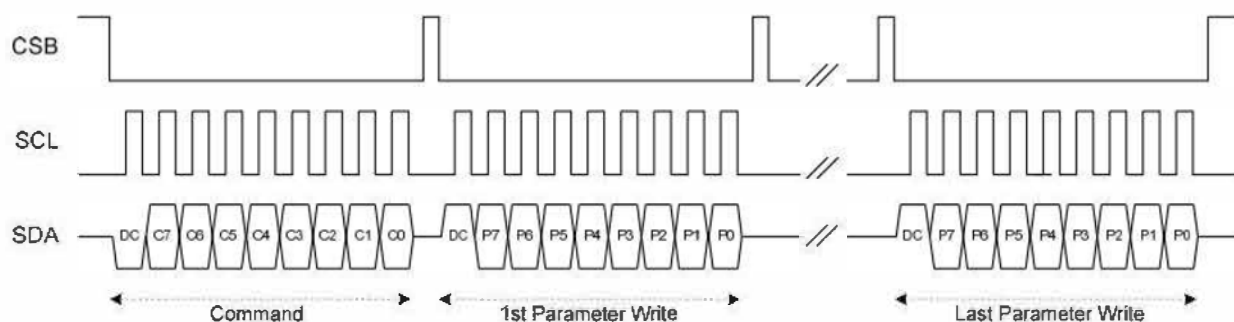


Figure: 3-wire SPI write operation

The MSB bit of data will be output at SDA pin after the 1st SCL falling edge, if the 1st input data at SDA is high.

6.3.4 Interface Timing

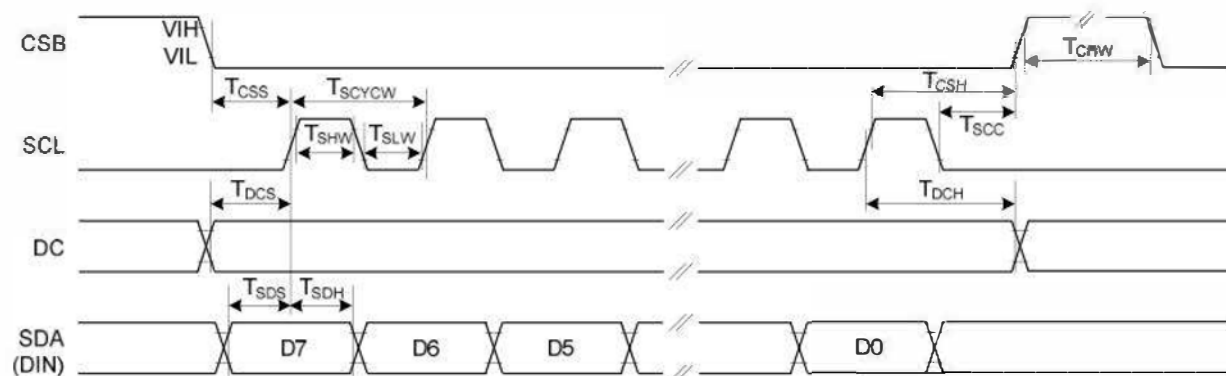
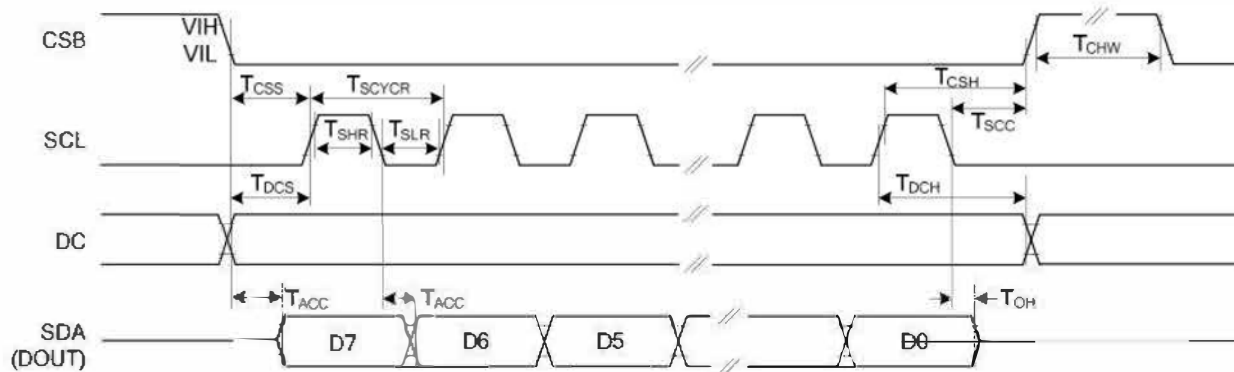


Figure: 4-wire Serial Interface Characteristics (Write mode)



Serial Interface Timing Characteristics

Symbol	Signal / Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
T _{CS}	CSB	Chip select setup time	60			ns
T _{CSH}		Chip select hold time	65			ns
T _{SCC}		Chip select setup time	20			ns
T _{CHW}		Chip select setup time	40			ns
T _{SCYCW}	SCL	Serial clock cycle (Write)	100			ns
T _{SHW}		SCL "H" pulse width (Write)	35			ns
T _{SLW}		SCL "L" pulse width (Write)	35			ns
T _{SCYCR}		Serial clock cycle (Read)	150			ns
T _{SHR}		SCL "H" pulse width (Read)	60			ns
T _{SLR}		SCL "L" pulse width (Read)	60			ns
T _{DCS}	DC	DC setup time	30			ns
T _{DCH}		DC hold time	30			ns
T _{SDS}	SDA (DIN)	Data setup time	30			ns
T _{SDH}		Data hold time	30			ns
T _{ACC}	SDA	Access time			50	ns
T _{OH}	(DOU)	Output disable time	15			ns

7.Command Table

W/R: 0: Write Cycle / 1: Read Cycle C/D: 0: Command / 1: Data D7-D0: -: Don't Care

1) PANEL SETTING (PSR) (REGISTER: R00H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Setting the panel	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1	-	-	REG	KW/R	UD	SHL	SHD_N	RST_N

REG: LUT selection

0: LUT from OTP. (Default)

1: LUT from register.

KW/R: Black / White / Red

0: Pixel with Black/White/Red, KWR mode. (Default)

1: Pixel with Black/White, KW mode.

UD: Gate Scan Direction

0: Scan down. First line to Last line: Gn-1 Gn-2 Gn-3 ... G0

1: Scan up. (Default) First line to Last line: G0 G1 G2 ... Gn-1

SHL: Source Shift Direction

0: Shift left. First data to Last data: Sn-1 Sn-2 Sn-3 ... S0

1: Shift right. (Default) First data to Last data: S0 S1 S2 ... Sn-1

SHD_N: Booster Switch

0: Booster OFF

1: Booster ON (Default)

When SHD_N becomes LOW, charge pump will be turned OFF, register and SRAM data will keep until VDD OFF. And Source/Gate/Border/VCOM will be released to floating.

RST_N: Soft Reset

0: Reset. Booster OFF, Register data are set to their default values, all drivers will be reset, and all functions will be disabled. Source/Gate/Border/VCOM will be released to floating.

1: No effect (Default).

2) POWER SETTING (PWR) (R01H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Selecting Internal/External Power	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	01H
	0	1	-	-	-	BD_EN	-	VSR_EN	VS_EN	VG_EN	07H
	0	1	-	-	-	VCOM_SLEW	-	VG_LVL[2:0]			17H
	0	1	-	-	VDH_LVL[5:0]						3AH
	0	1	-	-	VDL_LVL[5:0]						3AH
	0	1	-	-	VDHR_LVL[5:0]						03H

BD_EN: Border LDO enable

0 : Border LDO disable (Default)

Border level selection: 00b: VCOM 01b: VDH 10b: VDL 11b: VDHR

1 : Border LDO enable

Border level selection: 00b: VCOM 01b: VBH(VCOM-VDL) 10b: VBL(VCOM-VDH) 11b: VDHR

VSR_EN: Source LV power selection

0 : External source power from VDHR pins

1 : Internal DC/DC function for generating VDHR. (Default)

VS_EN: Source power selection

0 : External source power from VDH/VDL pins

1 : Internal DC/DC function for generating VDH/VDL. (Default)

VG_EN: Gate power selection

0 : External gate power from VGH/VGL pins

1 : Internal DC/DC function for generating VGH/VGL. (Default)

VCOM_SLEW: VCOM slew rate selection for voltage transition. The value is fixed at "1".

VG_LVL[2:0]: VGH / VGL Voltage Level selection.

VG_LVL[2:0]	VGH/VGL Voltage Level
000	VGH=9V, VGL= -9V
001	VGH=10V, VGL= -10V
010	VGH=11V, VGL= -11V
011	VGH=12V, VGL= -12V
100	VGH=17V, VGL= -17V
101	VGH=18V, VGL= -18V
110	VGH=19V, VGL= -19V
111 (Default)	VGH=20V, VGL= -20V

VDH_LVL[5:0]: Internal VDH power selection for K/W pixel. (Default value: 111010b)

VDH_LVL	Voltage	VDH_LVL	Voltage	VDH_LVL	Voltage	VDH_LVL	Voltage
000000	2.4 V	010001	5.8 V	100010	9.2 V	110011	12.6 V
000001	2.6 V	010010	6.0 V	100011	9.4 V	110100	12.8 V
000010	2.8 V	010011	6.2 V	100100	9.6 V	110101	13.0 V
000011	3.0 V	010100	6.4 V	100101	9.8 V	110110	13.2 V
000100	3.2 V	010101	6.6 V	100110	10.0 V	110111	13.4 V
000101	3.4 V	010110	6.8 V	100111	10.2 V	111000	13.6 V
000110	3.6 V	010111	7.0 V	101000	10.4 V	111001	13.8 V
000111	3.8 V	011000	7.2 V	101001	10.6 V	111010	14.0 V
001000	4.0 V	011001	7.4 V	101010	10.8 V	111011	14.2 V
001001	4.2 V	011010	7.6 V	101011	11.0 V	111100	14.4 V
001010	4.4 V	011011	7.8 V	101100	11.2 V	111101	14.6 V
001011	4.6 V	011100	8.0 V	101101	11.4 V	111110	14.8 V
001100	4.8 V	011101	8.2 V	101110	11.6 V	111111	15.0 V
001101	5.0 V	011110	8.4 V	101111	11.8 V		
001110	5.2 V	011111	8.6 V	110000	12.0 V		
001111	5.4 V	100000	8.8 V	110001	12.2 V		
010000	5.6 V	100001	9.0 V	110010	12.4 V		

VDL_LVL[5:0]: Internal VDL power selection for K/W pixel. (Default value: 111010b)

VDL_LVL	Voltage	VDL_LVL	Voltage	VDL_LVL	Voltage	VDL_LVL	Voltage
000000	-2.4 V	010001	-5.8 V	100010	-9.2 V	110011	-12.6 V
000001	-2.6 V	010010	-6.0 V	100011	-9.4 V	110100	-12.8 V
000010	-2.8 V	010011	-6.2 V	100100	-9.6 V	110101	-13.0 V
000011	-3.0 V	010100	-6.4 V	100101	-9.8 V	110110	-13.2 V
000100	-3.2 V	010101	-6.6 V	100110	-10.0 V	110111	-13.4 V
000101	-3.4 V	010110	-6.8 V	100111	-10.2 V	111000	-13.6 V
000110	-3.6 V	010111	-7.0 V	101000	-10.4 V	111001	-13.8 V
000111	-3.8 V	011000	-7.2 V	101001	-10.6 V	111010	-14.0 V
001000	-4.0 V	011001	-7.4 V	101010	-10.8 V	111011	-14.2 V
001001	-4.2 V	011010	-7.6 V	101011	-11.0 V	111100	-14.4 V
001010	-4.4 V	011011	-7.8 V	101100	-11.2 V	111101	-14.6 V
001011	-4.6 V	011100	-8.0 V	101101	-11.4 V	111110	-14.8 V
001100	-4.8 V	011101	-8.2 V	101110	-11.6 V	111111	-15.0 V
001101	-5.0 V	011110	-8.4 V	101111	-11.8 V		
001110	-5.2 V	011111	-8.6 V	110000	-12.0 V		
001111	-5.4 V	100000	-8.8 V	110001	-12.2 V		
010000	-5.6 V	100001	-9.0 V	110010	-12.4 V		

VDHR_LVL[5:0]: Internal VDHR power selection for Red pixel. (Default value: 000011b)

VDHR_LVL	Voltage	VDHR_LVL	Voltage	VDHR_LVL	Voltage	VDHR_LVL	Voltage
000000	2.4 V	010001	5.8 V	100010	9.2 V	110011	12.6 V
000001	2.6 V	010010	6.0 V	100011	9.4 V	110100	12.8 V
000010	2.8 V	010011	6.2 V	100100	9.6 V	110101	13.0 V
000011	3.0 V	010100	6.4 V	100101	9.8 V	110110	13.2 V
000100	3.2 V	010101	6.6 V	100110	10.0 V	110111	13.4 V
000101	3.4 V	010110	6.8 V	100111	10.2 V	111000	13.6 V
000110	3.6 V	010111	7.0 V	101000	10.4 V	111001	13.8 V
000111	3.8 V	011000	7.2 V	101001	10.6 V	111010	14.0 V
001000	4.0 V	011001	7.4 V	101010	10.8 V	111011	14.2 V
001001	4.2 V	011010	7.6 V	101011	11.0 V	111100	14.4 V
001010	4.4 V	011011	7.8 V	101100	11.2 V	111101	14.6 V
001011	4.6 V	011100	8.0 V	101101	11.4 V	111110	14.8 V
001100	4.8 V	011101	8.2 V	101110	11.6 V	111111	15.0 V
001101	5.0 V	011110	8.4 V	101111	11.8 V		
001110	5.2 V	011111	8.6 V	110000	12.0 V		
001111	5.4 V	100000	8.8 V	110001	12.2 V		
010000	5.6 V	100001	9.0 V	110010	12.4 V		

3) POWER OFF (POF) (R02H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Turning OFF the power	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0

After the Power OFF command, the driver will be powered OFF. Refer to the POWER MANAGEMENT section for the sequence.

This command will turn off booster, controller, source driver, gate driver, VCOM, and temperature sensor, but register data will be kept until VDD turned OFF or Deep Sleep Mode.

Source/Gate/Border/VCOM will be released to floating.

4) POWER OFF SEQUENCE SETTING (PFS) (R03 H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Setting Power OFF sequence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
	0	1	-	-	T_VDS_OFF[1:0]		-	-	-	-

T_VDS_OFF[1:0]: Source to gate power off interval time.

00b: 1 frame (Default) 01b: 2 frames 10b: 3 frames 11b: 4 frame

5) POWER ON (PON) (REGISTER: R04H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Turning ON the power	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

After the Power ON command, the driver will be powered ON. Refer to the POWER MANAGEMENT section for the sequence.

This command will turn on booster, controller, regulators, and temperature sensor will be activated for one-time sensing before enabling booster. When all voltages are ready, the BUSY_N signal will return to high.

6) BOOSTER SOFT START (BTST) (R06H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Booster Software Start Set	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
	0	1	BT_PHA[7:6]		BT_PHA[5:3]		BT_PHA[2:0]			
	0	1	BT_PHB[7:6]		BT_PHB[5:3]		BT_PHB[2:0]			
	0	1	-	-	BT_PHC1[5:3]		BT_PHC1[2:0]			
	0	1	PHC2EN		BT_PHC2[5:3]		BT_PHC2[2:0]			

BT_PHA[7:6]: Soft start period of phase A.

00b: 10mS 01b: 20mS 10b: 30mS 11b: 40mS

BT_PHA[5:3]: Driving strength of phase A

000b: strength 1 001b: strength 2 010b: strength 3 011b: strength 4

100b: strength 5 101b: strength 6 110b: strength 7 111b: strength 8 (strongest)

BT_PHA[2:0]: Minimum OFF time setting of GDR in phase A

000b: 0.27uS 001b: 0.34uS 010b: 0.40uS 011b: 0.54uS

100b: 0.80uS 101b: 1.54uS 110b: 3.34uS 111b: 6.58uS

BT_PHB[7:6]: Soft start period of phase B.

00b: 10mS 01b: 20mS 10b: 30mS 11b: 40mS

BT_PHB[5:3]: Driving strength of phase B

000b: strength 1 001b: strength 2 010b: strength 3 011b: strength 4
 100b: strength 5 101b: strength 6 110b: strength 7 111b: strength 8 (strongest)

BT_PHB[2:0]: Minimum OFF time setting of GDR in phase B

000b: 0.27uS 001b: 0.34uS 010b: 0.40uS 011b: 0.54uS
 100b: 0.80uS 101b: 1.54uS 110b: 3.34uS 111b: 6.58uS

BT_PHC1[5:3]: Driving strength of phase C1

000b: strength 1 001b: strength 2 010b: strength 3 011b: strength 4
 100b: strength 5 101b: strength 6 110b: strength 7 111b: strength 8 (strongest)

BT_PHC1[2:0]: Minimum OFF time setting of GDR in phase C1

000b: 0.27uS 001b: 0.34uS 010b: 0.40uS 011b: 0.54uS
 100b: 0.80uS 101b: 1.54uS 110b: 3.34uS 111b: 6.58uS

PHC2EN: Booster phase-C2 enable

0: Booster phase-C2 disable

Phase-C1 setting always is applied for booster phase-C.

1: Booster phase-C2 enable

If temperature > temperature boundary phase-C2(RE7h[7:0]), phase-C1 setting is applied for booster phase-C.

If temperature <= temperature boundary phase-C2(RE7h[7:0]), phase-C2 setting is applied for booster phase-C.

BT_PHC2[5:3]: Driving strength of phase C2

000b: strength 1 001b: strength 2 010b: strength 3 011b: strength 4
 100b: strength 5 101b: strength 6 110b: strength 7 111b: strength 8 (strongest)

BT_PHC2[2:0]: Minimum OFF time setting of GDR in phase C2

000b: 0.27uS 001b: 0.34uS 010b: 0.40uS 011b: 0.54uS
 100b: 0.80uS 101b: 1.54uS 110b: 3.34uS 111b: 6.58uS

7) DEEP SLEEP (DSLPL) (R07H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Deep Sleep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1

07H
A5H

After this command is transmitted, the chip will enter Deep Sleep Mode to save power. Deep Sleep Mode will return to Standby Mode by hardware reset. The only one parameter is a check code, the command will be executed if check code = 0xA5.

8) DATA START TRANSMISSION 1 (DTM1) (R10H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Starting data transmission	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	0	1	Pixel1	Pixel2	Pixel3	Pixel4	Pixel5	Pixel6	Pixel7	Pixel8
	0	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	0	1	Pixel(n-7)	Pixel(n-6)	Pixel(n-5)	Pixel(n-4)	Pixel(n-3)	Pixel(n-2)	Pixel(n-1)	Pixel(n)

This command starts transmitting data and write them into SRAM.

In KW mode, this command writes “OLD” data to SRAM.

In KWR mode, this command writes “K/W” data to SRAM.

In Program mode, this command writes “OTP” data to SRAM for programming.

9) DISPLAY REFRESH (DRF) (R12H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Refreshing the display	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0

While user sent this command, driver will refresh display (data/VCOM) according to SRAM data and LUT.

After Display Refresh command, BUSY_N signal will become “0” and the refreshing of panel starts.

10) DATA START TRANSMISSION 2 (DTM2) (R13 H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Starting data transmission	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
	0	1	Pixel1	Pixel2	Pixel3	Pixel4	Pixel5	Pixel6	Pixel7	Pixel8
	0	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	0	1	Pixel(n-7)	Pixel(n-6)	Pixel(n-5)	Pixel(n-4)	Pixel(n-3)	Pixel(n-2)	Pixel(n-1)	Pixel(n)

This command starts transmitting data and write them into SRAM.

In KW mode, this command writes “NEW” data to SRAM.

In KWR mode, this command writes “RED” data to SRAM.

11) VCOM LUT (LUTC) (R20H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0		
Build Look-up Table for VCOM (61-byte command, structure of bytes 2~7 repeated 10 times)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	20H	
	0	1	LEVEL SELECT-0		LEVEL SELECT-1		LEVEL SELECT-2		LEVEL SELECT-3		--	
	0	1	NUMBER OF FRAMES-0									--
	0	1	NUMBER OF FRAMES-1									--
	0	1	NUMBER OF FRAMES-2									--
	0	1	NUMBER OF FRAMES-3									--
	0	1	TIMES TO REPEAT									--

This command stores VCOM Look-Up Table with 10 groups of data. Each group contains information for one state and is stored with 6 bytes (byte 2~7, 8~13, 14~19, 20~25, ...), while the sixth byte indicates how many times that phase will repeat.

Bytes 2, 8, 14, 20, 26, 32, 38, 44, 50, 56:

D[7:6], D[5:4], D[3:2], D[1:0]: Level Selection

00b: VCOM_DC

01b: VDH+VCOM_DC (VCOMH)

10b: VDL+VCOM_DC (VCOML)

11b: Floating

Bytes 3~6, 9~12, 15~18, 21~24, 27~30, 33~36, 39~42, 45~48, 51~54, 57~60:

Number of Frames

0000 0000b: 0 frame

:
:
:

1111 1111b: 255 frames

Bytes 7, 13, 19, 25, 31, 37, 43, 49, 55, 61:

Times to Repeat

0000 0000b: 0 time

:
:
:

1111 1111b: 255 times

If KW/R=0 (KWR mode), all 10 groups are used.

If KW/R=1 (KW mode), only 7 groups are used.

12) W2W LUT (LUTWW) (R21H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0		
Build White Look-up Table for W2W (43-byte command, structure of bytes 2~7 repeated 7 times)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	21H	
	0	1	LEVEL SELECT-0		LEVEL SELECT-1		LEVEL SELECT-2		LEVEL SELECT-3		--	
	0	1	NUMBER OF FRAMES-0									--
	0	1	NUMBER OF FRAMES-1									--
	0	1	NUMBER OF FRAMES-2									--
	0	1	NUMBER OF FRAMES-3									--
	0	1	TIMES TO REPEAT									--

This command stores White-to-White Look-Up Table with 7 groups of data. Each group contains information for one state and is stored with 6 bytes (byte 2~7, 8~13, 14~19, 20~25, ...), while the sixth byte indicates how many times that phase will repeat.

Bytes 2, 8, 14, 20, 26, 32, 38:

Level Selection.

00b: GND

01b: VDH

10b: VDL

11b: VDHR

Bytes 3~6, 9~12, 15~18, 21~24, 27~30, 33~36, 39~42:

Number of Frames

0000 0000b: 0 frame

:
:
:

1111 1111b: 255 frames

Bytes 7, 13, 19, 25, 31, 37, 43:

Times to Repeat

0000 0000b: 0 time

:
:
:

1111 1111b: 255 times

If KW/R=0 (KWR mode), LUTWW is not used.

If KW/R=1 (KW mode), LUTWW is used.

13) K2W LUT (LUTKW / LUTR) (R22H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Build Look-up Table for K2W or Red (61-byte command, structure of bytes 2~7 repeated 10 times)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
	0	1	LEVEL SELECT-0		LEVEL SELECT-1		LEVEL SELECT-2		LEVEL SELECT-3	
	0	1	NUMBER OF FRAMES-0							
	0	1	NUMBER OF FRAMES-1							
	0	1	NUMBER OF FRAMES-2							
	0	1	NUMBER OF FRAMES-3							
	0	1	TIMES TO REPEAT							

This command stores White-to-White Look-Up Table with 10 groups of data. Each group contains information for one state and is stored with 6 bytes (byte 2~7, 8~13, 14~19, 20~25, ...), while the sixth byte indicates how many times that phase will repeat.

Bytes 2, 8, 14, 20, 26, 32, 38, 44, 50, 56:

Level Selection.

00b: GND

01b: VDH

10b: VDL

11b: VDHR

Bytes 3~6, 9~12, 15~18, 21~24, 27~30, 33~36, 39~42, 45~48, 51~54, 57~60:

Number of Frames

0000 0000b: 0 frame

:
:
:

1111 1111b: 255 frames

Bytes 7, 13, 19, 25, 31, 37, 43, 49, 55, 61:

Times to Repeat

0000 0000b: 0 time

:
:
:

1111 1111b: 255 times

If KW/R=0 (KWR mode), all 10 groups are used.

If KW/R=1 (KW mode), only 7 groups are used.

14) W2K LUT (LUTWK / LUTW) (R23H)

This command builds Look-up Table for White-to-Black. Please refer to K2W LUT (LUTKW/LUTR) for similar definition details.

Regardless of KW/R=0 or KW/R=1, LUTWK/LUTW is used.

15) K2K LUT (LUTKK / LUTK) (R24H)

This command builds Look-up Table for Black-to-Black. Please refer to K2W LUT (LUTKW/LUTR) for similar definition details.

Regardless of KW/R=0 or KW/R=1, LUTKK/LUTK is used.

16) BORDER LUT (LUTBD) (R25 H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0		
Build Look-up Table for Border (43-byte command, Bytes 2~7 repeated 7 times)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	25H	
	0	1	LEVEL SELECT-0		LEVEL SELECT-1		LEVEL SELECT-2		LEVEL SELECT-3		--	
	0	1	NUMBER OF FRAMES-0									--
	0	1	NUMBER OF FRAMES-1									--
	0	1	NUMBER OF FRAMES-2									--
	0	1	NUMBER OF FRAMES-3									--
	0	1	TIMES TO REPEAT									--

This command stores White-to-White Look-Up Table with 7 groups of data. Each group contains information for one state and is stored with 6 bytes (byte 2~7, 8~13, 14~19, 20~25, ...), while the sixth byte indicates how many times that phase will repeat.

Bytes 2, 8, 14, 20, 26, 32, 38:

Level selection.

BD_EN=0: 00b: VCOM 01b: VDH 10b: VDL 11b: VDHR

BD_EN=1: 00b: VCOM 01b: VBH(VCOM-VDL) 10b: VBL(VCOM-VDH) 11b: VDHR

Bytes 3~6, 9~12, 15~18, 21~24, 27~30, 33~36, 39~42:

Number of Frames

0000 0000b: 0 frame

:
:

1111 1111b: 255 frames

Bytes 7, 13, 19, 25, 31, 37, 43:

Times to Repeat

0000 0000b: 0 time

:
:

1111 1111b: 255 times

Only 7 LUTBD groups are used in KW mode or KWR mode.

17) LUT OPTION (LUTOPT) (R2A H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
LUT Option	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	2AH
	0	1	STATE_XON[9:8]		-	-	-	-	-	-	00H
	0	1	STATE_XON[7:0]								00H

This command sets XON control enable.

STATE_XON[9:0]:

All Gate ON (Each bit controls one state, STATE_XON [0] for state-1, STATE_XON [1] for state-2

00 0000 0000b: no All-Gate-ON

00 0000 0001b: State-1 All-Gate-ON

00 0000 0011b: State-1 and State2 All-Gate-ON

:
:

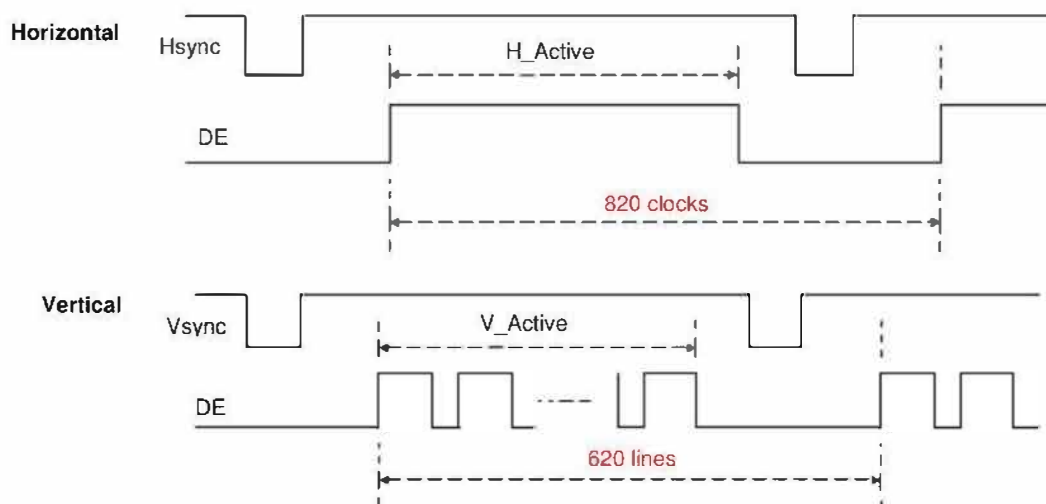
18) PLL CONTROL(PLL) (R30 H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Controlling PLL	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	30H
	0	1	-	-	-	-	FRS[3:0]				06H

The command controls the PLL clock frequency. The PLL structure must support the following frame rates:

FMR[3:0]: Frame rate setting

FRS	Frame rate	FRS	Frame rate
0000	5Hz	1000	70Hz
0001	10Hz	1001	80Hz
0010	15Hz	1010	90Hz
0011	20Hz	1011	100Hz
0100	30Hz	1100	110Hz
0101	40Hz	1101	130Hz
0110	50Hz	1110	150Hz
0111	60Hz	1111	200Hz



19) TEMPERATURE SENSOR CALIBRATION (TSC) (R40 H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Sensing Temperature	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	40H
	1	1	D10/TS7	D9/TS6	D8/TS5	D7/TS4	D6 / TS3	D5 / TS2	D4 / TS1	D3 / TS0	00H
	1	1	D2	D1	D0	-	-	-	-	-	00H

This command enables internal or external temperature sensor, and reads the result.

TS[7:0]: When TSE (R41h) is set to 0, this command reads internal temperature sensor value.

D[10:0]: When TSE (R41h) is set to 1, this command reads external LM75 temperature sensor value.

TS[7:0]/D[10:3]	Temp. (°C)	TS[7:0]/D[10:3]	Temp. (°C)	TS[7:0]/D[10:3]	Temp. (°C)
1110 0111	-25	0000 0000	0	0001 1001	25
1110 1000	-24	0000 0001	1	0001 1010	26
1110 1001	-23	0000 0010	2	0001 1011	27
1110 1010	-22	0000 0011	3	0001 1100	28
1110 1011	-21	0000 0100	4	0001 1101	29
1110 1100	-20	0000 0101	5	0001 1110	30
1110 1101	-19	0000 0110	6	0001 1111	31
1110 1110	-18	0000 0111	7	0010 0000	32
1110 1111	-17	0000 1000	8	0010 0001	33
1111 0000	-16	0000 1001	9	0010 0010	34
1111 0001	-15	0000 1010	10	0010 0011	35
1111 0010	-14	0000 1011	11	0010 0100	36
1111 0011	-13	0000 1100	12	0010 0101	37
1111 0100	-12	0000 1101	13	0010 0110	38
1111 0101	-11	0000 1110	14	0010 0111	39
1111 0110	-10	0000 1111	15	0010 1000	40
1111 0111	-9	0001 0000	16	0010 1001	41
1111 1000	-8	0001 0001	17	0010 1010	42
1111 1001	-7	0001 0010	18	0010 1011	43
1111 1010	-6	0001 0011	19	0010 1100	44
1111 1011	-5	0001 0100	20	0010 1101	45
1111 1100	-4	0001 0101	21	0010 1110	46
1111 1101	-3	0001 0110	22	0010 1111	47
1111 1110	-2	0001 0111	23	0011 0000	48
1111 1111	-1	0001 1000	24	0011 0001	49

20) VCOM AND DATA INTERVAL SETTING (CDI) (R50 H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Set Interval between VCOM and Data	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	50h
	0	1	BDZ	-	BDV[1:0]	N2OCP	-	-	DDX[1:0]	-	31h
	0	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CDI[3:0]	07H

This command indicates the interval of VCOM and data output. When setting the vertical back porch, the total blanking will be kept (20 Hsync).

BDZ: Border Hi-Z control

0: Border output Hi-Z disabled (default)

1: Border output Hi-Z enabled

BDV[1:0]: Border LUT selection

KWR mode (KW/R=0)

DDX[0]	BDV[1:0]	LUT
0	00	LUTBD
	01	LUTR
	10	LUTW
	11	LUTK
1 (Default)	00	LUTK
	01	LUTW
	10	LUTR
	11	LUTBD

KW mode (KW/R=1)

DDX[0]	BDV[1:0]	LUT
0	00	LUTBD
	01	LUTKW (1 → 0)
	10	LUTWK (0 → 1)
	11	LUTKK (0 → 0)
1 (Default)	00	LUTKK (0 → 0)
	01	LUTWK (1 → 0)
	10	LUTKW (0 → 1)
	11	LUTBD

N2OCP: Copy frame data from NEW data to OLD data enable control after display refresh with NEW/OLD in KW mode.

0: Copy NEW data to OLD data disabled (default)

1: Copy NEW data to OLD data enabled

DDX[1:0]: Data polarity.

Under KWR mode (KW/R=0):

DDX[1] is for RED data.

DDX[0] is for K/W data,

DDX[1:0]	Data {Red, K/W}	LUT
00	00	LUTW
	01	LUTK
	10	LUTR
	11	LUTR
01 (Default)	00	LUTK
	01	LUTW
	10	LUTR
	11	LUTR

DDX[1:0]	Data {Red, K/W}	LUT
10	00	LUTR
	01	LUTR
	10	LUTW
	11	LUTK
11	00	LUTR
	01	LUTR
	10	LUTK
	11	LUTW

Under KW mode (KW/R=1):

DDX[1]=0 is for KW mode with NEW/OLD,

DDX[1]=1 is for KW mode without NEW/OLD.

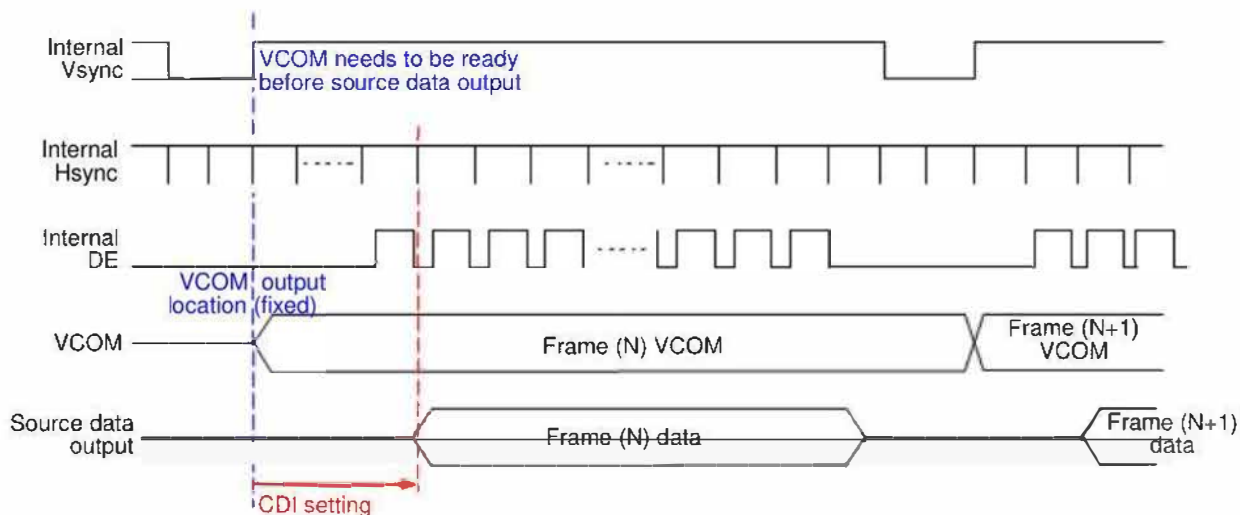
DDX[1:0]	Data {NEW, OLD}	LUT
00	00	LUTWW (0 → 0)
	01	LUTKW (1 → 0)
	10	LUTWK (0 → 1)
	11	LUTKK (1 → 1)
01 (Default)	00	LUTKK (0 → 0)
	01	LUTWK (1 → 0)
	10	LUTKW (0 → 1)
	11	LUTWW (1 → 1)

DDX[1:0]	Data {NEW}	LUT
10	0	LUTKW (1 → 0)
	1	LUTWK (0 → 1)
11	0	LUTWK (1 → 0)
	1	LUTKW (0 → 1)

CDI[3:0]: VCOM and data interval

CDI[3:0]	VCOM and Data Interval
0000 b	17 hsync
0001	16
0010	15
0011	14
0100	13
0101	12
0110	11
0111	10 (Default)

CDI[3:0]	VCOM and Data Interval
1000	9
1001	8
1010	7
1011	6
1100	5
1101	4
1110	3
1111	2



21) TCON S ETTING (TCON) (R60 H)

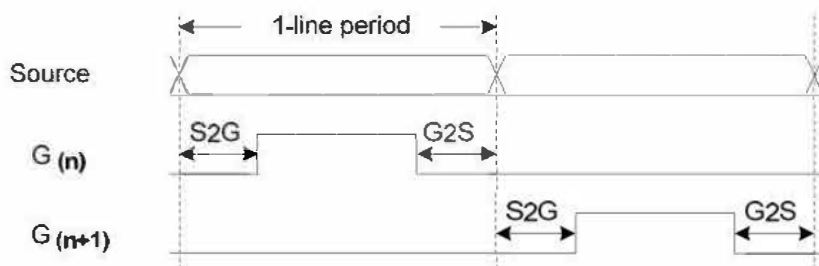
Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Set Gate/Source Non-overlap Period	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	60h
	0	1	S2G[3:0]				G2S[3:0]				22h

This command defines non-overlap period of Gate and Source.

S2G[3:0] or G2S[3:0]: Source to Gate / Gate to Source Non-overlap period

S2G[3:0] or G2S[3:0]	Period	S2G[3:0] or G2S[3:0]	Period
0000 b	4	1000 b	36
0001	8	1001	40
0010	12 (Default)	1010	44
0011	16	1011	48
0100	20	1100	52
0101	24	1101	56
0110	28	1110	60
0111	32	1111	64

Period Unit = 667 nS.



22) RESOLUTION SETTING (TRES) (R61 H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Set Display Resolution	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	61h
	0	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	HRES[9:8]		03h
	0	1	HRES[7:3]					0	0	0	20h
	0	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	VRES[9:8]		02h
	0	1	VRES[7:0]								58h

This command defines resolution setting.

HRES[9:3]: Horizontal Display Resolution (Value range: 01h ~ 64h)

VRES[9:0]: Vertical Display Resolution (Value range: 001h ~ 258h)

Active channel calculation, assuming HST[9:0]=0, VST[9:0]=0:

Gate: First active gate = G0;
 Last active gate = VRES[9:0] – 1

Source: First active source = S0;
 Last active source = HRES[9:3]*8 – 1

Example: 128 (source) x 272 (gate), assuming HST[9:0]=0, VST[9:0]=0

Gate: First active gate = G0,
 Last active gate = G271; (VRES[9:0] = 272, 272 – 1 = 271)

Source: First active source = S0,
 Last active source = S127; (HRES[9:3]=16, 16*8 – 1 = 127)

23) GATE /SOURCE START SETTING (GSST) (R65 H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Set Gate/Source Start	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	65h
	0	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	HST[9:8]		00h
	0	1	HST[7:3]					0	0	0	00h
	0	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	VST[9:8]		00h
	0	1	VST[7:0]								00h

This command defines resolution start gate/source position.

HST[9:3]: Horizontal Display Start Position (Source). (Value range: 00h ~ 63h)

VST[9:0]: Vertical Display Start Position (Gate). (Value range: 000h ~ 257h)

Example : For 128(Source) x 240(Gate)

HST[9:3] = 4 (HST[9:0] = 4*8 = 32),

VST[9:0] = 32

Gate: First active gate = G32 (VST[9:0] = 32),
 Last active gate = G271 (VRES[9:0] = 240, VST[9:0] = 32, 240-1+32=271)

Source: First active source = S32 (HST[9:0]= 32),
 Last active source = S239 (HRES[9:0] = 128, HST[9:0] = 32, 128-1+32=239)

24) REVISION (REV) (R70 H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
LUT/Chip Revision	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	70h
	1	1	PROD_REV[23:16]								FFh
	1	1	PROD_REV[15:8]								FFh
	1	1	PROD_REV[7:0]								FFh
	1	1	LUT_REV[23:16]								FFh
	1	1	LUT_REV[15:8]								FFh
	1	1	LUT_REV[7:0]								FFh
	1	1	CHIP_REV[7:0]								0Ch

The command reads the product revision, LUT revision and chip revision.

PROD_REV[23:0]: Product Revision. PROD_REV[23:0] is read from OTP address 0x0BDD ~

0X0BDF or 0x17DD ~ 0x17DF.

LUT_REV[23:0]: LUT Revision. LUT_REV[23:0] is read from OTP address 0x0BE0 ~ 0X0BE2 or 0x17E0~ 0x17E2.

CHIP_REV[7:0]: Chip Revision, fixed at 00001100b.

25) VCOM_DC SETTING (VDCS) (R82 H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Set VCOM_DC	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	82h
	0	1	-	VDCS[6:0]							

This command sets VCOM_DC value

VDCS[6:0]: VCOM_DC Setting

VDCS [6:0]	VCOM Voltage (V)	VDCS [6:0]	VCOM Voltage (V)	VDCS [6:0]	VCOM Voltage (V)
000 0000b	-0.10	001 1011b	-1.45	011 0110b	-2.80
000 0001b	-0.15	001 1100b	-1.50	011 0111b	-2.85
000 0010b	-0.20	001 1101b	-1.55	011 1000b	-2.90
000 0011b	-0.25	001 1110b	-1.60	011 1001b	-2.95
000 0100b	-0.30	001 1111b	-1.65	011 1010b	-3.00
000 0101b	-0.35	010 0000b	-1.70	011 1011b	-3.05
000 0110b	-0.40	010 0001b	-1.75	011 1100b	-3.10
000 0111b	-0.45	010 0010b	-1.80	011 1101b	-3.15
000 1000b	-0.50	010 0011b	-1.85	011 1110b	-3.20
000 1001b	-0.55	010 0100b	-1.90	011 1111b	-3.25
000 1010b	-0.60	010 0101b	-1.95	100 0000b	-3.30
000 1011b	-0.65	010 0110b	-2.00	100 0001b	-3.35
000 1100b	-0.70	010 0111b	-2.05	100 0010b	-3.40
000 1101b	-0.75	010 1000b	-2.10	100 0011b	-3.45
000 1110b	-0.80	010 1001b	-2.15	100 0100b	-3.50
000 1111b	-0.85	010 1010b	-2.20	100 0101b	-3.55
001 0000b	-0.90	010 1011b	-2.25	100 0110b	-3.60
001 0001b	-0.95	010 1100b	-2.30	100 0111b	-3.65
001 0010b	-1.00	010 1101b	-2.35	100 1000b	-3.70
001 0011b	-1.05	010 1110b	-2.40	100 1001b	-3.75
001 0100b	-1.10	010 1111b	-2.45	100 1010b	-3.80
001 0101b	-1.15	011 0000b	-2.50	100 1011b	-3.85
001 0110b	-1.20	011 0001b	-2.55	100 1100b	-3.90
001 0111b	-1.25	011 0010b	-2.60	100 1101b	-3.95
001 1000b	-1.30	011 0011b	-2.65	100 1110b	-4.00
001 1001b	-1.35	011 0100b	-2.70	100 1111b	-4.05
001 1010b	-1.40	011 0101b	-2.75		

26) PROGRAM MODE (PGM) (RA0 H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Enter Program Mode	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	A0h

After this command is issued, the chip would enter the program mode.

After the programming procedure completed, a hardware reset is necessary for leaving program mode.

27) ACTIVE PROGRAM (APG) (RA1 H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Active Program OTP	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	A1h

After this command is transmitted, the programming state machine would be activated.

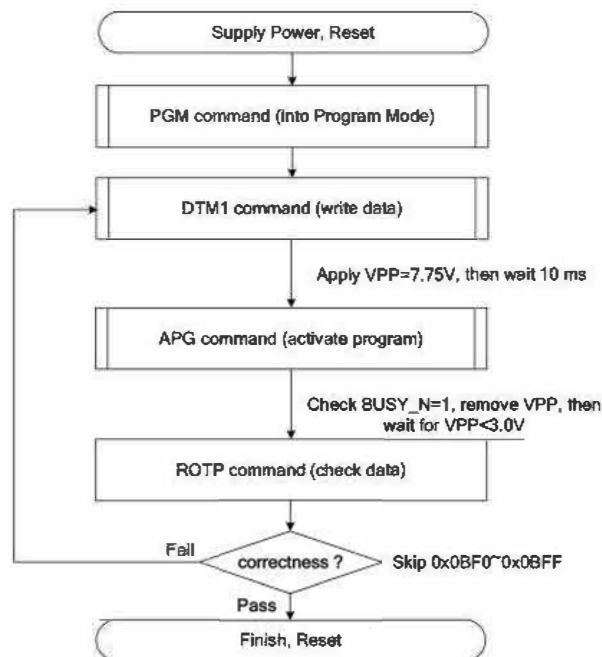
The BUSY_N flag would fall to 0 until the programming is completed.

28) READ OTP DATA (ROTP) (RA2 H)

Action	W/R	C/D	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Read OTP data for check	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	A2h
	1	1	The data of address 0x000 in the OTP								--
	1	1	The data of address 0x001 in the OTP								--
	1	1	:								--
	1	1	The data of address (n-1) in the OTP								--
	1	1	The data of address (n) in the OTP								--

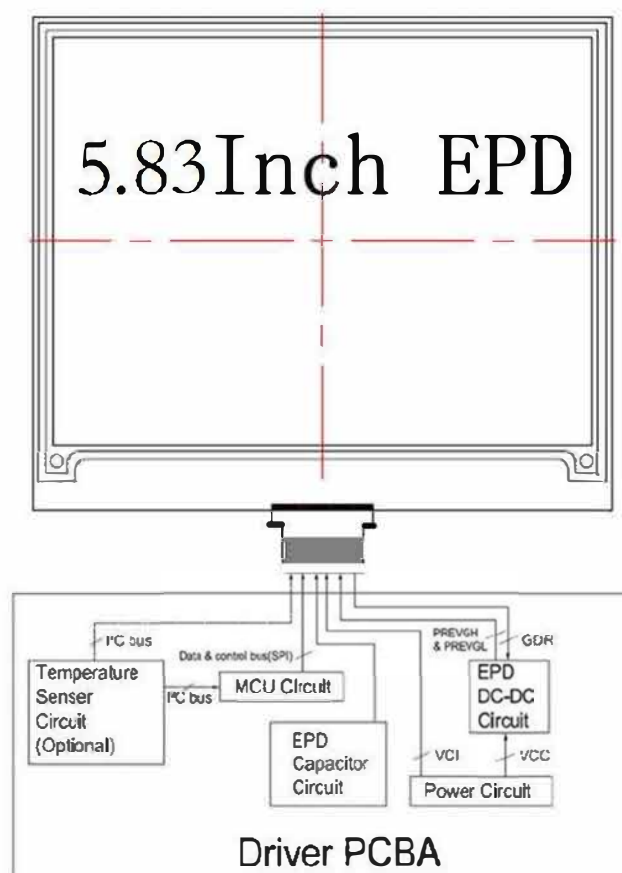
The command is used for reading the content of OTP for checking the data of programming.

The value of (n) is depending on the amount of programmed data, the max address = 0x17FF.

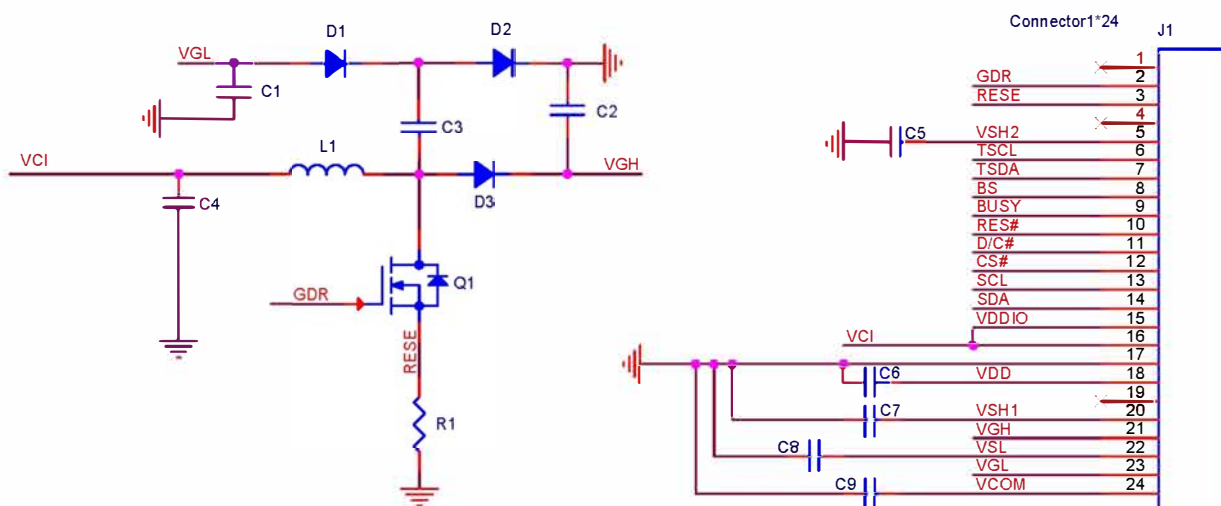


The sequence of programming OTP.

8. Block Diagram



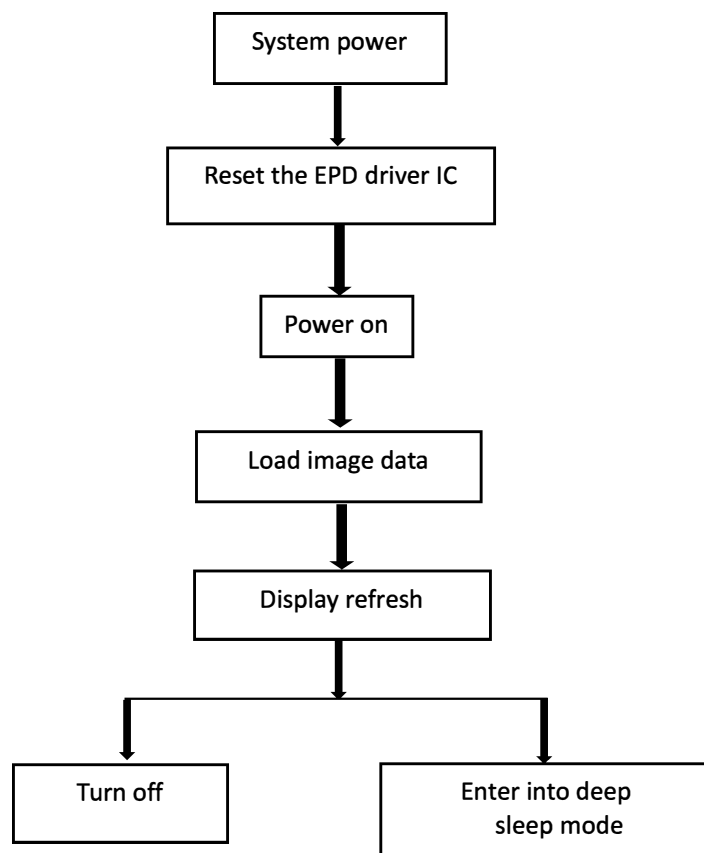
9. Typical Application Circuit with SPI Interface



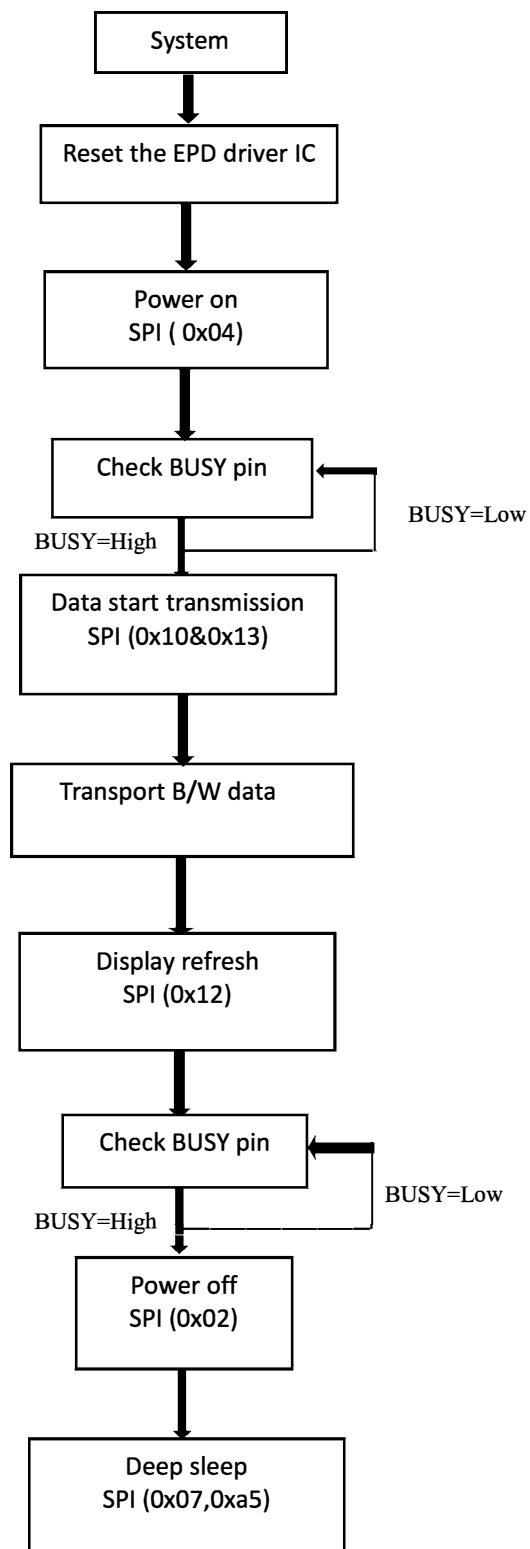
Part Name	Value	Reference Part		Requirements for spare part
C4	4.7uF	Voltage Rating:10v		
C6	1uF	Voltage Rating:10v		
C9	1uF	Voltage Rating:25v		
C1 C2 C3 C5 C7 C8	4.7uF	Voltage Rating:25v		
R1	0.47Ohm	No remark		
D1 D2 D3	Diode	MBR0530	$V_R > 20V, I_F > 500mA, I_R < 1mA @ V_R = 15V, T_a = 100^\circ C$	
Q1	NMOS	Si1308EDL	$V_{DS} > 20V, I_D > 500mA, V_{GS} < 1.5$ $C_{iss} < 200pf, R_{DS(ON)} < 400m\Omega$	
L1	10uH	SRN2010TA-1R5Y	$DCR < 0.5\Omega, I_{sat} > 1.2A @ 25^\circ C$	

10. Typical Operating Sequence

10.1 LUT from OTP Operation Flow



10.2 LUT from OTP Operation Reference Program Code



11. Reliability Test

NO	Test items	Test condition
1	Low-Temperature Storage	T = -25°C, 240 h Test in white pattern
2	High-Temperature Storage	T=+70°C, RH=40%, 240h Test in white pattern
3	High-Temperature Operation	T=+50°C, RH=30%, 240h
4	Low-Temperature Operation	0°C, 240h
5	High-Temperature, High-Humidity Operation	T=40°C, RH=90%, 240h
6	High Temperature, High Humidity Storage	T=60°C, RH=80%, 240h Test in white pattern
7	Temperature Cycle	1 cycle:[-25°C 30min]→[+70 °C 30 min] : 100 cycles Test in white pattern
8	ESD Gun	Air+/-4KV;Contact+/-2KV Contact+/-2KV(HBM C:100pF;R:1.5k ohm) Contact+/-200V(MM C:200pF;R:0 ohm) (Naked EPD display,including IC and FPC area)
9	UV exposure Resistance	765W/m ² for 168hrs,40°C Test in white pattern

Note: 1. Stay white pattern for storage and non-operation test.
2. Operation is black→white pattern, the interval is 150s.

12. Quality Assurance

12.1 Environment

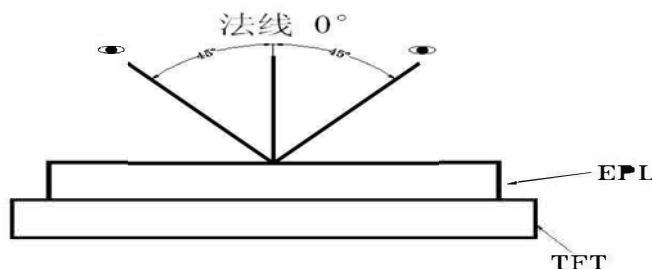
Temperature: $23 \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: $55 \pm 10\% \text{RH}$

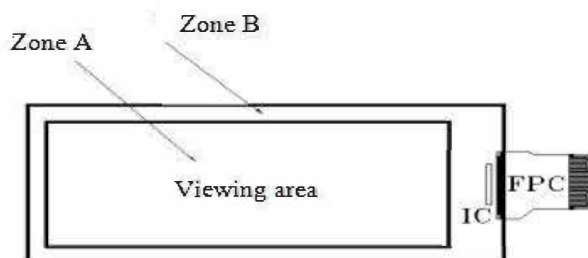
12.2 Illuminance

Brightness: $1200 \sim 1500 \text{LUX}$; distance: 30CM; Angle: Relate 45° surround.

12.3 Inspect method

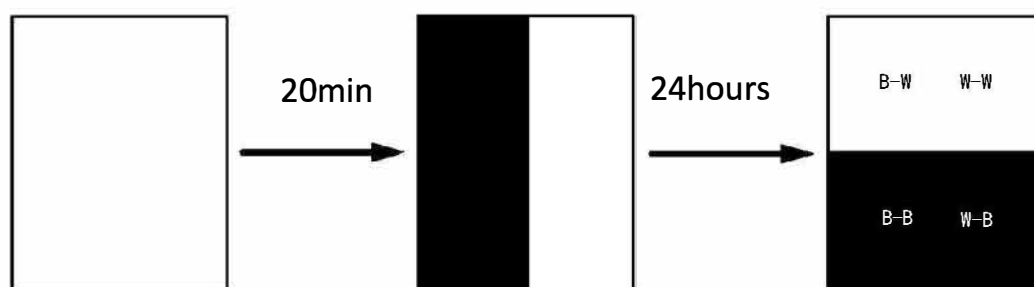


12.4 Display area



12.5 Ghosting test method

Two-color ghosting is measured with following transition from horizontal 2 scale pattern to vertical 2 scale pattern. The listed optical characteristics are only guaranteed under the controller & waveform provided by maker.



1) Measurement Instruments: X-rite i1Pro

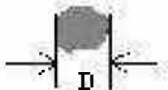
2) Ghosting formula:

W ghosting: $\Delta L = \text{Max} (\Delta L(W-W, B-W)) - \text{Min} (\Delta L(W-W, B-W))$

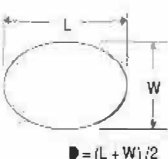
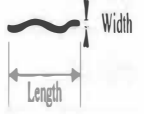
K ghosting: $\Delta L = \text{Max} (\Delta L(W-B, B-B)) - \text{Min} (\Delta L(W-B, B-B))$

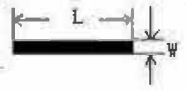
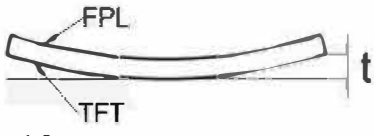
12.6 Inspection standard

12.6.1 Electric inspection standard

NO.	Item	Standard	Defect level	Method	Scope
1	Display	Clear display Display complete Display uniform	MA	Visual inspection	Zone A
2	Black/White spots	 $D \leq 0.3\text{mm}$, negligible $0.3\text{mm} < D \leq 0.5\text{mm}$, $N \leq 5$, Allowed $0.5\text{mm} < D$ Not Allow	MI		
3	Black/White line (No switch)	 $L \leq 1.0\text{mm}, W \leq 0.15\text{mm}$ negligible $1.0\text{mm} < L \leq 4.0\text{mm}$ $0.15\text{mm} < W \leq 0.5\text{mm}$ $N \leq 4$ allowable $L > 4.0\text{mm}, W > 0.5\text{mm}$ is not allowed			
4	Ghost image	Allowed in switching process	MI	Visual inspection	
5	Flash dot / Multilateral	Flash points are allowed when switching screens Multilateral colors outside the frame are allowed for fixed screen time	MI	Visual/ Inspection card	Zone A Zone B
6	Segmented display	Selection segments are all displayed, and other segments are not displayed after the selection segment.	MA	Visual inspection	Zone A
7	Short circuit/ Circuit break/ Abnormal Display	Not Allow			

12.6.2 Appearance inspection standard

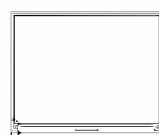
NO.	Item	Standard	Defect level	Method	Scope
1	B/W spots /Bubble/ Foreign bodies/ Dents	 $D = (L + W) / 2$ $D \leq 0.3\text{mm}$, Allowed $0.3\text{mm} < D \leq 0.5\text{mm}$, $N \leq 5$ $D > 0.5\text{mm}$, Not Allow	MI	Visual inspection	Zone A
2	Glass crack	Not Allow	MA	Visual / Microscope	Zone A Zone B
3	\Dirty	Allowed if can be removed	MI		Zone A Zone B
4	Chips/Scratch/ Edge crown	 $X \leq 3\text{mm}$, $Y \leq 0.5\text{mm}$ And without affecting the electrode is permissible  $2\text{mm} \leq X$ or $2\text{mm} \leq Y$ Not Allow  $W \leq 0.1\text{mm}$, $L \leq 5\text{mm}$, No harm to the electrodes and $N \leq 2$ allow	MI	Visual / Microscope	Zone A Zone B
5	TFT Cracks	 Not Allow	MA	Visual / Microscope	Zone A Zone B
6	Dirty/ foreign body	Allowed if can be removed/ allow	MI	Visual / Microscope	Zone A / Zone B
7	FPC broken/ FPC oxidation / scratch	 Not Allow	MA	Visual / Microscope	Zone B

8	B/W Line	 $L \leq 1.0\text{mm}, W \leq 0.15\text{mm}$ negligible $1.0\text{mm} < L \leq 4.0\text{mm}$ $0.15\text{mm} < W \leq 0.5\text{mm}$ $N \leq 4$ allowable $L > 4.0\text{mm}, W > 0.5\text{mm}$ is not allowed	MI	Visual / Ruler	Zone B
9	TFT edge bulge /TFT chromatic aberration	TFT edge bulge: $X \leq 3\text{mm}, Y \leq 0.3\text{mm}$ Allowed TFT chromatic aberration :Allowed	MI	Visual / Microscope	Zone A Zone B
10	Electrostatic point	$D \leq 0.25\text{mm}$, allow $0.25\text{mm} < D \leq 0.4\text{mm}$, $n \leq 4$ allow $D > 0.4\text{mm}$ is not allowed $(n \leq 8)$ items are allowed within 5 mm in diameter)	MI	Visual / Microscope	Zone A
11	PCB damaged/ Poor welding/ Curl	PCB (Circuit area) damaged Not Allow PCB Poor welding Not Allow PCB Curl $\leq 1\%$	MI	Visual / Ruler	Zone B
12	Edge glue height/ Edge glue bubble	Edge Adhesives $H \leq$ PS surface (Including protect film) Edge adhesives seep in $\leq 1/2$ Margin width Length excluding Edge adhesives bubble: bubble Width $\leq 1/2$ Margin width; Length $\leq 5.0\text{mm}$. $n \leq 5$	MI		
13	Protect film	Surface scratch but not effect protect function, Allow	MI	Visual Inspection	
14	Silicon glue	Thickness $\leq$ PS surface (With protect film): Full cover the IC; Shape: The width on the FPC $\leq 0.5\text{mm}$ (Front) The width on the FPC $\leq 1.0\text{mm}$ (Back) smooth surface, No obvious raised.	MI	Visual Inspection	
15	Warp degree (TFT substrate)	 $t \leq 1.5\text{mm}$	MI	Ruler	
16	Color difference in COM area (Silver point area)	Allowed		Visual Inspection	

13. Packaging

EPD PACKING INSTRUCTION					DATE	
					DESIGN	
					CHECKED	
					APPROVED	

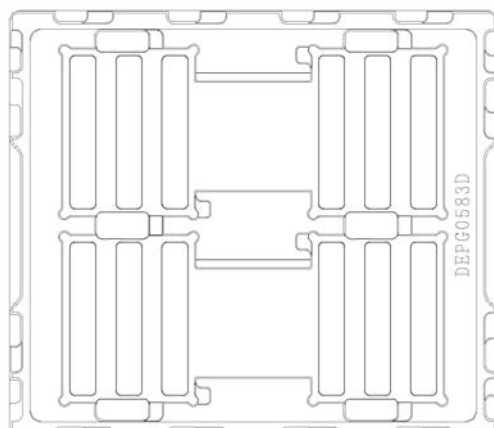
P/N	Customer Code	Ref. P/N	Type	PKG Method	Marking	Surface Marks	Pull Tape
MT-DEPG0583			GLASS	Blister	BACK	None	YES

Packing Materials List					4PCS/LAYER, 20LAYER/CTN, TOTAL 80PCS/CTN.
List	Model	Materials	Q'ty	Unit	Pull tape: 
Carton	12# 417*362*229 mm	corrugate	1	Piece	
Inner Carton	12# (INNER) 400*343 *95 mm	corrugate	2	Piece	
Blister	DEPG0583D	PET	22	Piece	
Thin foam	285.0*263.26*T1.5-1.8mm	EPE	20	Piece	
Antistatic vacuum bag	450*590*0.075		2	Piece	
Foam board	2251-10	EPE	3	Piece	
PULL TAPE	16*5*T0.05		80	Piece	

Detail:

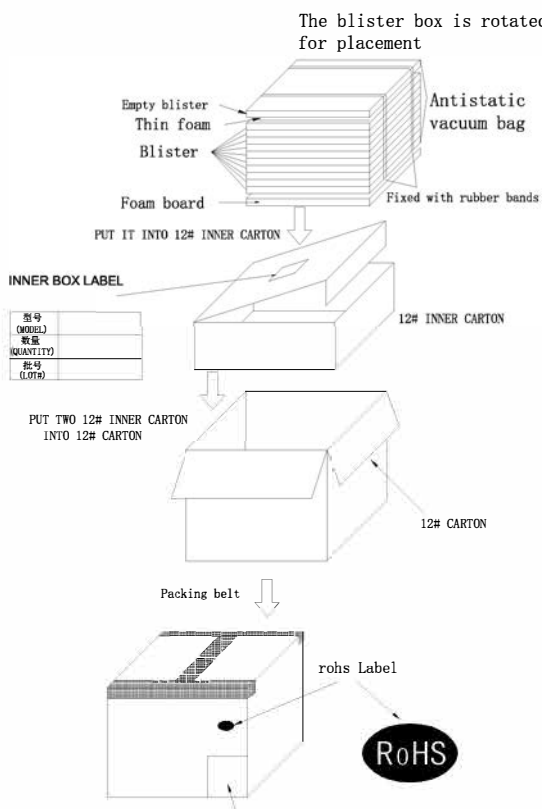
Blister box:

Note: there are 20 layers of products, divided into 2 inner boxes, and an empty blister box is placed on the top of each inner box, so the number of blister boxes is 22



QUANTITY: 4PCS

The blister box is rotated for placement



INNER BOX LABEL

型号 (MODEL)	
数量 (QUANTITY)	
批号 (LOT NO.)	

PUT TWO 12# INNER CARTON INTO 12# CARTON

Packing belt

rohs Label

RoHS

Shipping marks according to customer's requirements

Epaper Identification	
QC:	PASS
Model No.	
Quantity.	pcs
Date:	
Carton No.	of

14. Handling, Safety, and Environment Requirements

Warning

The display glass may break when it is dropped or bumped on a hard surface. Handle with care. Should the display break, do not touch the electrophoretic material. In case of contact with electrophoretic material, wash with water and soap.

Caution

The display module should not be exposed to harmful gases, such as acid and alkali gases, which corrode electronic components. Disassembling the display module.

Disassembling the display module can cause permanent damage and invalidates the warranty agreements.

Observe general precautions that are common to handling delicate electronic components. The glass can break and front surfaces can easily be damaged. Moreover the display is sensitive to static electricity and other rough environmental conditions.

Data sheet status	
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.
Limiting values	
Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.	
Application information	
Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.	
Product Environmental certification	
ROHS	
REMARK	
All The specifications listed in this document are guaranteed for module only. Post-assembled operation or component(s) may impact module performance or cause unexpected effect or damage and therefore listed specifications is not warranted after any Post-assembled operation.	
Transport environment	
When the humidity of transportation environment is between 45%RH~70%RH, the product can be stored for 30 days, and the product can be stored for 10 days if it is lower or higher than this range	